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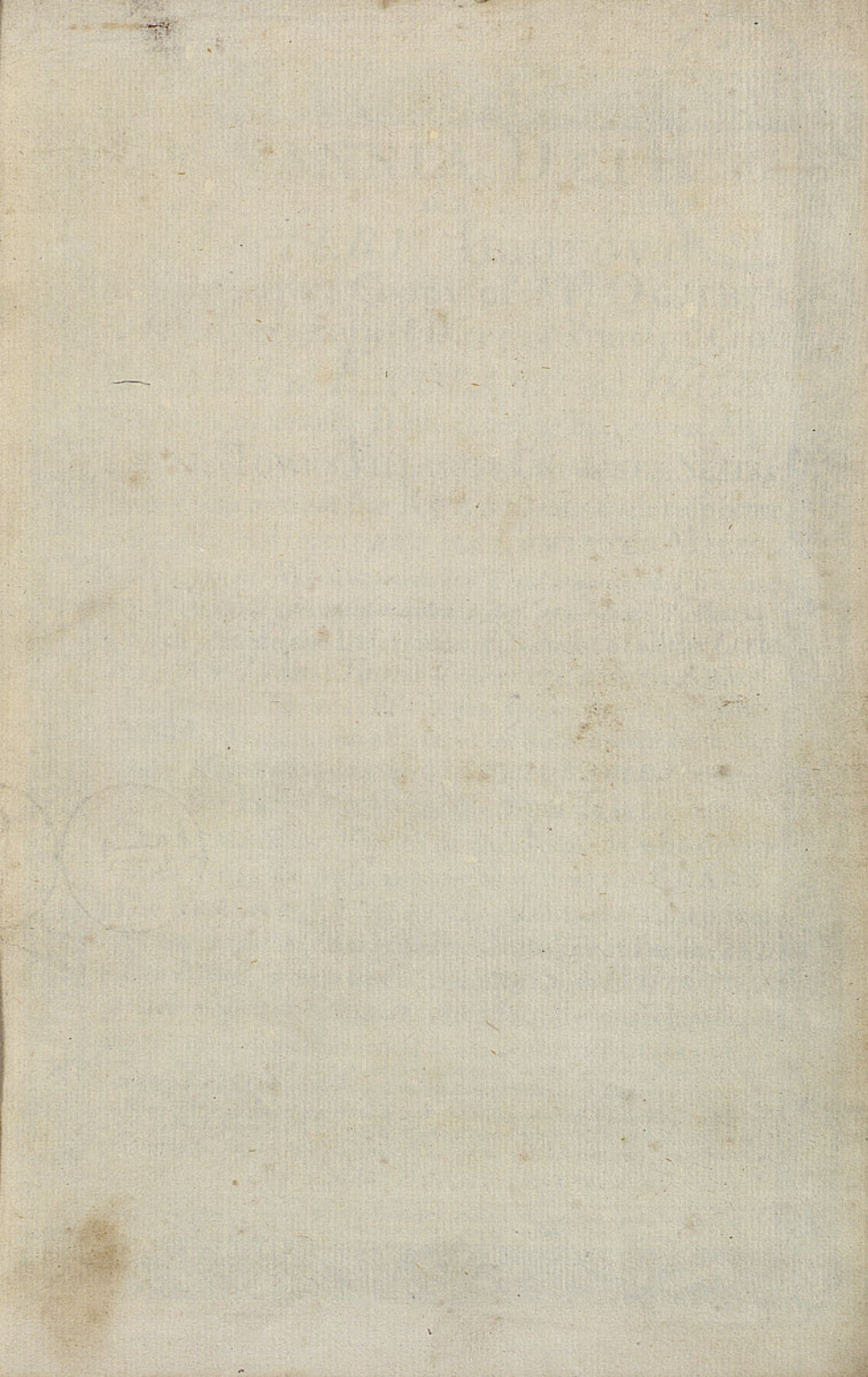


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# BRITANNIA DEPICTA

O R  
*O* GILBY Improv'd

Being a Correct Coppy of M<sup>R</sup>. O GILBY'S  
*ACTUAL SURVEY* of all *Direct & Principal Cross*

*ROADS* in *ENGLAND* and *WALES*:

Wherein are exactly Delineated & Engraven, All *Y*

*CITIES, TOWNS, VILLAGES, CHURCHES, SEATS &c*:

scituate on or near the *ROADS*, with their respective

Distances in *MEASURED* and *COMPUTED MILES*.

And to render this *WORK* *universally Usefull & agreeable*, [beyond  
any of its kind] *are added in a clear & most Compendious Method*

1, A full & particular Description & Account of all the *CITIES*  
*BOROUGH-TOWNS, TOWNS-CORPORATE &c* their *ARMS*,  
Antiquity, Charters, Privileges, Trade, Rarities, &c with-  
suitable Remarks on all places of Note drawn from the  
best *HISTORIANS* and *ANTIQUARIES* —

By IN<sup>O</sup>. OWEN of the *MIDD. TEMPLE* Gent.

2, The *ARMS* of the *PEERS* of this *REALM* who derive  
their Titles from places lying on or near the *ROADS*

3, The *ARMS* of all *BISHOPRICKS & DEANARIES*, their found-  
-ation, Extent, Yearly-Value, Number of Parishes &c

4, The *ARMS*, & a succinct Account of both *UNIVERSITIES*  
& their respective *COLLEGES*, their foundations Fellowships &c

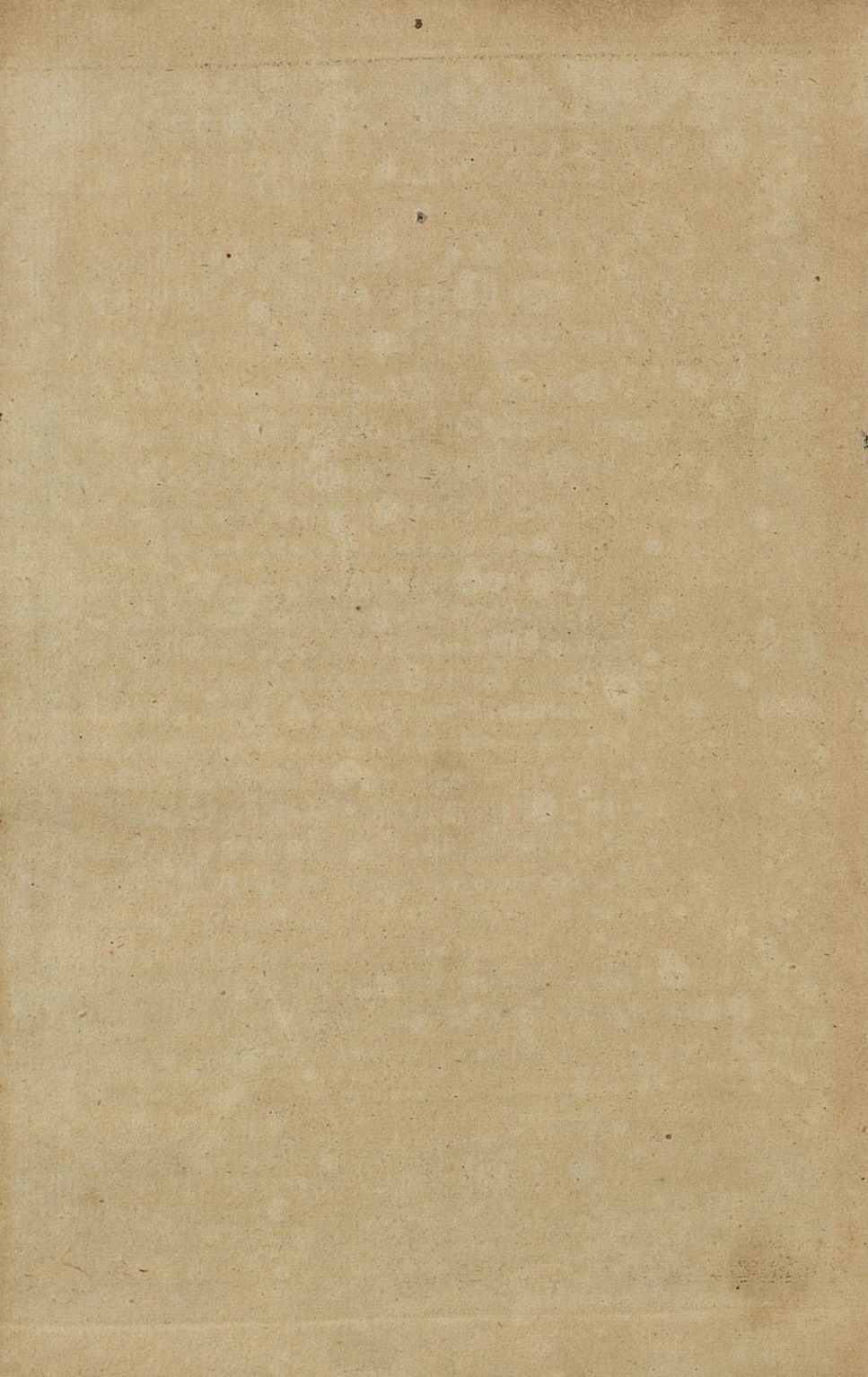
Lastly Particular & Correct *MAPS* of all *Y* *Counties of SOUTH BRITAIN*, with a  
-summary description of each County, its Circumference, Number of Acres, Boro<sup>s</sup> & Market  
-towns & Parishes, Air, Soil, Commodities, Manufactures, & what each Pays in *Y* a *Week* &c

The Whole for its Compendious Variety & Exactness, preferable to all other Books of  
*Roads* hitherto Published or Proposed; And calculated not only for the direction of  
the Traveller [as they are] but the general use of the Gentleman and Tradesman

By EMAN. BOWEN Engraver

LONDON Printed for & sold by Tho. Bowles Print & Map Seller next *Y* Chapter House  
in *St Pauls Churchyard* & Embowen next *Y* King of Spain and Katherine's 1720 —







# A Table of all the ROADS contain'd in this BOOK

Having dispos'd all the Principal ROADS of ENGLAND & WALES into 4 Classes, under 4 distinctions, & order following, Vizt Independent & Dependant Direct Roads, Principal & Accidental Cross Roads

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## THE EXPLANATION

The Title of every Road is a Distinct Page, to each of which is annexed a Map of the County wherein the Initial or Boundary City Town or Place lies for the most part, or else some part of the Description of the Road is self.

The beginning of the Road is always at the bottom of the left hand, in the Page following the Title; whence you proceed upwards from 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Miles until you come to the Top of the first Column, and so on in like manner from the Bottom of the 24 Miles, beginning in every Page on the left hand as before directed.

The Black Dots or Points in the middle of the Road, are the Stations of the Miles, with their respective N<sup>os</sup> affixed to them.

When any other Road Cuts or goes out of the Road described there is an opening with the Name of the Place to which it goes. And in your Progress you meet with Rills, Brooks, Rivers, Bridges, the Plan of the Road shewing whether built of Wood, Brick, or Stone. N<sup>os</sup> of Arches contain'd in each of any Note (Woods, Trees, Mountains and Hills shewing their Aspect and Descent as they really are, &c. viz. Naturally) The Plan of the Road shewing at the same time the Topography of all Cities, Towns &c. and the Comp<sup>ss</sup> in each Column, the True

Bearings both of the Road it self and of all the Towns and Places that offer themselves to your View on either Side of it. The Road is all the Way bounded with 2 parallel Black Lines if inclosed or Ruddy if in open Rides, or else if open, with 2 parallel Dotted Lines, or lastly, if bounded or hedged in on one Side and open on the other, with a Black Line and a Dotted Line Parallel to it.

The Name of the Country the Road passes through is Engraved on each Column.

In the Margin or some other convenient Place, of every Page is likewise Engraved a Description of the City, Borough, [with the Arms of all such that have any] Corporations, Market Towns, and whatever is remarkable, with figures referring to the places where they are to be found in the Plan of that Road, but to the intent that the Reader might readily find out any place describ'd in this Book, we have hereto subjoin'd an Alphabetical Table of all such places, and whereas in the whole course of these Roads there are many places repeated often in the Plan, the Reader must therefore have recourse to the aforesaid Table to direct him to the place he names, it being describ'd only in One.

Note the following Table refers both to the Arms & Description of every City and Borough Town at Once, they being inseparably connected together throughout this Book.





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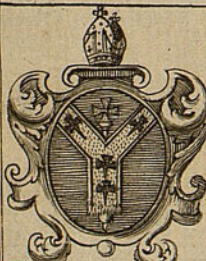
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St Albans	61	St Albans	61	St Albans	61	St	



A Table of all the MAPS contain'd in this BOOK

Anglesy Isle	50	Devon sh.	148	Kent	250	Radnor sh.	224
Bedfordshire	118	Derby sh.	154	Lincolnshire	296	Rutland	115
Berk. sh.	221	Durham	268	Salisbury sh.	288	Shrop sh.	195
Blackrock sh.	163	East Riding of York sh.	160	Lincoln sh.	206	Somerset sh.	168
Buckingham sh.	177	Essex	244	Marion sh.	109	Stafford sh.	90
Cambridge sh.	106	Gloucester sh.	265	Middlesex	22	Suffolk	194
Carmarthen sh.	1	Gloucestershire	32	Monmouth sh.	203	Surrey	95
Carmarvon sh.	244	Glocester sh.	224	Monmouth sh.	185	Sussex	8
Cathair sh.	293	Hampshire	262	Northfolk	200	Warrick sh.	218
Cornwall	239	Hertford sh.	143	Northampton sh.	27	Wiltshire	241
Cumberland	179	Hertford sh.	231	Northumberland	290	West Riding of York sh.	256
Darby sh.	259	Huntingdon sh.	191	Nottingham sh.	21	Wilt sh.	134
Denbigh sh.	98	Islands in the	128	Oxford sh.	120	Worcester sh.	151
	82	British Ocean		Pembrok sh.	141		

The following Characters in each of the Maps here referred to do denote BBB Bishoprick  
Borough Towns. B Market Towns. • Towns of 1st Note & Villages.



The ARCHBISHOP<sup>R</sup>  
of CANTERBURY

Contains part of the County of Kent, and therein 375 Parishes, was founded by Ethelbert King of Kent, AD. 568. St. Austin the Monk the first Archbishop. Nearly Value £2682-12-2. Chief Seats at Iameth, Hove, and Goudon Palace in Surrey.



The *DEANARY* of  
CANTERBURY

Erected by K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> AD  
1542. Nicholas Wotton ap-  
pointed and constituted  
S<sup>ch</sup> Dean.



The ARCHBISHOP  
of YORK

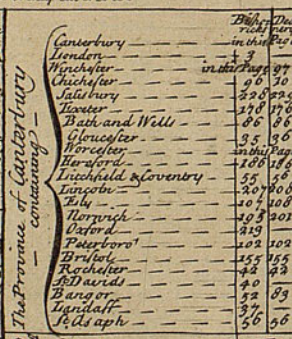
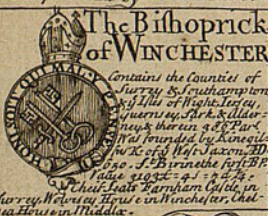
contains the Counties of  
York and Nottingham,  
and therein 581 Parishes.  
Was founded by Edwin K. of y<sup>e</sup> Northumbres AD.  
625 S<sup>r</sup> Paulinus y<sup>e</sup> first Bp. Yearly Value £100. Chief  
Seat at Bishop's-Thorp in York-shire



The DEANARY  
of YORK

Instituted by Thomas Arch  
Bishop of York AD. 1084  
First Dean.

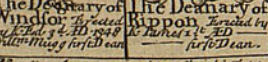
All England & Wales in relation to Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction is divided into 2 Provinces, Canterbury and York. The Arch Bishop of Canterbury is styled, Primate of all England & Metropolitan; & the Arch Bishop of York Primate of England & Metropolitan. Under these are 24 Bishops, 21 under Canterbury & 3 under York. The Names of y<sup>e</sup> Bishops belonging to each are set down in y<sup>e</sup> following Table w<sup>th</sup> also refers to y<sup>e</sup> places where both y<sup>e</sup> Bishops & Deaneries are severally described.



part of Hamwicke & was first Dean.  
 founded by Ethelred  
 k. of Mercians, AD. 879 B. or dy first Bp.  
 yearly value £1032 10 2. Christ-seats Wor

Advertisment

Whereas in this Work there is an Omission of some  
 Proposals set forth in Proposals; & Undertakers  
 have desired to be made known to the Publick



15. The Arms &c. on either Side this Table  
are placed in this Page for want of conveni-  
ence in the Place where they ought to have

York contains	York	— — — — —	in this Page
	Durham	— — — — —	269 270
	Chester	— — — — —	197 198
	Carlisle	— — — — —	231 232

filed to move & same as immaterial? & doubt nothing  
if subscribers will think such motion amply r  
compensated by several very material & more  
expensive additions never proposed.

\_\_\_\_\_



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO ABERISTWICH

On the Sea Coast in Corn. Cardigan. containing <sup>Com. Meas<sup>d</sup></sup> 145 199 <sup>2</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Miles  
*Viz.<sup>c</sup> From the Standard in Cornhill L O N D O N*

	Com. Meas <sup>d</sup>		Com. Meas <sup>d</sup>		Com. Meas <sup>d</sup>
to Acton	6 8 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Islip	47 57 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Bramyard	95 124 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Uxbridge	15 18 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Enston	57 70	Lemster	103 135 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Beconsfield	22 27 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Morton in Marsh	67 83 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Prestain	111 148 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
High Wickham	27 32 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Broadway	72 90 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Ithron Fluv.	119 161 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Tetsworth	37 44 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Perthore	79 102 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Ruadergowy	125 170 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Wheatly-bridge	41 49 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	WORCESTER	85 112 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Aberistwith	145 199 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>2</sub>

The Branch to the City of OXFORD

to Tetsworth as before  
 } Wheaty --- 42 50 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>  
 } OXFORD 47 55 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

## A MAP OF CARDIGAN SHIRE

THE  
 Aberystwyth

IRISH

*This County gives Title to 8 Nobles  
 George Duvalus Created E. of  
 Cardigan April 20 1661 12th  
 Car. 2d - Chief Seat at Deane  
 Corn Ardrhanys, Stanton  
 Brudonal, Com. Trefegor,  
 and Affron Com.  
 Radglad.*

CARDIGAN BAY

SEA

CARDIGAN  
 PEMBROKE S.

CARMARTHEN SH

English Miles  
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

- The Hundreds
1. Lanbadarn
  2. Llanylar
  3. Pennarth
  4. Moythen
  5. Tredroi

The County of CARDIGAN is 94 Miles in Circumference, contains about 53,000 Acres, divided into 5 Hundreds or Cantres, in w<sup>h</sup> are above 3163 Houses, 77 Parishes, & 4 Mark<sup>t</sup> Towns, one of w<sup>h</sup> the Cardigan sends a Member to Parl<sup>t</sup>. The Air is Pleas<sup>u</sup>re & Mild; here then in some parts of Wales, being advantaged by its bordering upon y<sup>e</sup> Sea, & y<sup>e</sup> Low & Level Ground, not so much exposed to y<sup>e</sup> Wind & Storms. The Southern & Western parts are Plain & fruitful, produce much Corn, but y<sup>e</sup> Northern & Eastern parts are more hilly & barren, yet there are many fruitful Valleys. This County is noted for its Lead & Silver Mines. Pays to the S<sup>h</sup>illing Aid Six Hundred Eighty Six Pounds Eight Shillings Penny.







### Uxbridge

a large Town Contain-  
ing about 200 Houses  
Gives Title of Bar to  
Henry I. Paget Crea-  
ted Bart 1713. Has a  
Good Market on Sun-  
day & 2 Fairs Annually  
[at 19]

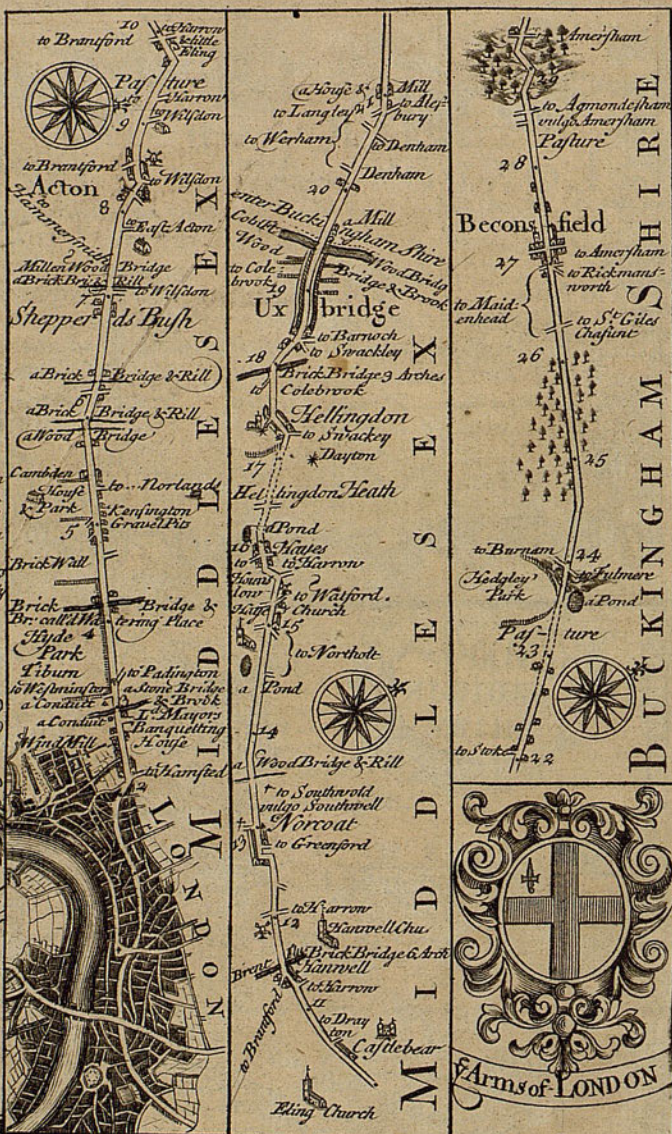


Arms of SOUTHWARK



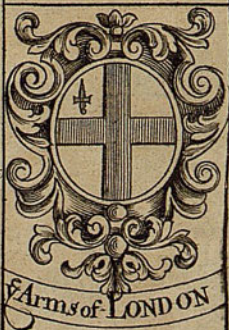
### The DEANARY of WESTMINSTR

Erected by 24 Eliz AD 1560. With  
Bills D.D. James Master of 1559, 68, 71, 74, 77, 84, 87, 101.  
Johns Coll, then Master of Trini-  
ty Coll, constituted first Dean.



See the Description of the Cities of  
London & Westminster, &  
Borough of Southwark, be:

giving in Page 412 & con-  
tinued in Pages D. 44, 47,  
59, 68, 71, 74, 77, 84, 87, 101.

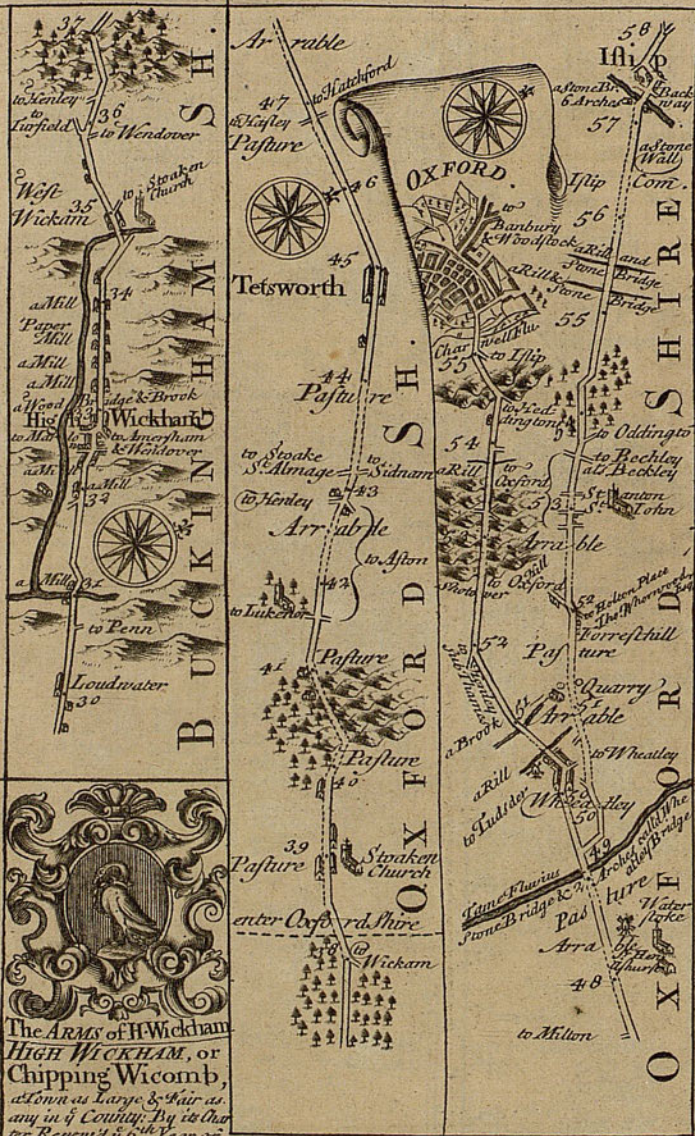


Arms of LONDON



Arms of WESTMINSTR





The Deanary of  
ST. PAULS LONDON  
Directed by  
AD. Leovegarus  
first Dean, sometime  
before Conquest.

Beconsfield  
It is observable for having been the place where the famous Port Waller had a Seat. The Town is well accommodated, has a Market on Wednesday, and Fairs on Candlemas day & Holy Thursday.  
[at 27]



The ARMS of H. Wickham  
HIGH WICKHAM, or  
Chipping Wicombe,  
a Town as Large & Fair as  
any in the County. By its Charter  
Renew'd the 6th Year of  
King James the 1st. is Govern'd by a Mayor, 12 Aldermen, & Bayliffs. has an Excellent  
Corn-Market on Fridays. Here is a Free Grammar School, and Almshouse.  
Maintain'd out of Lands, formerly belonging to the Hospital of St. John, in this  
Town; but upon the Dissolution of Religious Houses given for the aforesaid Use  
by Queen Elizabeth the 4th Year of her Reign.

The BISHOPRICK of LONDON Containing the Counties of Middlesex, Essex, & part of Hertford, & therein 62 Parishes founded by Ethelbert King of Kent. AD. 604. St. Mellus constituted first Bp. To w<sup>ch</sup> likewise belongs all the British Plantations in America. Yearly Value 17000. Seats at London House in Aldersgate Street London, & Fulham House in Middlesex.

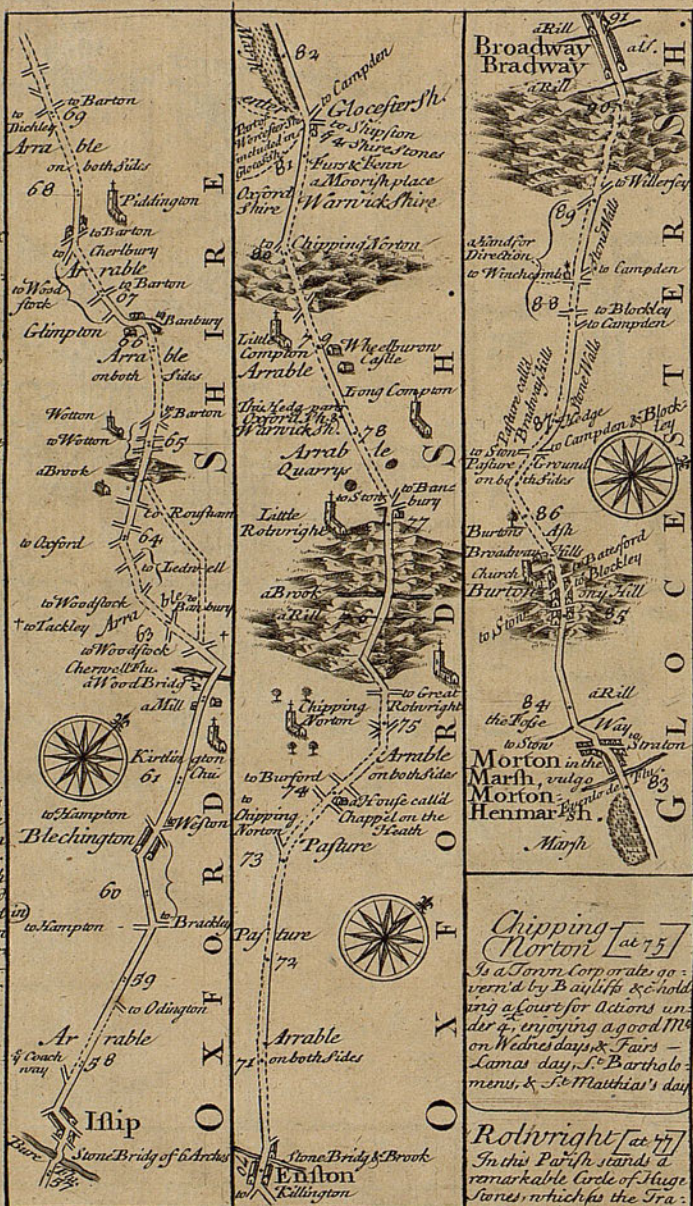




# Morton in the Marth vulgo Morton Henmarsh

Had formerly a Market on Tuesd. has now only Fair on Lady day & Whallontide. In the Road about a Mile from hence are 4 Shire Stones, where the Counties of Gloucester, Oxford, Worcester, and Warwick meet and joyn. [at 83½]

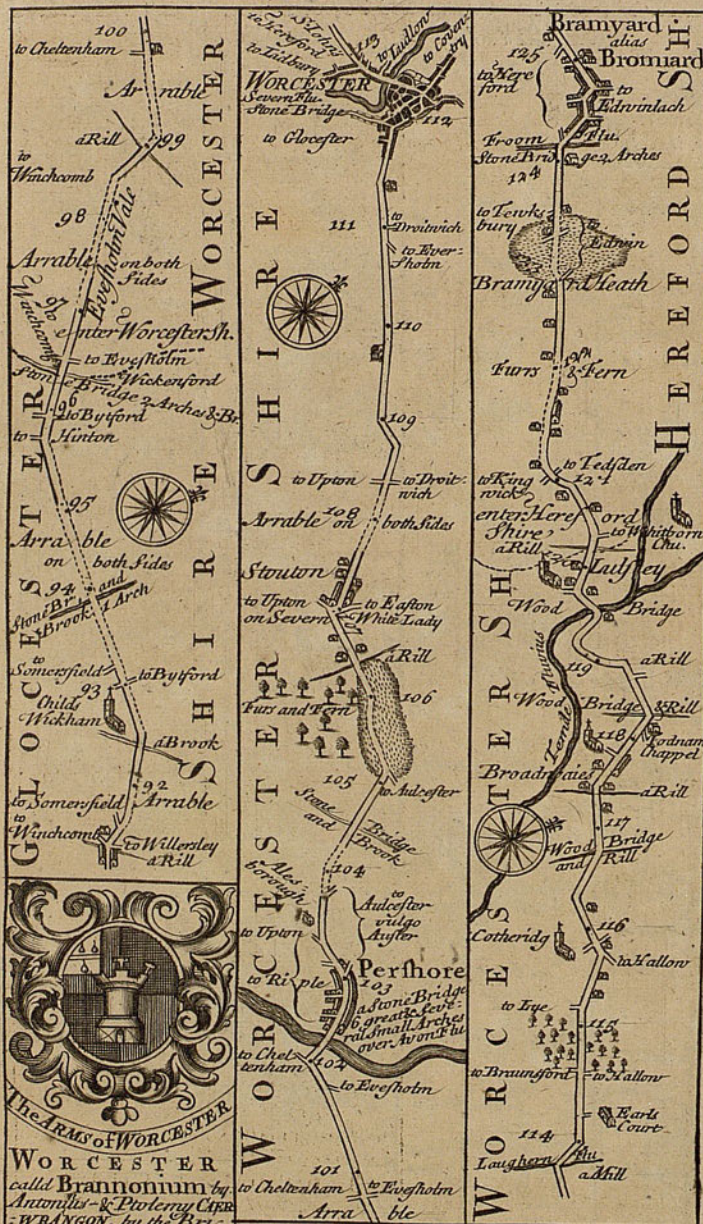
**Islip** [at 57½]  
a small but well moderated Town famous for being the Birth Place of King Edward Confessor who gave it as his Maner to a Church of Westminster. Tisd. of Kent he was Baptiz'd in. is lately Remov'd from hence to prevent Abuses into a Garden of a Bronnes of Wether Radlington in this County.



lamorphized, but are more judiciously supposed to have been erected by Rollo the Dane, in memory of a victory obtained by him over the Saxons.

**Broadway at Bradway** is a well built Town, and a place of good Accommodation for Travellers, having several convenient Inns, and tho' it has not the benefit of a Market, yet is plentifully supplied from Camden and Faversham. [at 91]





### Perthore [at 103]

Said to be Built by Eglward Duke of Dorset in King Edgar's Time, it Contains about 300 Houses, & 2 Parish Churches, has 2 Markets Tuesday & Saturday, & 1 Fair Annually on 15 June, its Somewhat Decayed since its Disolution of its Ancient Abbey.

### Alesborough

a House on the Road giving Title of Baron to 1<sup>st</sup> Earl of Coventry.

### Eveholme Vale

Famous for its Fertility; Here Henry 3<sup>rd</sup> gained a Victory over 1<sup>st</sup> Barons and Simon Mountford Earl of Leicester that Ungrateful Favourite.

### WORCESTER

called Brannonium by Antonius & Ptolemy City of WRANGON, by the Britains & Wigorn by 1<sup>st</sup> Latins; Noted for its Misfortunes, being Burnt Anno 1041 by Hardigoute for Citizens Killing his Carles Collector of 4 Taxe, Danegeld; The Castle & Roof of 1<sup>st</sup> Church Burnt Anno 1113, Suffered much & was Burnt in Civil Wars under R. Stephen, was Plundered by 1<sup>st</sup> Soldiers after Worcester Fight 1<sup>st</sup> July 1066, where in R. Ch. 2<sup>nd</sup> was Defeated, & Narrowly escaped being Taken; But soon after flourishing City & drives a great Trade in Cloathes & Loves, By Chart. 10 James 1<sup>st</sup> It is Governed by a Mayor 6 Alder, who are Justices, & a Sheriff Chosen Annually out of 24 Capital Citizens, 48 Corn Council, & out of them are Elected 2 Chamberlains, a Recorder, 4 Clerks & Coroners, 13 Constables, 100 Beavers, 4000 at Mace made an Episcopate Anno 680, & has 3 Grammar Schools, & 7 Hospitals, 10 Churches besides 1 Cathed. Mor. on Wednesd. Fryd & Sat, 4 Fairs Annually, Palm Sunday, Sat before Low Eyst Sunday, Aug 15<sup>th</sup> 7<sup>th</sup> 6<sup>th</sup>.



Lyons appearing to him in a Vision; the Ruins of his Palace (now called Comfort Castle) are to be seen on a hill near the Town  
Tuswell Built Town, seated in a Rich Soyl, near y<sup>e</sup> River Trent  
It was Burnt in King Johns Reign, by Walter de Bere of a I.  
of Brecknock who Revolted. But being since Rebuilt, was Incorporated by Queen Mary in y<sup>e</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Year of her Reign, It is Governed by a Bayliff Justice of y<sup>e</sup> Peace, 13. Capital Burgis. Their chief Commodities are Cloth & Gloves, its Market famous for Wool & Wheaton  
Fairs, 2<sup>d</sup> February, 2<sup>d</sup> May, & 3<sup>d</sup> 8<sup>th</sup> October.

**Bramyard**  
Has a Market on  
Monday, and Fairs  
25<sup>th</sup> March Holy  
Rood, Whitsumond,  
Thursd before S.<sup>t</sup>  
James's, & Thursd be-  
fore S.<sup>t</sup> Lukes day.  
[at 125]

Prestain  
[at 149]

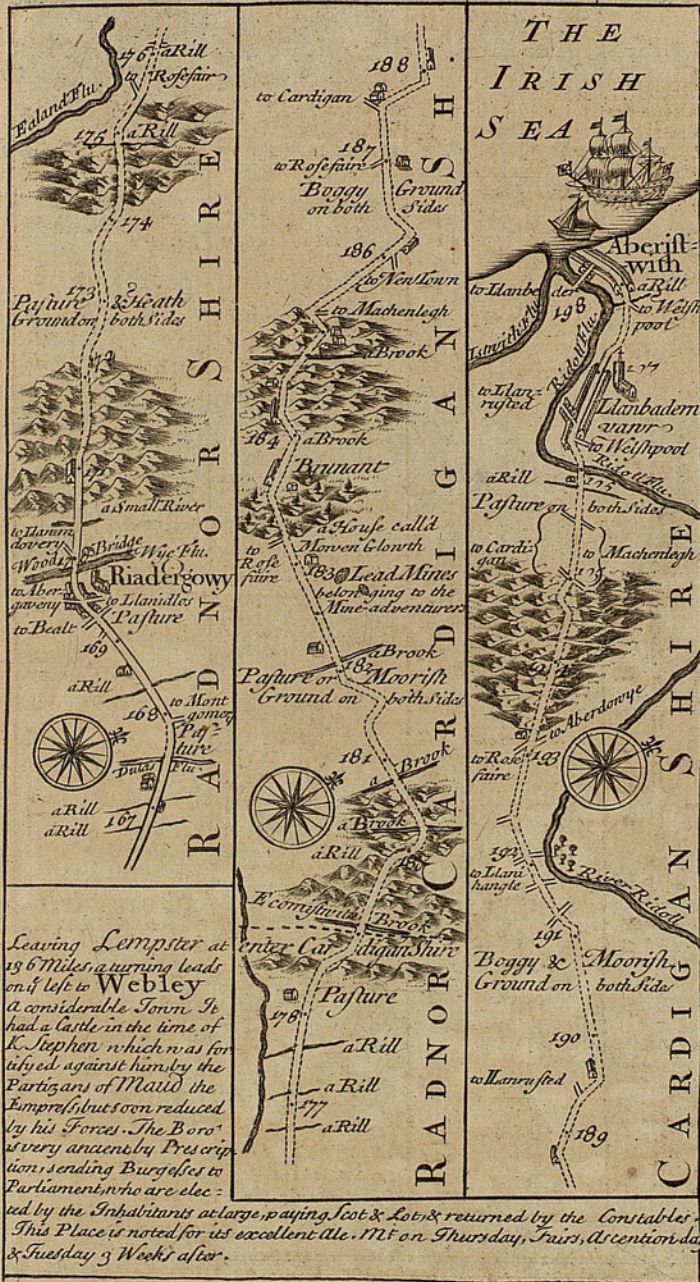
Is a Town well built  
and populous, where  
the Assizes for the Count-  
ty are kept. Its chief  
Commodity is Malt  
It on Sat. Fairs St  
Andrews & Midsomer  
day.



# THE IRISH SEA

**Aberistwith**  
*i.e. Ostium fluminis Yst-  
 with. So called from its  
 situation on Ystwith  
 fluvius, near its conflu-  
 ence with the Ocean,  
 was formerly fortified  
 with a Wall and Castle  
 by Gilbert Clare, Esq  
 of Cardigan, temp Hen.  
 3<sup>rd</sup>. The Town is  
 at present indifferent  
 large and well inhabi-  
 ted and the Corporation  
 consists of a Mayor, Re-  
 corder, &c. It drives a  
 good Fishing Trade.  
 The Mills on Monday  
 for Corn, Wool, &c. & 1/2  
 Fairs on Monday be-  
 fore Easter day &  
 Dec 18<sup>th</sup>*

**Riadergowy**  
*Near this Town Llew-  
 ellin 1<sup>st</sup> Prince of  
 Wales being Betray'd  
 Ended his Life Anno -  
 1282 by his own Vortigern  
 King of y<sup>e</sup> Britains who  
 called in y<sup>e</sup> Saxons and  
 incestuously Marry'd his  
 own Daughter, Retir'd  
 & Built him a City of  
 Refuge on a Mountain  
 hard by called after him  
 Kaer- Gvortigern but  
 was himself & it Destroy'd  
 by Lightning. It is Gov-  
 ern'd by a Bayliff. Mar-  
 ket on Wednesday & Fairs  
 Annually, one<sup>st</sup> James -  
 Day August 10<sup>th</sup> 14 Days  
 before Michael<sup>st</sup> 3 Weeks  
 after. Allhallomide.*



Leaving Lempster at 136 Miles, a turning leads on y<sup>e</sup> left to **Webley**. A considerable Town. It had a Castle in the time of K. Stephen, which was fortified against him by the Partizans of Matild the Empress, but soon reduced by his Forces. The Boro<sup>gh</sup> is very ancient by Prescrip- tion, sending Burgesses to Parliament, who are elec- ted by the Inhabitants at large, paying Scot & Lot, & returned by the Constables. This Place is noted for its excellent Ale. M<sup>t</sup> on Thursday, Fairs, Arcention day, & Tuesday 3 Weeks after.



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO ARUNDEL IN

**SUSSEX:** *Containing 46 & 55 Miles  
from the Standard in Cornhill LONDON*

Towing	Comp. 5	Miles 6 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Stonefreet	Comp. 25	Miles 30
Ewell	11	14	Billinghurst	35	41 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Letherhead	16	19 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Amberley	43	51 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Darking	20	24 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Arun del	46	55 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>

and thence to CHICHESTER 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Miles

## A MAP OF SUSSEX

English Miles



The Rapes

Chichester No.	1
Arun del	2
Bramber	3
Leaves	4
Pevensey	5
Hastings	6



The County of **SUSSEX** is 158 Miles in Circumference, contains abt 1140000 Acres, is divided into 6 Rapes & subdivided into 65 Hundreds, has 12 Borough & 17 Market Towns, 312 Parishes and about 2537 Houses. The Air is generally thick & Foggy, yet is not reckoned unhealthy unless it be in the Marsh & low wet Ground. The Soil is rich & deep. The Wild of **SUSSEX** bears Oats incredibly. The Forests are barren, & towards the East full of Iron Ore. Its Manufacture is Cast Iron of all sorts, for which there are many great Forges in the Eastern Wild towards Kent. Its Commodities are Corn, Cattle, Malt, Wool, Wood, Iron, Chalk, Glass, Fish & Fowls. As Sussex Carpenters, Arundel Mylles, Chichester Lobster, an Amberley Trout are famous, as this County is also for delicate Earthenware peculiar to it. The 1<sup>st</sup> Lieutenant is y Noble & R<sup>th</sup> Hon<sup>ble</sup> Algernoon E. of Hereford.



## Darking(at 24)

a large Town on a Branch  
of the River Mole, has a  
good Market on Thursday  
especially for Fowl.

(Aa-at 22 1/2)

Near this place the River  
Mole has a Subterranean  
Passage Burying itself;  
and so Running almost  
2 Miles under Ground &  
rises again near Leather-  
head.

Ebbesham or  
Epſom (ac 16)

a place much frequented  
being Famous for its  
Mineral Waters,

Nonsuchfabrik

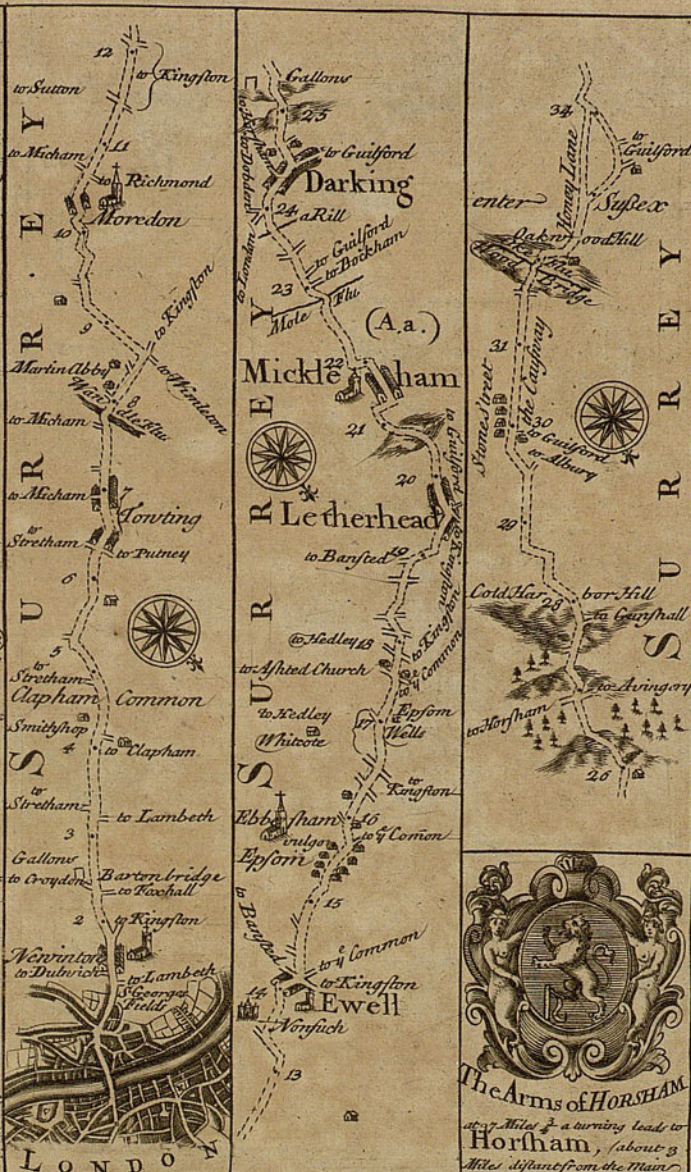
a stately House built by  
King Henry 8<sup>th</sup> —  
Hard by is a Vein of  
Earth, fitt for making Cru-  
cibles.

Ewell, (at 14)

a small and inconsiderable Town has a Market on Thursday, but not much frequented.

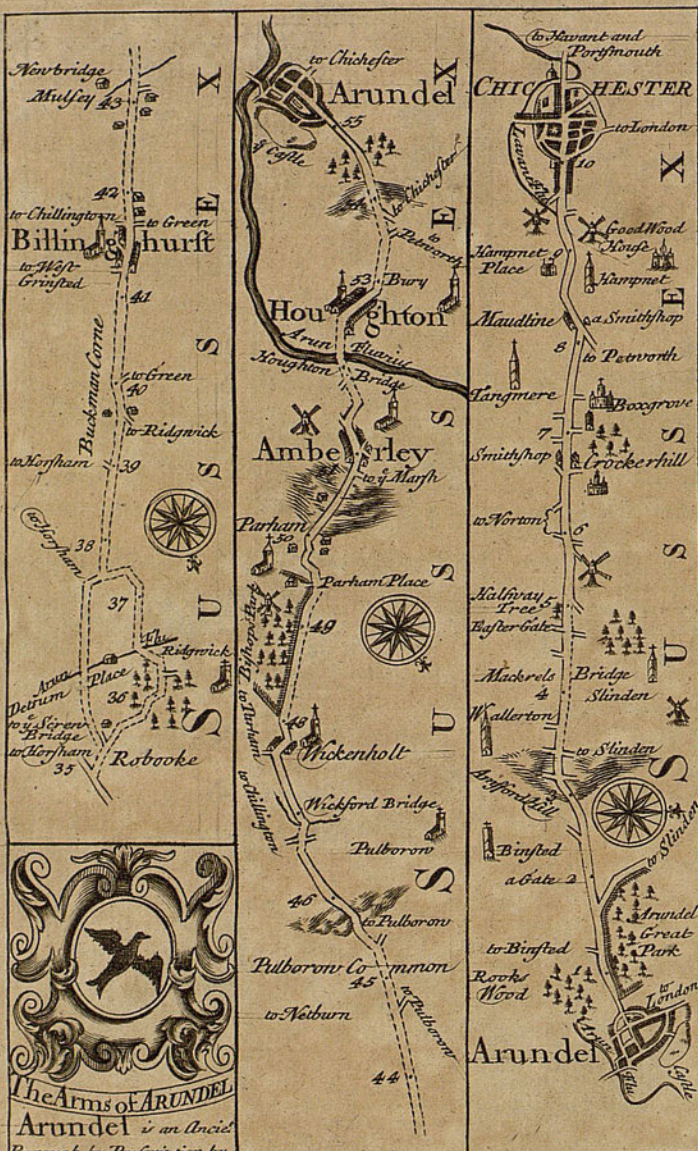
at Epsum (described  
above) is held a Market  
Weekly on Fryday, and  
a Fair Yearly Viz 2<sup>d</sup>  
July, & 29<sup>th</sup> September.  
Obtained & put in force  
lately by M<sup>r</sup>. John  
Livingston, Apothecary  
in that Town who is &  
present Proprietor of &  
Market and Fairs.

ther is Kington It is a Borough by Prescription by the Title of Bayliffe and Burgeage-holders within and without the Borough who Elect the Members for Parliament; returned by 4 Bayliffe, chosen Yearly by a Jury at the Duke of NOTFOLKES Court-leet: who returns to the Steward of the Court, and he Nominates 3 out of the 4 for the Year ensuing. The Par Church there is very Fine, and the Free School well endowed Here is great store of Brutry and a Quarry that affords Good Stone either for Tiling or Roofing. Markets on Saturday granted by King Edw 3. twice Yearly viz 9 July & 7<sup>th</sup> of 9 Days, Monday before Whigund November 25<sup>th</sup>.



The Arms of **HORSHAM**  
at 7 Miles  $\frac{1}{2}$  a turning leads to  
**Horham**, (about 3  
Miles distant from the Main  
Road) to call from Horsham





THE DEANARY  
of CHICHESTER  
Inhabited by Bishop  
Arca, Anno Dom.  
1575.



The Arms of ARUNDEL  
Arundel is an Ancient

Borough by Prescription, by the Title and Title of Mayor, and Burgeses, Ratified and Enlarged by 2. Eliz. abeth. It is pleasantly situated upon the descent of a hill, on the North West side of the River Arun, where in Ships of 200 Tunn may Ride) over which is a stately Wooden Bridge This Town was famous in the Saxon times for its Castle, reputed to be a Mile in Compass, and was sometime the Residence of the Dukes of Norfolk. It was remarkable for its Collegiate Church now made Parochial, The Mayor is Annually Elected at a Court Leet, & notwithstanding he seldom or never Acts, has Authority of a Justice of Peace, he is also Judge of the Court Leet, which is every 3 Weeks & appoints proper Officers to Collect Peckage, and Sallage, Ale Tasters, Carnifers &c. No Sheriff, or Bailiff, Allowed to Execute any Write within the Borough without his Leave. Members of Parliament are chosen by the Inhabitants at large paying Scot & Lott. Market Thursday & Saturday. Fair: May 3.<sup>d</sup> August 10.<sup>th</sup> Septemb 14.<sup>th</sup> & December 6.<sup>th</sup>

At 30<sup>o</sup> is a lawsey part of an Old Roman Bwny, called Stany Street near which is Ockley or Oclea, where Ethelwaldson of Eabert, obtained a great Victory, over Gillanes. There is a certain Ancient Custom observed here, of Planting Rose Tree upon the Deceaseds especially young Men & Maids who have lost their Lovers; which is more Notable in that it was used among the Greeks & Romans.



The Road from  
LONDON to BARWICK.

Containing 260 comp & 330<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From London to	meas	Newark	118 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Darlington	186	243 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Waltham	12	Tuxford	105	Durham	200	262 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Ware	20	Doncaster	123	Newcastle	212	276 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Royston	33	Wentbridge	130	Morpeth	224	291
Huntingdon	48	Tadcaster	142	Alnwick	236	310
Stilton	57	York Mickegate	152	Belford	248	323 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Stamford	69	Topcliff	167 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Barwick	260	339 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Grantham	85	Northallerton	229 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>			

The County of NOTTINGHAM is 90 Miles in Circumference, containing 60000 Acres, 8 Wapontakes, 8 Market, 168 Parishes, & about 755<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Houses. The Air is very Pleasant; Mild and Wholesome; the Country being shaded with Woods & Trees, and Watered with many Fresh Springs. The Soil is various, the South East part is fertile in some places, has a deep Clay, in others it is altogether Sandy. The chief Commodities of this County are Corn, Malt, Liquorice, Pit Coal, Wood, FISH, & Fowl. This County paid in the 21. Ed. 136385. 5. 3.

The Wapontakes &c.

- 1 Northchal Divis.
- 2 Pontelay D.
- 3 B Asfeldan
- 4 Broxtown
- 5 Thurgarton
- 6 Newark
- 7 Bingham
- 8 Ruscliff

English Miles  
1 2 3 4 5 6

NOTTINGHAM  
SHIRE





Waltham *see* Cray  
enter Hartford Shire

Tuttles Street  
a Rill  
A Brook and  
a foot bridge  
to Kerey hill  
11  
Enfield Walk  
a Rill  
to Green Street  
10  
a Conduite

Lackmore  
end

Ponders end

to Enfield  
and Barnet  
8  
a Wood bridge  
and a Brook  
to Enfield  
7  
a foot bridge  
and a Rill  
Fulmonham

and foot bridge  
Brook to Barnet  
7  
and a Rill  
Wood bridge  
Greenhail

to q Marsh  
a Rill  
stone bridge  
to q Church  
6  
a Rill

High Crop  
to Lottenhall Mauch  
to Wood green  
4  
a Wood bridge  
and a Rill

to Hackney  
Stamford hill  
a Wood bridge  
and a Brook  
to Clapton  
Nenington  
3  
a Rill

to Hackney  
Kingsland  
2  
a Rill

to Hackney  
Hoxton  
LONDON

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

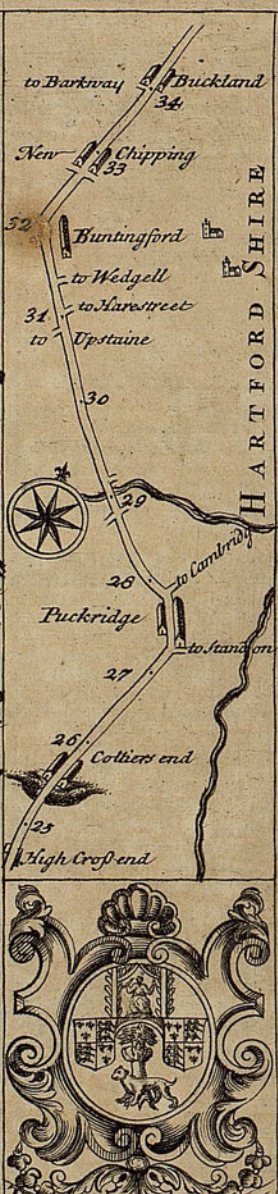
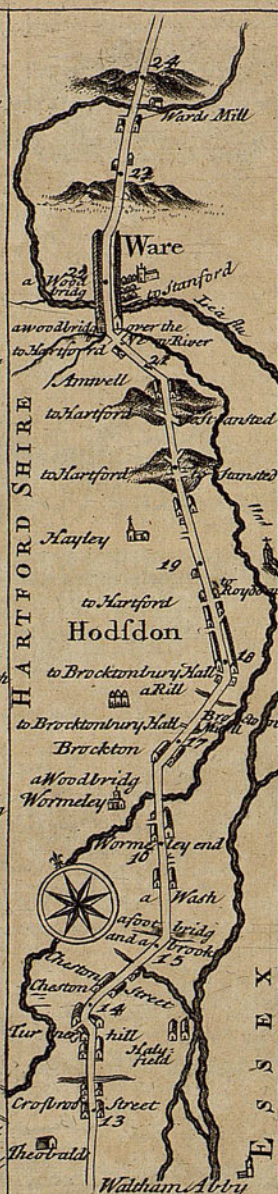
to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey

to Hackney  
Waltham Abbey



to Barkway  
Buckland  
34  
New Chipping  
33  
Buntingford  
52  
to Wedgell  
to Harestreet  
31  
to Upstaine  
30  
Puckridge  
28  
to Cambrid  
26  
to Sandon  
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Cottiers end  
25  
High Crop end  
23

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to Wedgell  
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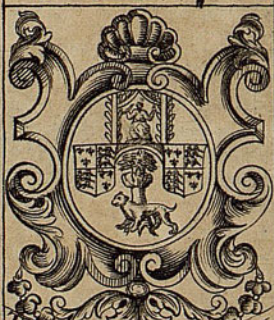
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High Crop end  
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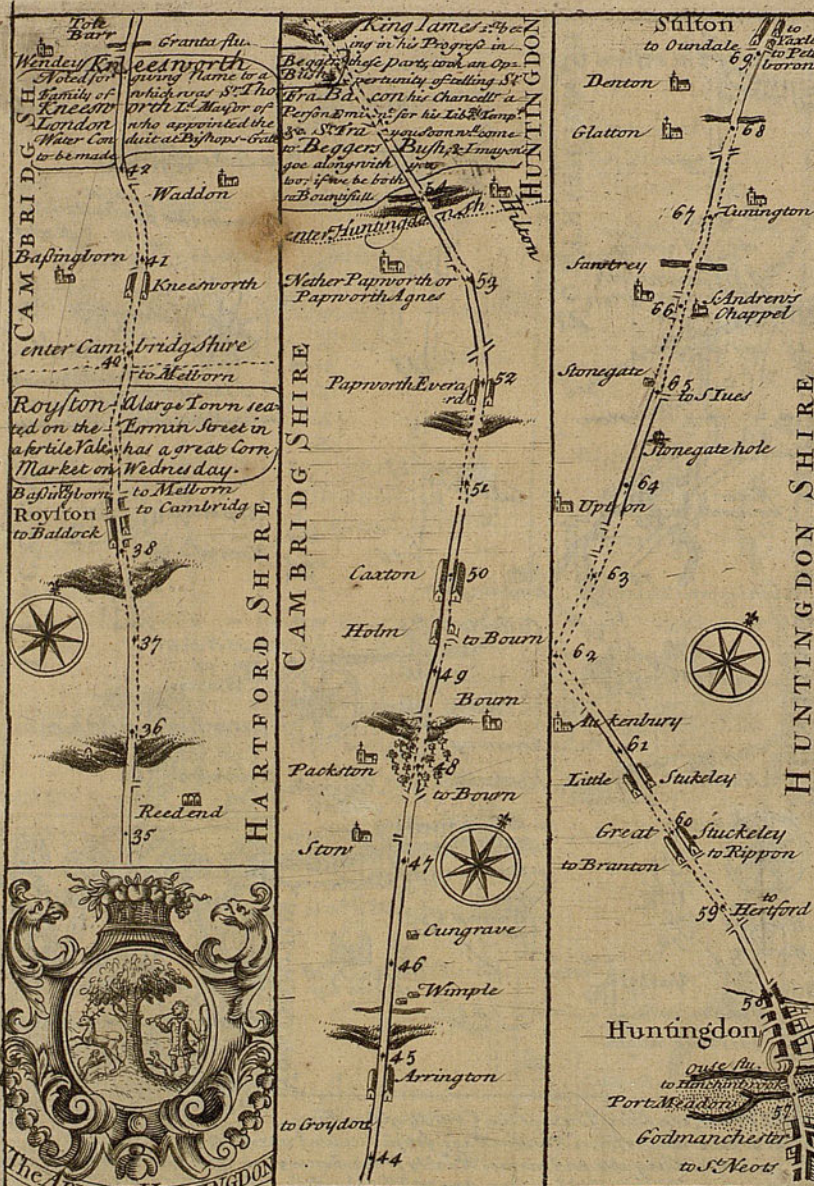
to Barkway  
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to Upstaine  
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Puckridge  
28  
to Cambrid  
26  
to Sandon  
27  
Cottiers end  
25  
High Crop end  
23

**BARWICK** is a town of great strength having the Sea on East & South East and the River Treved on the South West being encompassed with a Wall & Fortified with a strong Castle. It was Incorporated by King James 1<sup>st</sup> and Confirmed by Act of Parliament having had several Charters long before. It is an Ancient City of Henry 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup>. It consists of a Mayor Recorder 4 Bayliffs & Burgesses the Town being a Thoroughfare between England & Scotland it hath a large and sumptuous Bridge consist<sup>g</sup> of 15 Arches & is in Length 300 Yards the River abounds w<sup>th</sup> Fine Salmon in w<sup>ch</sup> & in Shipping off of Corn w<sup>ch</sup> their chief Trade 2 Markets Weekly viz Wednesday & Saturday and 1 Fair yearly held in Trinity Week—





Ware  
Is called  
from a Great  
Dam or Mill  
made by  
Danel, when  
they invaded  
this Kingdom  
& erected  
it there,  
which raised  
the Waters  
so high as  
to secure  
them from  
King Alfred's  
Army. This  
Town has  
from the  
beginning  
elected a  
Mayor.  
—  
Quincey  
Bishop of  
Lincoln, temp.  
Henry I. caused  
a Stone  
Chain to be  
removed,  
which locked  
up of  
passage  
over the  
Bridge into  
this Town,  
so that no  
carriage  
could pass  
without  
paying Toll  
to the Bishop  
of Hereford,  
who kept  
a Key to it.  
—  
said Chain  
was taken  
off by Sir  
Maurice  
of Wyke,  
a Virginian  
soldier,  
who was  
able to  
break it  
without  
any loss  
of life.  
—  
at 27



# HUNTINGDON, situated upon an easy ascent on the North

side of the River Ouse. It is very Populous and is a place of good Trade made a Free Borough  
by King John consisting of a Mayor 12 Aldermen Burgees &c. by whom 4 Members for  
Parliament are chosen that anciently 15 Parishes now but 2 in one of which (viz. St. John's)  
was Born Oliver Cromwell Anno 1599. Markets Monday & Saturday. Fairs March  
25<sup>th</sup> July 10<sup>th</sup> September 8<sup>th</sup> and Good Friday. Here was formerly a Castle built by William  
1<sup>st</sup> Norman in the Castle belonged afterwards to David Prince of Scotland with the title  
of Earl, but Henry 8<sup>th</sup> gave it to Geo. Hastings 1<sup>st</sup> of his Reign which of Warldom in his  
family is continued still. Chief Seats at Ashby de la Zouch & Dunstun Park in Cambridgeshire





Near n<sup>th</sup>  
place was  
plough'd  
up & Bra-  
zen Vessel  
quite a  
Gold Hel-  
met, studd-  
ed with  
Jewels &  
was pre-  
sented to  
Katharine  
of Spain.  
Dona  
ger in Hel-  
cat  
lat 1044



Starnfor  
gives title  
to Noble  
Tho: Gray  
created  
Mar 26<sup>th</sup>  
1688. 49  
lar. 14  
Chief Seat  
at Brad-  
gate & at  
Groby in  
com. Leic-  
ester.  
[at 89]

Burley  
Hall  
By the  
Spire  
of the  
Cathedral  
Baron  
Leigh  
Tilly, non  
of seat of  
of the  
eter, one  
of 3 Noble  
in English  
for City  
Rooms,  
variety of  
Pictures,  
Tapestries,  
Furniture  
Fountain  
&c. Near  
a Wood  
a Hand  
Seat elev  
ing to 3  
same Bar  
built for  
the Exce  
ter, Lamp  
said he had  
it only to  
ture out  
of the  
of Burley  
[at 8

This historical map depicts the border between Northamptonshire and Huntingdonshire. The River Great Ouse flows from the north towards the south, with several towns and villages marked along its banks. The map includes a compass rose in the lower left corner and a scale bar at the bottom. The following table summarizes the locations and distances shown on the map:

Location	Distance (Miles)
to Whittington	80
to Ufford	79
to Thornhough	78
to Wantonworth	77
to Northampton	76
to Peterborough	75
to Huntingdon	74
to Washington Corner	73
to Haddon	72
to Peterborough	71
to Yaxley	70
to Marbarn	69

A hand-drawn map of Rutland, showing a route from Stamford to Greatham. The route is marked with numbers 81 through 91. Key locations include Stamford, Casterton bridge, Empinggam, Ficklingcote, Greatham, and Burley Hall. A compass rose is present, and the map is labeled 'RUTLAND' vertically on the right side.

100  
a Rill

to Stoke

99

Kirkstoke

a Rill

to Stoke

98

to Easton

to Easton

a Rill

97

to Woolfthrop

to Buckminster

Couldernworth

Coltonworth

to Corbey

96

Trophthorp

95

Nornitha

94

South Withal  
or  
Witham


93

enter Lincoln Shire

Thristleton

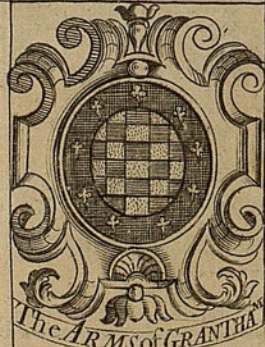
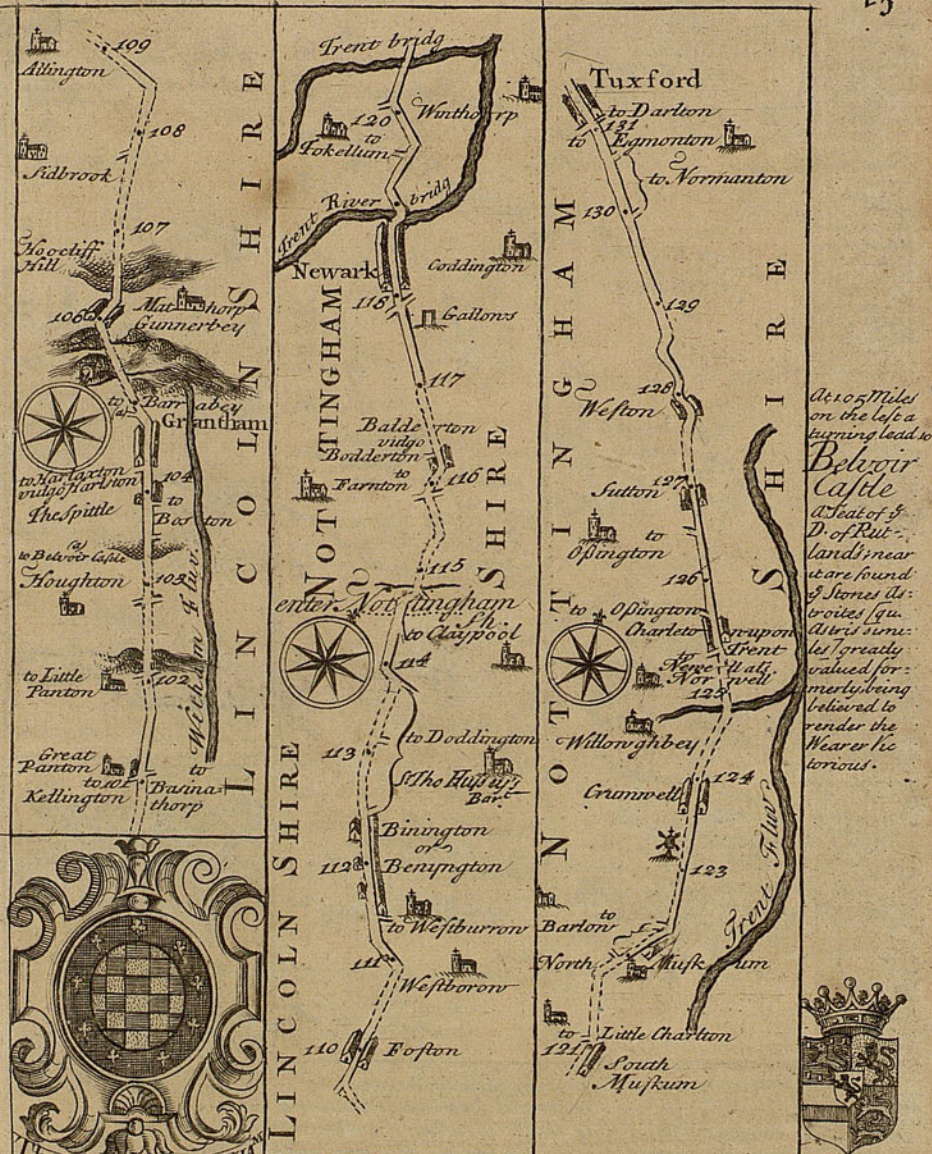
92

LINCOLN SHIRE



HARTFORD, the Shire Town of the County of that Name, about 2 Miles distant from Ware (in Page 478) is situated upon a River, &c. which is Navigable and carries Weekly from thence 9000 Quarters of Malt to London, here is an Ancient Castle where Queen Elizabeth sometime Resided. It is Governed by a Mayor, High Sherif and Recorder, 9 Aldermen, a Town Clerk, Chamberlain, 44 Citizens, & 2 Sergeants at Mace. Weekly Markets Saturday; their cheifest Commodities is Wheat & Wool. Fairs are Saturday Fortnight before Easter & Monday following for all sorts of Cattle. 24 of June Chiefly for Horses, and St. Simon and Jude, for all sorts of Cattle. Here was formerly 5 Churches, but now only 2, the Town being much Reduced since the Diverting the Road from it.





Grantham is a Corporation of great Antiquity, Consisting of an Alderman Recorder, 12 Common Burgesses, a Coroner, an Exchequer, a Town Clerk and 12 Second Trovewomen who is of the Common Council, and 12 Constables to Attend upon the Court which Alderman and Common Burgesses have all Power to Act as Justices of the Peace for the Corporation & Soake of Grantham, the Members for Parliament are Elected by the Freemen of the Corporation there is a Large Church famous for its high Spire & seeming Crookedness being 275 Foot high all stone work & a good Free Schoole Built by Rich<sup>d</sup> Fox Bishop of Winton Markets W & S. only Saw Observed 5 Fairs the 4 y<sup>r</sup> M. in June. 1661 St. Peters D. 13 Oct. & 6<sup>th</sup> of Sept.

At 10 Miles on the left a turning lead to  
**Bevoir Castle**  
A Seat of S. D. of Rutland, near it are found 6 Stones its boires 1/2 gu. its is similar to greatly valued for merly being believed to render the wearer victorious.



Grantham  
Gives only to Noble Henry de Auvergne, 1000.  
10 W. 4. Chaf  
Seat at Rev.  
Grantham in  
Surrey.



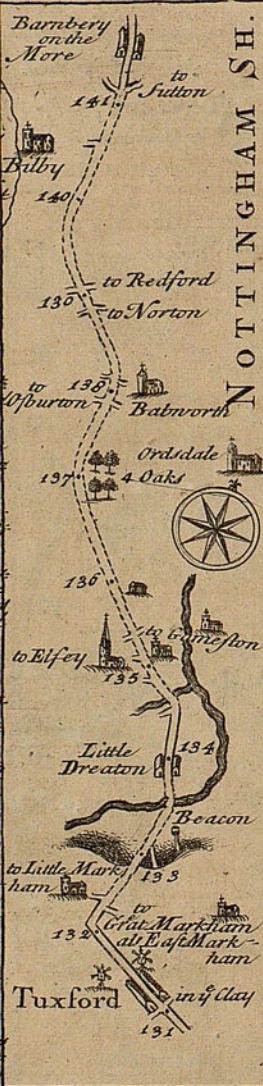
Doncaster

So called from the castle and situation on Don. The town is built by lightening at 750 - but now flourishes again under a May or 3. 6. All has a good trade, in stockings & knit wares, coats, aggs. Burton. Moor. Jags for cattle tanned & a fair on the 9. 30. In St. George's Church the tomb is in center. Tho. Ellis fur times Mayor or founder of another place called St. Tho. the Apostle & one Bury who gave Rolleston Wood to a Publick school. This school is now upon an hill. Some have who is heard of Doncaster & Margaret must have spent that I gave that I have that I left that I to St. Alb. 1570. Two other Robert Burks who on this world did reign 67 years & yet lived not one.

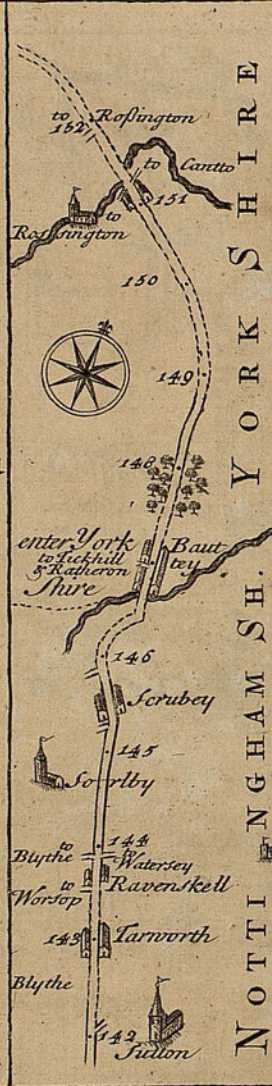
[at 155]

Tuxford in clay a good though rough fare. For Mon. Mon. day.

[at 137]



NOTTINGHAM SH.



YORK SHIRE

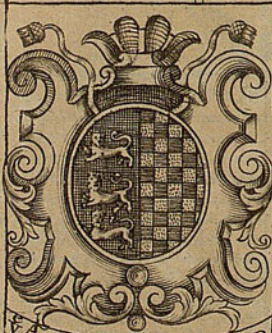
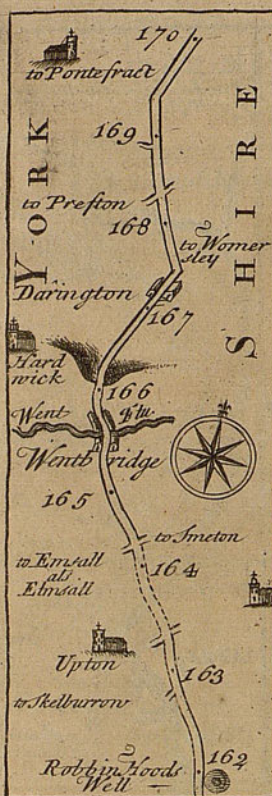


YORK SHIRE

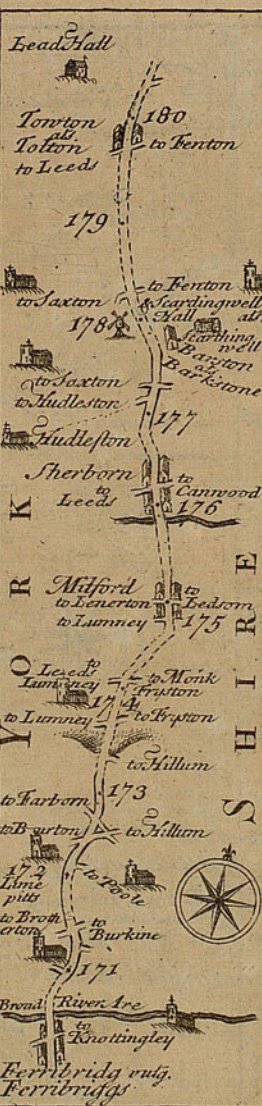


Newark upon Trent is an Ancient Borough by Prescription but since Edward 4. Sixth by Charter. & lately by King Charles 2. It consists of a Mayor, 12 Aldermen, & 12 Assistants. The Members for Parliament are Elected by the Majority of the Inhabitants at large. Paying Scot and Lot. They Enjoy a good Trade and have a Market on Wednesday, and 6 Fairs yearly Viz. 3. of May. Whitsun Tuesday. July. 21. October. Monday before St. Andrews Day. & Friday before Care Sunday. Here is one of the finest Parochial Churches said to be in England, and had once a stately Castle Built by Alexander Bishop of Lincoln, which is now Ruinous.

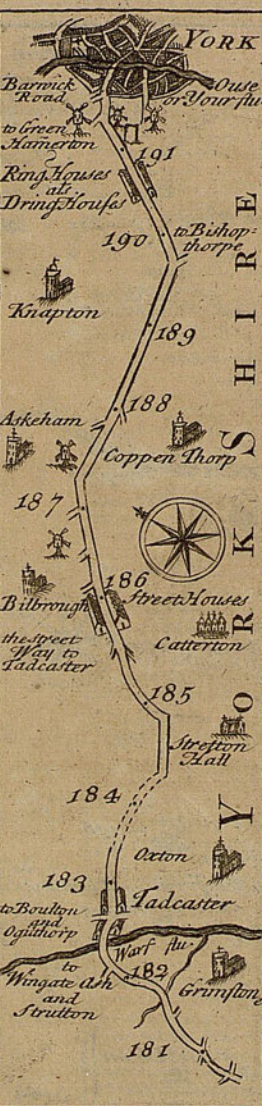




Serjants at Mace. Further a great number of Oxonians retired upon a Digpate between the South & North Country Men of that University, in the Reign of Edw. 3<sup>d</sup> and set up Schools here for liberrall Art &c. but were soon Obliged to return, by Order of the King; and it was then forth provided by an Oath: That no Oxonians should Prejige at Stamford. But the Learned Author of the Additions to Camdens Britannia 2<sup>d</sup> 76 Mentions a Manuscript that relates Stamford to have been an University long before our Saviours time & down to the year 300; when it was Disolved by a Pope for Arianism and y<sup>e</sup> same Author is of Opinion, from remains of Colleges in this T<sup>y</sup> of one Black hall & of other Bruerens nose, (and Gate where y<sup>e</sup> great Bracer nose ke Ring thro' like shabab Express) that there was an University here before Edw. 3<sup>d</sup> time if stay of Oxonians here then being so short that they could not have any time to Build. The Notable Custom of Burrough English by which the younger Sons Inherit y<sup>e</sup> Lands of their Fathers within this Mannor. Subjigs here. In this Town are 5 Par. Church 3 Market Moad & Fryer. 26 S<sup>t</sup> S<sup>t</sup> (viz) Trist. before Landem. Mollent n<sup>o</sup> 14. 14 Days. a Horse Fair a Week before May Day. 2<sup>d</sup> Moad. after Tris Sund. S<sup>t</sup> Lamas. 26 S<sup>t</sup> S<sup>t</sup> Jude. For chief Trade consigs indit. set out & Bre. Some. Moad. for Tris. Bleed by y<sup>e</sup> Inhab. at large Paying Scot & Lows



The Borough of Stamford, first Incorporated by Charter of Year. Edw. 4<sup>th</sup> & again Incorporated by Charles 2<sup>d</sup> Consists of a Mayor Recorder Deputy Recorder 12 Aldermen a Town Clerk, 24 Capital Burgeiss and 24



first Incorporated by Charter of Year. Edw. 4<sup>th</sup> & again Incorporated by Charles 2<sup>d</sup> Consists of a Mayor Recorder Deputy Recorder 12 Aldermen a Town Clerk, 24 Capital Burgeiss and 24



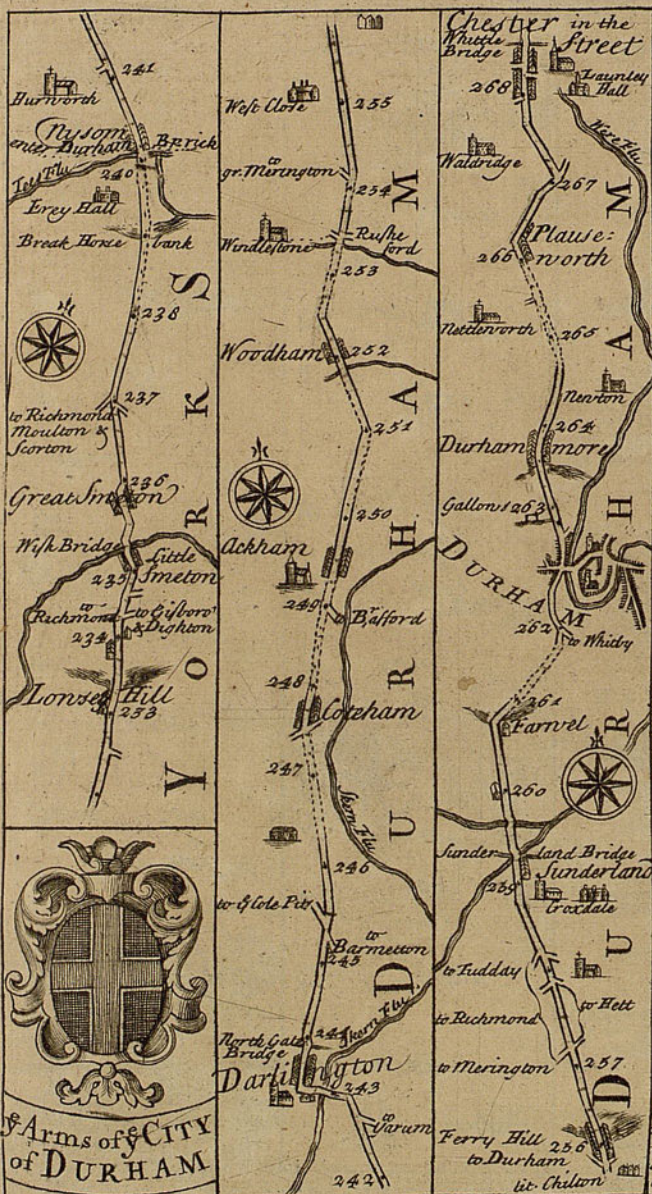
Tadcaster Gives rise to the R<sup>e</sup> Renowable Henry Obrian created Viscount by his Majesty K<sup>e</sup> George. Chief seat at Great Bidding in Northamptonshire & Shortgrove in Yorkshire. [at 180]

Sherborn Famous for Cherries. In this Town is an eminent Free School, founded by Rob<sup>t</sup> Hun- gale Esq<sup>r</sup>. Has a Market on Saturday. [at 176]



Burrowbridge, vulgo Burwōbridge, so nam'd from this state, is a  
great Bridge over y<sup>e</sup> River Ure, near to it in a Field stands a  
great many Stones like Pyramids, call'd by y<sup>e</sup> County y<sup>e</sup> Devils  
Bots or Arrows, which are Stones Artificially Cement-  
ed, made & Directed in Honour of y<sup>e</sup> Heathen Deities. It  
is Govern'd by a Bayliff w<sup>ho</sup> with y<sup>e</sup> Burgeesses Elect che-  
Members for Parliament Weekly Market, Sat. & 2 Fairs Year-  
ly, Viz: June 4<sup>th</sup> 11<sup>th</sup> w<sup>ch</sup> holds 7 Days, a great F<sup>air</sup> for Cattle & o-  
ther Commodities, is Comput'd y<sup>r</sup> 7 or 8000<sup>l</sup> is Yearly laid out in  
Hard Ware, w<sup>ch</sup> is y<sup>e</sup> Chief Support of y<sup>e</sup> Town





**Threke or Thursk**  
A very ancient town, holding both its Market & Boro' by Prescription. It consists of a Bayliff, between 25 & 50 Burgesses, the chief of which being 1st of 4 Manor his Steward holds a Court twice a year, viz. Lady-day, & Michaelmas-day at 4 later if Bayliff is chosen by all Majority of 4 Burgesses & sworn by 4 Steward. Monit. for Par. are elected by 4 Burgesses & sworn by 4 Bayliff. Monit. is a Fortnight fair throughout 4 year, 5 Fair yearly viz. Monit. after Shrove-tide, Tues. d. after Lady-day, Tues. d. after St. Andrew-day, St. James-day, & St. Luke's, for all sorts of Cattle, with Sheep Hogs &c. In this town was formerly a strong castle here Roger de Mowbray began his rebellion & called in 4 K. of Scots to the destruction of his Country. Here also 4 Rable in Hett, 4th reign, repining grievously that a small subsidy was laid on them by 4 Earl fell upon Henry 4th & of Northumberland who was then 1st. House of York sh. & killed him.

**Darlington** [at 243]  
A large Poise Town having a very considerable Monop. Mond for Corn Cattle &c.

**DURHAM.**  
Called by the Saxons Dun-holm from its situation upon a Hill in an Island surrounded by the River Wear. It is walled about & defended by a castle of considerable strength. The Monks of Evesham being disquieted in 4 Danish Wars settled here with a body of 300 knights about 4 year 902 where Bishop Aldwin laid the Foundation of the City and Cathedral. It was incorp. by K. Rich. 1st. and 2d. viz. about the 24th year of his reign, incorp. it anew by the Name of Mayr Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Durham. The

Buildings are fair and the situation of it so pleasant and healthy that it is much frequented by the neighbouring Gentry. The Bishop is absolute Lord of the Town and County, appoints all Officers of Justice as a Court Palatine viz. a Judge, Steward, Sheriffs. It has 6 Parishes churches besides the Cath. Market on Saturday in a spacious Market place. Fairs on March the 20th and St. Cuthbert's day. St. Nevils Cross, near this City David K. of Scots Army was destroyed and himself taken prisoner by Her Percy E. of Northumberland and W. Towsh Archb. of York temp. Ed. 3rd when that was busy about the siege of Calais in France.





Newcastle

*Given title to his Grace the Bishop of Durham by his Majesty King Henry the First in the 20th year of his said Majesty's reign, as appears by the original in the Bishop's Chapel at Durham.*

*Chester in the Street*  
A Collegiate Church, erected by Anthony Beck Bishop of Durham A.D. 1186 and 1187. Prebendaries 8, 10 confirmed by K. Ed. 1<sup>st</sup>

BISHOP OF DURHAM NORTHUMBERLAND



*Chester in the Street*  
268

*Chester in the Street*  
268

*Chester in the Street*  
268

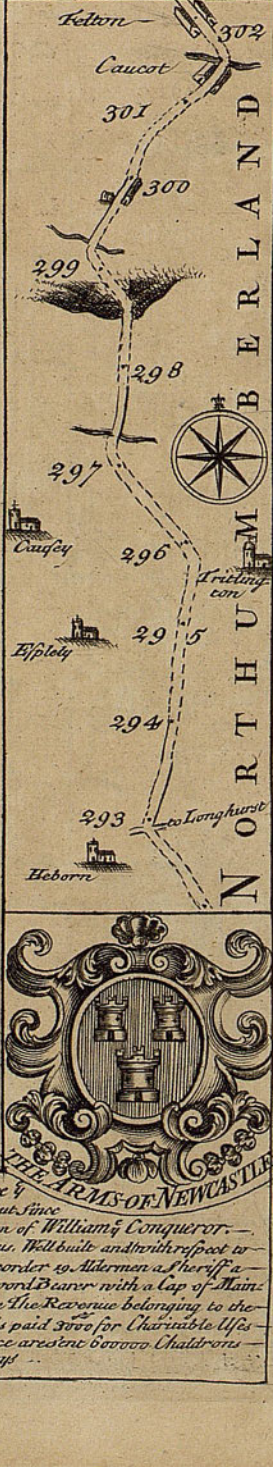
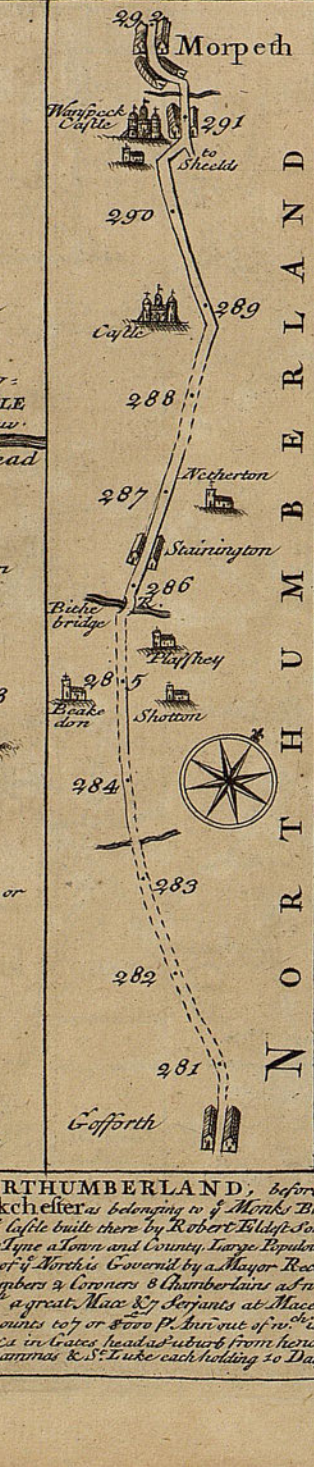
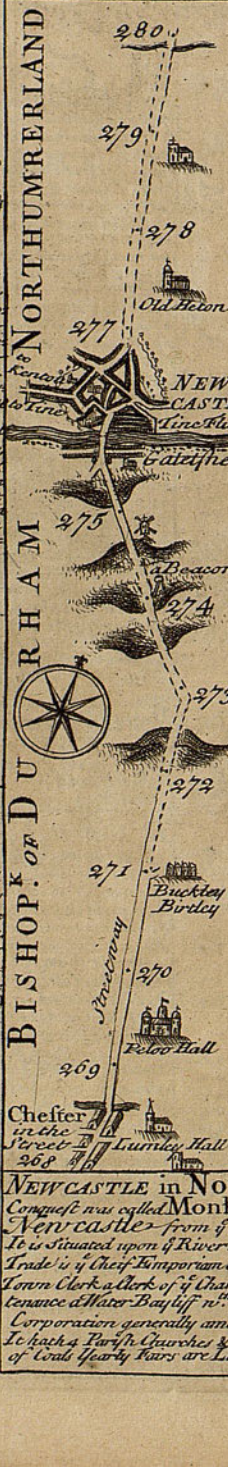
*Chester in the Street*  
268

*Chester in the Street*  
268

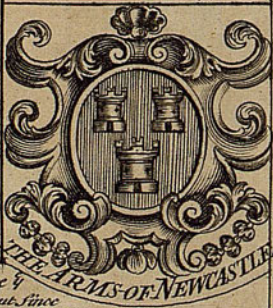
*Chester in the Street*  
268

*Chester in the Street*  
268

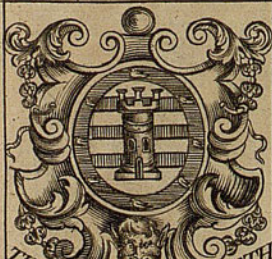
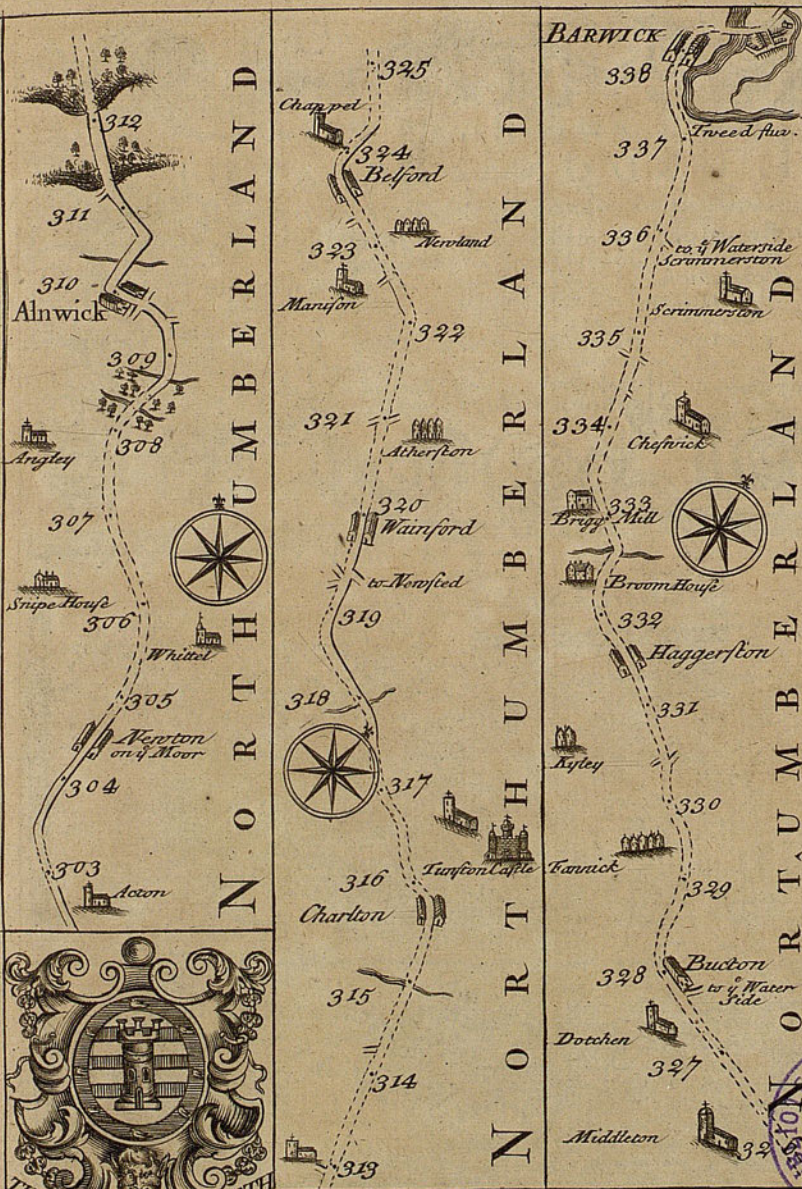
*Chester in the Street*  
268



**NEWCASTLE in NORTHUMBERLAND**, before the Conquest was called **Monkchester** as belonging to the Monks. But since the Conquest from the castle built there by Robert Eldred Son of William the Conqueror. It is situated upon the River Tyne a Town and County, large populous, well built and with respect to Trade is the Chief Emporium of the North is Governed by a Mayor Recorder 10 Aldermen a Sheriff a Town Clerk a Clerk of the Chambers 8 Chamberlains a Sword Bearer with a Gap of Maintenance a Water Bayliff &c. a great Mace &c. Serjeants at Mace the Revenue belonging to the Corporation generally amounts to 7 or 8000 £. and out of it is paid 3000 £ for charitable Uses It hath a Parish Churches &c. in Gates head as well as from hence are sent 60000 Children of Loath yearly four are Lammes & 8 Luke each holding 20 Days







Morpeth in Northumberland is a Borough by

Prescription and of great Antiquity It Consists of 2 Bayliffs 7 Aldermen and about 107 Freemen or Free Burgesses The Right Honourable y<sup>e</sup> Earl of Carlisle being Lord of y<sup>e</sup> Said Borough holds a Court twice a Year viz Monday after Michaelmas when 4 Persons are Chosen and Presented to y<sup>e</sup> Fords Stewards to appoint 2 co-execute the Office of Bayliffs for y<sup>e</sup> ensuing Year It has 2 Markets Weekly Wednesday and Saturday Wednesday is reckoned y<sup>e</sup> greatest in England for Live Cattle except Smithfield with 2 Fairs yearly Holy Thursday

It gives aide of his counts to the Noble Henry Howard Summond to Part by his Majesty K George 6, & took place according to his Father's Patent, of Creation, bearing Date Apr 20. 1661. 13. lived

*Alnwick*

In this Place William Kof Scots was taken Prisoner. & presented to K. Henry 2<sup>d</sup> 1547 who paid 4000 for his Ransom. 1549. Malcolm King of Scots was taken basing the castle of this Town was destroyed with a spear by a Soldier's pretending to deliver up y<sup>e</sup> Keys on the Point of it; & his sword and armour were taken his Death was here slain. & his Army routed Roger de Mowbray of Northumberland. — Min. Jar. [at 310]





# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO BRISTOL

Containing from the Standard in Cornhill London, 94 <sup>115 1/2</sup> Miles.

to Brentford... 8 10 1/2	Theal... 36 4 1/2	Marlborough... 62 7 1/2
Hounslow... 10 12 1/2	Woolhampton... 45 5 1/2	Calm... 72 8 1/2
Colebrook... 15 18 1/2	Thatcham... 45 5 1/2	Chippenham... 77 9 1/2
Maidenhead... 22 27 1/2	Newbury... 47 5 1/2	Marshfield... 84 10 1/2
Twiford... 28 35 1/2	Chilton... 56 6 1/2	BRISTOL... 94 11 1/2
Reading... 32 40 1/2	Ramebury... 58 6 1/2	From BRISTOL

Otherwise by  
Hungerford thus

to Newbury as before	Continued to
Hungerford... 54 6 1/2	Huntspil Com... 9 12 1/2
Marlborough... 62 7 1/2	SOMERSET.

Langford... 9 12 1/2	Comp Meal
Axbridge... 14 18 1/2	
Huntspil... 22 29 1/2	

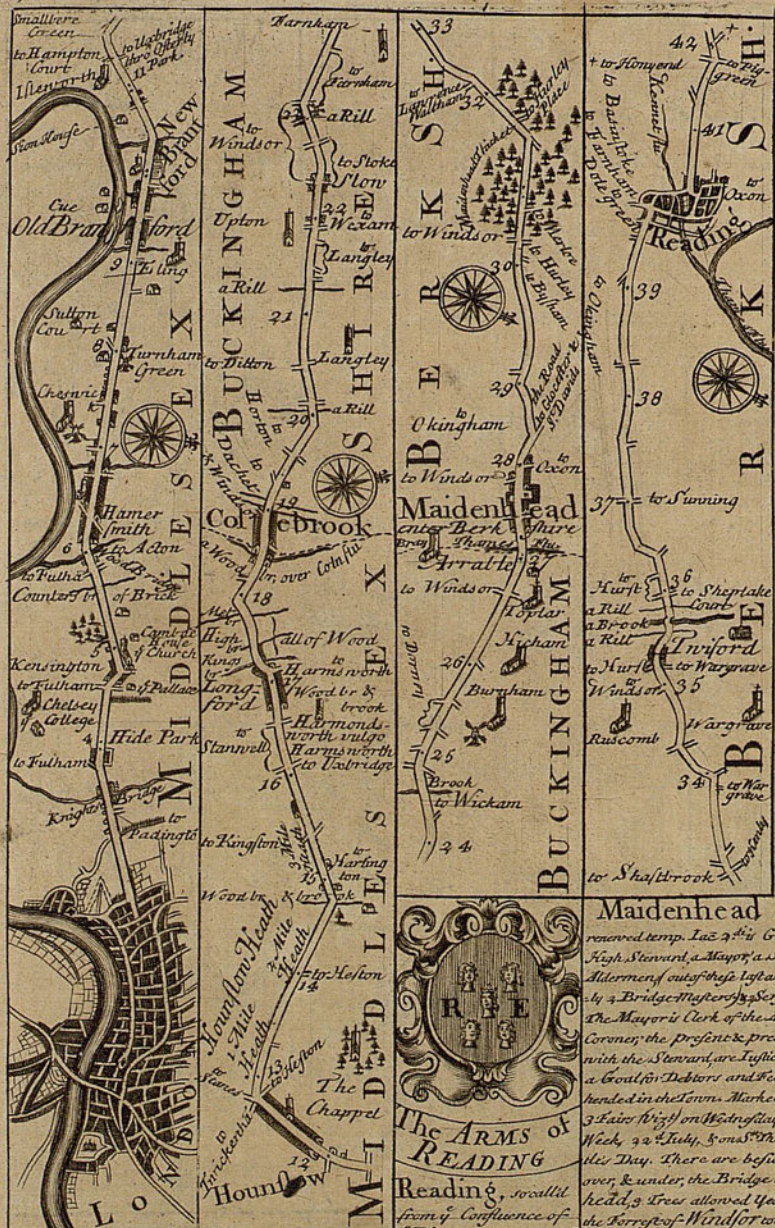
## A MAP OF MIDDLESEX

P. of HARTFORD SH.



The County of MIDDLESEX is 84 Miles in Circumference; contains about 47,000 Acres, divided into 7 Hundreds, in which are above 100,000 Houses, 116 Parishes (excluding the Parishes in 5 Cities of London viz Westminster) and 4 Market Towns. The Air is Sweet & Pleasant & is Soil generally very fruitful chiefly in 4 Vale from Kingston to Harrow only Hill, the most Gravelly part is much improved by Labor and Manuring of 4 Haybanders. Is a Plain Land but has some rising Ground as Harrow, Ransford, Highgate Child Hill &c. This County pays to the over Shilling and One Hundred fifty three Thousand Eight hundred Seventy Seven Pounds one Shilling five pence farthing. Thomas Duke of Newcastle is Lord Lieutenant and Captain Rensdown of the County of Middlesex & City of Westminster.





**Maidenhead** by its Charter received temp. Edw. 3<sup>rd</sup> is Govern'd by a High Steward, a Mayor, a Steward, 40 Aldermen, out of these 40 are chosen Yearly by 4 Bridge Masters & 3 Serjants at Law. The Mayor is Clerk of the Market and Coroner, the presence & precedence May<sup>r</sup> with the Steward, are Iustices, they have a Court for Debtors and Fellows apprehended in the Town. Market Wednesday 3 Fair Week on Wednesday in Whitsun Week, 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 30<sup>th</sup> & 31<sup>st</sup> Thomas 4<sup>th</sup> of the Day. There are besides the Toll over, & under, the Bridge of Maidenhead, 3 Trees allowed yearly out of the Forreyst of Windsor toward the Repairing it.

### Hounslow Heath

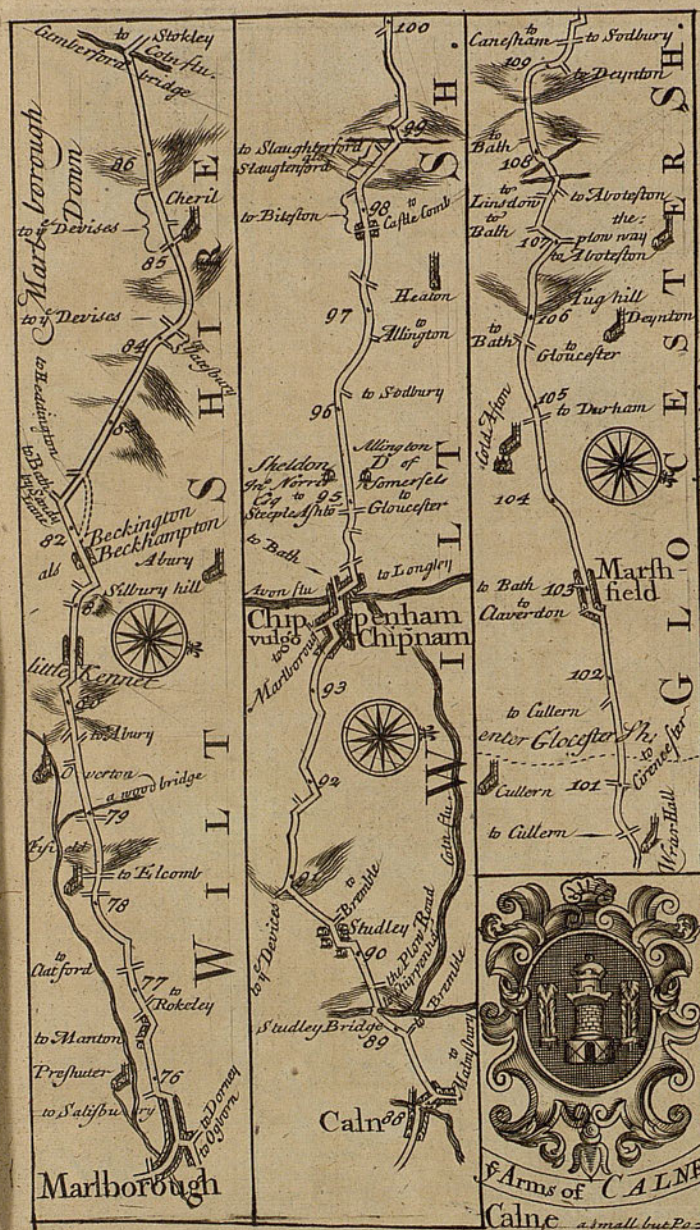
Memorable for the Camp pick'd there by R. Iames 2<sup>d</sup> to over awe the City of London and his Protestant Subjects.

Navigable Kennet near its Influe into of Thames of which Kennet here crofed over by 7 Bridges. It is Govern'd by a Mayor, 12 Aldermen, and as many Burgeses, by whom & the Comonality, are Selected Members for Parliament, its chief Trade is in Cloth, & Mault. Market Saturday Fair February 1<sup>st</sup> May 1<sup>st</sup> July 25<sup>th</sup> & September 21<sup>st</sup>. In this Town was born Arch Bishop Laud, who founded, & Liberally endowed an Hospice talken it. This Town was once beautified with a Rich Longtery and a Strong Cytile.









## Nentury

a large Town, memorable for lack of Nentury, a Clothier of great repute in the time of Henry 8<sup>th</sup>; and for a Bloody Encounter between K<sup>ing</sup> Charles and his Parliamt. This Town is pleasantly seated on a Plain having the River Kennet running thro' it, took its rise from the ancient spring, now a small Village scarce a Mile from hence. The Town of Nentury is at this day, very considerable in respect of its cloathing Trade, neatness of building, &c. & has a good Market on Thursday.

[at 56 1/2]



Arms of CALNE  
Calne a small burgo

pulous and well built Town, made a Burrough by Rich<sup>d</sup>. 2<sup>d</sup> of Cornwall consisting of several annually chosen and Burgo is without limitation. Men<sup>t</sup>. for Part, elected by those who have a right of Commonage, & sworn at Ogle Court belonging to the Honour of Wallingford Castle, & part of the Duchy of Cornwall according to the last decision in the House of Commons; but have been since chosen by the Burgo is only its chief Trade is in Cloth<sup>ing</sup> Markets on Tuesday Fair; Apr 4<sup>th</sup> this Town is remarkable for a Convocation of the Clergy, anno 1777, about the Celebration of the Priest's. The Chamber in which they were assembled, fell & killed some but were reputed to the Monks cause, because a Dwarf their Patron & President is caped & whist under the Beams & Rubbish, which Accident was taken for a Miracle.

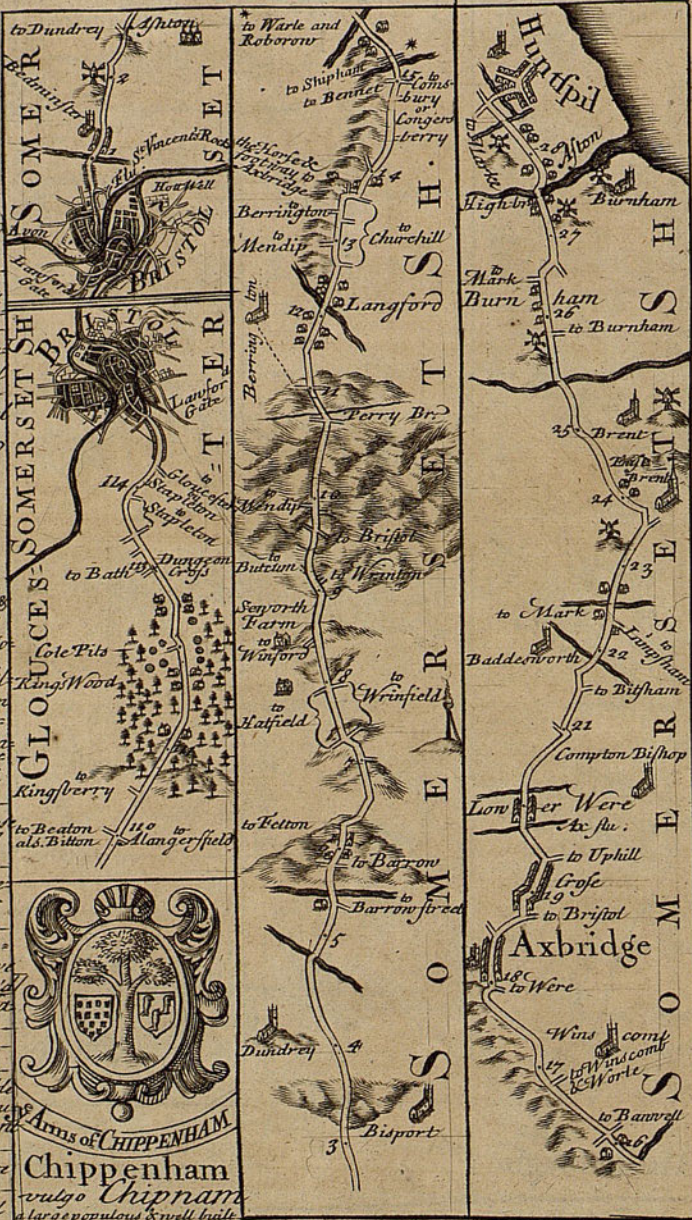


# The Forrest of Kingwood

Was formerly of much larger extent than it is at present, being drawn in with in the bound of 5000 Acres. It consists chiefly of Coal Mines, which are possessed by several Unnes, by Patent from the Crown.

## Hungerford,

Gave both Name & Title to the Barons of Hungerford, a Noble Family, raised by the merit of Walter Hungerford, Son of J. The Hungerford, who was Speaker to the House of Commons, 5th Ed. 3. R. which was the first Parl. that House had a Speaker in. The 1st Walter was Steward of the House hold to K. Hen. 5th & 6th. High Treasurer to K. Hen. 6th. His Noble Family, if not are rightly informed, still flourishes at Aldenham in Mils. The Manor of this Town is held of the Crown, by a Constable who is chosen annually. John of Gaunt gave this Town a Horn, wch they have to shew at this day, & a grant of a Riall Fishing, as they term it, in a River, wch affords great plenty of excellent Trout and Gravel, h. M. f. fedn. Fair, Aug. 10th.



Chippenham vulgo Chipnam a large populous & well built Town, and ancient Borough, by Prescription the Seat of the Wife Saxon Kings, Incorporated by 2. Mary 1st by the Name of Bayliff and Burgesses in Number 12. Members for Parliament elected by the Burgage-holders returned by the Bayliff. Its chief Trade is in Cloth, Markets on Saturday, Fairs May 6th June 11th October 18th November 30th



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO BUCKINGHAM

from LONDON	Com. Meas.	Buckingham	Com. Meas.	Bromf. Grove	Com. Meas.
to Acton.....	6 8 <sup>3</sup>	44 60	87 118		
Uxbridge.....	15 18 <sup>4</sup>	51 69	95 128		
Amerham.....	24 29 <sup>4</sup>	57 77	102 137		
Wendover.....	30 39 <sup>4</sup>	66 89	105 142		
Aylesbury.....	34 44 <sup>4</sup>	72 97			
East Claydon.....	49 54	78 106			

Continued to Banbury in OXFORD SH. & thence to Bridgnorth in SHROPSH.   
 With the Branch from Banbury to Campden com. GLOUCE.

Banbury,	
to Shipton.....	10 14
Campden.....	15 21

## A MAP OF NORTHAMPTON SHIRE



The County of NORTHAMPTON is very Fruitfull for Corn, Cattel, Sheep &c. having but few Hills, & left most barren Grounds when any other part of England. The Old Inhabitants were known in Romans by the Name of Coritani, who spread all over the Inland Counties of Leicesters, Rutland, Lincoln &c. It made a part of the Kingdom of the West Saxons. The Air is good & pleasant well known to our Nobility & Gentry; for no corner of the Land enjoys a greater resort then this. The Soil is level, & rich in Corn & Grass, full of Parks & well supplied with Water. In length from N. to S. 45 M. in Breadth from E. to W. is computed 20 M. having 200000 acres, 242000 Dwelling House, 136 Parishes, 12 Towns, 40000 able Men & 120000 other Inhabitants, or thereabouts. It sends 9 Members to Parli. It pays in the 18th. Aid the Sum of 24553 13 4.



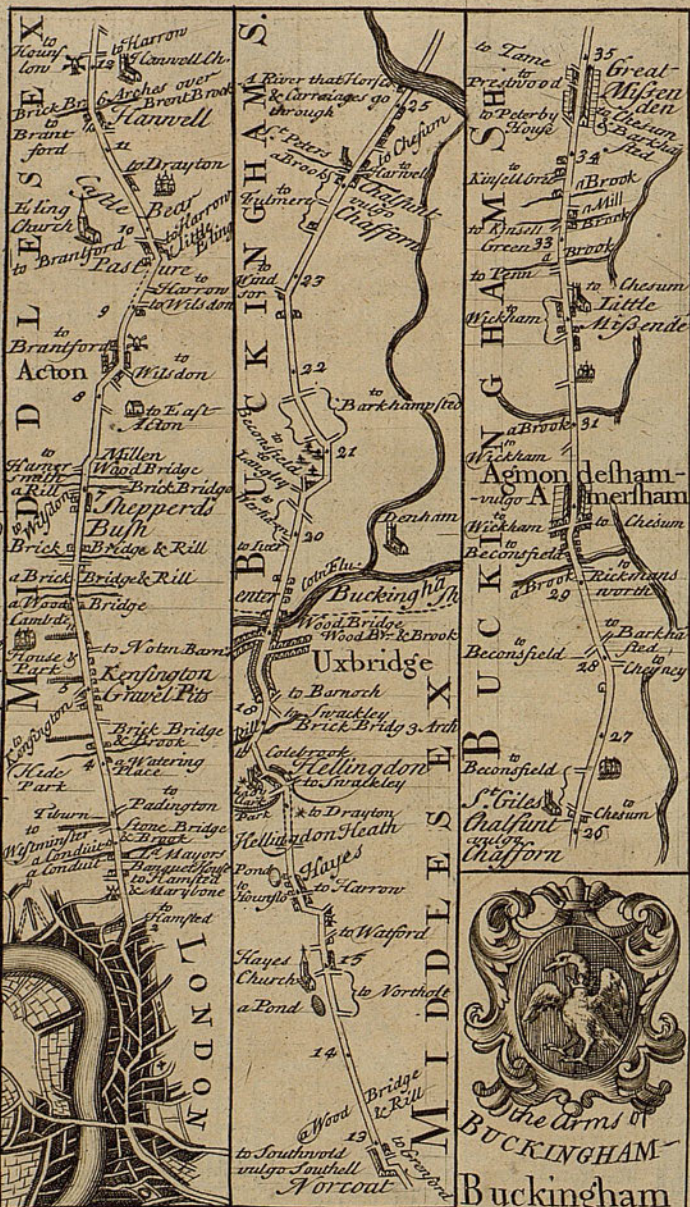
### Misenden

Here was formerly a Monastery, built by the Deys, which was endowed by the Family of the Misenden, pursuant to a Vow made on escaping Shipwreck. John Randal who wrote a Treatise called The great Mystery of Godliness, & author of good Books, published about the Year 1630, was a Native of this Place. John Fleetwood, 1st, one of the Knights of the Shire for this County, has a fine Seat here.



### Buckingham

Gives title to his Grace the Sheffield Created Duke May 9th 1702. Chief Seats at Normanby in Cornwall, & at Malgrave castle in York sh.



The Arms of  
BUCKINGHAM  
Buckingham

An ancient Borough, and made a Mayor or Town by Charter to Charles 1st by the Name of Mayor & Aldermen &c. but by the restoration of the Old Charters, returned to its former State, and is now under a Bailiff and 12 Burgesses as limited by 2. Mary & 14 by whom Members of Parliament are elected. Markets on Saturday, Fair & 10. 5. on Monday seven night after 14 Days. St. Mark, Thurs day in Whitsun Week, St. Peter, St. Bartholomew, St. Mathew, St. Simon & Jude, & St. Maran days.



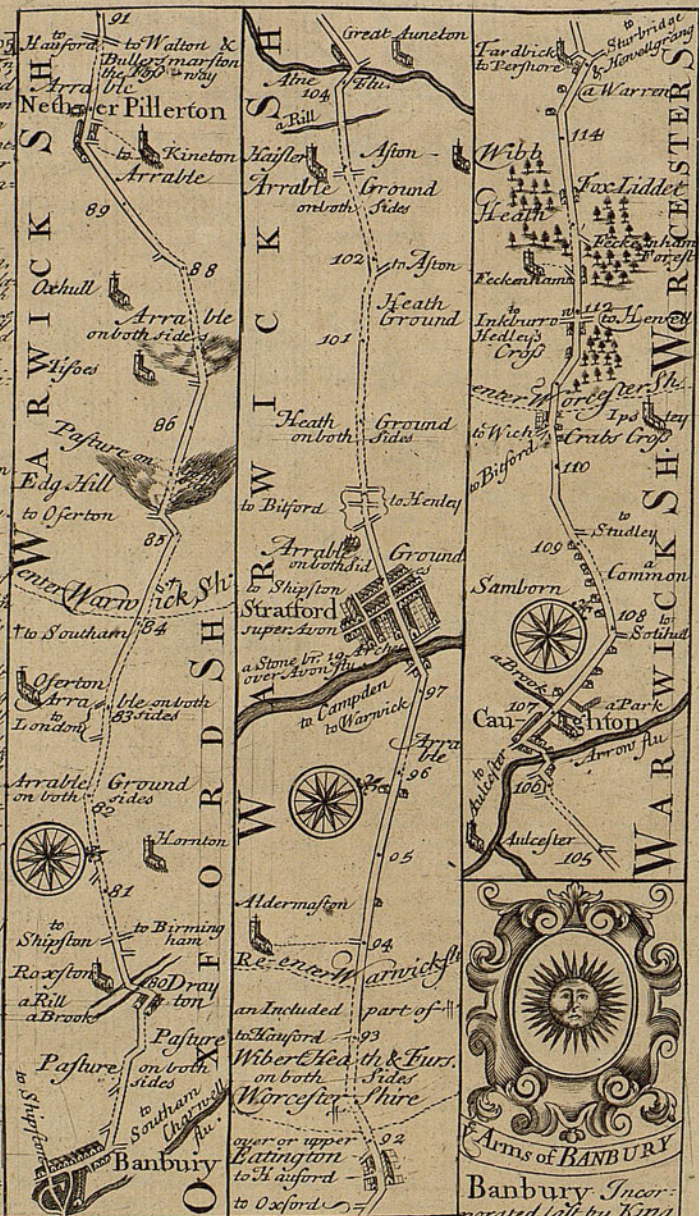




**Aulcifer** Tab 107  
Is a very ancient & very  
juddy reputed to have  
been a station of Romans  
from their Conq<sup>ts</sup> frequent  
by digging up in near  
ly of f<sup>y</sup> a very considerable  
Purcell of Gold & Silver  
were found some  
time ago in an Urn  
in digging of foundation  
of a Cellar w<sup>ch</sup> fell into  
the hands of them of  
Brook & of Marston. It  
present a Corp<sup>s</sup> at  
on & lay a good  
on w<sup>ch</sup> was found

Strafford, upon  
 Avon [a good] <sup>1</sup>  
 Here is a large Church  
 & Chap. of ease  
 built by Sir Hugh  
 Capton, & May: of  
 London: & all the  
 Now founded by R.  
 Edw. 6. 1547. he said  
 Capton also built  
 & some Brecon & Glam.  
 of great & small  
 Arches, & gave  
 a May: Record: & all  
 from: & all: of  
 where: & are: & in:  
 as: & Copied: Bur  
 ges: & Trades: chief  
 ly: in: Corn: & Mark:  
 on: Thursday:  
 & Years: —

Kineton I ab 89<sup>3</sup>  
 Was anciently the  
 possession of K<sup>ing</sup> Ric<sup>ard</sup>  
 the Confessor, And  
 had formerly a  
 Castle here (accord-  
 ing to tradition)  
 K<sup>ing</sup> John sometime  
 kept his Court, Un-  
 derneath the foot of  
 the Hills is a Spring  
 at this day called  
 K<sup>ing</sup> Johns Well.



James 1.<sup>st</sup> consists of a Mayor, High Steward, Recorder, 12 Ald.  
6 Capital Burgeses, 30 Apprentices, a Town-Clerk and 2 Sergeants  
at Mace. The Mayor Aldermen Capital Burgeses select Membrs  
for Parliament who is sole representative for this Borough.  
This Town is noted for good Chees, M<sup>on</sup> Thurs for Cattle, &  
Fair viz, \* Th. after 12.<sup>th</sup> day, 1.<sup>st</sup> Th. in Lent (both for Horses), Holy  
Th. Corpus Christi day, Lammas day, Th. after Michael & S. Luke,







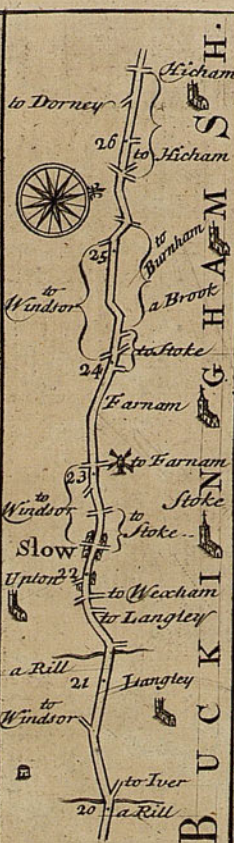
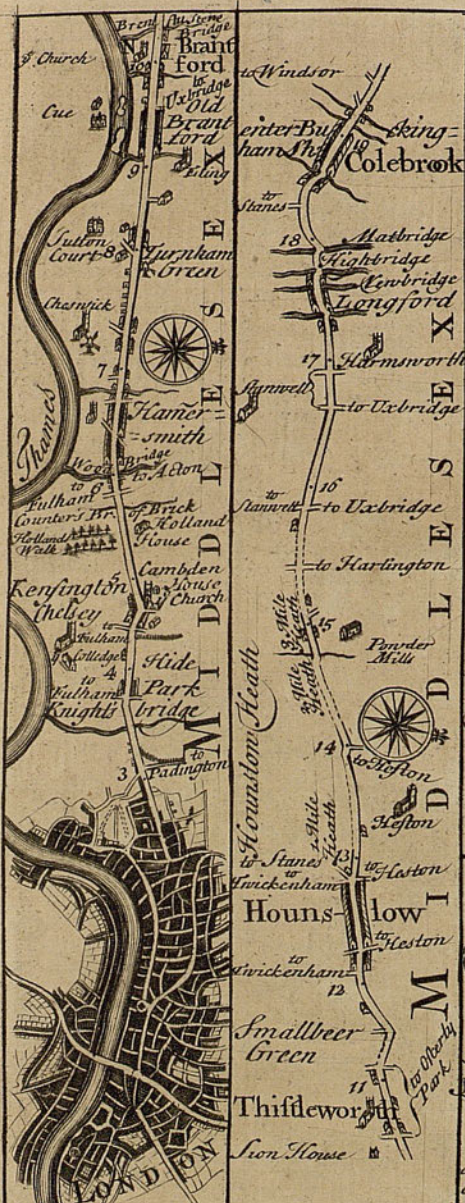
# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO ST. DAVIDS.

In Com PEMBROKE: Containing Comp <sup>d</sup> Measur <sup>d</sup> 207, AND 269 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Miles viz <sup>t</sup>					
from LONDON	Comp <sup>d</sup> Meas <sup>d</sup>			Comp <sup>d</sup> Meas <sup>d</sup>	
to Brandford	8 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Barnesley	66 83 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Cowbridge	136 175 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Hounslow	10 12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	GLOCESTER	81 102 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Comtown	140 180 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Colebrook	16 18 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Micheldcan	89 113 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Aberavon	150 193 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Maidenhead	22 27 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Coverd	95 121 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Burton Ferry	162 197 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Henley	29 35 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Monmouth	99 127 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Swansey	166 202 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Dorchester	41 49 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	New Church	108 139 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Llanelli	168 214 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Abingdon	46 55 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Cats Ash	113 146 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Kidwelly	171 222 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Faringdon	56 68 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Newport	116 151 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Llanfuffan	175 227 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Lechlade	60 74 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Cardiff	126 163 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Haverford West	195 254 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Fairford	62 78 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	S <sup>t</sup> Nicholas	134 169 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	S <sup>t</sup> Davids	207 269 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>



The County of GLAMORGAN is 112 Miles in Circumference, contains ab<sup>t</sup> 54,000 Acres 10 Squad 9 M<sup>ts</sup> Towns is 82 Par<sup>ishes</sup> & 9644 Houses. It had formerly 25 Castles & 3 Morcastles, 755 m<sup>ts</sup> of w<sup>all</sup>, are now demolish<sup>d</sup>. The air is various, sharp on f<sup>ires</sup> Mountains cover a n<sup>or</sup>th from but very mild & warm on f<sup>ires</sup> S<sup>outh</sup> Coast. The Soil in f<sup>ire</sup> Part is full of steep H<sup>ills</sup> and Barren Hills, abounding rich Woods, in f<sup>ire</sup> more plain rich & fertile feeding multitude of Cattle & sheep; it is call<sup>d</sup> for its fruitfulness f<sup>ire</sup> Garden of Wales, it is plentifully stored with Fish, H<sup>ops</sup>, Fowl, it also has many Coal Pits. The Chief Commodities are Corn, and Cattle. It pays to the C<sup>rown</sup> 3053 Pound 4 Shillings 11 Pence.





### Windsor

a Corp. consisting of a Mayor, a Bayliff of the Parliament & 2 other Persons, to be chosen by & work 500 Prisoners out of 5 miles north of Inhabitation with the loss only of 10 of his Men.

### Kensington

Is a pretty Town well built and populous: In it is a Palace Royal which though not magnificent is very convenient and delightful. Its curious Gardens are frequently visited by the Nobility and Gentry. at 4 1/2

### Hamersmith

Is a pleasant and well built little Town and has in and near it several Gentlemen's Seats at 6 1/2

### Thistleworth

Here was formerly a very fine Palace of Rich<sup>d</sup> K. of the Romans & E. of Cornwall which was burnt by the Londoners in an Insurrection at 10 1/2

### Brantford

at 10 Has a good Market on Tues day. Not far from this Town, Edm Ironside obtained a great Victory over the Danes: And King Charles 1<sup>st</sup> after the Battle of Tewkesbury Anno 1471. Near this Town Beat 2 of his Regiments of his Men.

ing of which are to be called Fellows or Bachelors of Guild Hall & of 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.





**Abingdon** at 56  
*Gifts Title of Earl  
 to the Noble Mount-  
 ague Venables  
 Berlie. The first of  
 this Family was  
 created Earl of Ab-  
 ington Nov. 30<sup>th</sup>  
 1682. 34 Jan. 22  
 their Seats at Ches-  
 erton in Oxford  
 Sh. & at Rycote in  
 the same County.*

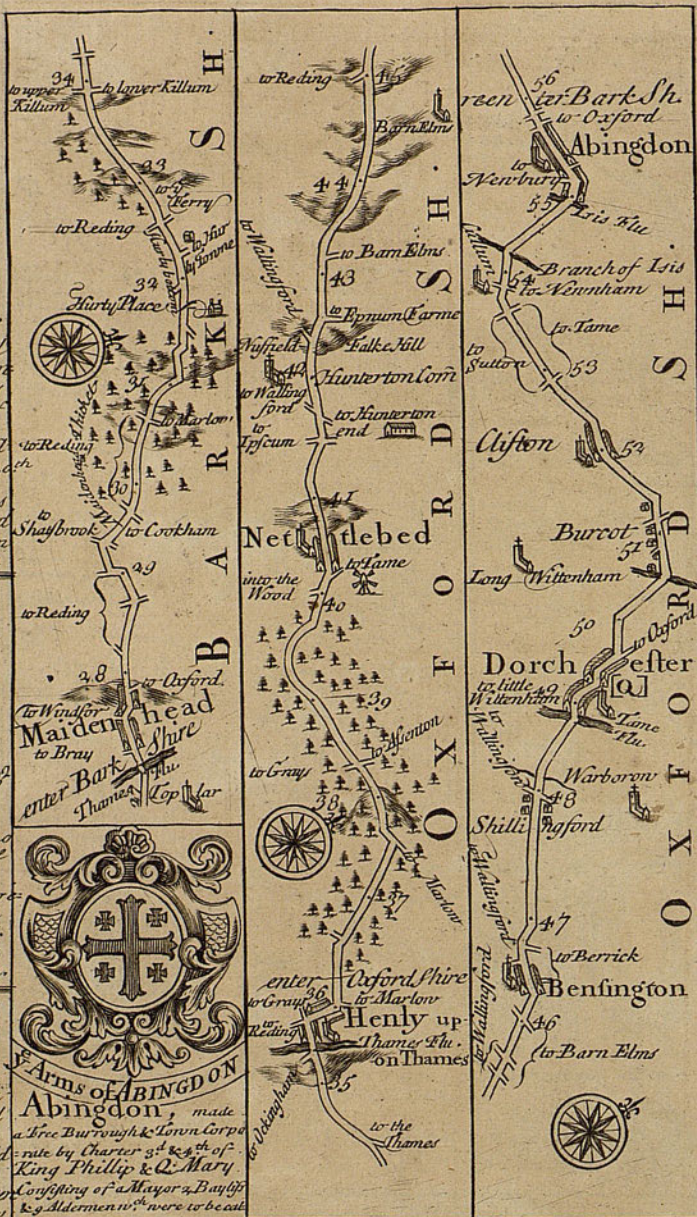


**Hurley Place** at 32  
*Gifts Title of Bar-  
 on to the Rt Hon-  
 rable Nevil Love-  
 lace. The first of  
 this Family was cre-  
 ated 1<sup>st</sup> Lovelace  
 of Hurley 1647.  
 Seat at Water Ea-  
 erton in Oxford Sh.*

### Sion House

*Was formerly a Reli-  
 gious House, erected  
 by K. Hen. 5<sup>th</sup> for  
 the Nuns of St. Brid-  
 get; but has since  
 the suppression, been  
 rebuilt, and is now  
 a pleasant seat of the  
 D. of Somerset.*

at 104



### Arms of ABINGDON

**Abingdon**, made

a Free Burrough & Town Cor-  
 porate by Charter 3<sup>rd</sup> of  
 King Phillip & Q. Mary  
 Consisting of a Mayor & Bayliffs  
 & 9 Aldermen w<sup>th</sup> were to be cal-  
 led Principal Burgesses having

Power to Elect 16 or more Secondary Burgesses who only had Right to Chuse 4 Burgesses in Parlia-  
 ment. But if Election has of Late Years been made by 4 Inhabitants at Large not receiving Alms.  
 Markets Monday & Frydays Fairs (Vize) June 8. July 25. November 30. Trades Chiefly in  
 Maule. In this Town is a Good Free School founded 1563 by John Knyffe. 8. 1 of 4 King Mar-  
 ket Houses in England being all of curious Style. work with a spacious Hall over it where the  
 County Asizes are Commonly held. this being now the Shire Town for all Publick Buysings.  
 It has 2 Churches & was Once noted for a fine Grof built by 4 Fraternity of St. Crof  
 temp. Henry 6<sup>th</sup> said to be Destroy'd in 4 grand Rebellion.





### Fairford (at 78)

In this Town is a very beautiful Church its Windows noted for curious paintings the gift of John Game Esq<sup>r</sup> London Merchant who having purchased the Manor of Fairford of K<sup>th</sup> Henry<sup>th</sup> and taking a Prize Ship bound for Rome wherein was a great Quantity of fine Painted Glass bestowed it on Fairford Church which he likewise built He died 8<sup>th</sup> May 1500 and lies buried here M<sup>o</sup> on Thu. 3<sup>d</sup> Fair. Visited May 3<sup>d</sup> July 28<sup>th</sup> and Nov. 1<sup>st</sup>

**Lechlade** - Has a Market on Tuesd and Thurs. viz. Pancake day & Aug. 29<sup>th</sup> (at 74½)

**Henly** - at 36 - Is reckoned a very ancient Town and is at this day pretty considerable and flourishing Place incorporated under a Warden & draws a great Trade in Malt &c Market Thursday

**Colebrook** Is a small Town but very well accommodated for Travellers with a Market on Tuesd Here is a Charity School maintained by contribution The River Coln dividing it self at this Place into 4 Branches each of them having a Bridge built over it (at 19)

contains the County of Gloucester and therein 267 Parishes was founded by Hen 8<sup>th</sup> an. Dom 1541. Dr John Wakeman first Bishop Yearly Value 315- 07-1 Seat Gloucester Palace in Gloucester Shire

**Q<sup>ue</sup>** Tho<sup>o</sup> of late Years a Town of little Note was formerly the See of a Bishop which in the time of K Will. the Conqueror was translated by Remigins to Lincoln It has now several good Inns



The Forrest of Dean was formerly so considerable for Timber that it is said in a part of the Instructions of the Spanish Ambassador to destroy it. But it has of late years been greatly reduced by the many Iron Furnaces in and near it.

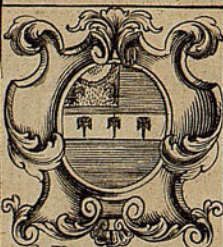
### Micheldean

Has a good Market on Monday & 3 Fairs Viz: Easter Monday July 9<sup>th</sup> & Michaelmas day. ac 113 ½

### Faringdon,

Govern'd by a Brayliff &c. It is now famous for a plentiful and well frequented Market on Tues day; as it was formerly for a Castle build there by Robert Earl of Gloucester, against K. Stephen & 4 Fairs Viz: Candlemas day Whitsun Tues d. St Bartholomew's & St Luke.

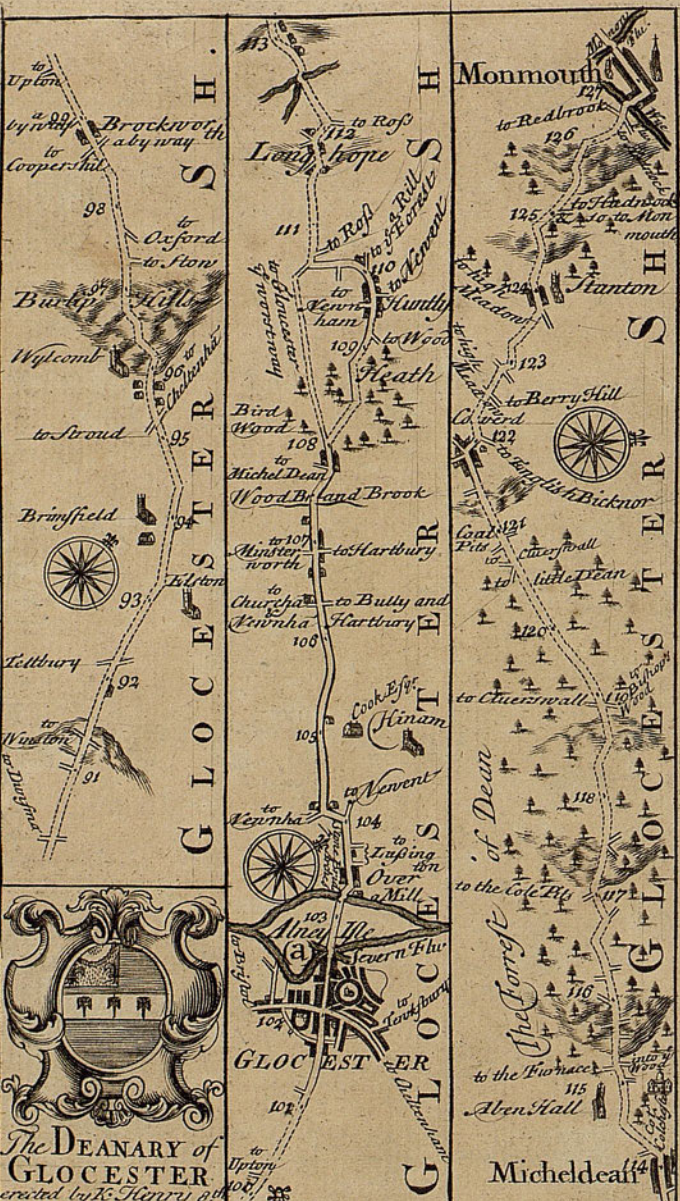
at 63 ½



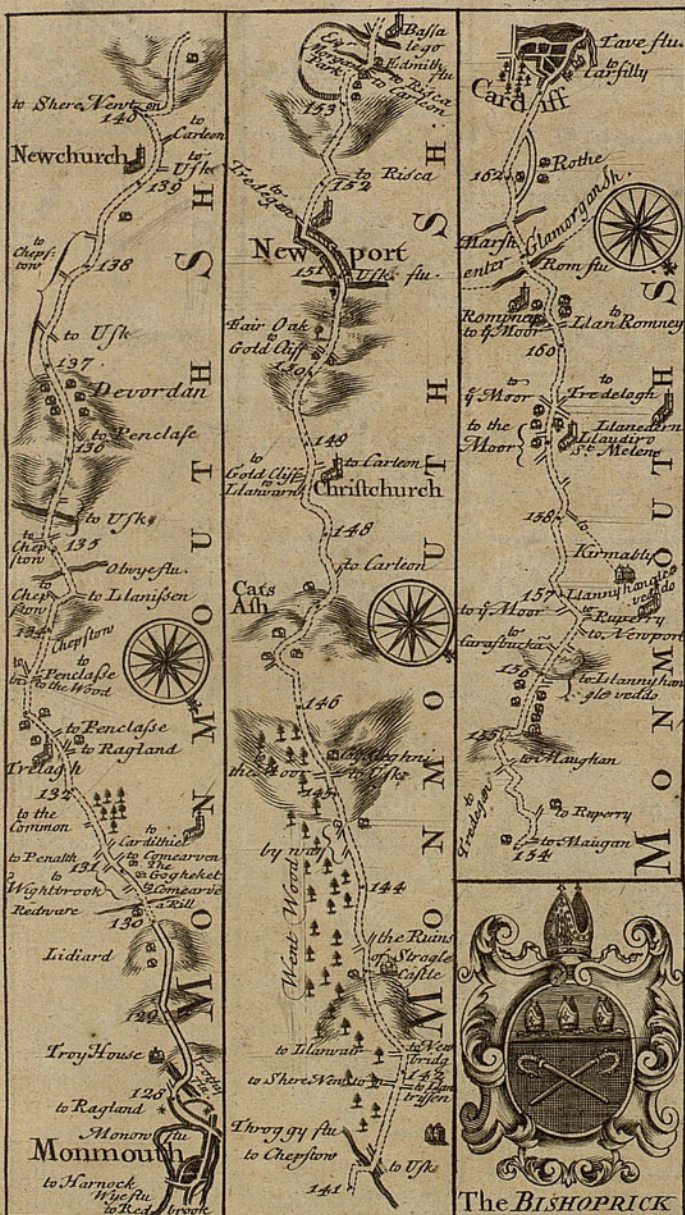
### The DEANARY of GLOUCESTER

created by K. Henry 8<sup>th</sup> 1541 William Jennings B.D. the first Dean

Remarkable for a single Combat in 1016 between Edmund Ironside & Canutus the Dane which being dubious the two Kings agreed to share the Kingdom equally between them But Edmund dying soon after the DANES seized upon the whole







of LANDAFF. Containing Glamorgan Shire, and part of Monmouth Shire, and therein 179 Parishes, was founded in the time of K. Llewelyn. Anno Domini 180. Dubricius the first Bishop. Yearly value 154. 14. 0. Seats Maithern in Monmouth Shire, and Landaff Palace in Glamorgan Shire. The Town or City is so small & inconsiderable at present, that it doth not enjoy the benefit of a Market.

Near the Mouth of the River Tawe, are two pleasant Islands, Llylyc, & Barry, some tell us of strange Subterranean Noises, like blowing of Bellows, grinding of Tooles, beating the Anvil, &c. to be heard in a Rock adjoining to the Sea, but these Accounts are contradicted by others who affirm that these Noises are heard at Worms head Point, near the Mouth of the River Barry, or Bury, & pretend to assign Natural Causes for such Noises.

**Strogle Castle** [at 143] Formerly belonged to the Clares Earls of Penbrok, who were likewise Sailed to of Llylyc; the last of whom Red named Strongbow from his excellency in Archery, first made way for the English into Ireland.

**Newport** A pretty considerable Town, seated on the Usk, over which there is a fair Stone Bridge. It has a good Haven bearing the Name of the Town. Mon. Sat. for Cattle, &c.

[at 151]





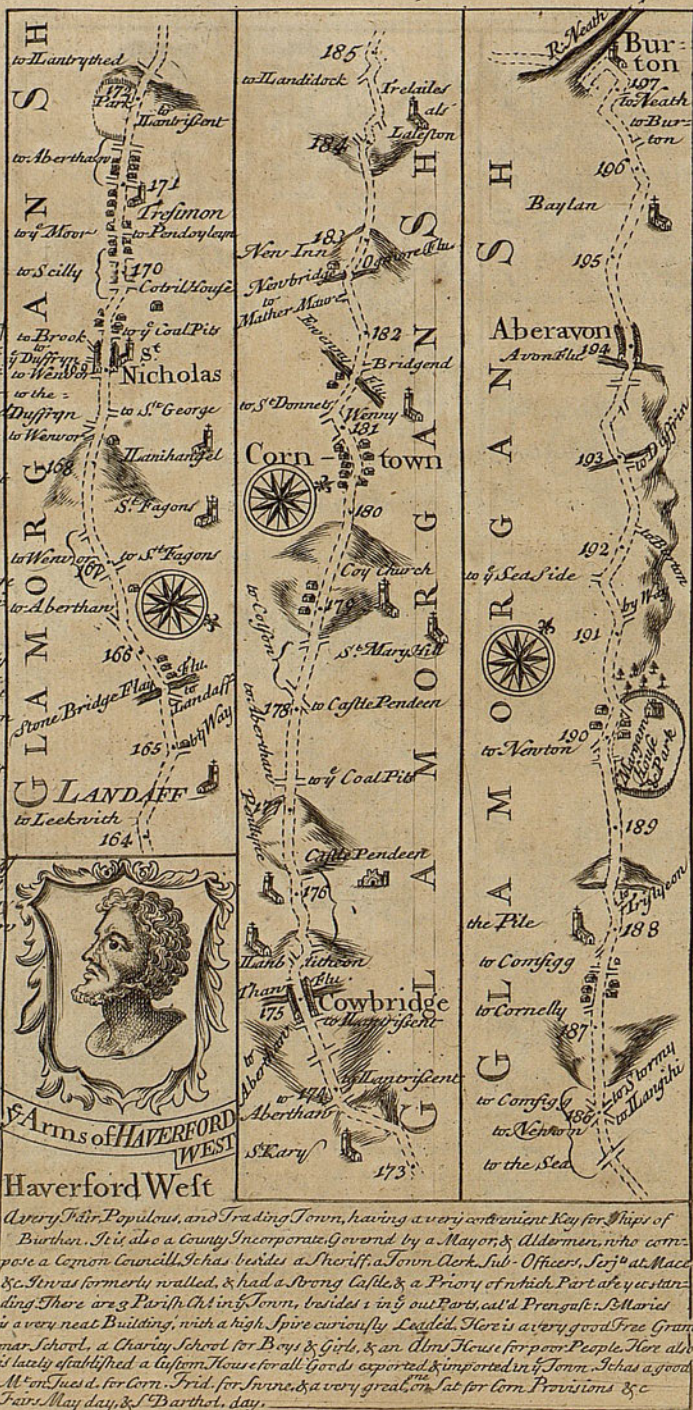
*Margam* [at 190]  
Gives Title of Bar-  
on to the Rt Ho-  
nourable Thos  
Mansell, created Duffryn  
Le Mansel of  
Margam. 1711.  
to Anna, Chief Seat  
at Margam, in  
Glamorgan sh.

*Neath* [at 197]  
An Indifferent large  
Town of good Anti-  
quity, governed by a  
Portreeve annually  
Sworn by the Deputy  
Constables of the Cas-  
tle of Neath. Market  
on Monday. A Town  
trading much in  
Cottles, which the  
neighbouring Hills  
plentifully affords.

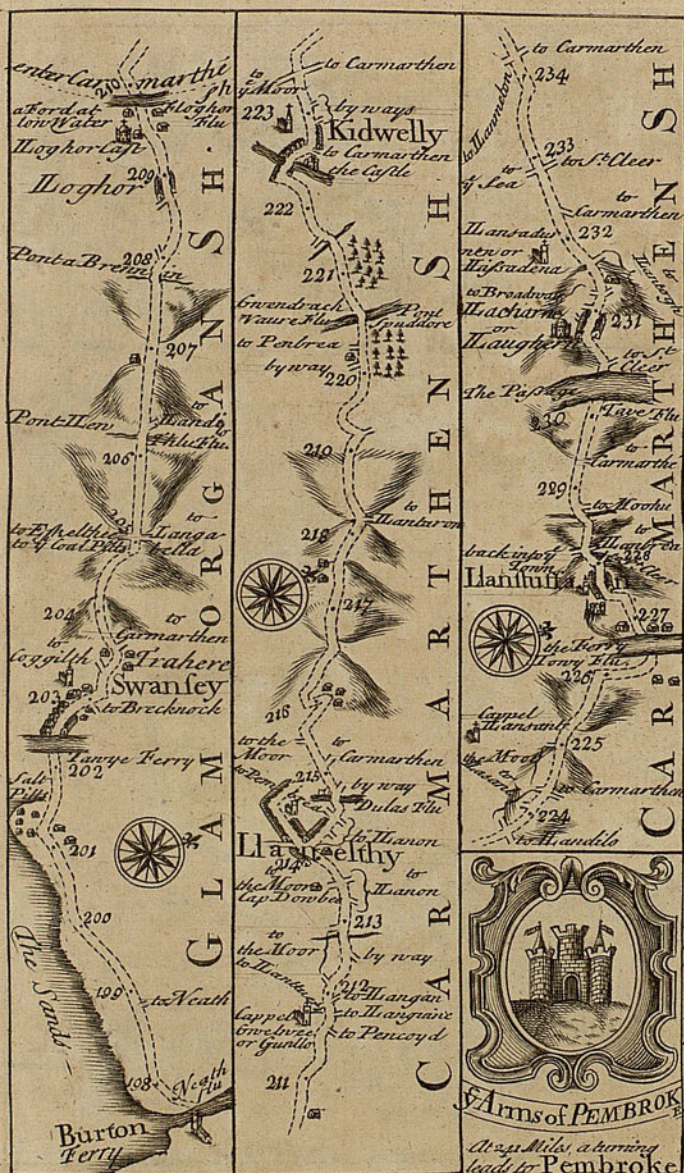
*Aberavon* [at 199]  
A Town governed  
by a Portreeve had  
once a Market, now  
discontinued.

*Cowbridge*  
A Town Gov. by a Bay-  
liff, Annually Chosen  
and Sworn by the  
Deputy Constable,  
under the Carle of  
Pembroke. It has a  
plentiful Market  
on Tuesday, for Cattle,  
Corn &c.

[at 175]







Kidwelly/at 222<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

Situated on a Creek  
near the Sea, former-  
ly Noted for its Cloath  
ing Trade, but now  
for Fishing with <sup>at</sup>  
the Neighbouring Coast  
plentifully Supplies it.  
Tis Governed by a Ma<sup>r</sup>  
and has 2 good Mar<sup>e</sup>  
kets, viz Wednesday  
and Saturday.

Lanelthy/at 2147

Drives a pretty  
good Trade in  
Coals &c has a  
M<sup>on</sup> Th. well  
supplied with  
Cattle, Corn, and  
Provisions.

Loghort at 2007

A Town governed by  
a Portreeve, and was  
formerly fortified  
with a Castle, now  
in ruins.

Swansey [at 203]

An ancient large & well built Town, governed by a Portreeve belonging to the D. of Beaufort & carries the greatest trade of any in the Countrey: especially in Crails, & holds a very considerable correspondence w<sup>th</sup> Brytoll: has 2 great Markets Wednesday & Sat.



*de Bronyskavon* in *Shan Bog* dy Parish not far off this Road, (As 1602) were found several ancient & valuable Roman Coins, which were included in two Leadern Urns and taken up at an old Camp called *U'Gaerby* 2 Shepherds; the said Urns being partly visible & uncovered. There have been also several other Roman Coins found at *Kilmaiden* Shire, which denote the ancient Fame and State of these parts.

### Narlbarth

Seated on a Hilly and Woody ground near the Road. Governed by a Portreeve, and formerly strengthened with a Castle. It has a Market on Weds. [at 243<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>]

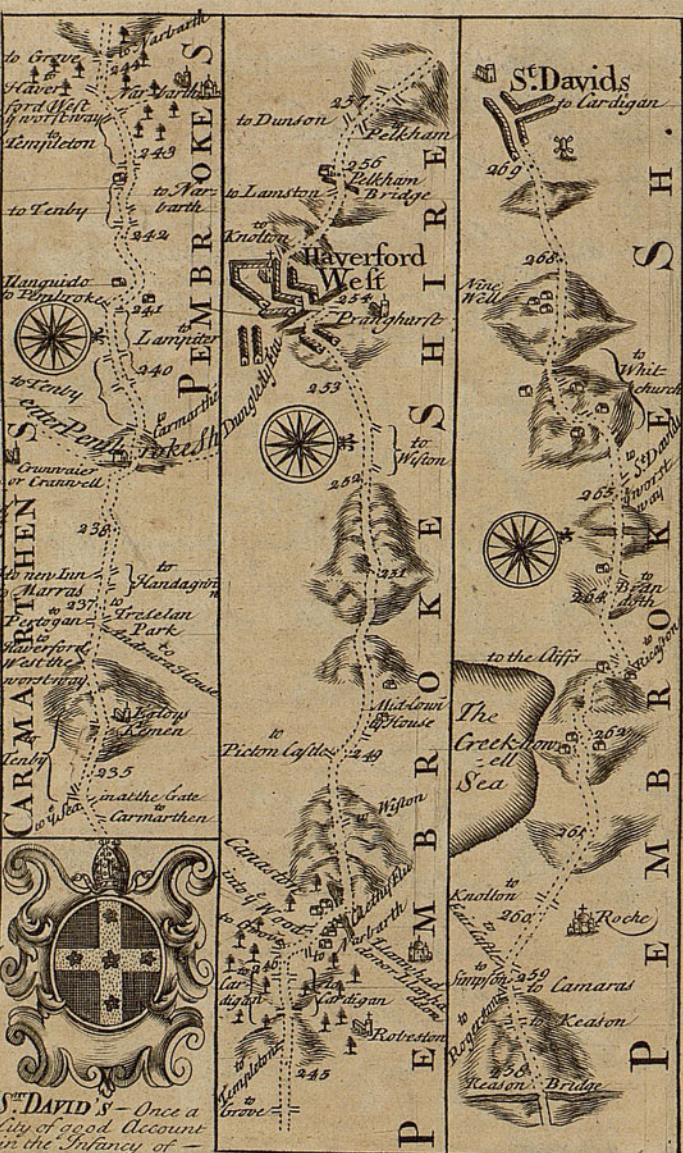
### Lloghor

A Place formerly defended with a Castle now ruinous. [at 209]

### Llaughern

Situated on the River Torry, and was formerly defended by a Castle now ruinous. It drives an in-different Trade to Sea, and has a plentiful Market on Friday for Corn, &c.

[at 231]



**ST. DAVID'S** - Once a City of good Account in the Infancy of Christianity, in this Island, but now a small inconsiderable Village situate within a Mile of the Sea; whence from the Cape you have a prospect to Ireland. The Cathedral & Free School are the only fair buildings; the Bishops Palace and Prebends Houses being very ruinous. The Walls are decay'd, the Inhabitants few, and tho it still continues an Episcopal See, yet it has not so much as the benefit of a Market. The Bishoprick contains the Counties of Pembrokeshire, Cardigan, Carmarthen, Radnor, Brecknock, and some part of Monmouth. Hereford, Montgomery, & Glamorgan Shires and therein 308 Parishes w<sup>as</sup> founded by Arthur King of Britain, d.D. 519. Dubitus fide Rp. Value 403. 13. 4. Seat at Abergwilly in Carmarthen Shire.



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO DOVER IN KENT

Containing from *St. Standard in Cornhill* LONDON 55 & 7 1/2 Miles

	Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup>		Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup>
Deptford	4 5	ROCHESTER	23 29 6
Crayford	10 13 6	Sittingborn	31 41
to Dartford	12 16	to Boston Street	39 50 4
Northfleet	16 21	CANTERBURY	43 56 2
Chaulkstreet	19 24 3	Dover	55 71 4

## A Description of LONDON &c

### LONDON] The Metropolis of the BRITISH EMPIRE

Scituate in *St. Degrees, 30 Minutes, Northern Latitude*, is one of the largest, fairest, most Populous, and flourishing Cities in the whole WORLD. It is with *St. greatest probability* supposed to have been Built about the time of *Claudius Caesar Imp.* & to derive its Name from *St. British words, Thong* *St. e. a Ship* & *Dinas* *St. e. a City* as being a famous Sea Port, or from *Lawn* *St. e. full* & *Dinas* or *Dyn* *St. e. many* as being a City very Populous. However Authors disagree in their Opinions of its Founder, & time of its Foundation, Etymology of its Name &c. *Ammianus Marcellinus*, who lived about 1900 Years ago, reckoned it even then an Ancient City; & *St. Historian Tacitus*, long before his time, says, It was a Town of great Trade, & Commerce under *Nero's Emperor*, when *Boadicea*, 2. of *St. Britains*, rose against *Suetonius Paulinus*; & *Roman Lieutenant* this City, that of **WESTMINSTER**, & *St. Borough of SOUTHWARK* are so Contiguous, that they seem to be but one, in extent from *Lincoln House* to *Little Street*, from *East* to *West* about 7500 Geometrical paces, that is about 7 1/2 English Miles, & from *Blackman Street* in *Southwark* to *St. Leonard Shore-ditch* about 2500; that is 3 1/2 Miles; and *St. Suburbs* are daily spreading themselves, as appears by *St. vast designs* carrying on toward *Spiturn Road*, & *St. Buildings* lately erected in other parts. The Number of Houses in this great City are reckoned to be about 120,000; & *St. Inhabitants* (at a mean Computation) about 700,000: It is vastly advantaged in its Trade & Commerce by *St. Noble River Thames* whereon it is Scituate, being Navigable near 80 Miles, from its influx into *St. Sea* almost to *Kingston*, & admitting a Passage of Barges &c. above 100 higher, to *Oxford &c.* The greatness of its Traffick is evident from *St. Customs*, or Duties paid for all Merchandise imported & exported, which reckoned (commonly Annis) is amount to about 22000 per Annum. Besides *St. great quantities* of Wood firing which are brought into this City from *St. Neighbouring Counties*, are imported yearly from *Newcastle* about 400,000 Chaldrons of Coal, reckoning 36 Bushells to *St. Chaldron*. It is most plentifully Watered by *St. many Pumps* & Conduits of pure Spring Water very conveniently fixed, & by a Conveyance thro' Pipes from its Thames, by means of well contrived Machines, & from a *New River* brought at a vast expence & with great ingenuity by *St. Hugh Middleton*, from *Amwell* & *Chadwell Springs*, near *Ware* in *Hertfordshire*, over which River are built 800 Bridges of Stone, Brick, & Wood. It deserves the lower Rooms with Water in *St. highest* parts of *London*, & *St. highest* Rooms in *St. lower* parts this great & useful work, begun by *St. Hugh* in 1608, & finished in about 5 years time. This famous City was sometimes Governed by a Portreeve till *K. Rich<sup>d</sup> 2<sup>d</sup>* in his room appointed a Bayliff, & *K. John* afterwards granted them *St. Privilege* of choosing a Mayor out of their 12 Principal Companies & nominating 2 Sheriffs, 1 of one call'd *St. Kings*, & if other *St. Cities*. So that at this Day the Government consists of a 1<sup>st</sup> Mayor chosen yearly by *St. Livery Men* of *St. several Companies* within *St. City*, on Michaelmas Day out of 26 Aldermen, a Common Council, 2 Sheriffs, a Recorder, Chamberlain, Town Clerk, Sword Bearer, Serjants at Mace &c. The State of *St. said 1<sup>st</sup> Mayor* is very



**-Crayford, at 14)**

In this Place Hengist & Saxon General, engaged & so defeated 5 Britains under Vortimer, that he afterwards established his King dom, in this County His Daughter Rowena to prevent her Father's being disurbed by J. Vortimer, found a way to poyson him, & so set up her Husband Vortigern who indulging himself in all manner of Vices with his Minions gave J. Saxons great Opportunities of indulging & oppressing his Subjects.

**Black Heath**

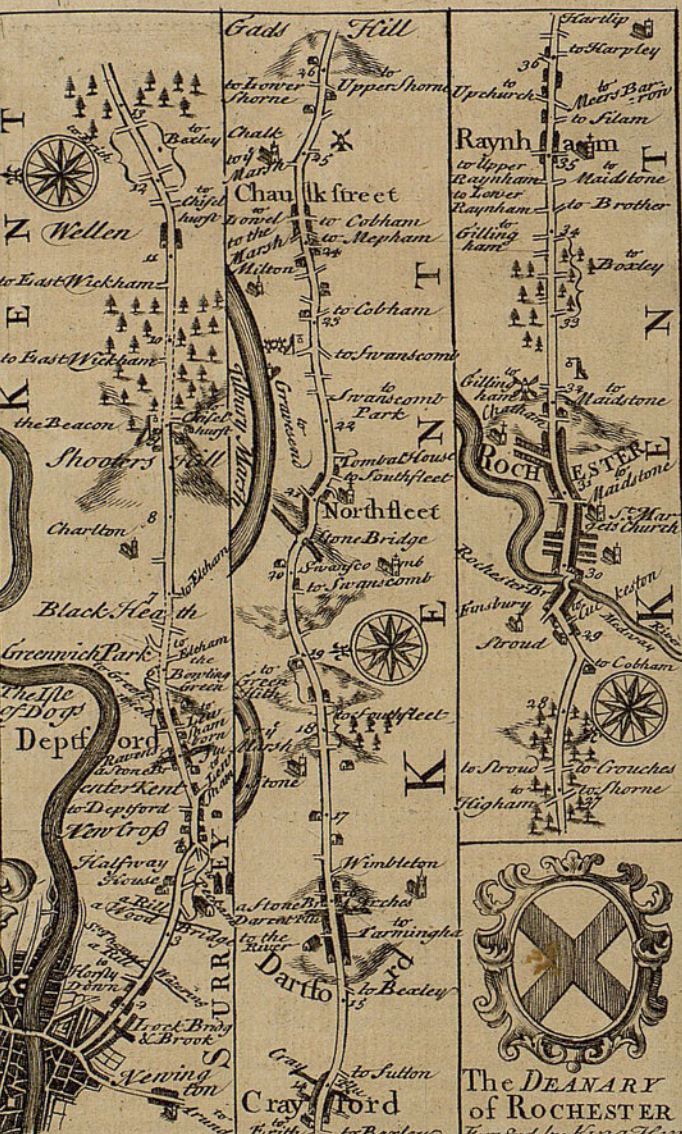
On this Heath Walsleyer, or Hektor mustered near 100000 Men A.D. 44 Ric. 1<sup>st</sup> and here Hæcde who called himself Mortimer encamped 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 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996. 997. 998. 999. 1000.

**ROCHESTER**

gives Title of Earl to J. Noble & Henry Hyde. Created B. N. 1600. Can. of St. Paul's. Petterham in Surrey. & Cornbury in Oxfordshire.

**Deptford (at 5)**

A Good Dock & Store-Town for the Kings Navy. Here is a famous Store-House, & a Place incorporated in manner of a Colledge, by K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> for the use of his Navy.

**The BISHOPRICK of ROCHESTER,**

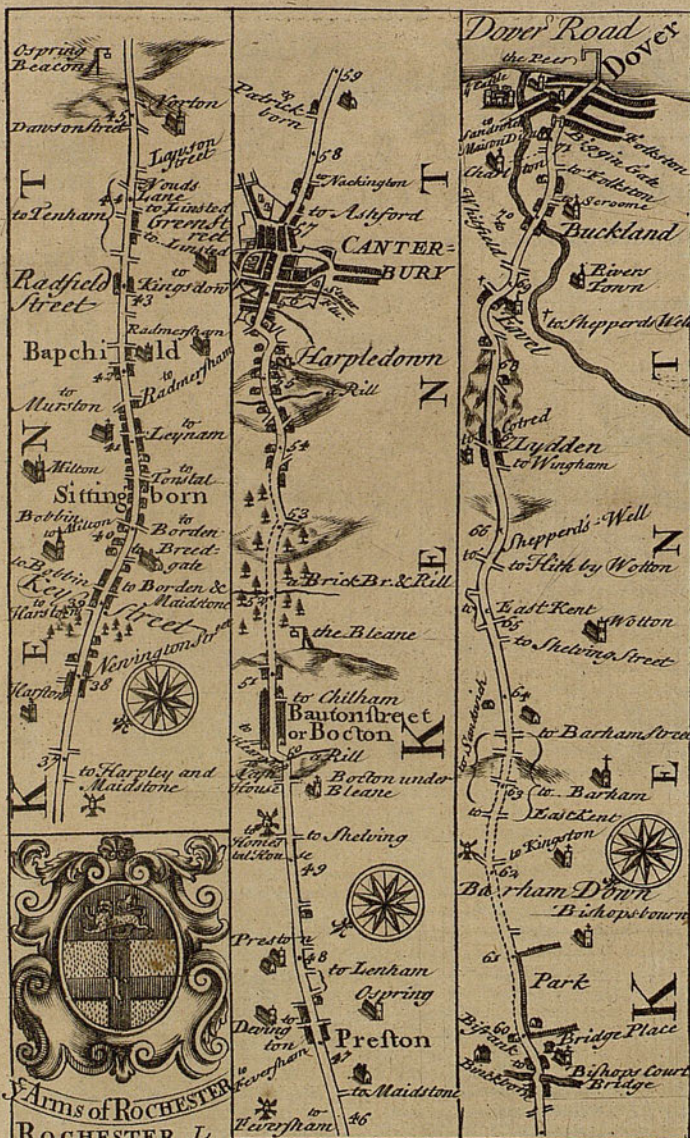
Containing a small part of Kent; therein 98 Parishes; was founded by Ethelbert King of Kent; An. Dom. 604. J. Rufus first Bishop Value 35 £ Pound, 4 Shilling, 9 Pence 1/2. Seat Bromley House in Kent.

**The DEANARY of ROCHESTER**

Erected by King Hen. 17. 8<sup>th</sup> Anno Dom. 1154. Francis Alree B.D. Prior of Northampton the first Dean.

Value 35 £ Pound, 4 Shilling, 9 Pence 1/2. Seat Bromley House in Kent.





At 4<sup>th</sup> Mile on this Road a turning leads to FEVERSHAM, Incorporated by the Name of Mayor Jurats and Commonality is reckoned part of the Town & Port of DOVER & Markets on Wednesday & Saturday Fairs: Valentines day and Lamas day each continuing for ten days after.

**Sittingborne** (at 4<sup>th</sup>) Once a Mayor & Market Town, but now enjoys neither (but is however well accommodated for Travellers, & has Fairs, Whitsun Monday, next last three days, & one on Midmas day. It is related that one Norwood a Kentish Gentleman Feasted K. Hen. 5. that of Red Lion in this Town, the whole reckoning came to Nine Shillings Nine Pence, Wine being then sold for a Penny a Pine, & other things proportionably cheap.

**Chatham** (at 3<sup>th</sup>) Anciently Seat of the Illustrious Family of Crèvequer, but forfeited to the Crown by Hamon de Crèvequer, joining in Rebellion with Simon de Montfort, Lord of Leicester, against Hen. 2. The Dock for the Navy, Royall was first settled here by S. Elizabeth, in which her Successors K. Chas. 1. & 2. & K. James 2. have made such considerable Improvements that it is now reckoned as complete an Arsenal as any in the World.

### ROCHESTER IS

a City of great Antiquity, it having been an Episcopal See ever since the time of Ethelbert King of Kent, who created it so, & built a stately Cathedral dedicated to St. Andrew; which, & 4 most considerable part of the City being destroyed by Fire, were restored by K. Henry 3. This City, & is Subburbs Chatham, built after the Dutch War, is much frequented by Seamen. Here is a Beautiful Stone Bridge over the River Medway. The Castle is said to have been founded by W. 1. Conqueror, & was formerly in the Constableship of 4 Arch-Bishops of Canterbury. This City of Rochester, has sent Burgesses to Parliament ever since 26<sup>th</sup> Edw. 1. & is at present Govern'd by a Mayor, 24 Aldermen, a Recorder, & 12 Common Council Men, a Town Clerk, & 3 Serjants at Mace. Markets Wednesd. & Fryd. Fairs May 10. 18. Novemb. 30. St. Joseph Williamfon, one of 4 Penipotentaries at Treaty of Ryswick founded a Mathematical School in this City; as one Mr. Richards did an Almshouse, & endowed it w<sup>th</sup> 60<sup>l</sup>. per Annum.



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO HARWICH IN *ESSEX*

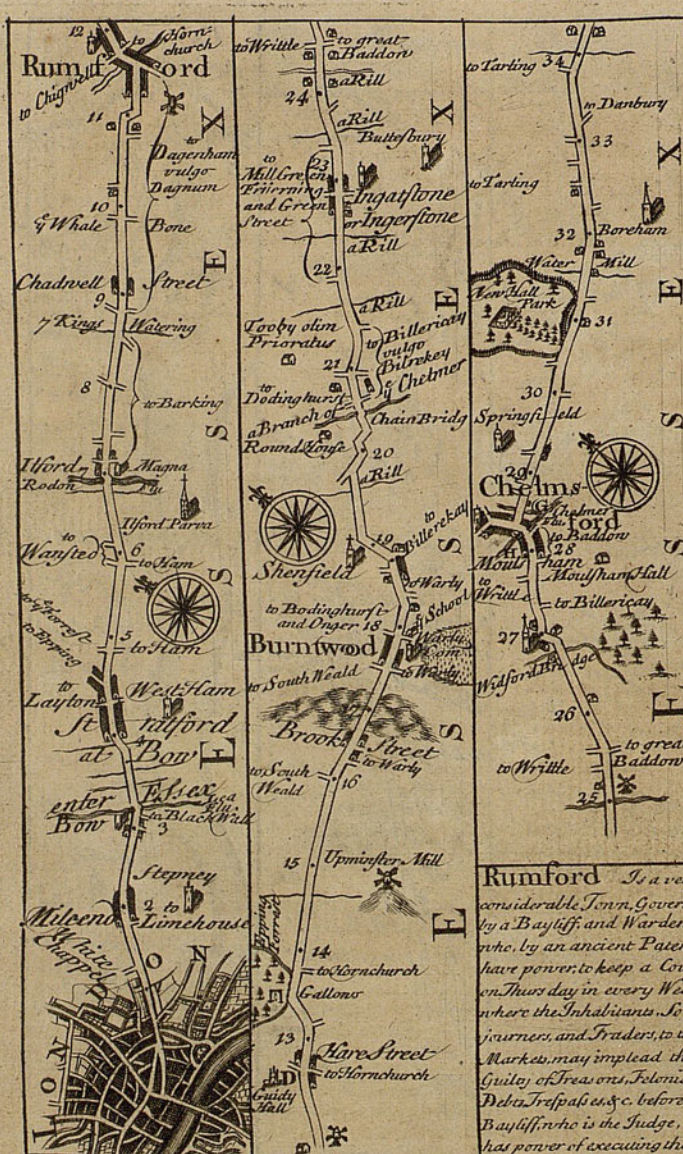
*Containing from the Standard in Cornhill LONDON 61 & 71 Miles*

to	Rumford	10	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	to	Keldon	35	40 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Burntwood	15	17 $\frac{1}{2}$		Colchester	43	50
	Chelmsford	25	28 $\frac{1}{2}$		Maningtre	51	59 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Witham	32	36 $\frac{1}{2}$		Harwich	61	71

## The Description of LONDON & continued

very great: & his appearance very Magnificent, particularly on 29<sup>th</sup> October, when he goes in his Barge to Westminster, to be Sworn at by Exchequer: attended by 4 Aldermen, & several Incorporated Companies in their Stately Barges, with their Arms, Colours, & Streamers, all his own Officers &c. This great Magistrate upon the Death of King, is held to be Prime Person of England; and when King James 1<sup>st</sup> was invited to come & take the Crown of England, Robert Lee 1<sup>st</sup> Mar. subscribed the Letter of invitation before all the Ministers of State & Nobility. On the Day of Coronation, he claims to be chief Butler, & to bear the Cup among the first Noblemen of the Kingdom, in their Services. His Jurisdiction extends not only throughout the City & its Liberties, but also on the River Thames, Eastward, as far as Wendale & the Mouth of the Medway, & to Colney Ditch above Staines Bridge, Westward: for the better regulation of the said River, he has under him a Water Bailiff. He has Privilege by Charter to Haunt Middlesex, Essex, & Surrey; & his Officer & Commonstapler keeps a good Kennel of Hounds for that purpose. The said 2 Sheriffs (who are also Sheriffs of Middlesex) are chosen yearly by the Citizens from among themselves, in Guildhall, upon Midsummer Day, Sworn on Michaelmas Eve, & soon after presented to the Barons of the Exchequer by them to be allowed & sworn. If any Person chosen refuse to hold, he incurs a Penalty, or Fine of 400, or must swear himself not worth 1000. The 26 Aldermen respectively preside over the 26 Wards of the City: When any one of the Number Dies, the Wardmote return a, & the Mayor & Aldermen choose in his stead; if Persons so chosen refusing to hold is fined 500. All the Aldermen that have been Mayors, & the 3 Aldermen next the Chair, are by Charter Justices of the Peace of the City. To the City of London belong diverse Courts of Judicature, as the ancient Court of Hustings, which takes care of the Rights & Customs of the City: The Court of Conscience, determining Actions of Treaspass, Case &c. in Debt not exceeding 40 Shillings doing Plaintiffs or Defendants Justice on their Oaths, but mitigating their Severity: The Court of the Mayor & Aldermen, where also the Recorder & Sheriff sit, holding Plea in all Actions of Treaspass, Debt, Case &c. of which the Mayor is chief Judge: The Sheriffs Courts, of the like Nature, where the said Sheriffs or Substitutes are Judges: The Court of Common Council (like the great Court of Sessions) consisting of 24 Aldermen, of which the Mayor & Aldermen make one, & the Common Council Men if other: In which Court are enacted all by Laws, for the well Government of the City: The Court of the Chamberlain, who is Receiver of the City Rents & Revenue, & has a particular Power in the Case of Masters & their Apprentices, & the care of the Freedom of the City: The Court of the City Orphans, kept by the Mayor & Aldermen: The Court of Coroner & Escheator, & the Court for the conservation of the River of Thames, belonging to the Mayor: The Court of Goale Delivery for the City of London & County of Middlesex, held usually 8 times a Year at the Old Bayley, where the Mayor sits as chief Judge: The Court of Wardmote or Meetings of the Wards, regarding the Regular Government of the City, & the Ralmote, or Meetings of the Guilds & several Fraternities at their Halls or Guilds, for the regulating of what relates to each respective Company. The Incorporated Companies are about 73 in Number, & the Mayor is obliged to be Free of one of the 12 following Vizt. Merchants, Merchant Taylors, Drapers, Grocers, Goldsmiths, Fishmongers, Skinners, Raterdighers,





## Chelmsford

A Large & Populous Town very conveniently situated for Publick business, when & as often for the County are commonly kept the Quorum Sessions, Petty Sessions & County Courts held Kn<sup>ts</sup> of the Shire elected. There is a famous Free School Founded & Liberally endowed, by K. Ed. 6<sup>th</sup> who settled the direction of it in the Family of St. Wm. Petre, St. Henry Tyrrell, St. Walter Mildmay & St. Mildmay Esq<sup>r</sup>. Here is also a Charity School by Subscription for 45 Boys & 20 Girls.

## Ingatestone

Is a very considerable Town with a good M<sup>o</sup> on Wedn. for Cattle brought out of Suffolk, & a Fair on Nov. 20<sup>th</sup>. In this Place is the Favourite Seat of the ancient & Noble Family of the Petres of St. Will. Petre, who flourished under K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> founded 8 Fellowships in Exeter

## Rumford

Is a very considerable Town Governed by a Bayliff, and Wardens, who, by an ancient Patent, have power to keep a Court on Thurs day in every Week, where the Inhabitants, Sojourners, and Traders, to the Market, may implead the Guilty of Treasons, Felonies, Debt, Trespass &c. before the Bayliff, who is the Judge, & has power of executing the Laws in such cases. There is a

College Oxon. gov. call'd the Petrean Fellowship, & a small Abbeys, & a house in this Parish for a Poor People & settled a Chaplain to read Service to them every day. The said St. Will. he buried under a Specially Agreement in the Church in this Town.

## Brook Street

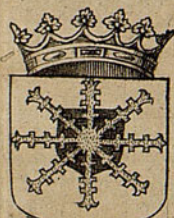
Here was formerly an Hospital for Lepers dedicated to St. John Baptist to which the Family of the Bruins presented a Master & Wardens who were admitted by the Bishop of London & instituted by the Arch-Deacon of Essex

Charity School by Subscription for 50 Boys, and 20 Girls. Markets Tues day for Swine, Calves & other Cattle, & Wedn. for Corn.

**D. 23** A very Sately Building, founded by St. Tho. Cooke sometime L<sup>d</sup> Mayor of London, created Kn<sup>t</sup> of the Bath at the Coronation of Eliz. Wife to Ed. 4<sup>th</sup> but not finished, till the time of his great Grandson St. Anthony Cooke Govern<sup>r</sup> to K. Ed. 6<sup>th</sup> The said St. Tho. having been unjustly accus<sup>d</sup> of High Treason, & who acquitted by the candor of Judge Markham, so severely fined, that it ruined him. This seat now belongs to M<sup>r</sup> Shatterden of Barbadoes

**G. 28** A Pretty Town where the Assizes were often kept formerly, a very good M<sup>o</sup> on Thurs day & a Fair on July 7<sup>th</sup> both granted by K. Stephen





**Harwich**  
*Situated on the River of the Mersey  
 in the County of Suffolk  
 his chief Seat at the  
 the Hellingdon in the  
 County of Middlesex*

### Maningtree

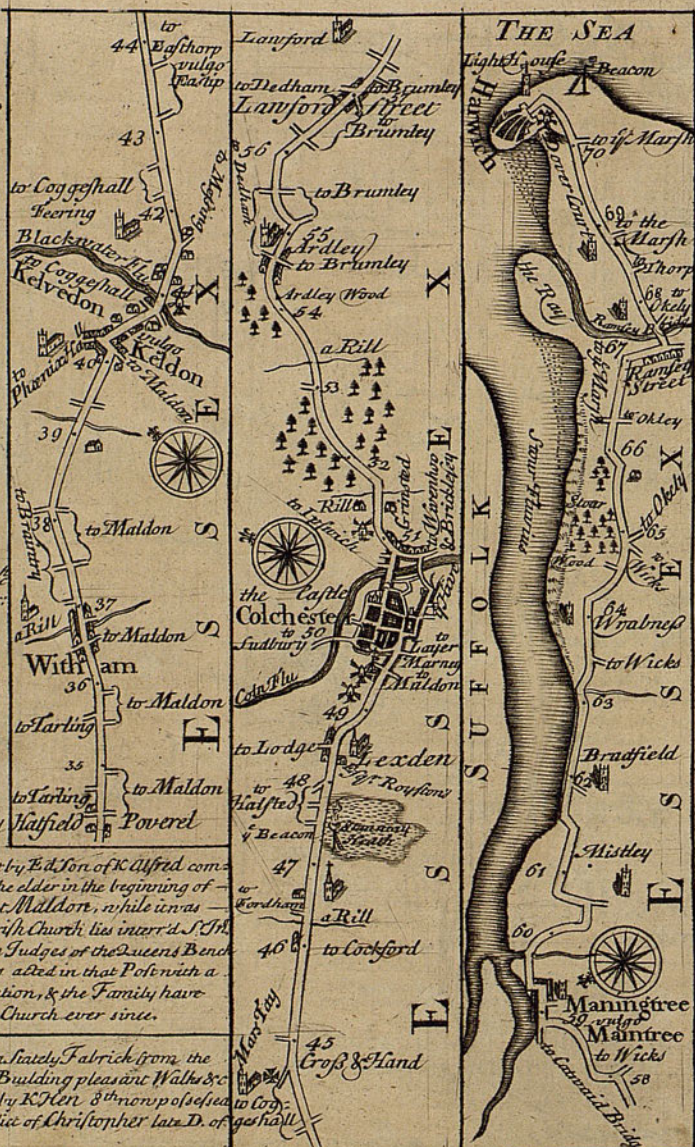
*Seated on a Branch  
 of the River Stour.  
 The Town is not  
 large yet enjoys  
 the benefit of a  
 M<sup>o</sup> on Tuesday.  
 (at 59)*

### Witham at 37

*A very neat and  
 good thorough fare  
 Town, said to be built by Ed. Son of K. Alfred com-  
 monly called K. Ed. the elder in the beginning of  
 his Reign, who lay at Maldon, while un-  
 building. In the Parish Church lies interr'd S. M.  
 Southcot, one of the Judges of the Queens Bench  
 under 2 Ed. having acted in that Post with a  
 great deal of reputation, & the Family have  
 had a Seat near the Church ever since.*

(E. 16.) Famous for a stately Fabrick from the  
 Magnificence of the Building pleasant Walks &c.  
 named Beate lies by K. Hen. 3<sup>rd</sup> now possessed  
 by the Dutchess, & Relic of Christopher late D. of  
 Alvernale

(H. 284.) an Hamlet to Chelmsford. It was  
 formerly a Monastery built by Malcolm K.  
 of Scotland now called the Friars: And in this  
 Hamlet is an ancient Seat of the Honourable  
 Family of the Malmesbury now L<sup>d</sup> Fitz  
 Walter.



at 8 miles on this Road a turning leads to Barking a Town situated upon the River  
 Thames & has a Markes on Sat. Hither William the Conqueror, soon after his Corro-  
 nation retired till he had created strong-holds in London; to awe the Inhabitants  
 and received the submission of the two powerful Earls Edwin of Mercia and  
 Morcar of Northumberland who swore Allegiance to him. This Town  
 with its wards Hamlets Lands &c before the dissolution belonged to the Monas-  
 tery of this Place. But the Manor is now possessed by the Fanshaws, whose Ance-  
 stor S<sup>r</sup> Tho<sup>s</sup> Fanshawe purchased the same of K. James 1<sup>st</sup>. The Rectory of the  
 Par. with the advowson & right of Patronage of 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Phil & Mar, was  
 separated from it. Manor & has been ever since divided in 4 Warden & Fellows of all  
 Souls Coll. Oxon upon condition to settle a Vicar there perpetually resident



THE ROAD FROM  
LONDON TO HITH IN COM. KENT  
(Including the WAY by MAIDSTON) Containing 49 & 69 <sup>Comp. Meas<sup>d</sup></sup> Miles viz<sup>d</sup>  
From the Standard in Cornhill LONDON,

to Eltham	Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup> 6 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	to Bersted	Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup> 29 40.
Farmingham	14 18 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Ashford	41 57 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Troseley	20 27 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Hith	49 67 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Ailesford	25 34 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>		

*The Description of LONDON - continued*

Salters, Iron-mongers, Tintners, Clothworkers. Several of our Kings have honoured these Companies by taking up their Freedom in them, as his present Majesty has of Drapers. The Members for Parliament who are 4 in Number are chosen by 4 Livery Men of 4 several of 72 Companies.

The Fair & Flourishing City of WESTMINSTER contiguous to that of London, but distinct in its Liberties & Privileges, is Govern'd by a High Steward, an Officer of great State & Dignity, & commonly one of 4 Prime Nobility, chosen by 4 Dean & Chapter for Life, an Under Steward, who likewise holds that Honble Office durante Vita, a High Bayliff named by 4 Dean & confirmed by 4 High Steward for Life: It has also a Capital Burgeß in each of its 4 Precincts, chosen yearly by 4 other Burgeßes, who represent Aldermen. The Dean & Chapter are invested with an Ecclesiastical & Civil Jurisdiction within 4 Liberties of Westminster, St Martin le Grand near Cheapside, & some Towns in Essex, exempted both from 4 Jurisdiction of 4 Bishop of London & Arch Bishop of Canterbury: And from 4 Sentence of 4 Com-misary, in 4 case of Probate of Wills &c. there is no Appeal, but to 4 King in his High Court of Chancery.

The Borough of SOUTHWARK is also adjoining to 4 City of London, & was annexed to it by 4 Letters Patent of K. Edward 6<sup>th</sup> dated 23<sup>d</sup> April 1540, Regni 4<sup>th</sup>, in consideration of 4 Sum of 6000 <sup>l</sup> = 2000 <sup>l</sup> paid & Advanced by 4 said City to 4 Crown. By Virtue of n<sup>o</sup>. Grant it continues Subjected to 4 L<sup>d</sup> Mayor &c. & is Govern'd by 1 of 4 26 Aldermen, by 4 Name of Bridge-ward without. It is in respect to fair Buildings, Spacious Streets, number of People, Riches & Trade, inferior to few Cities; & Sends 4 Members to Parliament, & has 4 Markets (Week ly well served with all manner of Provision, as a Fair beginning yearly 8<sup>th</sup> September & holding 12 D.

The many stately & Curious Edifices in & about 4 Cities of London & Westminster, and Borough of Southwark are very observable, & therefore it may not be Imperinent briefly to take Notice of some of them. The great & Dreadfull Fire of London which broke out in Pudding Lane, on September 4<sup>th</sup> 1666, & in about 3 Days time consumed no less than 89 Churches, the Guild-hall, Hospitals, Schools, Libraries, 15 entire Wards out of 4 26, containing 400 Streets & in them 13400 Houses, a Calamity tho' very dismal, has greatly advantaged 4 City in building & Ornament; And in order to prevent (if possible) 4 like general distress for 4 future, several Offices of Insurance have been since erected, as 4 Hand in Hand Office, the Sun Fire Office &c. which are Societies consisting of several very able & worthy Members, who on every easy Rates undertake 4 ensuring Houses & goods from Fire, not exceeding such a Summ, & maintain a sufficient number of experienced Men, who are ready on 4 least Notice to assist in extinguishing 4 first Flames; in which work 4 Fire-Engines ordered to be kept in every Parish Church are of no small Service. The Monument near 4 Bridge, raised in Memory of 4 said Fire, is a lofty & fine Pillar of Tuscan order, all of solid Portland Stone resembling 4 4 White Marble Pillars at Rome erected in Memory of 4 Emperor Trajan & Marcus Antonius about 1500 years agoe.





### Aylesford

Gives Title of Earl to the Noble House of Finch, created by King George. Chief Seat at Mury, in County of Surrey.

### Leeds Castle

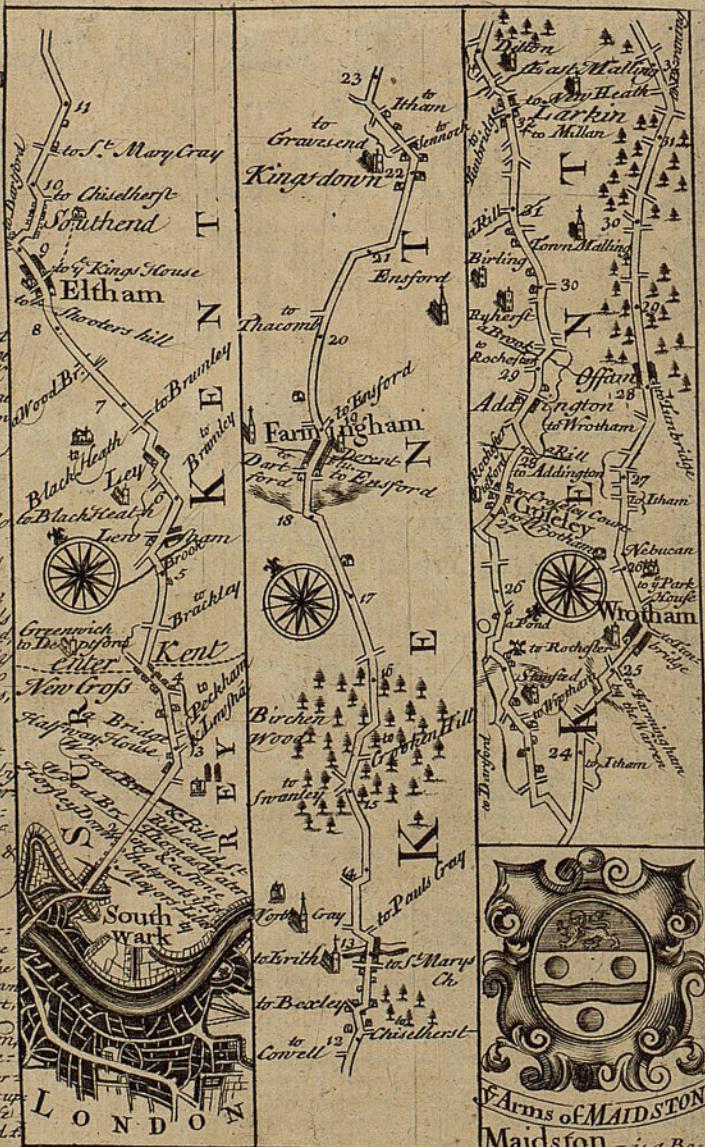
[at 42 1/2]

Was built by the Noble Family of the Grevillers & was afterward given to Bartholomew Baron of Badlesmere by King Edward I. who ungratefully uniting himself to the other Barons & fortifying this Castle against the said King, had it taken from him by Siege, & was afterward made Prisoner at Battle of Burrowmough & executed at Canterbury.

### Eltham

[at 42 1/2]

Here was formerly a retiring place for our Kings from the Smokey Air of London and many of the Court, built by Anthonny Bee Baron of Durham, and Patriarch of Jerusalem, who afterwards bestowed it upon Eleanor the Wife of King Edward I. - King Edward I. constantly resided here and his Queen was delivered of a Son called from hence John of Bitham. And there were made of Towers of Eltham by which the Kings house is still Govern'd.



Maidstone - is a Bo-

rough of great Antiquity, formerly govern'd by a Portreeve, The Corporation by its last Chart temp. E. 112 R. 2 now consists of a Mayor, Recorder 12 Jurats, & 4 Commoners, with sub Officers: It has also its Representatives in Parliament, & is the (Nine Towns) for all publick business, where the Offices are commonly held, & one of the County Goals kept. The Custody of the Weighs & Measures renewed by the King standard 21 Hen 4. was by act of Parliament Comitted to this Town, by reason of its Commodious Situation, to serve the whole shire. Here was formerly a Palace for the Arch. Bp. of Canterbury, who have been great Benefactors to the Town. Dr. Whitgift, Dr. Jexon, & Dr. Saurcrosse, have considerably augmented the stipend of the Vicars, & Curates, Arch. Bp. Courtney built a College here, whose Monument, & Epitaph are still to be seen in the Church. Chief Trade Hops & Thread. Th. Taxis Candlemas day, May 1<sup>st</sup> June 5<sup>th</sup> & Oct 6<sup>th</sup>.







Containing 208<sup>Comp<sup>d</sup></sup> AND 269<sup>Measur<sup>d</sup></sup> Miles (Viz.) From 4<sup>th</sup> Stand<sup>rd</sup> in Cornhill LONDON

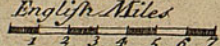
Comput. Meas <sup>d</sup>		Comput. Meas <sup>d</sup>		Comput. Meas <sup>d</sup>	
to Barnet	-10 11,7	Coleshill	82 103	Torpcreley	133 172½
S <sup>c</sup> Albans	-20 21½	Lichfield	94 118	CHESTER	140 182½
Dunstable	-30 34½	Rugby	99 126½	Harding	145 189½
Brickhill	37 43½	Haywood	102 130½	Northop	148 194½
Stony Stratford	44 53½	Stone	110 140½	Denbigh	160 209½
Tocester	50 60½	Stableford-bridge	117 147½	Aberconway	174 229½
Daventry	60 72½	Wore	120 154	Beaumaris	184 244½
Dunchurch	66 80½	Namptwich	126 162½	Boddedar	201 260½
COVENTRY	74 92½			Holy Head	208 266½



MONA, now called  
ANGLESEY,  
ISLAND.

THE  
HANGRIF  
IRISH

*S E A*

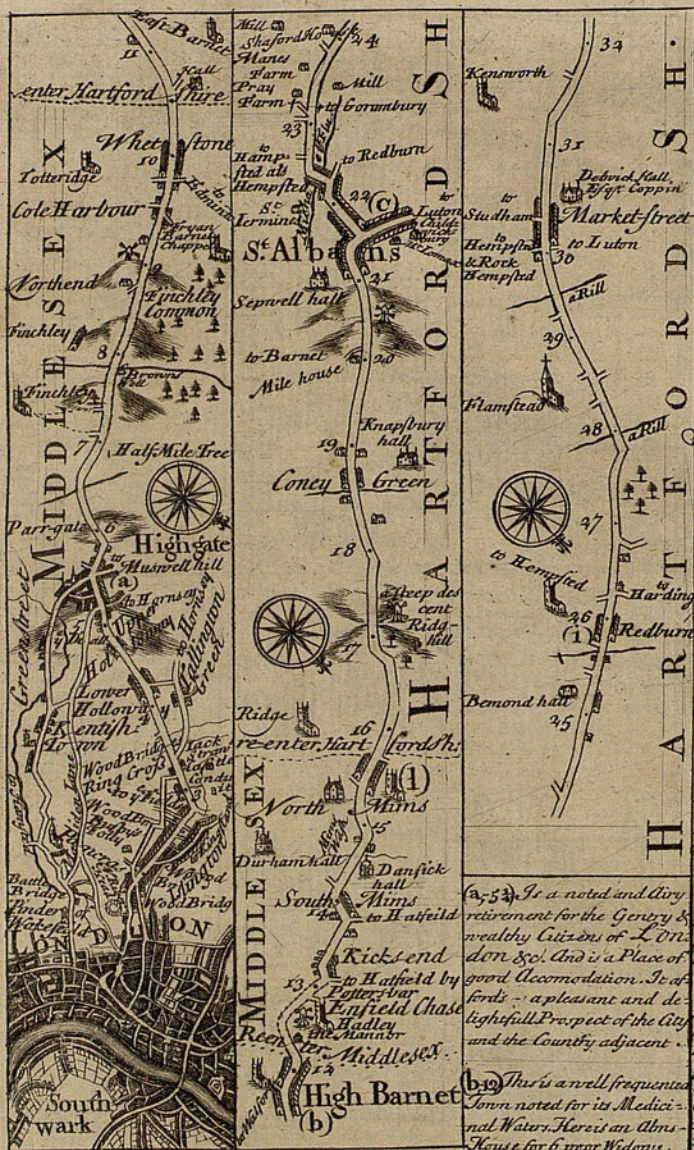


Bangor  
 PART OF  
 Carnarvan Sh  
 The Hundred

Taty Bollion	Meney	4.
Twrchetyn	Malltræeth	5.
Lindaythry	Ilyfon	6.

The Island of **MONA-ANGLESEY** is in Circumference 60 Miles, contains about 200,000 Acres, 74 Parishes, & 1820 Houses, has 2 Market Towns one of which **Pley Beaumaris** sends a Member to Parliament this Island was daintily call'd **Infulda** Opacra from the great quantity of Wood with which it was over grown, but now it is very bare of Trees especially in the Northern & Western Parts: The Principal Commodities of this Island are Corn Cattle Hops & Hony which is produced in such abundance that the **Welsh** call it **Mam Lymry** i. e. the **Mother or Nipple of Wales**. The Air at certain times by reason of the **Mists & Foggs** that proceed from it is **trifling** **Scented** **Angry**, the **Soile** **Rocky** & **Mountainous**, it affords Plenty of **Grass** **Waters** **Milkes** &c. & **ever** **Mile** of **Ward** to the **Noble** **Arthur** **Annelley** the **first** of this **Family** being **Created** **Baron** of **Anglesey** **1606** by **Charles** & **Chief** **Seat** at **Blechnon** in **Oxfordshire**, and **Lamborough** Place in **Hampshire**.





*Gives Title of Duke to his Grace Charles Beaufort, Created January 9<sup>th</sup> 1683, 35<sup>th</sup> Charles, Chief-Seal of Windsor in Berkshire*



*The ARMS of TAMWORTH*

*In Page 458, are several Turnings leading to Tamworth from River-Tame on which is Sciaute. It is an ancient Borough & Corporation, consisting of a Bayliff, a Recorder, & Capital Burgesses, one of whom is Town Clerk. Here was formerly a Palace of the Mercian Kings, & a noble popish by the Marmions, Hereditary Champions to the Kings of England. This Town drives a great Trade in Flax, Wool, Cloth & other Manufactures. Market-Saturday, Fairs, April 23<sup>rd</sup> July 13<sup>th</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> October 13<sup>th</sup>.*

*Founded, and endowed, by James Ravenscroft Esq. And a Free School erected by 2<sup>d</sup> Edm. in which Alderman Owen of London has since been a Benefactor. On Gladmore Common near this Town a bloody Battle was fought on Eulor day, Apr. 5<sup>th</sup> 1468 between K. E. d. 4<sup>th</sup> of the House of York & the E. of Warwick of the House of Lancaster, which lasted 3 or 6 hours, with doubtful Success, but in the end the Victory fell to K. E. d. the said E. being slain, and his Men by reason of a thick Fog mistaking of their own Party & destroying their Friends. M<sup>o</sup>. Monday for Swine &c.*



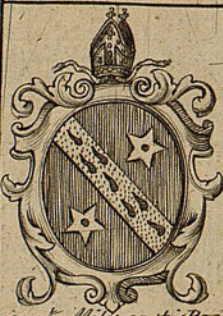
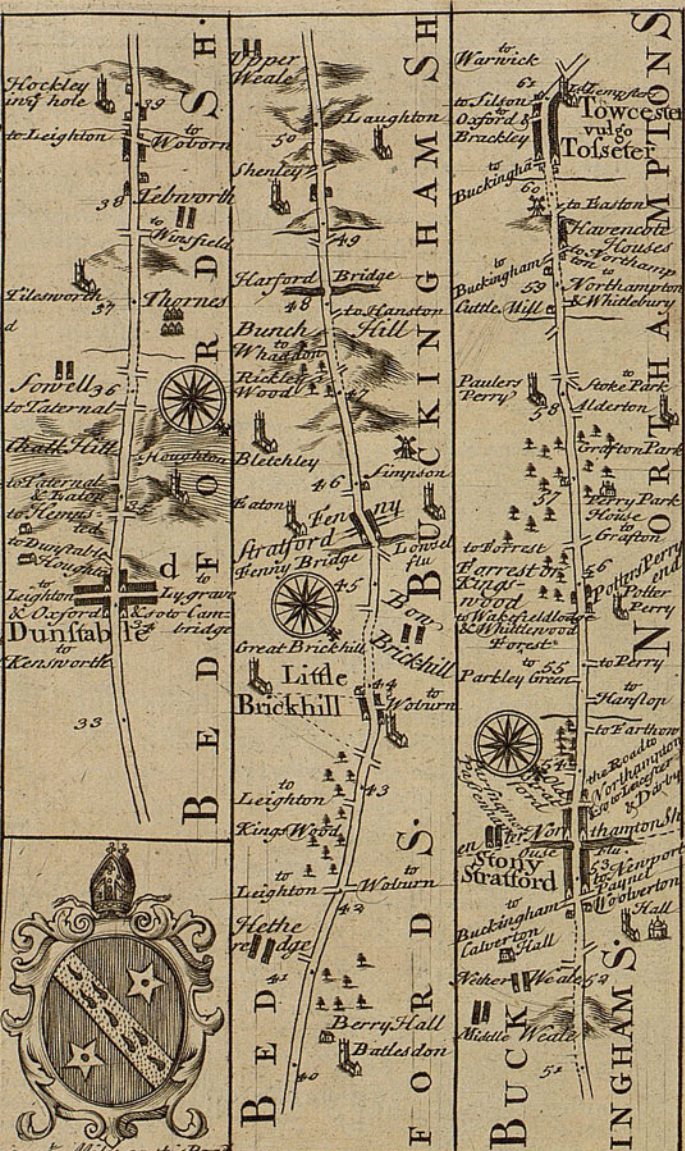


At 56 $\frac{1}{2}$  in this Road a turning leads to Grafton an Honour of our Kings granted to Henry Fitz Roy Baron of Sudbury Viscount Ipswich Earl of Grafton and Duke of Grafton. He was killed at the Sacking of Cork and is succeeded by Charles the present Duke of Grafton his chief Seat at Kings Grafton in Northampton Sh. and Levermore Hall in Suffolth

### Dunstable

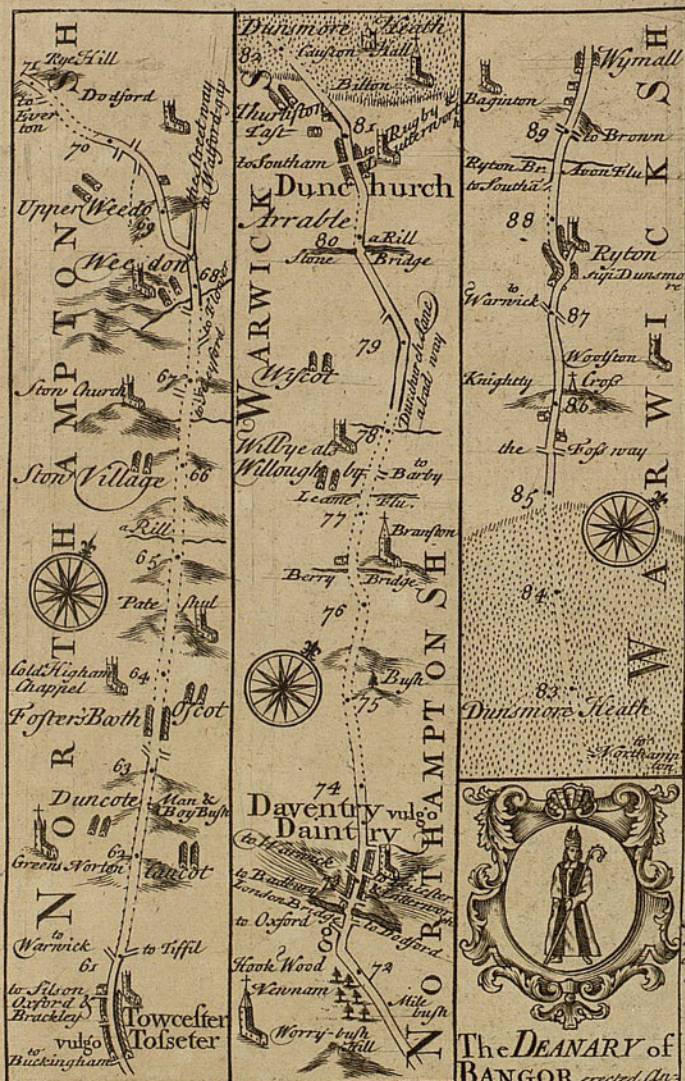
at 54

A Well accomodated Town, but by reason of its dry Situation supplied with rain Water which is received by 4 large Ponds for that purpose. In the middle of the Town stands a Pillar or Cross Adorned with Statues & the Arms of England Castle & Pontifical erected by King Ed<sup>4</sup> in memory of his Dear & Pleasant who dyed as he was on the Road to Scotland In this Place the Sentence of Divorce was pronounced against 2 Katherine by Arch Bp, Granmer



29.9 to Miles on this Road  
 (The Watlingway) a turning leads to Bangor, (it being the way when the Tide is in) a Bishop's See, whose Diocese contains the County of Carnarvon, the Shire of Anglesey, north part of the County of Denbigh, Merioneth and Montgomery; and therein 107 Par<sup>ishes</sup>. It is not determined by whom it was founded, Henry the first Bishop being thrust out of his Bishoprick — became Bishop of Ely. The Cathedral built circa An<sup>no</sup> 516, was afterwards burnt by the rebellious Owen Glynn Donrvdy; but afterwards repaired by King Henry 1<sup>st</sup> by his Bishop Henry De Grey. The Yearly Value of this Bishoprick is 137-16-03. Seat Bangor Palace in Carnarvon. This Town was anciently very large and considerable, and therefore named Bangor Vann; fortified with a strong Castle built by Hugh E. of Chester, of which there is scarce any thing now extant. Here is a free School. Market on Wednesday





Tolchester, Formerly called Tripointum from its Bridges, is a Town of great antiquity tho not very considerable at Present. It was so fortified (anno 917) that the Danes were not able to take it by Siege: And K. Edm. the Elder is said to have encompassed it afterward with a Strong Wall of Stone the Foot Steps of which are hardly now discernable. It is beautified with a fine Church: It has a good M<sup>t</sup> on Tuesday. Near this Place is a Mount called Berry Hill planted with private Gardens.

### Daventry at 8.73.

Is a Corporation consisting of a Bayliff, Aldermen, and Steward &c. It is well Accommodated with Inns, & has a Market on Wednesday for Corn, Cattle, Horses &c. It had formerly a Religious House for Augustin Priars, and here are still to be seen the Ruins of an Old Roman Fort which encompassed about 200 Acres of Ground.

### Mesley at f.95.

Here was formerly a Castle of the Plantings Lords of Abergavenny



The DEANARY of BANGOR erected Anno Domini 603 by Sago Aethel.



## North Nims

at 1, 15, 3.

There is a Charities School for 14 Boys & 14 Girls, who are doathed, instructed, and put out to Apprenice at the expence of a Young Gendevoman.

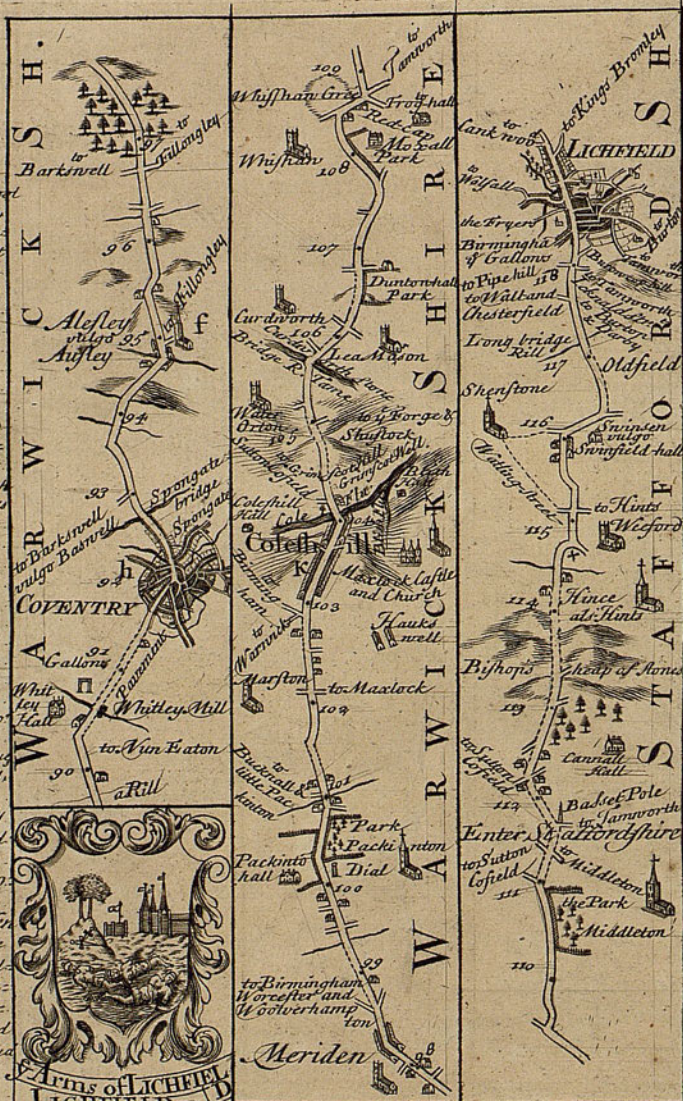
## Colehill at k, 10 4

Pleasantly situated on a Hill by the Riv. Cole over which is a Stone Bridge has a good Market on Wednesday

## Redburn

at 1, 26.

This is a good Thorough Town, formerly famous for the Reliquy of St Amphibalus, who first instructed St. Alban in Christianity, and suffered for his adherence to the Faith under Dioclesian. Near this Town is the River Wenden, or Womer, the extraordinary swelling of which is vulgarly reputed ominous, and to portend some great and sudden Calamity.

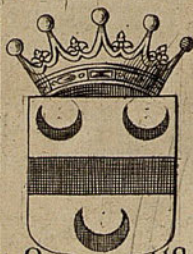
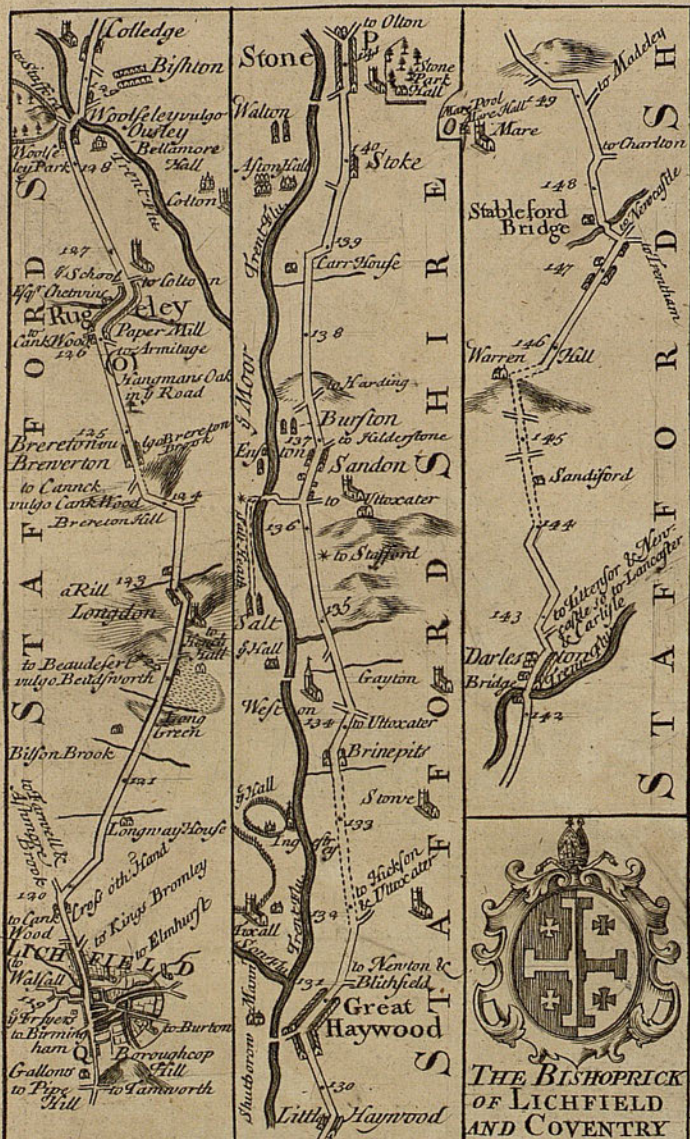


## Arms of Lichfield

Arms of Lichfield. Lichfield is a County of itself, containing about 10, or 12 Miles in Compass, surrounded every Year (viz) September 4<sup>th</sup> by the Sheriff who then keeps the Corporation & Neighbouring County. By Charter Edward 6<sup>th</sup> the Government consists of a Bailiff, chosen yearly out of 12 Brethren, a Recorder, Steward, Sheriff &c. Members for Parliament are chosen by the Free-men, Free-holders and Burgeis Tenors, paying Foot and Loe: Here are 3 Parish Churches, and a Cathedral. Markets Tuesday & Friday, Fairs Ash Wednesday, May-day and the Friday before St. Simon & Jude.

h, 92. Gives Tide of Bar to Noble Gilbert Coventry, created April 26<sup>th</sup> 1297, 9<sup>th</sup> of William 3<sup>d</sup> Chief Seat at Crome, Severn Stoke, & Peckingham lodge in the County of Worcester.





119  
 Gives Tide of Earl  
 to the Noble Geo:  
 Lee. The first of  
 Lichfield in this  
 Family was crea-  
 ted 26 Car. 2. 1674.  
 Their Seats at Ditch-  
 ley, in Oxford Sh.  
 at Lee's Oxford St.  
 in the County, & at  
 Quarendon in the  
 County of Bucks.

Stone at  
 p. 141  
 A well accommodat  
 Town, with several  
 convenient Inns,  
 where Wolpher.  
 that Bloody King  
 Merdians murder'd  
 his son Pilsford,  
 & Rustin for warring  
 Christians. Mr. Tuerd.  
 Fair St. James's day.

Rugeley at  
 p. 126

A handsome and well  
 built Town, Comodious  
 ly situated near the  
 River Trent, and on  
 one side of Cankwood  
 Chase, had an indiffe-  
 rent Market on  
 Tuesday.



THE BISHOPRICK  
 OF LICHFIELD  
 AND COVENTRY

containing Darby shire, Staffordshire, part of Warwick shire and  
 Shrop shire, and therein 557 Parishes, was founded by Offey King of Mer-  
 cia Anno Dom. 626. During the first Bishop, Value 705 Pounds, 5 Shillings, 5  
 pence. Seats Lichfield Close, and Eccleshall castle in Staffordshire.

From Lichfield a turning leads on y<sup>e</sup> Right to Burton call'd for distinction Burton up-  
 on Trent famous for a Maister, a fine Bridge over y<sup>e</sup> River into Darby shire, y<sup>e</sup>  
 Town consists of one long Street extending from y<sup>e</sup> Abby, to y<sup>e</sup> Bridge. It has a good Mar-  
 ket on Thursday.

at 134 a turning on y<sup>e</sup> Right leads to Uttoxater, a pretty large & well built Town up-  
 on an Eminency amongst excellent Pasturages, famous for its Plentifull Market on Wed-  
 nesday said to be y<sup>e</sup> greatest in England for Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Butter, Cheese, Corn, &c.



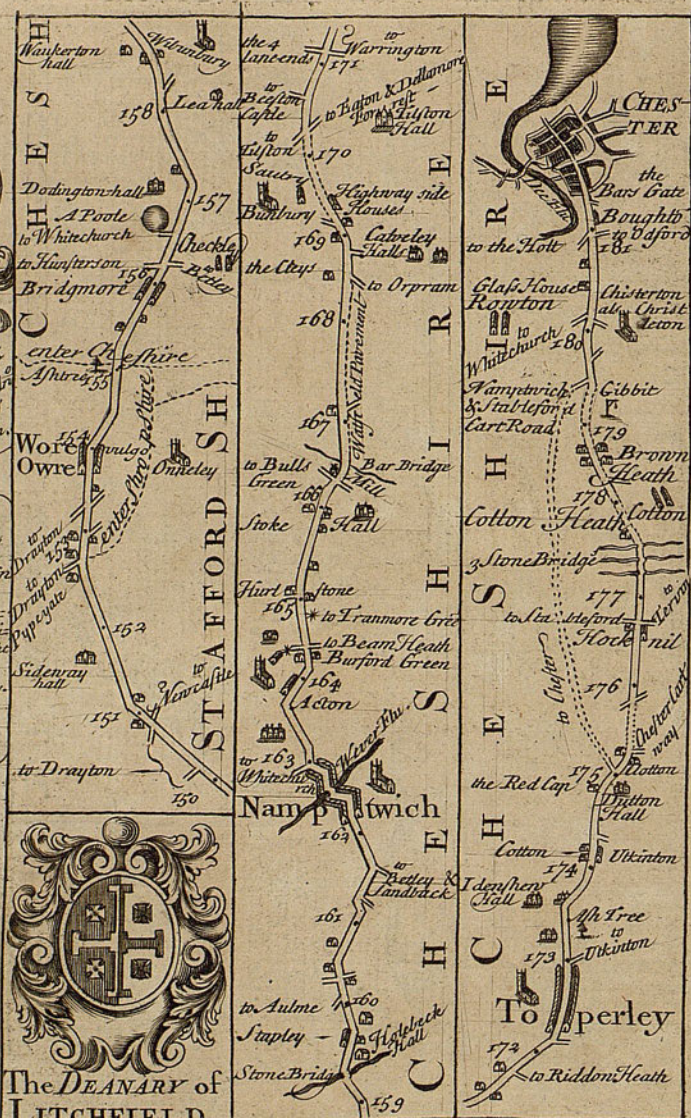


The DEANARY of  
ST. ASAPH erected Anno  
Dom. 1479. Anianus  
Constituted first Dean.

1189  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Famous for its Castles,  
out of which David  
Brother to Llewellyn  
Prince of Wales,  
leading Captive Roger  
Clifford by the  
Army of Wales, brought  
a very fatal War on  
himself & his Country.

Hawarden or  
Harding as above

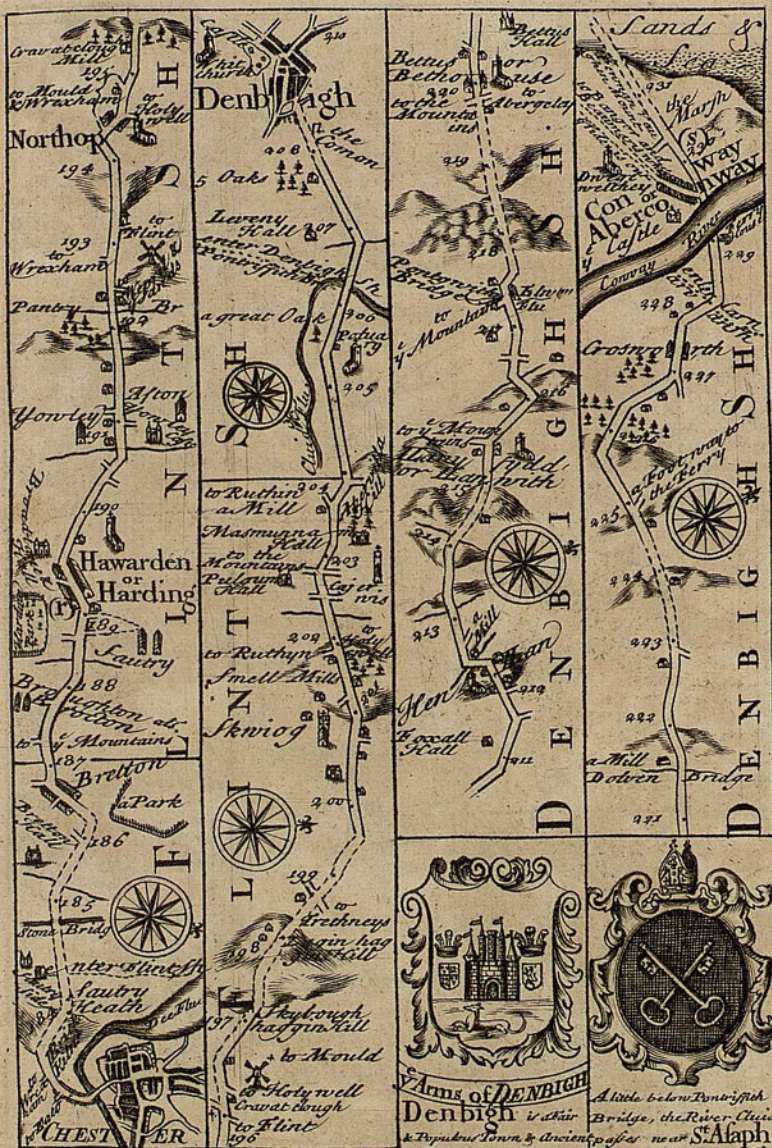


# The DEANARY of LITCHFIELD

Erected about Anno Dom. 1170 by Richard de Dalam first Dean, at which  
time the Church was largely endowed.

**Nantwich.** Is at present a very flourishing and populous Town, tho' it suf-  
fered much by Fire in 1438 and 1583: The Church is a very neat and beauti-  
ful Structure in the form of a Cross like a Cathedral with a Saeple in the middle.  
This Place is noted for avery fine and white Salt produced from the Water of a  
Brine Pit in the Town; and for its excellent Cheese, esteemed the best in Europe.  
M<sup>ts</sup> Sat. for Corn Cattle &c. Fairs: St. Bartholomews day





Arms of DENBIGH  
Denbigh is a town



A little below Denbigh  
Bridge, the River Clwyd

& Populous Town & Ancient parish near St. Asaph  
Corporation sends a Member pretty considerable to

ber to Parliament and consisting of 2 Aldermen, a Recorder, a Mayor, & 20 Burgesses, a Town Clerk, and 2 Sergeants at Mace. It had

the first out of 25 Burgesses, a Town Clerk, and 2 Sergeants at Mace. It had

formerly a Wall and strong Castle, which suffered much in the time of the Rebels. Towns made an Episcopal

him. Market on Wednesday for provisions &c. Fair Monday before Lady Day. See Anno 660 by Rector

July 7th & September 14th.

Abing from his own Country also erected a Monastery here for 660 Monks; and on his return

home he left the Government of it to one Asaph, a Person of great Piety & Integrity, from whom

this Town received its Name. This Bishoprick contains part of the County of Denbigh Flint,

Montgomery, Merioneth, & some Towns in Shropshire, & therein 177 Parishes. Value

187 Pound 11, 5 Shillings 8 Pence.



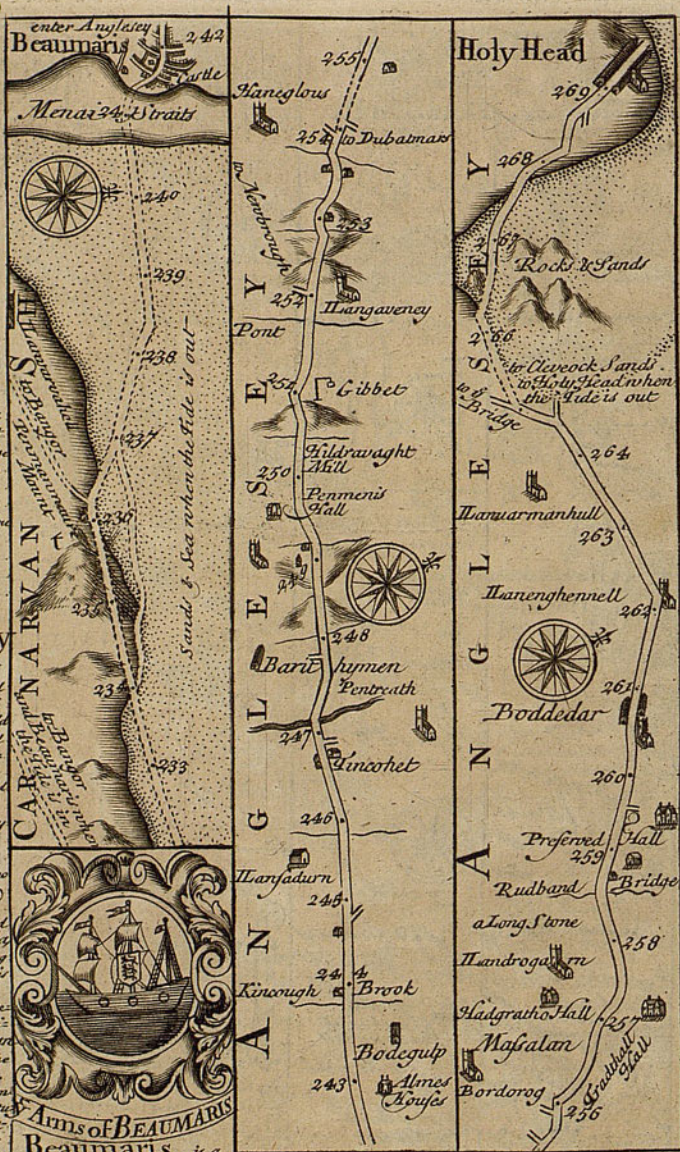
at, 235 1/2

The Road over Pen-  
mannaur Mount  
is very narrow & Dange-  
rous, there being on one  
Side a deep Precipice  
to the Sea, & on the other  
Side a high Perpendicular  
Rock.

Aberconway  
at S, 250

This Town was raised  
by King Edward 1st  
out of the Ruins of Old  
Conovium now called  
Caer-goffyn. It is in  
a different large well  
built & fortified Cove  
by an Alderman & a  
Bayliff. Market Day  
day.

Near this place Anno  
880 was fought a Mem-  
orable Battle between  
Anarard Prince  
of North Wales, and  
Eadred D. of Mercia  
wherein the former being  
Conqueror, to express his  
thanks to God, he  
for the Victory, settled  
several Hands & Dosses  
on the Church of Bann-  
goff, as appears by the  
Records of that See.  
The River Conway on  
which this Town is situate  
affords Pearls out  
of its Black Shells, as  
well as plenty of Fish  
out of its Streams. Over-  
against Aberconway is  
a Cape Gogarth, where  
was an ancient City, and  
Dignity, burnt by  
Lightning, supposed to  
be of old Diction.



every Neat well Built and Flourishing Town, founded by King Edward 1st, who Fortified it with a Castle. The Corporation which Elects a Member for Parliament consists of a Mayor, Recorder, 2 Bayliffs, 2 chief Burgesses, a Town Clerk, 2 Serjants and 12 Aldermen. Here the General & Quarter Sessions are kept, & the County Goal. Markets (Wednesday & Saturday, Fair & Agitation Day, September 8th & December 8th).

**Holy Head** a Town consisting chiefly of Houses for the Entertainment of such Persons as are bound for Ireland or just arrived thence. It is situate directly Opposite to Dublin and is the Station of the Packet Boat being the Shortest & Safest Passage over St. Georges Channel.



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO THE LANDS-END

from <i>Larday</i> Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup>		Computed Measured		Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup>	
to -					
Brantford	8 10 1/2	Crookhorn	110 133 1/2	Looe	18 52 34 1/2
Stanes	15 19 1/2	Axminster	119 146 1/2	Foy	192 240 1/2
Bagshof	23 29 1/2	Honiton	126 156 1/2	Trewardreth	195 244 1/2
Hardley Row	31 38 1/2	Rockbere	133 166 1/2	Tregoncy	202 256 1/2
Bahingstoke	39 48 1/2	EXETER	138 172 1/2	Philly	210 262 1/2
Andover	55 66 1/2	Chedleigh	146 183 1/2	Market Jew	228 287 1/2
SALISBURY	70 83 1/2	Alhburton	153 191 1/2	Pensance	230 290 1/2
Shaftsbury	88 103 1/2	Brent	159 198 1/2	S <sup>t</sup> . Burien	235 296 1/2
Sherborn	100 118 1/2	Plymouth	173 215 1/2	Senan	238 300 1/2

## The Description of *Larday*-continued

and still standing, in Height 202 Foot, being of distance from of Basis or Bottom of it to of place where of Fire first broke out, & 25 Foot Diameter, with a handsome Stair-Case in of middle of Black Marble, & a large Iron Balcony on of Top yielding a very delightful Prospect. The Pedestal of this Pillar is also of of Same Stone, & is 44 Foot Square & 40 High, of Stone where of it adorned with ingenious Emblems in Baso Relievo of curious performance of that celebrated Sculptor & Carver in Stone M<sup>r</sup>. Gabriel Cibber: on of Sides are Inscriptions in Latin signifying of occasion of its erection by K. Charles 2<sup>d</sup> giving a Succinct relation of of said Fire & its Authors; (The clause relating to of latter (viz) Sed Furor Papiſticus qui tam dira patravit nondum reſtingitur, was on K. James's accession to of Throne erased, but reinscribed soon after of Revolution. There are belonging to of Cities of of Suburbs of London & Westminster about 135 Parish Churches, besides Chappells, vizt 97 within of Walls of London, 15 without but within of Liberties, 15 in Middlesex & Surrey, & 8 in of City & Liberties of Westminster. There are also several very neat & stately Churches in of about of Cities & Suburbs now in building & partly finished, pursuant to a most Gracious Act of Parliament of Anne Regni among which that in of Strand now in a manner complete is particularly admired. The Cathedral Church of S<sup>t</sup>. Paul, founded first by Ethelbert K. of Kent, about the Year 610, soon after of Conversion of of Saxons to Christianity, suffered afterwards several times by Fire, but was still repaired from time to time till quite destroyed by of late dreadful one aforementioned. Before such its destruction it is said to have been 720 Foot in length, of Nave or Body 102 Foot High & 150 Broad, Its Area containing 3 1/2 Acres, & its Tower in of middle being 520 Foot in Height, besides a Pole of Copper Gilt, in compass 9 Foot, & on it a Cross 15 1/2 Foot High, & on that an Eagle Cock of Copper Gilt 4 Foot in Length, & in Breadth over of Wings 3 1/2 Foot; which Dimensions as appears from a M.S. now in of Publick Library at Cambridge, taken from a Tablet which formerly hung up in North part of of Quire of this Cathedral. (The Magnificent & Solid Pile as it now stands was rebuilt by of most ingenious & famous Architect, S<sup>t</sup>. Christopher Wren of vast charge of it





Arms of WHITECHURCH

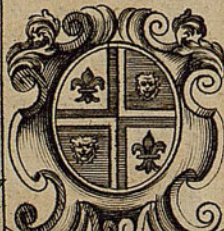
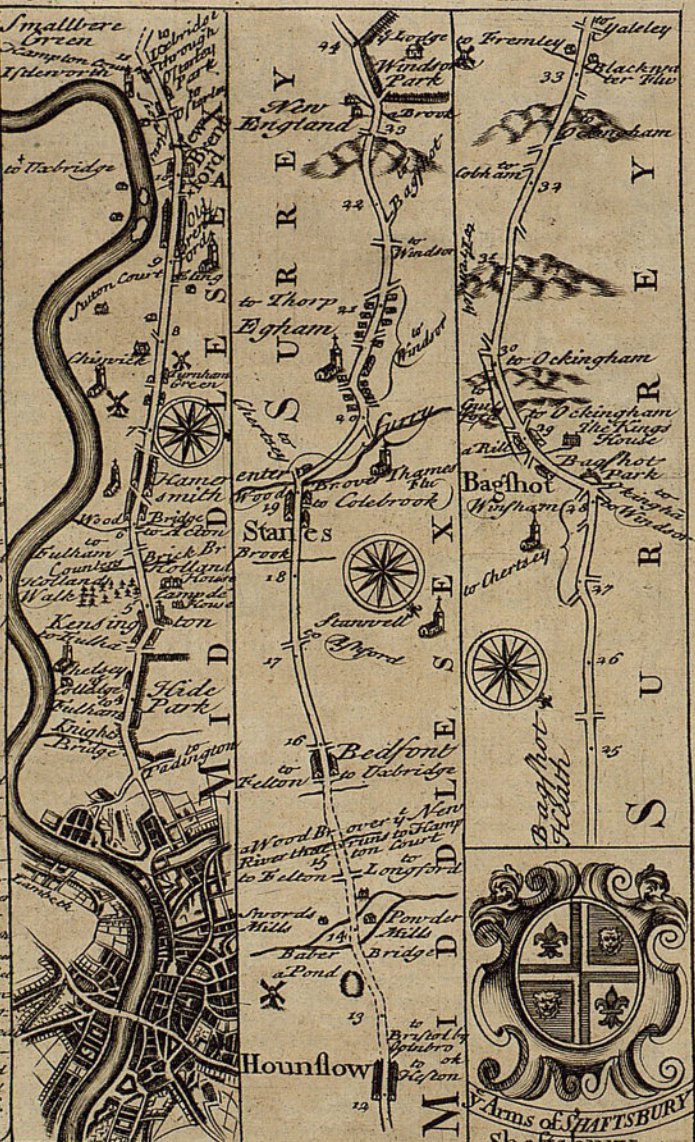
### Whitechurch

is a Pleasant Town, well situated, & a Port by Prescription Govern'd by a Mayor chosen annually at the Court-leet of the Town & Chapter of Windsor, 14 of 4 Munition The Members of Parliament are elected by the Freeholders Inhabitants, Chief Trade consists in Shalloons, — Sergees, & other Manu- factures. Market Fry- day 3<sup>d</sup> Thursday in June, & 3<sup>d</sup> Thursday in October.

### Stanes

at a, 19

Is said to have rec'd its Name from the Boundary Stone Set up near it in the Thames; to limit the Jurisdiction of the City of London in that River. It is a Town well built & Inhabited, & Furnish'd with all conveniences for Travellers. Market Fryday, 3<sup>d</sup> September & 3<sup>d</sup> November. Running meadow Renimed near this Town the Barons assembled Anno 1257 to demand their Liberties of R. John.



Arms of SHAFTSBURY

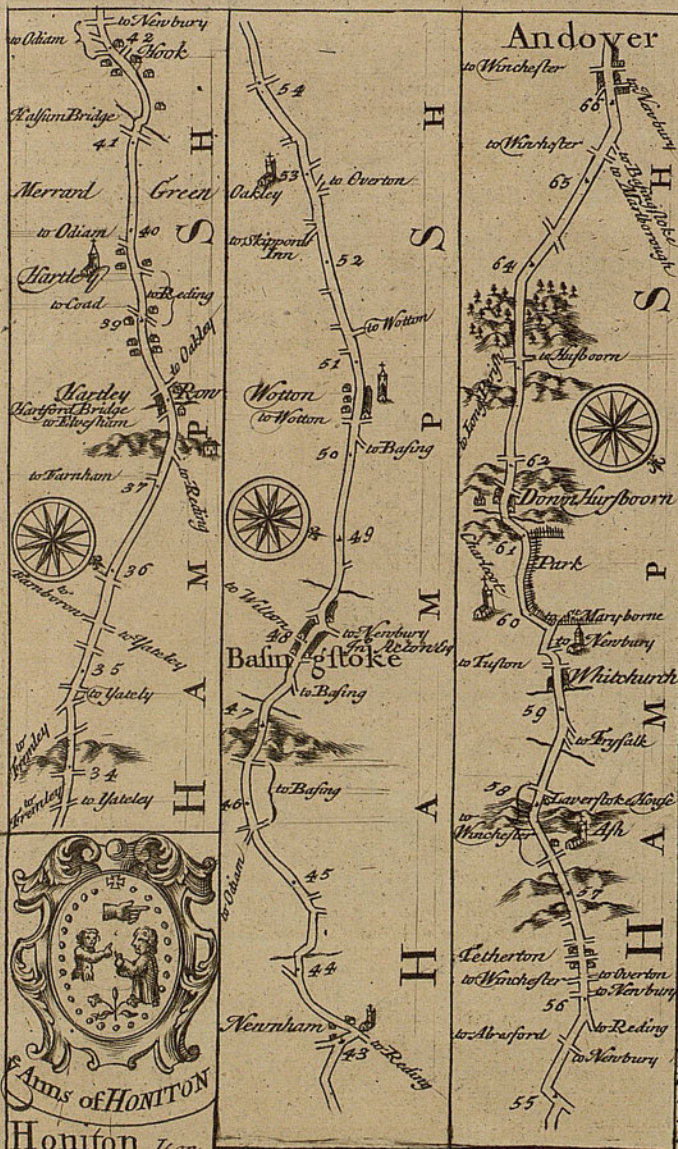
### Shaftsbury

is a Town of Antiquity & Note, said to be built by King Alfred, pleasantly situated for Prospect, but destitute of Water; which is usually brought higher on Horses from the Foot of the Hill. The Corporation consists of a Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs, & Common Council Members for Parliament are chosen by the Inhabitants paying Scot & Lot. It had formerly 30 Parishes, now but 3. In this Town was formerly a Monastery founded by Elgwa wife to King Edmund.



61  
Basingstoke

To Gov<sup>t</sup>. John May's Records & d<sup>y</sup>. Burgin  
80. It divides a great  
Trade in Malaga has  
a great M<sup>r</sup>. Walter for  
Corn &c. & a Fair on M<sup>r</sup>  
Kiss days. Near by Town  
is a famous Trout River,  
William, the first Lord  
Lands, created 1576  
2<sup>d</sup> built a very fine Chapel  
in this Town, dedicated  
to the Holy Ghost, & Roof  
of w<sup>ch</sup> was curious,  
by painted & History of  
our Jurior, the Gooden,  
and Prophets. Neer far  
off a Basting house,  
built by William Parr:  
1st L<sup>ft</sup>. John of Ba:  
sing's S<sup>c</sup>. & Marquis of  
Winchester, a Person so  
favoured for his integrity  
& counsellor that he ser-  
ved in the highest Offi-  
ces of Trade under K.  
Hen. 7<sup>th</sup>, & Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> K.  
Edw. 6<sup>th</sup>, Ric<sup>rd</sup>. & Eliz<sup>a</sup>.  
John Marquis of W<sup>m</sup>  
Chester that brave Loy-  
alist of the same Fam<sup>ly</sup>.  
Lyndard, Named made  
this House a Garrison  
for K. Charles the 1<sup>st</sup>  
in the beginning of the  
Civill Wars, and it was  
several times besieged  
by the Parliament-  
Party in vain, till  
Gomrell nitch his  
victorious Troop, at-  
tacked & took it by  
Storm, the Marquis &  
S<sup>c</sup>. The Peak who did  
command under him,  
were made Prisoners,  
& this Stately House  
burne to the Ground,  
by the Parliament Ar-  
my powdered at the  
Name of LOVE LOY-  
dlyn. & the 1<sup>st</sup> Regt.  
had given it caused to  
be written in every  
Window with a Dia-  
mond Ring. The late  
D<sup>ro</sup>. Bolan, hath re-  
built some convenient  
 Lodgings out of its ru-  
ins but his chief Peab  
are Hangewood and  
Alford one each near it.



**Honiton** Is an  
ancient Borough by Prescription govern'd by a Portreeve, chosen yearly by  
a Jury, at a leinholden by P. William Courtney Esq. of the Manor, & retained  
by the Bayliffs, and other Officers of the Borough, and sworn by the Scer-  
ward of the Count. The Burgage-holders paying Scot and Lot in Number abt  
800 elect Memb<sup>r</sup>s of Parlt<sup>y</sup> returned by the Portreeve. M<sup>t</sup> Sat. Fair July  
20<sup>th</sup> for Cattle, Sheep, Horses, &c.





Arms of MILBOURN P.

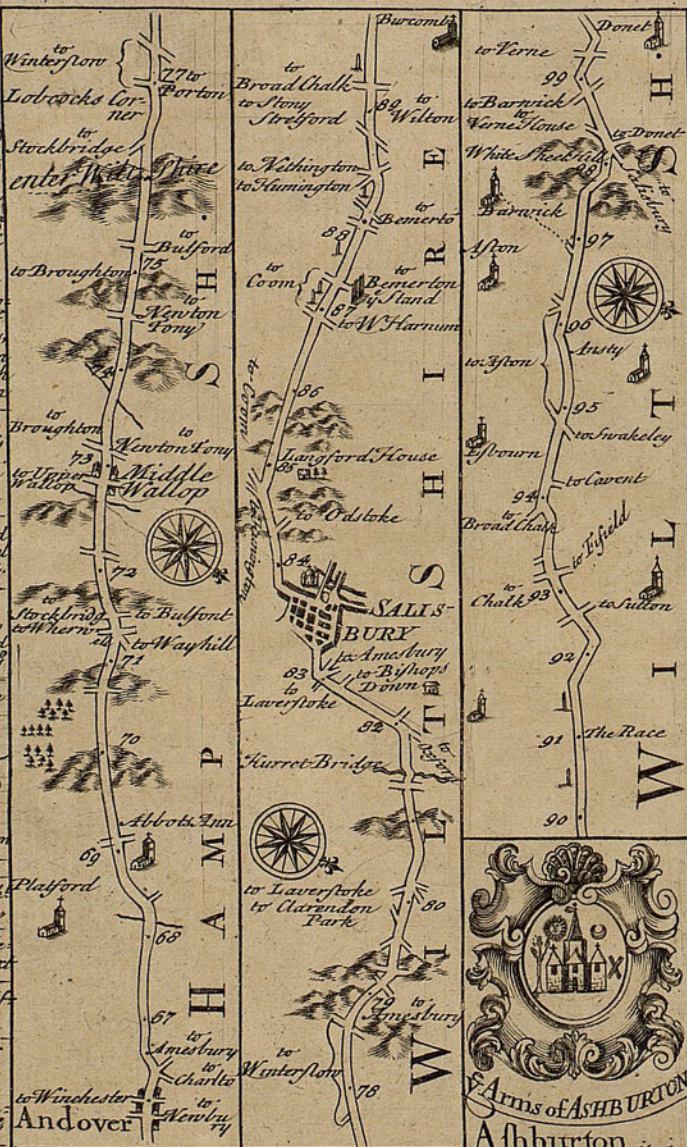
### Milbourn Port

A very ancient Borough, consisting of 6 Capital Burghs, who have the government of the Borough in their Turns by an orderly succession of two yearly, who are named Bayliffs and have power to substitute under 4 for the time being two other Bayliffs, who are sworn and jointly sign, and seal the return of Members to Parliament with the 2 Sheriffs, who are chosen out of 9 Commonly Sheriffs, and have the custody of Corporation Seal. The said Members are elected by 4 Inhabitants paying 10s. & Lot.

### Evil or Yeovel

Taking its Name from the Riv. Earillon which it is situated, which has a good Market on Friday, for Corn, Cheese, Hemp, &c. which rose by the decay of Uxeter. Next appears Carnalet, Hills fast steep and difficult access from the Top of which are 4 plain Footsteps of a decay'd Camp, & a Triple Rampire of Earth cast up, including 20 Acres. Inhabitants call it Arthur's Palace, but it is now really a Work of the Romans, is plain from the Roman Coins daily dig'd up there.

[at 134]

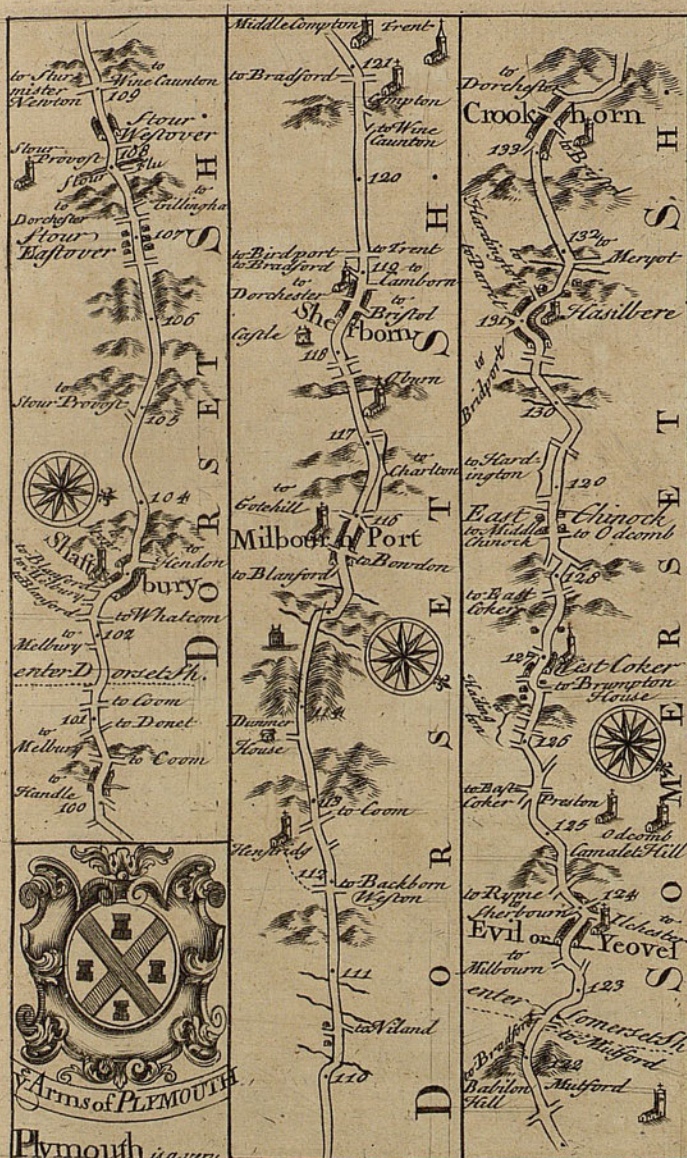


Arms of ASHBURTON

### Ashburton

A very ancient Borough by Prescription, govern'd by a Portreeve, chosen yearly at the Court Leet and Baron of Richard Duke, and Roger Truickford Esq. Lords of the Manor. Members for Parliament are chosen by a Majority of the Freeholders, and returned by the said Portreeve. The elect having been for many Years discontinued, was restored by the Interdict of P. John Northcote of this County Baron after the Restoration. This Town is one of the four Stanniers of Devon, & is remarkable for its Tin and Copper Mines, and Serge Manufacture. M. Tuesday for Wool and Yarn only, & Sat. for Provision &c. Fairs 1<sup>st</sup> Thursd. in March 2<sup>nd</sup> Thursd. in June, St. Lawrence, and St. Martin's day.





**Plymouth** is a very ancient Borough and a well fortified populous and trading Seaport Towns Incorporated by Act of Parliament temp Hen 6<sup>th</sup> d<sup>o</sup> 1439. Govern'd by a Mayor and Recorder who are Justices of the Quorum 3 other Justices 9 Principal Burgesses and 24 Common Council-men & Members for Parli. are chosen by 3 Freemen and Freeholders 10 shas a Par Ch<sup>l</sup>. This Town (ump. I. d. 34) suffered by 3 French who landed & burnt part of it but were repulsed by Hugh Courtney E. of Devon & 3 Gentlemen of 3 County with 4 lord of 500 Men It drive a considerable Trade into Foreign parts particularly in Pilchard to Italy &c. Henry was born that able & famous Seaman Francis Drake. K. William here caused to be built 6 Docks for the Navy Royal M<sup>o</sup> Monday & Thursday

### Sherborn

Was a Bishops See 1004 which after 1170 in Willelme Longuevilles time was transferred to Salisbury There belonged to it then 9 Parishes Churches now but reputed the best in 3 Counties in which at the entrance from the Porch under a very large stone is said that Ethelwold & Ethelbert both of them Kings of England about 200 year before the Conquest, he interred, and in 3 South Iller is a sumptuous Monument of Ine Dig by Eof Bris- ton who died Anno 1068 and is said to have cost 1500. This Town has a good Free school, founded by K. Ed 6<sup>th</sup> and an almshouse by Rich<sup>d</sup> Beauphamp B. K. of Salisbury. M<sup>o</sup> Th<sup>o</sup> & 36 sub well stored with all sort of Provision.

[at 103]

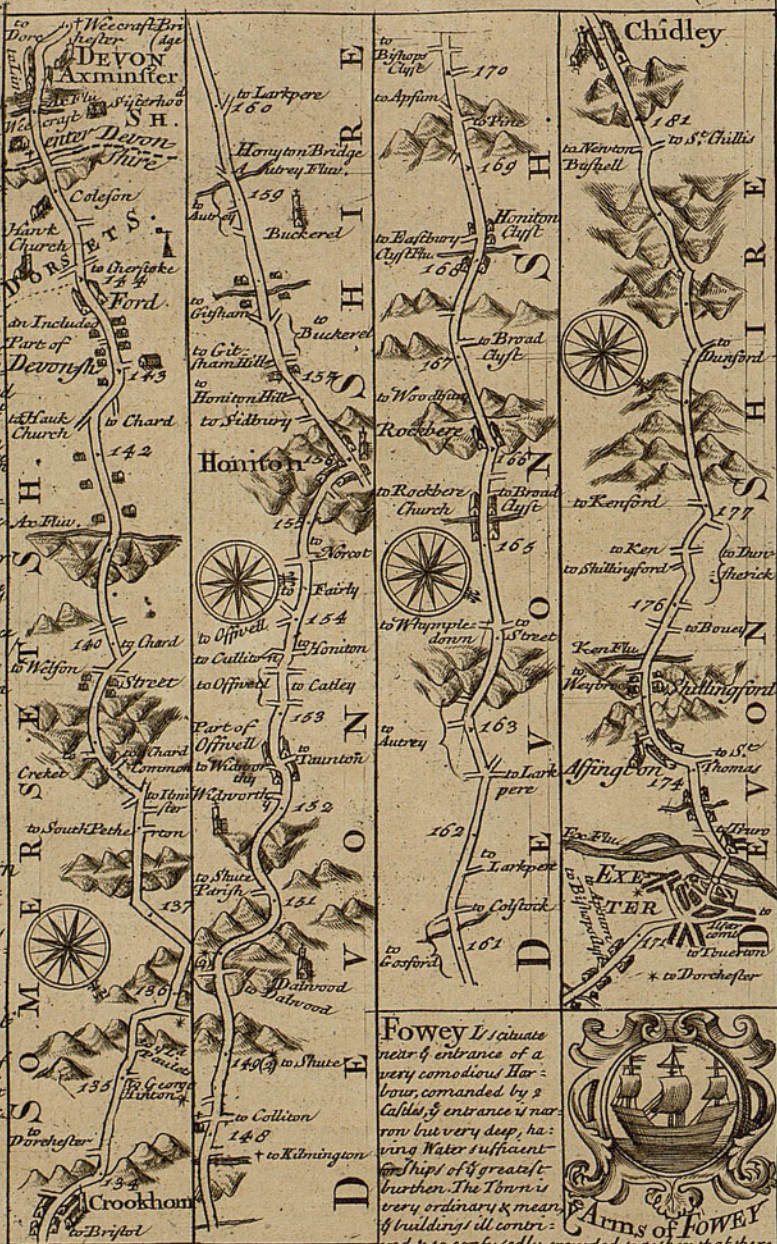


**Acminster**

Is a place famous for the Tombs of those Saxons & Princes that were slain by the Danes in the bloody Battle of Brunoburg. It was then the Demesne of King Aethelstan who led his Army against the Danes & in thankful remembrance of his Victory he obtained erected here a Minister for a Priest to pray for the Souls of slain whom it took its Name. M<sup>c</sup> Sat. Fair on S<sup>t</sup> Peter's Day

**Crookhorn**

Called Crucerne by the Saxons is a good town far from the River Parrett near the Confines of Dorsetshire & has a M<sup>c</sup> Sat. Fair on S<sup>t</sup> Peter's Day

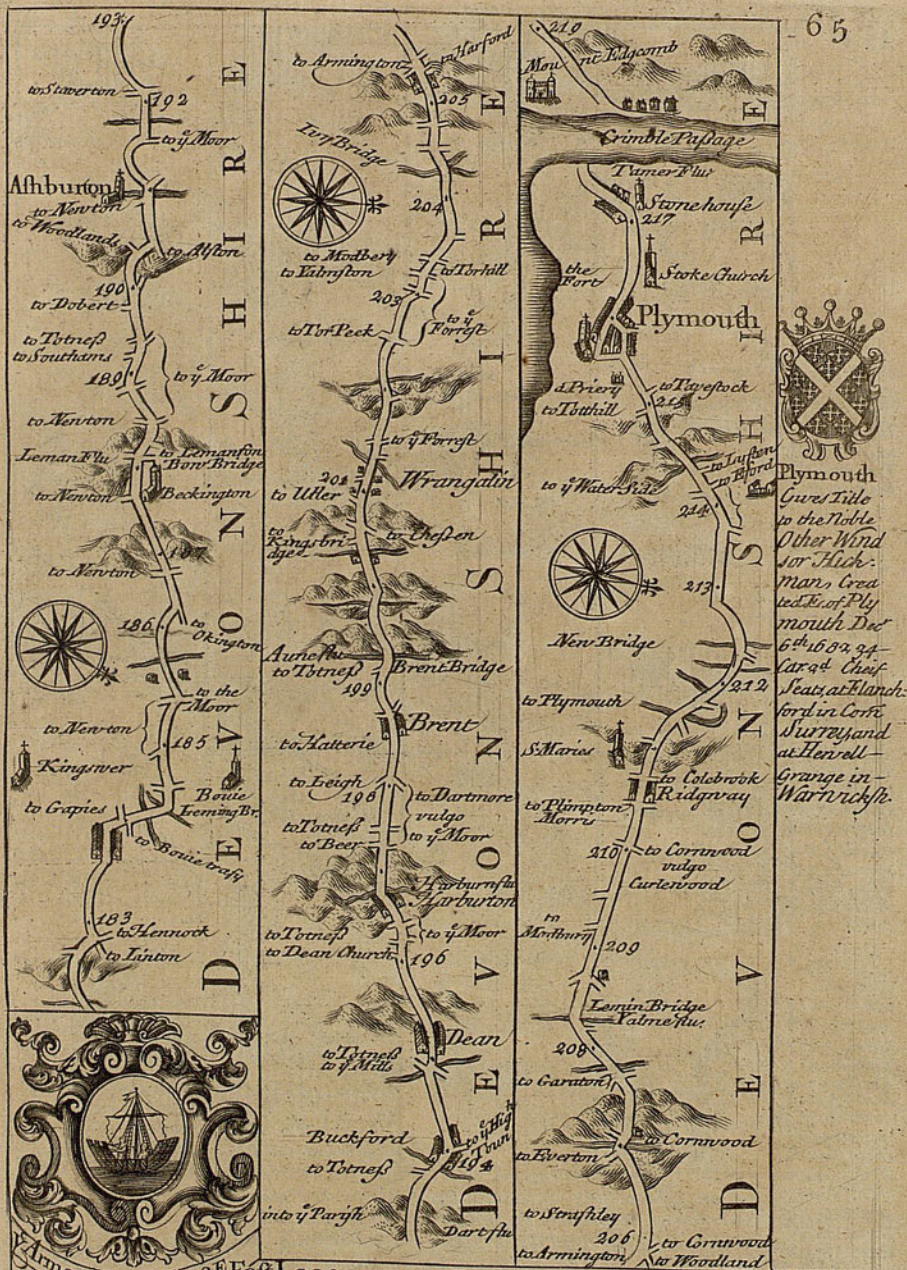
**Fowey**

Is a place near the entrance of a very commodious Harbour, commanded by 2 Castles, & entrance is narrow but very deep, having Water sufficient for ships of the greatest burthen. The Town is very ordinary & mean, & buildings ill contrived, & so confusedly crowded together that there



are open Streets belonging to it, only many Intricate Passages; It is nevertheless rich & populous, & drives a considerable trade in several sorts of Merchandizes, especially in fishing trade. The Corporation consists of a Mayor & Aldermen, & 20 Burgesses, & 4 Burgesses are chosen by all the Inhabitants paying Scot & Lot. The Mayor in his Office & next year after, the Senior Alderman, are Justices of Peace. M<sup>c</sup> Sat. & Fairs on Shrove Tuesday, May-day & Sept. 30<sup>th</sup>





Record B.C. Membr for Particulars by the Mayor, Magistrates & Freeman, being all 88 in No. This being a Memorandum of the Dutchy of Cornwall was attested by R. B. only 24 former Here is a small Chap. not being in a new condition, 20 D. 1700 a new repaired by John Membr of Part. What been since further beautified by R. B. Rev. J. Tomlinson, 25. Frelanney, B. B. of Windchester whose Family's Seat is near this Place. Christ Trade, 5. Fishing for Pilchards. 12. Fat. Fairs, Candlemas & Michas day.



# Mount Edgcomb

The Seat of the ancient Family of Edgcombs, pleasantly situated in midst of a Park, & having a fine prospect of winding Haven under it. It was made a Garrison for K. Charls. agt. of Parl; but upon Restoration of K. Cha. 2. well recovered its Lustre, & in his time of King gave St. Richd. Edgcomb a seat in his House, & in his House, he much commended it lovely situation of his Mansion. Richd. Edgcomb Esq. is present Lord of this fair Estate. Near this Mount is Neck of Land called Barn-head, a noted Sea Mark for Mariners. [at 219]



**Penzance** [at 230]  
Has a good Me on Th.  
Near it is the famous  
Well called Madreds  
Well, by drinking of  
whose Waters many  
remarkable Cures have  
been effected. This Town  
suffered much by the  
Spaniards in 1595, who  
landing with Gallies  
burnt & laid waste of  
Country & Neighbour-  
ing Villages, but were  
afterwards repulsed  
by Forces from Plymouth.

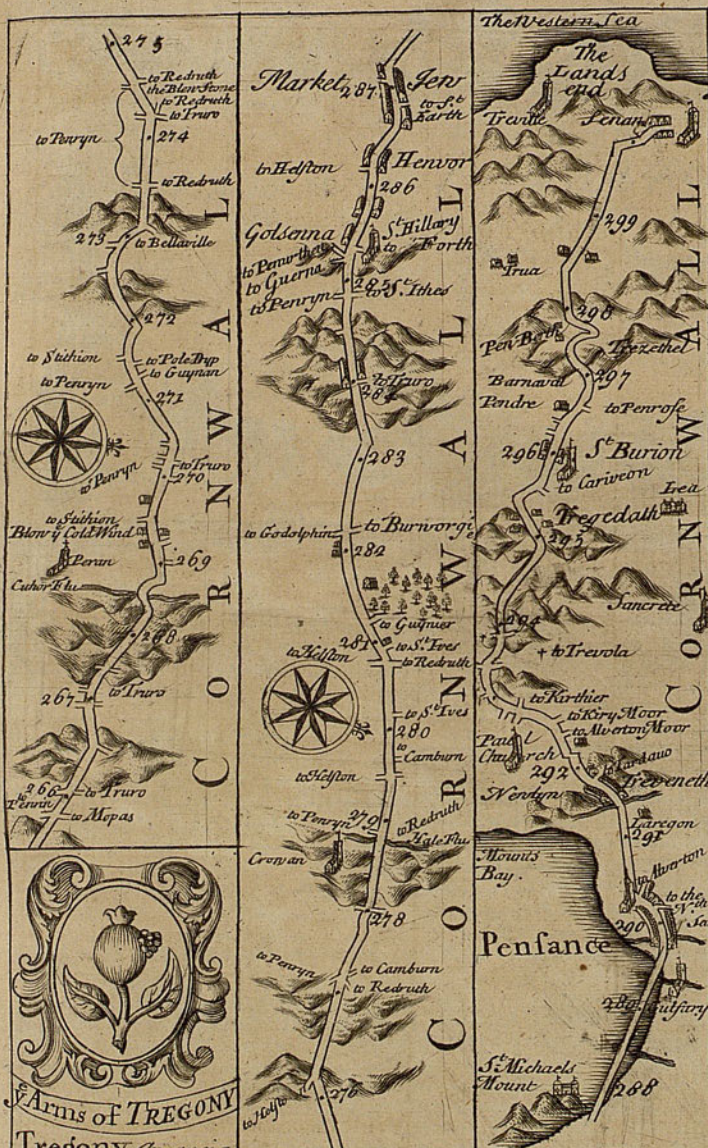
**Mounts Bay**  
A very safe Harbour  
for Shipping, & has a good  
Me on Sat. [at 231]



Is divided from East-  
Looe by a Bridge of 15

Arches, over River Looe, whence both Towns receive their Name. It is a Manor belonging to the Dutchy of Cornwall, but was in & Corporation at the rent of 24 Sh. 7d. which by Chart. 6. R. 2. Ed. 3. consists of 18 Burgesses, one of whom is annually chosen a Mayor, who, with 4 other Burgesses has power to choose a Stew and Men for Parl are elected by Corporation & Freemen, being about 60 in Number. Here stood a Chappel of Ease temp. Hen. 8. which afterwards was converted into a Town-hall.





Arms of TREGONY

**Tregony** An ancient Borough by Prescription formerly governed by a Portreeve: Incorporated with a Confirmation of all its Privileges by K. JAMES 1<sup>st</sup> 1202 of his reign under a Mayor (to be chosen yearly on the Tuesday after Michaelmas day) a Recorder, and 7 Burgesses, the eldest of whom is said to be Justice of the Peace, during life, within the Borough. They are also empowered by the said Chart, to keep a Court of Record, on the first Monday in every Month. And Sergeants-Ment, of Parliament are chosen by the Inhabitants in general, who are House holders, and bid the Pot about 140 in Number. The Manor of this Borough belonged to the Earl of Morvion & Cornwall in the time of the Conqueror, & was not long after possessed by the Pomeroy's & so remained till about the time of K. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> when it came into the Family of Boscarven & his son Esq. of Boscarven. *Market* Tuesd. May 3<sup>rd</sup> Jul. 5<sup>th</sup> Sept. 4<sup>th</sup> & Nov. 6<sup>th</sup>

**Market Jew**  
An inconsiderable Town  
seated on Mount  
Bayon a Descent Mt  
on Sat. [at 187]

**St. Michaels**  
Mount [at 288]  
In this Fort John Fr.  
of Oxford, after K.  
Hen. 6<sup>th</sup> whose part  
he had taken, was  
wounded at the Battle  
of Barne / fortified  
himself ag<sup>t</sup> K. Edw. 4<sup>th</sup>  
but was not able to  
maintain it long : —  
It was also made an  
Asylum & retreat  
by the Cornish Gentry  
in the Civil Wars & —  
by the Lady Anne Gor-  
don wife of Perkin  
Warbeck, but secur'd  
neither. In the Rocks  
her abodes the Cornish  
Chough, called Pyr-  
rhorocax from its  
red Bill & Feet, breeds,  
and the Country Peo-  
ple, known to their Sor-  
ron to be not only —  
a Thief, but an In-  
cendiary & privately  
to set houses on fire,  
as well as rob them  
of what they find  
portable. —



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO NEW HAVEN

IN SUSSEX: Containing		Comp.	Meas <sup>d</sup>	AND		Comp.	Meas <sup>d</sup>
From LONDON							
to Stretbam	6	6	4	to Lewes	46	50	
Croydon	10	10	5	Newhaven	45	56	1
East Grinstead	25	29	1				

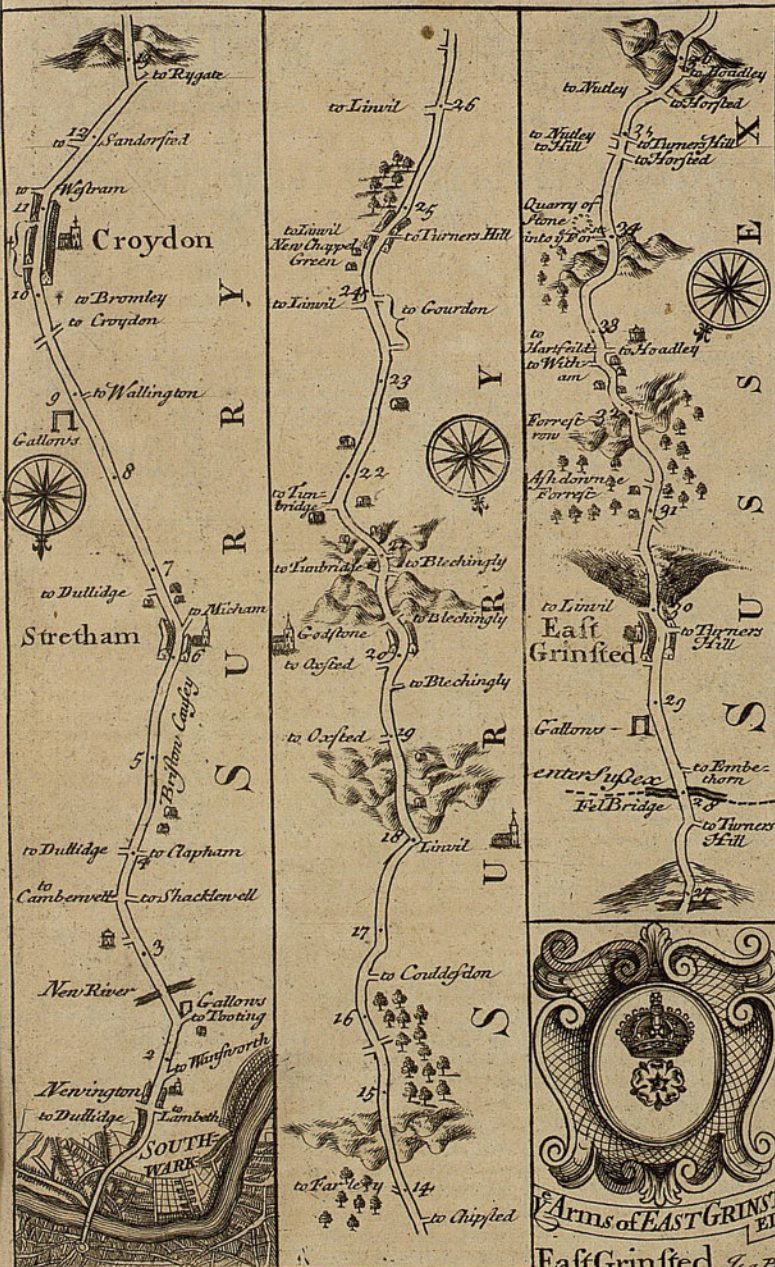
Continued to NEW SHORAM

From NEWHAVEN			
to Brighthelmston	19	7	
New Shoram	12	10	

## The Description of LONDON continued

it has been chiefly defrayed by  $\frac{1}{2}$  Coal Duties. The Abbey Church of Westminster, was founded & Richly endowed before  $\frac{1}{2}$  Conquest; by  $\frac{1}{2}$  Pious K. Edward  $\frac{1}{2}$  Confessor, & afterwards rebuilt in  $\frac{1}{2}$  form now seen, by K. Henry 3<sup>d</sup> & K. Henry 7<sup>th</sup> added  $\frac{1}{2}$  Chappel to  $\frac{1}{2}$  West-end of it, all built of delicate Stone brought from Huddlesstone Quarry in Yorkshire, which curious Structure cost him 14,000. His own Tomb in it of Brass, made & finished by one Pater a Painter of Florence, cost 1000. This Church & Chappel are famous for  $\frac{1}{2}$  Intermment of several Kings & Queens Nobility, & Genry of  $\frac{1}{2}$  first Rank, Learned Men, Great Soldiers &c. In a manner Opposite to this Abbey w<sup>th</sup>er side of Thames is Lambeth, where  $\frac{1}{2}$  famous K. Canutus & Dane Dyed in  $\frac{1}{2}$  midst of his Cups, & where is a stately Palace with fine Gardens &c. belonging to  $\frac{1}{2}$  Arch-Bishop of Canterbury founded by Baldwin Arch Bishop, about  $\frac{1}{2}$  year 1183, having procured  $\frac{1}{2}$  Mannor & Ground by exchange with  $\frac{1}{2}$  then Bishop of Rochester. Near  $\frac{1}{2}$  Said Abbey Church was formerly a Palace,  $\frac{1}{2}$  Ancient Habitation of our Kings ever since Edward  $\frac{1}{2}$  Confessor, which was casually burnt down, temp. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> R<sup>d</sup> save that part of it n<sup>o</sup>. is now used by  $\frac{1}{2}$  Lords & Commons in Parliament assembled, for  $\frac{1}{2}$  Courts of Judicature, & the Kings Treasury. The great Hall where  $\frac{1}{2}$  Courts of Chancery, Kings Bench, & Common Pleas, are kept, is in length 300 Foot, 100 broad, &  $\frac{1}{2}$  Roof of Irish Oak, is said to have been first founded by K. Will. Rufus, & rebuilt as it is now, by K. Richard 2<sup>d</sup> Not far from  $\frac{1}{2}$  Said Hall is  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cottonian Library, consisting of diverse very valuable Manuscripts, collected chiefly by the curious S<sup>t</sup>. Rob<sup>t</sup>. Cotton, whose Great Grandson S<sup>t</sup>. John sold  $\frac{1}{2}$  same together with  $\frac{1}{2}$  House, to her late Majesty. The Learned & Ingenious M<sup>r</sup>. Humphrey Wanley has lately Published a very accurate Catalogue of all  $\frac{1}{2}$  Said Manuscripts. The Royal Palace of Whitehall built by Cardinal Woolsey, seized to  $\frac{1}{2}$  Crown by Henry 8<sup>th</sup>, lately destroyed by Fire except  $\frac{1}{2}$  Banqueting Room a very Noble Building having its Ceiling Painted by  $\frac{1}{2}$  famous S<sup>t</sup>. Peter Paul Rubens. The Savoy another Palace, built by Peter E. of Savoy & Richmond, Uncle to 2. Eleanor Wife to K. Henry 3<sup>d</sup>; Now used as Barracks for Soldiers. In it are also  $\frac{1}{2}$  remains of an Ecclesiastical Colledge or Hospital, founded by K. Henry 7<sup>th</sup> for a Master, & Poor Brothers who are all to be Clergy-men, & 4 Sisters. Somerset House likewise belongs to  $\frac{1}{2}$  Crown, & was Built by Edward Duke of Somerset, Uncle to K. Edward 6<sup>th</sup>. The Tower of London said to have been first founded by Julius Caesar, much enlarged by William  $\frac{1}{2}$  Conqueror, & since considerably augmented in its Fortifications, is not only a Fort or Citadel for  $\frac{1}{2}$  defence of  $\frac{1}{2}$  City & River, but also a Palace Royal where our Kings with their Courts have sometimes Lodged. It is Governed by a Constable or Cylor (Turris &c) (in his absence) by a Lieutenant Governor, who by Vertue of his Office is Justice





*Croydon*  
A large and well built Town, encompassed with Hills, well stored with Wood, of which Charcole &c. is made great quantities of it being vendid in London. The Town is very populous has a Free-school and Hospital, a beautiful Church. Here is a Palace of the Arch-Bishop of Canterbury. It has an well stored Mill on Sattered [at 12]

*East Grinstead* is a Borough by Prescription for at Antiquity, consisting of a Bayliff, and about 35 Burgage holders, who elect Members for Parliament returned by the said Bayliff. The Bayliff is chosen by the Burgage holders at the Annual Court of the Es of Dorset and Middlesex who is Lord of the Borough and returns the Steward of the Court. In this Town the Assizes for the County are frequently held. Weekly Market on Thursday They have also a Patent for a Monthly Market Fairs July 2<sup>d</sup> and Nov: 30<sup>th</sup> for Cattle, Swine &c.







# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO PORTSMOUTH

Com<sup>d</sup> SOUTHAMPTON, Containing 60 AND 73 <sup>d</sup>Miles

to Wansworth	Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup>	to Lippock	Comp. Meas <sup>d</sup>
Kingston	5 16 <sup>4</sup>	Petersfield	38 46 <sup>6</sup>
Cobham	10 12 <sup>4</sup>	Harndon	4 55 5 <sup>3</sup>
Guilford	17 20	Portsey Bridge	51 62 <sup>4</sup>
Godalmin	25 30	Portsmouth	57 69
	28 34 <sup>4</sup>		60 73 <sup>4</sup>

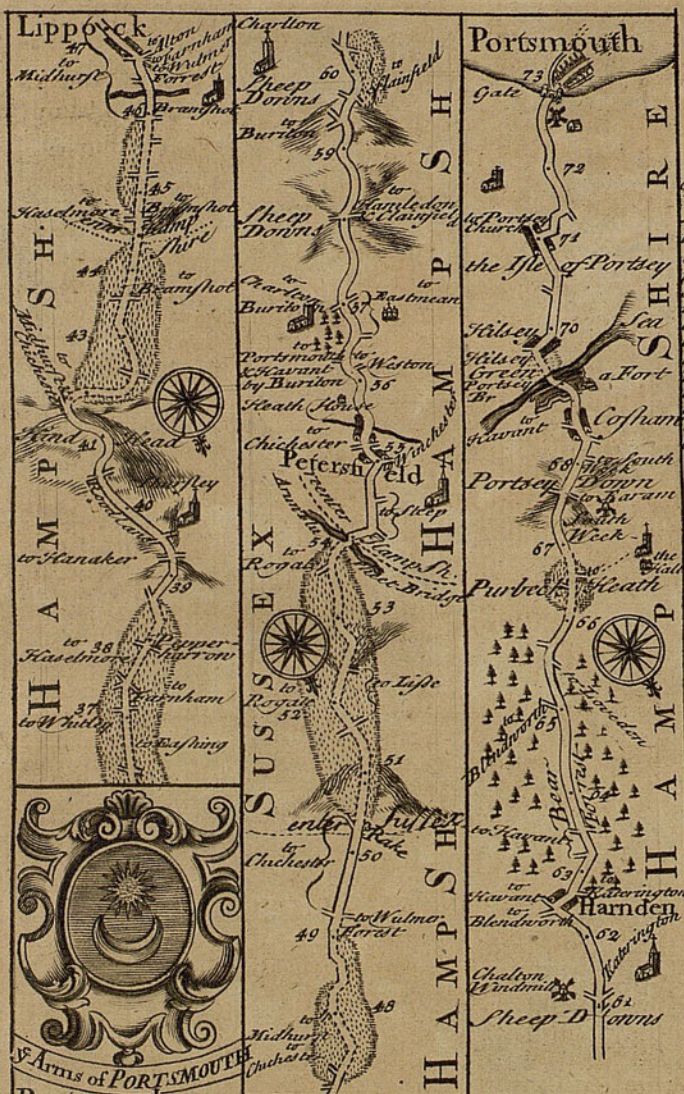
## The Description of LONDON, continued

Justice of  $\&$  Peace in Middlesex, Kent, & Surrey, And by Ancient Grants has  $\&$  Priviledg of taking Unam Lagenam ante malum  $\&$  retro, that is a Gallon  $\&$  a Pine before  $\&$  behind  $\&$  Mast of Wines,  $\&$  a certain quantity of Lobsters, & other Shell Fish, that pass by  $\&$  Tower,  $\&$  twice as much from an Alien as from a Native: Every Person of  $\&$  Quality of a Duke, sent Prisoner to  $\&$  Conwer pays him for his Fee  $\&$ 50., every Baron under that Degree  $\&$ 10.,  $\&$  every Commoner  $\&$ 5. He has also  $\&$  disposal of Yeomen Warders places. Under  $\&$  said Constable  $\&$  Lieutenant, is a Gentleman Porter who has  $\&$  Care of  $\&$  Gates,  $\&$  upon  $\&$  entrance of a Prisoner has for his Fee Vestimenta Superiora, or a Composition, which is usually  $\&$ 50. for a Peer,  $\&$ 25. for any other Person. The Ancient allowance from  $\&$  King to a Duke, Prisoner was  $\&$ 12. p. Week, now but  $\&$ 4., the same to a Marquis; to all other L<sup>ds</sup> formerly  $\&$ 10., now but  $\&$ 4.  $\&$ 5.; to Gentleman formerly  $\&$ 4., now  $\&$ 3.  $\&$ 4., to indigent Persons, now  $\&$ 3. p. Week. (The Yeomen Warders in Number 40. are reckoned  $\&$  King's Domesticks,  $\&$  sworn by  $\&$  Chamberlain of his Majesties Household, or  $\&$  Clerk of  $\&$  Cheque: their Business is to attend State Prisoners  $\&$  to wait at  $\&$  Gates. In  $\&$  Tower were imprisoned David K. of Scots,  $\&$  John K. of France &c. In it were Murdered Hen: 6<sup>th</sup>,  $\&$  2 Princes Ed.<sup>4</sup> 3<sup>th</sup>  $\&$  his Brother Rich.<sup>4</sup> D. of York, by Crookback Rich.<sup>4</sup> command: within  $\&$  Walls on  $\&$  Green, Several Nobles have been Beheaded, as Rob.<sup>4</sup> E. of Essex,  $\&$  Lady Jane Grey, not long before proclaimed Qu.<sup>a</sup>,  $\&$  Th. Dudley her Husband &c. Here S<sup>t</sup> Tho: Overbury was Reasoned,  $\&$  Arthur Capel E. of Essex (comp Car. 2<sup>th</sup>) was found Dead, having his Throat Cut from Ear to Ear. In Wakefield Tower, adjoining to  $\&$  Bloody Tower, are kept  $\&$  Ancient Records of  $\&$  Nation,  $\&$   $\&$  Several High Courts of Judicature, now are transmitted hither, for their preservation from  $\&$  Petty Bagg Office  $\&$  Rolls Chappel,  $\&$  are extremely well regulated by  $\&$  Keeper of them  $\&$  his Clerks;  $\&$  Office being open for any Person search, from  $\&$  10 o'Clock off to 11 of  $\&$  Clock in  $\&$  Morning,  $\&$  from 1 to 5 in  $\&$  afternoon, except in  $\&$  Months of Decem Jan.  $\&$  Feb.  $\&$  in them from 8 to 11 in  $\&$  Morn,  $\&$  1 to 4 in  $\&$  Afternoon, Holy Days  $\&$  times of Sickness excepted. For far of  $\&$  place where  $\&$  said Records are kept is  $\&$  Treasury for  $\&$  Jewels  $\&$  other Ornaments of  $\&$  English Crown,  $\&$   $\&$  great Mint for Coining Gold  $\&$  Silver, now by Chanc. K. Ed.<sup>4</sup> 3<sup>th</sup>. Since confirmed, is managed by a Corporation, consisting of a Warden (whose Office is to receive  $\&$  Gold  $\&$  Silver brought in for Coinage, to pay  $\&$  owners for it,  $\&$  oversee those under him) a Master  $\&$  Worker (who receives  $\&$  Bullion from  $\&$  Warden, causes it to be Melted, delivers it to  $\&$  Moneyer  $\&$  when Minted receives it again) a Comptroller (who is to see  $\&$   $\&$  Coyn be according to  $\&$  Just  $\&$  100<sup>g</sup> an assay Master (who sees that  $\&$  Bullion be according to  $\&$  Standard) a Surveyor of  $\&$  Melting (who takes care  $\&$   $\&$  Bullion be cast out,  $\&$  not altered after delivered to  $\&$  Melter)  $\&$  Auditors who make up  $\&$  accompts. The Members of this Corporation are exempt from all publick Offices. Near  $\&$  said Mint









*The Island of Portsey* —  
 It is about 14 Miles in Circumference. Its entrance is at high Tides with Sea Water, of which they make Salts. It is joined to the Continent by a Bridge over an Arm of the Sea which has a Fort for its defence. Whiffled Wife of King Lear gave this Island to her minister in Winchester.



**Guilford** —

Gives title to R. Henry 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup>. Francis North, Great Baron Guilford, Sept. 23<sup>rd</sup> 1683. 33 Car. 2<sup>d</sup>. Chief Seat at Durdans in Corn Surrey. A fine Seat built by J. Berkley of Berkley Castle, one of the ruins of Stone such at Rockstone Abbey, in Corn. Oxford.

### Portsmouth

a large Strong & well Built Sea Port Town Fortified by Edw. 4<sup>th</sup> Henry 7<sup>th</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup> Eliz. But by K. Charles 2<sup>d</sup> who made it impregnable. It is also Noted for its Good Harbour, Docks, Store Houses, Rope Yards, & all other Conveniences for the Navy Royal. Incorporated by K. Charles 2<sup>d</sup> is Gov<sup>d</sup> by a Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, Bayliffs & Common Council Men & Burgesses to Parliament. In this Town George Villiers Duke of Buckingham, intending a Second Expedition into France was Slain by John Felton a Lieutenant in the Army. Here also a Marriage between K. Charles 2<sup>d</sup> & Q. Katherine of Portugal was consummated May 14<sup>th</sup> 1662. Markets Tuesday, Thursday, & Saturday & one Free Market viz. St. Peters Day w<sup>ch</sup> hold 15 Days.





# Tunbridge

Or the Town of  
Bridges, so called  
because here the Ri-  
ver Medway bran-  
ches itself into 5  
little streams, o-  
ver each of w<sup>ch</sup>  
is a Bridge of stone.  
Here is a Free school  
erected by St. An-  
drew & Lud of Lon-  
don & a Causey in  
Road toward Lon-  
don by Mr. In<sup>o</sup>  
Wilfrid M<sup>r</sup> Frid<sup>r</sup>  
Fairs Aftervnter  
Midsummer day, & St.  
Lukes day. About 4  
or 5 Miles South of  
the Town are the  
Chalybeate Springs  
called Tunbridge  
Wells, which are  
very much resorted  
to by the Gentry in  
the Summer seasons  
for their excell<sup>t</sup> Vir-  
tue & efficacy in se-  
veral Cases: They  
have been so frequen-  
ted of late Years, that  
there are now several  
Houses near them  
with Shops & Lodg-  
ings, & a M<sup>r</sup> well sto-  
red with all sorts of  
Provisions.  
This Town giveth Title  
of Viscount to 4 Noble  
Frederick Tudestain  
de Naislaw, Graund Es-  
of Rochford, & Vicount  
Tunbridge, May 10<sup>th</sup>  
1605 7<sup>th</sup> Will 3<sup>d</sup>



## Bromley

at 9<sup>th</sup> Here is a Palace of the B<sup>p</sup> of Rochester, on whom K<sup>ing</sup> Edgar conferred  
the Manor A<sup>d</sup> 700. Here is also an Hospital for 20 poor Widows who have  
an allowance of 20 p<sup>er</sup> annu<sup>m</sup> each, & a Chaplain who has 50 p<sup>er</sup> annu<sup>m</sup> being 9  
a nation of the Founder the Right Rec<sup>d</sup> Dr John Warner B<sup>p</sup> of Rochester;  
whose piety & charitable examples was afterwards followed by several other B<sup>p</sup>s  
At the Fair, Feb<sup>r</sup> 28 & July 25.



THE ROAD FROM

LONDON TO RYE IN SUSSEX

Containing, from the Standard in CORNHILL LONDON <sup>Comp<sup>d</sup> Meas<sup>d</sup></sup> 46 & 64 Miles

to Lewisham	Comp <sup>d</sup> Meas <sup>d</sup> 4 6 4	to Tunbridge	20 29 6
Bromley	6 9 6	Lamberherst	28 39 6
Farnborow	9 13 6	Newenden	38 53 6
Sevenoke	16 23 6	Rye	46 64 1

The Description of LONDON - continued

Min<sup>t</sup> is a Royal Arsenal, where are Arms & Ammunition for 60000 Soldiers; for management of w<sup>th</sup> is kept & Office of Ordnance, where is belong & Master of & Ordnance, & Lieutenant General, & two other Clerk of & Ordnance, Keeper of & Stores, & Clerk of & Deliveries. This Office has also & Superintendence of & Magazines at Woolrich, Chatham, Portsmouth, Plymouth, Upnor Castle, Hull, Berrinck &c. Within & Walls of & Tower is a Chappel Royal, called *Cæsar's Chappel*, now out of use, & a Parochial Church, called *S<sup>t</sup> Petri ad Vincula infra Turrim*, exempt from all Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction of & ArchB<sup>t</sup>, & a Royal Donative without Institution or Induction. There is also a Court of Record held every Monday by Prescription for & Liberty of & Tower w<sup>th</sup> belong of Old Artillery Garden by Spittle Fields, & & little Minories holding Plea in Actions of Debt, Trespass &c. The Gentleman Porter before mentioned ab<sup>t</sup> within this Liberty, as Sheriff in their respective Counties. Near & Tower is *S<sup>t</sup> Katherine's Hospital* which has a Royal Jurisdiction in Ecclesiastical Causes & probate of Wills: & Master of it has a considerable Revenue & is commonly a Person of Quality: It has also a Commissary from w<sup>th</sup> there is no appeal but & King in his Court of Chancery, who issues out a Commission thereupon as in appeals from & Arch<sup>b</sup>, or Prerogative. London Bridge formerly of Timber was destroyed by Fire Anno 1633. 2<sup>d</sup> R<sup>e</sup> Stephen & afterwards rebuilt of Stone by E. Hen. 3<sup>d</sup> & K. John: it consists of 39 Arches, 20 Foot distant from each other, & has in & Middle a Draw Bridge, being in all 600 Foot long, 60 high, & 30 broad, it has annexed to it for its Maintenance & repair a w<sup>th</sup> Revenue in Lands & Houses, & there are several considerable Officers belonging to it, & chief of w<sup>th</sup> are & & Bridge-masters eligible yearly on Midsummer Day, after & Sheriff & Chamberlain, out of & Body of & Livery-men. London is said to have been first walled round by Constantine & Great, at & request of his Mother Helena, w<sup>th</sup> a mixture of Roman Stone & British Bricks, for & Londoners like & Diabolical demoniacs, before & time slighted fenced Cities, deeming & Courage of & Inhabitants of & best Fortification & most terrible to an Enemy. To & Walls belonged & Gates still standing, Viz: Ludgate, so Named either from K. Ludius or taken from Ludgate in regard to & Dish below it as there was & Porta Fluvientia at Rome; New Gate, from & Renown of its building called Chamberlain Gate, now & publick Goals for Multitudes &c; Aldersgate, either from its Antiquity or from Aldrick & Saxon; Cripplegate, from & adjoining Hospital for lame & Infirm People; More Gate, from a Neighbouring Bog or from formerly but since drained & turned into pleasant Walks; built by Franciscus Calconer I<sup>st</sup> Mayor Anno 1414; Bishops Gate, from some Bishop, w<sup>th</sup> & German Merch<sup>t</sup> of & Society of & Strange Com<sup>rs</sup> were formerly obliged by Articles to repair & in case of Siege to defend; Old Gate or Old Gate from its Antiquity: Besides Beling or Biling's Gate, now a Wharf for Ships, & Dour Gate i. e. Water Gate, now called Dow Gate. The Royal Exchange in Cornhill, erected first in & Year 1566 by S<sup>t</sup> Tho: Gresham a Noble Merch<sup>t</sup>, & by a Herald & Sound of Trumpet in & presence & by & Special Command of 2 Eliz. proclaimed Royal, was even then (tho' of Brick) one of & finest Bur<sup>g</sup> in & World. Before & time of its building, & Merch<sup>t</sup> had their Bur<sup>g</sup> or Meeting place in Lombard Street. The stately Fabrick now standing was

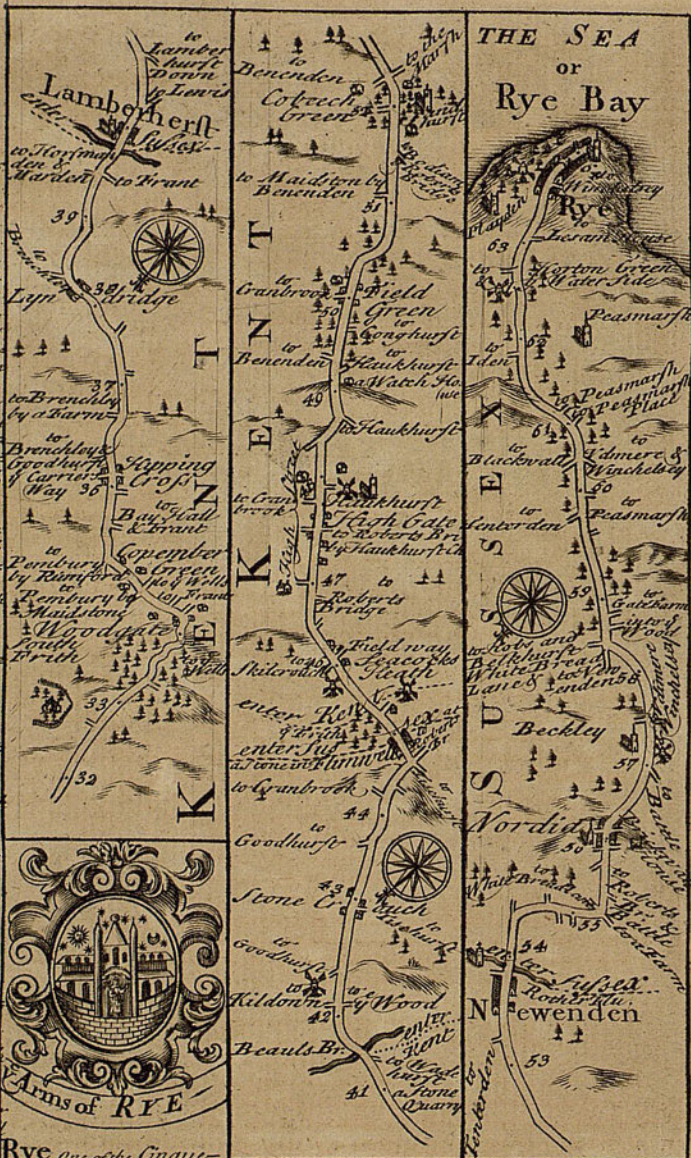


## Seven Oak

[at 23]

Received its name from seven Oaks of an extraordinary size, which grew in or near its site first building, but have been long since cut down. It is governed by a Warden, and 4 Aldermen, has a M<sup>r</sup>. on Sat. and 2 Fairs viz. June 24<sup>th</sup> & December 6<sup>th</sup>. There is an Hospital & School, founded by St. Win. Secunoke sometime Lt. Mayor of LONDON, for the instruction of poor Children, & maintenance of aged Persons. He is said to have been a Foundling brought up at St. Dunstons, & a Charge of some considerable Person of this Town, from whence he took his name; which probably disposed him to so graciously suitable a Charity. There was also formerly a magnificent Palace of the Arch B<sup>p</sup> of Canterbury, built by The Bourchier of the said See; very much enlarged & beautified by his Successor Arch B<sup>p</sup> Morlon, & Warham; which last finding it envied by the Nobility exchanged it with the King.

From the Crown (temp. Jac. 1<sup>st</sup>) it came to the Father of the Duke of Dorset, & by them it was disposed of to Mr. Richardson, commonly called Dog's Smith, who settled it for ever on St. John's Hospital. This place is lastly remarkable for the unhappy defeat & Death of St. Humphrey Stafford, by Jack Cade, & his followers, being sent against them by Ed. 4<sup>th</sup> 1471.



## Rye

One of the Cinque-Port Towns, to which Tenterden belongs as a Member, it is well built and populous, situated upon a Rocky Hill with a very pleasant Prospect toward the Sea: The Ancient Splendor of this Place is sufficiently manifested by its Tower, fortified by William of Spres, E. of Kent, and the Privileges it enjoys equally with the Cinque-Port; before it was annexed to them as a Principal. It Edw. 3<sup>d</sup> walled it round, and it had sometime a Commodious Harbour but subject to the uncertainty of the Sea. It now drives a great Fishing Trade. The Corporation consists of a Mayor, 4 Jurats, & 10 Commonalty, who with the Freeman, choose Members for Parliaments. The Parish Church is a large and Handsome Building, Markets on Wednesday, & Saturday, Fairs August 10<sup>th</sup>.



The Roads from  
**LONDON to BARNSTABLE, &c.**

Contains as follows & Comences at Andover (see Page 69)

From London to	Ascot... 108; 133 <sup>1</sup>	Ivy..... 24; 33 <sup>1</sup>
Andover... 55; 66 <sup>1</sup>	Bridge wat. 16; 143 <sup>1</sup>	Newport... 30; 42 <sup>1</sup>
Amelbury... 65; 80 <sup>1</sup>	Hartro house 26; 125 <sup>1</sup>	Hall Drunkard 38; 51 <sup>1</sup>
Shrawton... 70; 86 <sup>1</sup>	Dulverton 23; 6; 26; 98 <sup>1</sup>	Cambleford 42; 57 <sup>1</sup>
W. Minster... 80; 99 <sup>1</sup>	S. Moulton 14; 6; 183 <sup>1</sup>	St Indullion 49; 65 <sup>1</sup>
Maiden Brad 85; 106 <sup>1</sup>	Barnstable 15; 4; 194 <sup>1</sup>	Padstow 54; 72 <sup>1</sup>
Bruton... 93; 115 <sup>1</sup>	From Barnstable to	St Columb 60; 80 <sup>1</sup>
Wilton... 102; 126 <sup>1</sup>	Torrington... 8; 11 <sup>1</sup>	St Michael 65; 87 <sup>1</sup>
Regis	Hatherley 15; 21 <sup>1</sup>	Truro... 70; 94 <sup>1</sup>

**The Description of LONDON - continued**

was after a great fire built in the place of the former at the Expence of the Chamber of London by the Company of Merchants, in a Quadrangular form containing from E. to W. 423 Feet, & from N. to S. 423 Feet, & cost 500000. to reinforce w<sup>ch</sup> expence there are abt 200 Shops above stairs, let at the yearly rent of 25000. each at 3000. Fine, besides the Shops below stairs, & of fine Vaulted Cellars. N<sup>o</sup> 4 of the Ground whereon the Building stands, being very little more than 3 Quarters of an Acre, & producing above 10000. yearly, it is perhaps one of the Richest spots of the dimension in the whole World: And as for the Buil<sup>ing</sup> itself, considering its Admirable Architecture, Magnificence of its Pillars, & Fine & many Royal Statues, curiously wrought in Marble & Alabaster, & lofty Garrat whereon is a Chain of 12 Bells, & commodious Walks for Merchants in all Weathers &c. we may venture to say there is none like it. Among the said Royal Statues, & of R. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> in the middle of the Quadrangle is particularly observable for its Life & exact proportion, & Work of the Noted Carver & Sculptor, M<sup>r</sup> Grinling Gibbons created at the charge of the Society of the Merch. Adventurers of England. There are also several other Statues worth our Notice, as of R. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> on Horseback, at Charing Cross (done in Brass by Lafleur, a great Artist) who made the Magnific. Brazon Monuments in R. Henry 7<sup>th</sup> Chappel, for the D<sup>uke</sup> of Buckingham's tomb (Belton) Near w<sup>ch</sup> is a Mausoleum called because the King formerly kept his Stables in it, as he does now his Horses. The Statue of R. Edw. 1<sup>st</sup> of Brass in the Court at Whitehall, & another of R. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> over the Counter at Stocks Market, erected at the Gift of the worthy Citizens & Aldermen. S<sup>r</sup> Rob<sup>t</sup> Finer K<sup>t</sup> & Bar<sup>on</sup> are likewise to be admired. Omitting the several Magnificent Halls of the Incorporate Companies as Mercers, Drapers, Fishmongers, Skinners, Goldsmiths, Merchants Taylors &c. we shall only touch upon Guildhall. It was first built by S<sup>r</sup> Tho<sup>s</sup> Knowles Mayor A<sup>d</sup> 1411, & after a Fire rebuilt as we now see it, in the 1<sup>st</sup> of Edw. 6. Budget of Westminster upon the 1<sup>st</sup> of R. 2<sup>nd</sup> &c. & the Mayors & Sheriff Court, & the Court of Conscience: Near it is a very fine Chappel for the use of the Mayor & Court of Aldermen. Near or adjoining to Guildhall is Blackwell Hall a grand repository of the Woollen Manufactory, under the Government of Christ Church. Of the several publick Offices at the Admiralty Office at Charing Cross, & Navy Office, Pay Office, Victualling Office &c. we shall particularly observe the Custom House in Thomas Street a very uniform Building not being rebuilt after a Fire by R. Chas. 2<sup>nd</sup>, cost 100000. It suffered again by a Fire not long since, but has been repaired. And if Commissioners during the time of its reparation too had convenient House in Leadenhall Street where they still sit, being in Number 8, holding places by Patent from the King, who allow each of them a Salary of 10000. The under Officers are appointed by a Warrant from the L<sup>rd</sup> of the Treasury. The Customs are said to be worth to the Crown yearly upwards of 1300000. Next the Excise Office in Oldbury, where the Commissioners of his Majesty's Excise, being in Number who had formerly a Salary of 20000. The w<sup>ch</sup> is now 20000. by reason of the Annexion of the Leather Office, formerly managed by distinct Comis<sup>s</sup>. The Post House General in Lombard Street, is a very convenient building purchased by R. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> of S<sup>r</sup> Rob<sup>t</sup> Finer. The Office is executed by a Postmaster General, & managed by a Deputy & 77 Persons, who give their actual attendance. Hence Letters & Packets are dispatched every Monday to France, Italy, Spain, Flanders, Germany, Sweden, Denmark, Kent, & Downs: Tuesday, to the United Netherlands, Germany, Sweden, Denmark, all parts of England, Scotland, & Ireland: Wednesday to Kent, & Downs: Thursday, to France, Spain, Italy, & all parts of England.



**Warminster** [at 99]

A pretty large Town, & anciently enjoyed great Immunity for Doom day Book says, neq[ue]d: dunt, nec fudat p[re]s[ent]e & up[er]d no Tribute or Tax. It has a very good Corn Market on Saturdays, & very good Inns.

**Amesbury** [at 80]

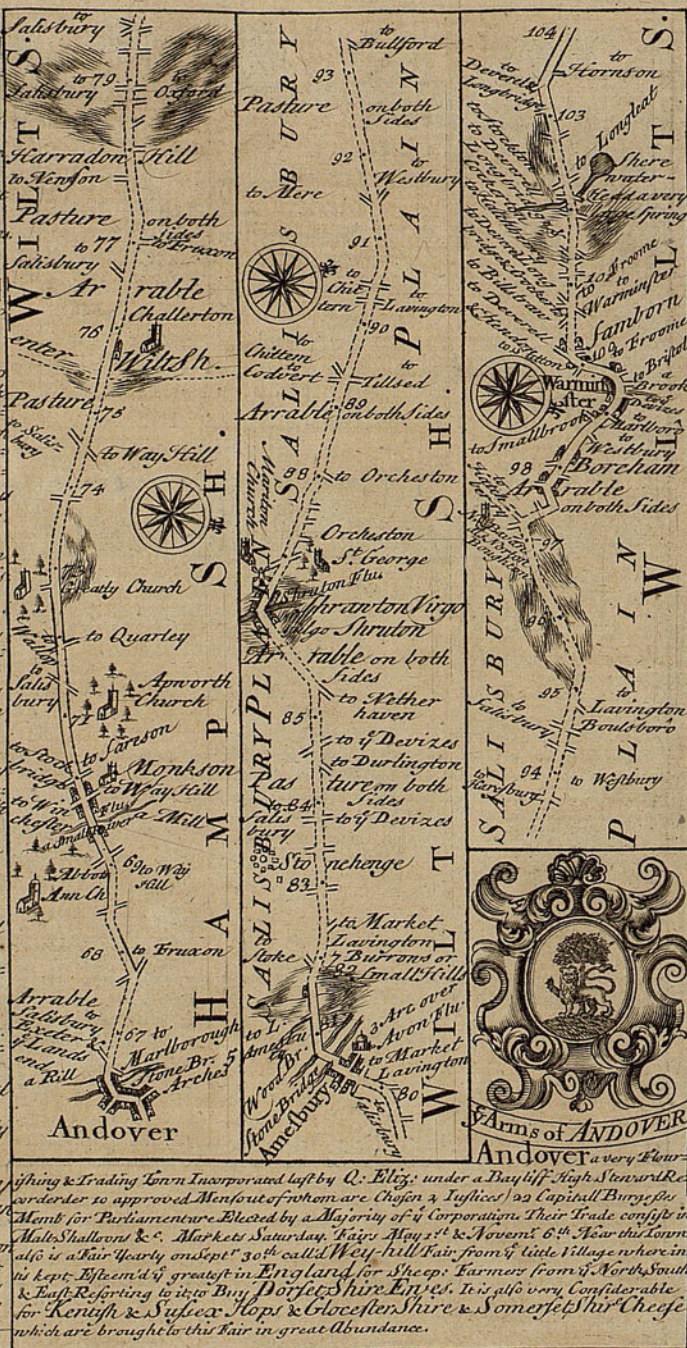
Received its Name from the Valiant Ambrosius Aurelianus, who in the Declension of the Roman Empire, took upon him the Government of Britain, & with the assistance of Mag-nanimous Arthur, repelled the most furious Attacks of his Enemies, & Foreign Invaders, but was at length slain in a sea Battle on Salisbury Plain, in the defence of his Country.

Here was a Monastery founded by Ambrosius, for 300 Monks, who were to pray for the Souls of those that were slain by the treachery of Hengist the Saxon. Here was also a Sundry Nunnery built and endowed by Alfritha Wife to K. Edgar, to expiate the Murder of her Son, & Son K. Edward. 2. Eleanor Wife to K. Henry 3<sup>d</sup>, announced all Regal Pomp, and spent the latter part of her days in this Nunne-ry. Mary Daughter to K. Ed. 1<sup>st</sup> & 3. Noble Men's Daughters, were veiled in it on Ascension day, Anno 1235. This Town has several good Inns, a M<sup>o</sup>n Friday, & 2 Fairs yearly.

**Maiden Bradley**

Here was formerly a Hospital for Lepers built & endowed by Manser Bisbet about the latter end of K. Stephens Reign, or the beginning of K. Henry the 2<sup>d</sup>.

[at 106]



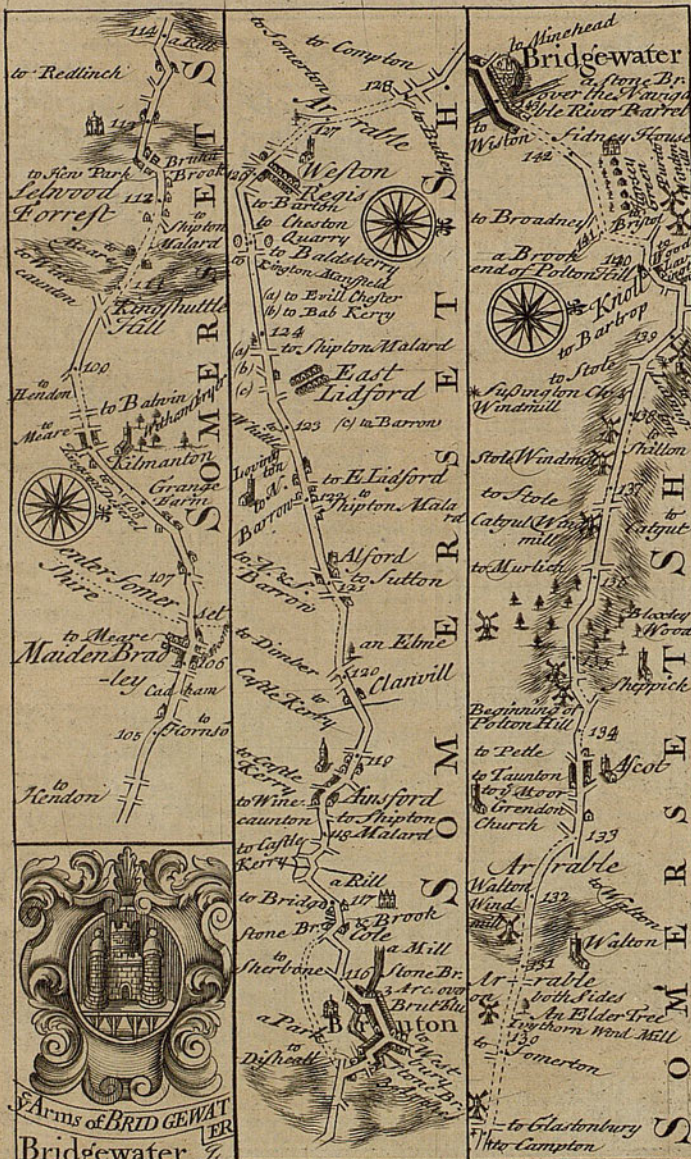




**Bridge water**  
Gives Title of Earl  
to the Noble Scroop  
Gerton. Created  
Earl, May 27.<sup>th</sup>  
1617: 15 James 1.  
Chief Seats, at Aford  
in the County of Bucks,  
Elmerr in 1/2 County  
of Salop, & Newbo  
rough in Staffordshire.

**Bruton** [at 115]  
Is a Town well built  
& inhabited has a  
fair Church a Free-  
School founded by K.  
Ed. 6<sup>th</sup> & a Noble  
Alms-house Its chief  
Trade is in Linnen  
Clothes &c M<sup>r</sup> Satterth  
3 Times yearly

**Stonehenge**, -  
a strange Structure of  
a single bingh about  
28 Foot high & 7 in  
breadth placed in 3  
Circles one within ano-  
ther reckoned as one  
of the Wonders of our  
Land & said to be  
erected by Uther Pen-  
dragon assisted by  
the British Merlin  
in Remembrance of the  
Remains of the  
near this Place by the  
Saxons under Hæ-  
gysta pretended Tre-  
achery Camblen & others are  
of Opinion that these  
Stones were not hewn  
out of the Rock but arti-  
ficially made of pure  
Sand & by some Gla-  
ucious matter cemented  
together.



### Bridge water

a Sea Port Town, & ancient Corporation had its first Charter from K. John, was made a Mayor Town by K. Hen. 4<sup>th</sup> & a distinct County by K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup>. It is govt. by a Mayor, Recorder, Bayliffs, Aldermen, & 24 Common Council men: The said Mayor Recorder & Aldermen are Justices of the Peace: They have also a Town clerk, 2 Sergeants at Mace, & a Water Bayliff. The Freemen are free of all Sea Port Towns in England & Ireland except London & Dublin. The Inhabitants paying a Foot & a Lot each. Members for Parl. Here is a very fine Par. Church dedicated to St. Mary & 2 good Marksmen. The 4 Fair Days, viz. The 1<sup>st</sup> of Lent, June 2<sup>nd</sup>, Sept. 21<sup>st</sup>, & Dec. 9<sup>th</sup>. Here was anciently a Castle built by Wm de Brioune, in the reign of K. Ric. He also very much improved it, Haven, & began to build a Bridge, which was finished by one Thivell or Thivell a Nobleman of Cornwall. The said Thivell likewise created an Hospital here, dedicated to St. John





**Torrington**  
Gives Title of  
Baron to the  
Right Honour-  
able Thomas  
Nonport.  
Greated Baron  
Torrington,  
July, 4<sup>th</sup> 1716.  
Chief Seat at  
Trickenham  
in the County  
of Middlesex.

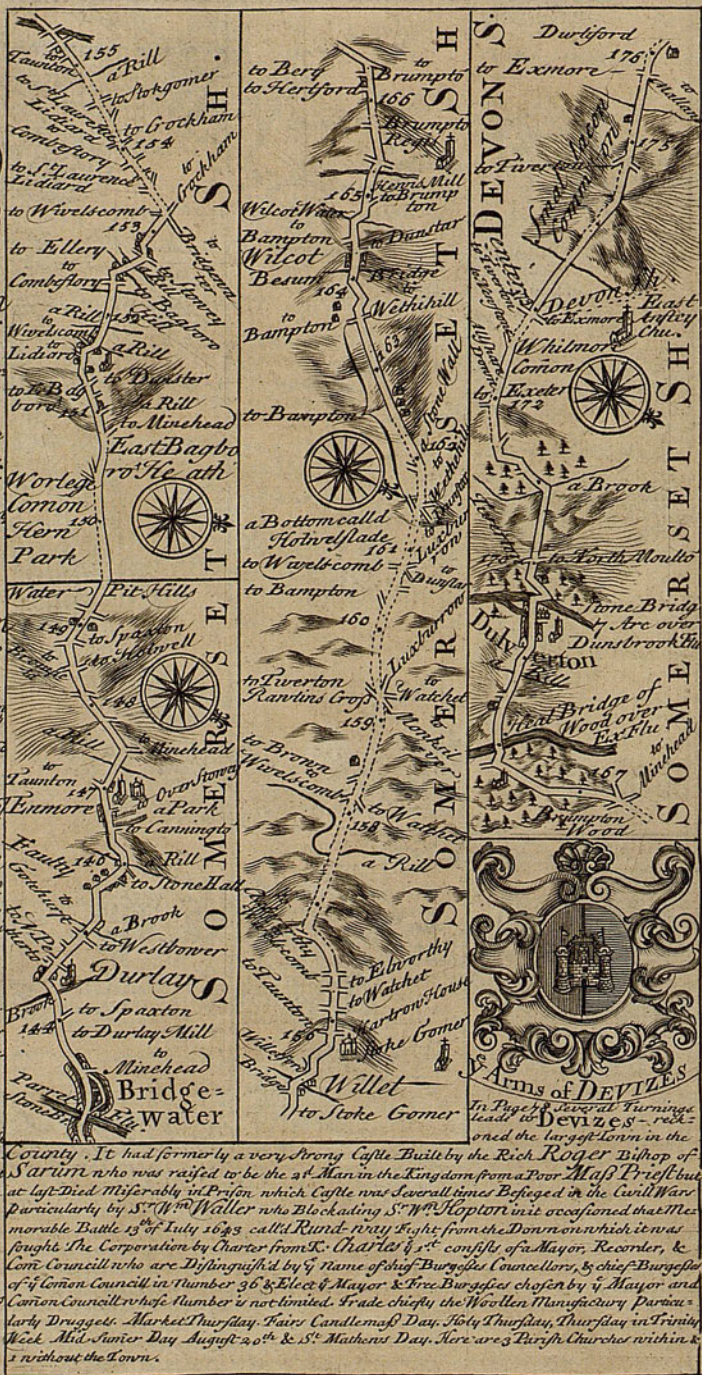
### Dulverton

Is a well accom-  
modated Town, has  
a good M<sup>on</sup> Sat.  
&c. Fairs, Viz on  
the Feasts of S<sup>t</sup>  
Simon & Jude, and  
S<sup>t</sup> Peter; for Cat-  
tle and Sheep  
Chiefly (at 1716)

### Moulton

Is a Corporation  
Gov<sup>d</sup>. by a May<sup>r</sup>,  
Recorder, & Cap<sup>l</sup>  
Burgesses.  
The said May<sup>r</sup>,  
is a Justice of p<sup>e</sup>  
Peace for a year  
after his May<sup>r</sup>  
day, and the Cl<sup>e</sup>  
dest Burgess  
licen<sup>se</sup>. This  
Town trades  
mostly in Serge<sup>s</sup>  
and Felts, has  
a good M<sup>on</sup> Sat.  
and 2 Fairs,  
Viz on Feasts  
fore S<sup>t</sup>. Barna-  
bys, and the  
Sat before S<sup>t</sup>.  
Bartholomew  
day.

[at 183]



County. It had formerly a very strong Castle built by the Rich Roger Bishop of Sarum who was raised to be the 3<sup>d</sup> Man in the Kingdom from a Poor Mass Priest but at last Died Miserably in Prison which Castle was severall times Befieged in the Civil Wars Particularly by S<sup>t</sup>. W<sup>m</sup>. Waller who Blockading S<sup>t</sup>. W<sup>m</sup>. Hopton in the occasioned that Memorable Battle 13<sup>th</sup> of July 1643 called Round-way Fight from the Down on which it was fought. The Corporation by Charter from K. Charles 1<sup>st</sup> consists of a Mayor, Recorder, & Com<sup>rs</sup> Councill who are Distinguished by 4<sup>th</sup> Name of chief Burgesses Councillors, & chief Burgesses of 4 Common Council in Number 36 & Elect a Mayor & Free Burgesses chosen by 4 Mayor and Common Council whose Number is not limited. Trade chiefly the Woollen Manufactory Particu-  
larly Druggers. Market Thursday. Fairs Candlemas Day, Holy Thursday, Thursday in Trinity Week, Mid-Summer Day August 20<sup>th</sup> & 15<sup>th</sup> Mathews Day. There are 3 Parish Churches within & 1 without the Town.

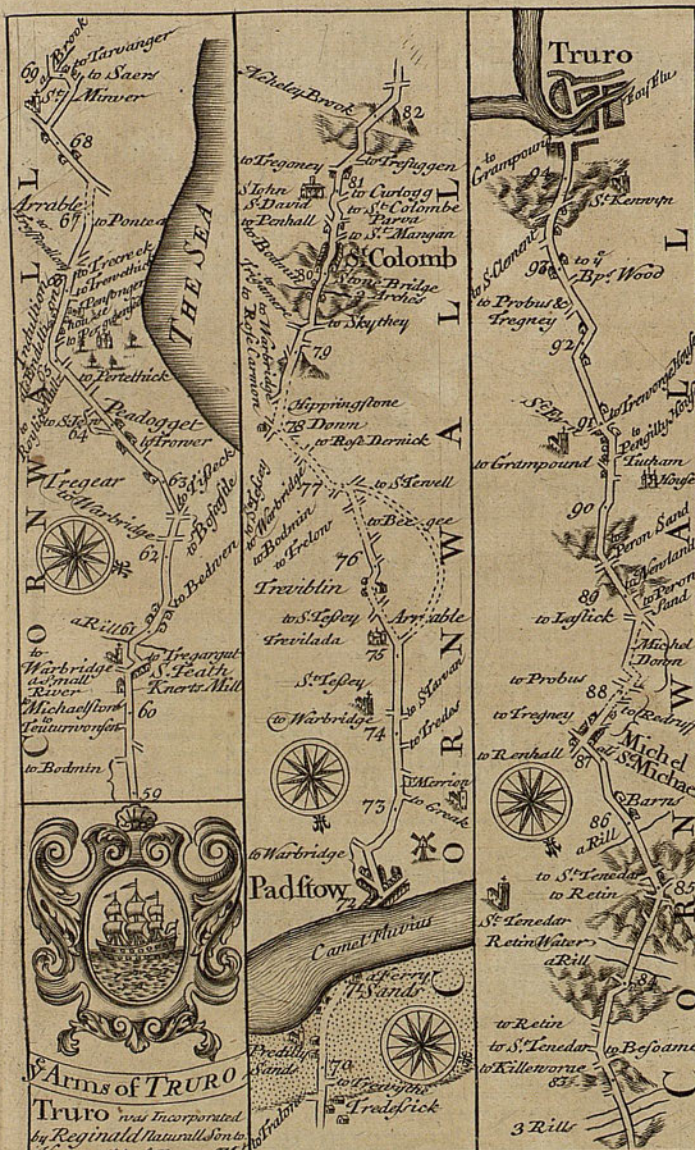












**St. Colomb at 80**  
 is the Lordship of the whole  
 Family of the **Arundels**  
 of Lanheron; many of  
 whom lye Buried in the  
 Church here, Consecrated  
 for the Learned Day in  
 Memory of **S<sup>t</sup>. Columba**.  
 Market Saturday, Fair  
 April 24<sup>th</sup> and June 14<sup>th</sup>.  
 Here the Justices of the  
 South division of this  
 County, usually keep their  
 Sessions, and have Power  
 to hold a Court once in 3  
 Weeks, for all Actions un-  
 der 40 Shillings. Here is  
 a Charity School for 32  
 Boys, and 8 Girls.

**St. Michael Michel**,  
 but properly Michel,  
 a Borough by prescription;  
 Govern'd by a Port-  
 rare annually chosen  
 by a Jury consisting of  
 the principal Inhabi-  
 tants of the Borough, at  
 the Court Leet of the  
 Heir of the ancient Fa-  
 mily of **Arundell** of  
**Llanheron**, who is High  
 Lord of the Town; his  
 ancestor **Ralph de A-**  
**rundel** having purchas-  
 ed the Mannor, temp.  
**Hen. 3<sup>d</sup>**. The said Port-  
 rare by prescription, is  
 to be chosen out of the 6  
 chief Tenants or Sub-  
 tutes of the said High-  
 Lord, called Deputy-  
 Lords; & the right of  
 electing Membrs for Par-  
 liam. by Force in the Hou-  
 se of Commons, 10<sup>th</sup> March  
 1700, settled to be 10  
 Lords of the Borough,  
 capable of being Port-  
 rares, & the Inhabitants  
 paying Scot & Lot who  
 are about 26 in Numbr.  
 Fair, **S<sup>t</sup>. Francis** day.

**Newport at 42**  
 is a Borough by Prescrip-  
 tion, adjoining to **Lan-**  
**chester**, but sends 10  
 Membrs to Parliam.



**Arms of TRURO**

**Truro** now Incorporated  
 by **Reginald Russell** Son to  
**Henry 1<sup>st</sup>** by the Name of **May-**  
**or Burges**, now consisting of a Mayor & Aldermen & 20 Capital Burgeses, who choose  
 Members for Parliam. The Mayor has large Priviledges by Prescription being also  
 Mayor of **Falmouth** a Noted Sea Port not far from this Town. The Keyage of Goods  
 laden & unladen there belongs to this Corporation. Here is a Commodious Key for Keel  
 of about 100 Tons; their chief Trade is in Tin & Copper Ore. The **L<sup>d</sup>** Warden of **S<sup>t</sup>. Mar-**  
**garet** holds his Convocation or Parliament here. The Town has the benefit of 4 Coinage of  
 Tin - Market Wednesday & Saturday. Fairs Wednesday in Whitsun Week, Nov. 19<sup>th</sup> & S<sup>t</sup>. Christo-  
 pher's Day. Elected by 10 Inhabitants paying Scot & Lot, or being Burgeses holders in this District in Number about 60,  
 returned by the **Freemen** who are 2 Officers, chosen Annually by a Jury, at the Lord of the Mannor's Court, **S<sup>t</sup>. -**  
**Nicholas Morice** Bar. being the present Lord and one of the Representatives for the Borough. Market, Satur-  
 day. Fairs May Day, **S<sup>t</sup>. Margaret**, and Holy Rood Day.



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO BATH & WELLS

Commencing at Chippenharn & Marlborough in *WILT SHIRE*  
in the *BRISTOL ROAD* [see Page 24.] of *Fifty* containing 102 <sup>Comp. Meas.</sup> 27 <sup>94</sup> Miles

to Chippenharn --- 77 <sup>Comp. Meas.</sup> 94 <sup>Comp. Meas.</sup> Paulton --- 94 <sup>117</sup> 1

*BATH* --- 87 <sup>108</sup> *WELLS* --- 102 <sup>127</sup> 5

Otherwise by Marlborough Containing 96 <sup>Comp. Meas.</sup> 120 <sup>124</sup> Miles

to Marlborough --- 62 <sup>Comp. Meas.</sup> 75 <sup>Comp. Meas.</sup> Philips Norton --- 84 <sup>104</sup> 1

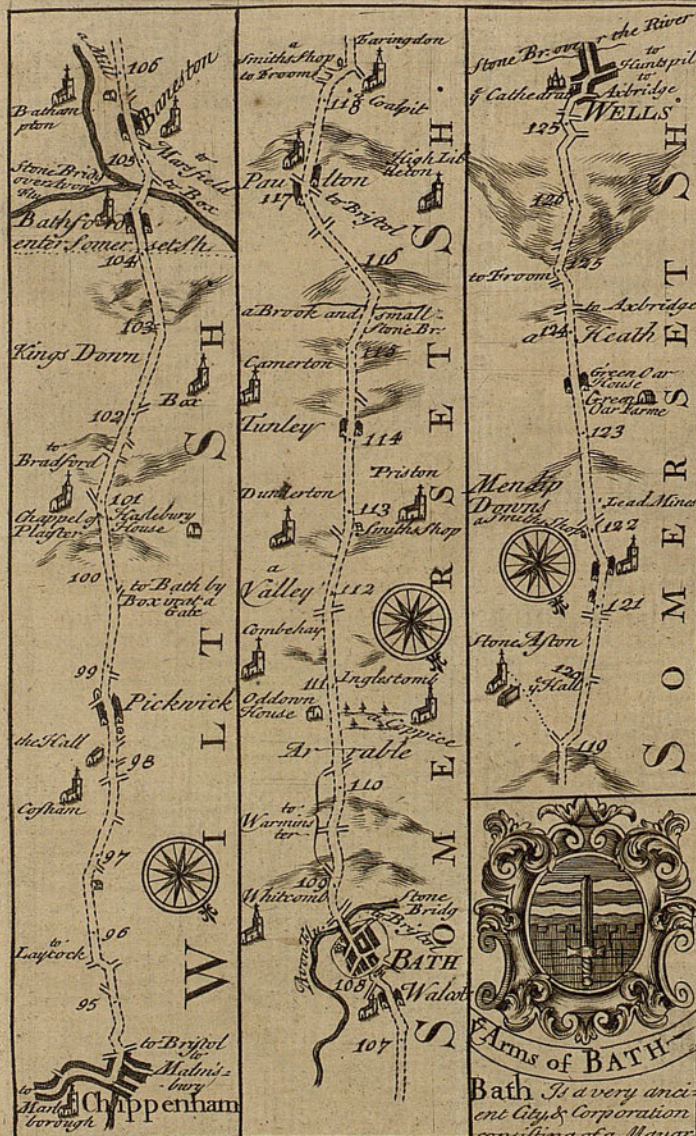
Devizes --- 72 <sup>89</sup> Chilcompton --- 91 <sup>112</sup> 1

Troubridge --- 80 <sup>96</sup> *WELLS* --- 96 <sup>120</sup> 2

## The Description of LONDON - continued

and Ireland. Wednesday, to Kent, & Downs; Thursday, to France, Spain, Italy, & all parts of England & Scotland; Friday, to Spain, the United Netherlands, Germany, Sweden, Denmark, Kent, & Downs; Saturday, to all parts of England, Scotland, & Ireland. The region of Mail, & Post is every Month West & East, from all parts of England & Scotland, except Wales; from Wales, every Monday, & Friday, & from Kent, & Downs every Day. The Office of King's Great Wardrobe, was formerly kept in a City near Puddle Dock, in an Old House built by St. In. Beauchamp, Son of Guy, de Beauchamp, E. of Warwick, & sold to K. Edw. 3<sup>d</sup>, but now after a great Fire removed to York Buildings, where it still continues. The Master or Keeper of this Wardrobe is an Officer of great Dignity, & diverse great privileges were conferred on him by K. Hen. 6<sup>th</sup> & his Successors. K. J. 1<sup>st</sup>, ordered if this Office should be a Corp, & Body Politick. Their Business is to provide for King & Royal Family w<sup>th</sup> Robes &c. Coronations, Marriages, Funerals &c. Ropes for 1<sup>st</sup> of 4 Quarter against their Insultations. Continuance for 1<sup>st</sup> Lieutenant of Ireland, & Majors Embassadors abroad. In a next place let us take notice of several Colleges, Hospitals, & Schools in & about this Noble City as St. John's College or of College of 4 London Clergy, in a Parish of 1<sup>st</sup> Allage within Cripple Gate, anciently a Religious House & Hospital called Elsing Spittle, from W. Elsing a Mercer, who founded it, An. 1329. 3<sup>d</sup> Edw. 3<sup>d</sup>. It is now a College for 4 use of 4 London Clergy, Incorporated by K. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> by the Name of 4 President & Fellows of St. John's College within 4 City of London, at request of D. Tho. White Vice-Chancellor of 4 University in 4 West & a Representative of 4 Paul's. It likewise an Hospital for 40 Poor Men, & 40 Poor Women, maintained chiefly by 4 benefaction of 4 D. White. This College is subject to 4 Visitation of 4 Bp. of London, & has belonging to it a very good Library for 4 use of 4 Clergy as of 4 School. Doctors' Commons, or 4 College of Civilians founded by D. Henry Harvey, Dean of 4 Arches, where commonly reside 4 Judge of 4 Arches, & Judge of 4 Prerogative Court, & diverse other eminent Civil Lawyers. Here also resides 4 Judge of 4 High Court of Admiralty of England, w<sup>ch</sup> is held in 4 Corn Hall in D. Commons, for 4 decision of Maritime Disputes & Controversies, but 4 Sessions for tryal of 4 Malefactors & Crimes committed at Sea, are still held at 4 Ancient place on 4 Margaret's Hill, Southwarke. The College of Physicians in Warwick Lane, are a Corp, by Charter from K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup>, & Chas. 1<sup>st</sup>, & J. 1<sup>st</sup>, consisting of 4 Presidents, & Censors, 12 Electors, & Fellows; not exceeding 80. This Corp. enjoys great privileges & immunities, has 4 power of suppressing Apothecaries Shops in & about London, nor may 4 any Person this a Graduate in Physick, of Oxford or Cambridge, practice in 4 City, or within 4 Miles of it, without Licence under 4 Seal of 4 Colleges. This Learned & useful Body, out of their own Generosity & Charity, have created 4 Dispensaries for 4 relief of 4 Poor, (viz.) in 4 College, in 4 Peter's Alley, Cornhill, & 4 Margaret's Lane Westminster; at each of w<sup>ch</sup> places if best Medicines are sold at 4 intrinsick value, & advice administered to Poor Patients gratis every Day but Sunday, from 3 till 6, at one of them. Gresham College in Bishop's Gate Street, founded by St. Tho. Gresham, who after he had built 4 Royal Exchange gave one Moiety of 4 Revenue thereof to 4 Mayor & Commonalty of London & their Successors, & 4 other Moiety to 4 Mercers Company; In 4 last Chas. 1<sup>st</sup> May. 1636. should find in all time to come 4 able Persons to Read within this College Divinity, Geometry, & Astronomy in Latin in 4 forenoon, & 4 same in English in 4 afternoon, & every Day in solemn, except Sunday & Musick in English, & to allow each of them 5<sup>s</sup>. p. An. & convenient Lodging; And that 4 said Company should find 3 other able Persons to read





**Chuton** [at 1025]  
Famous for having been the seat of William Bonwill, who was created Baron and Knight of the Garter by R. Hen. 6<sup>th</sup>. But afterwards, unhappily siding with the House of York against the said King was taken in the Battle of Tewkesbury, & beheaded. He lies interred with his Lady in the Chancel at Chuton.

**Cheddar Cliffs**, under Mendip Hills, near the Road, is a famous and clear spring; which, within a Quarter of a Mile of its source, turns 12 Mills.

**Farley Castle**  
Formerly belonged to the Hungerforts; and had a Monastery founded by Humphrey Bohun.  
[at 102]

**Philips Norton**  
Taking its Name from the Church dedicated to St. Philip, is a pretty Town having a Market on Friday, and 5 Fairs Yearly.  
[at 104]



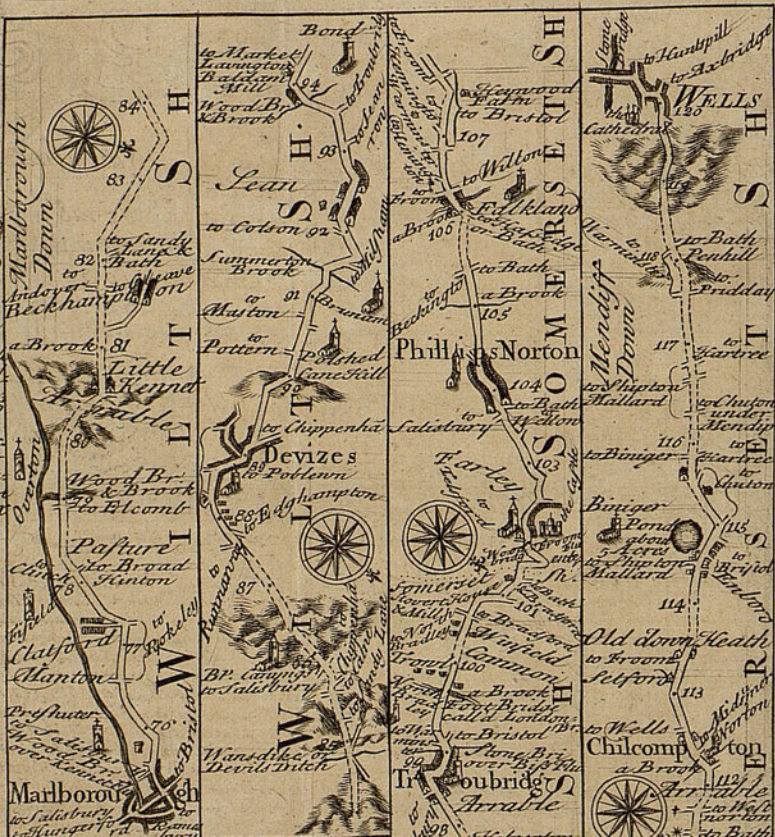
**Bath** Is a very ancient City & Corporation consisting of a Mayor,

(annually chosen out of) 10 Aldermen, a Recorder, a Bayliff or Sheriff, a Town-Clerk, 30 Common Council-men, & some of them chosen yearly, a Chamberlain, Constables, Sergeants at Mace, &c. Here are three famous hot Springs, viz<sup>t</sup> The Cross Bath, the Hot Bath, and the King's or Royal Bath, whose heat is by some Persons attributed to their passing through certain Sulphureous Vains of the Earth, and by others to a real Subterraneous Fire. They are found by experience to be so beneficial in many cases, especially Impotency, Sterility &c. That great numbers of the best Quality & distinction resort hither for their use, to the great advantage of the City, which is in a very flourishing Condition, well built & inhabited having 3 Par. Ch<sup>rs</sup>. The Cathedral, founded by Oliver King B.P. of 4 Sec. M<sup>o</sup> Wedn. & Sat. Fairs Feb. 3, & 5. St. Peter's day





*Chetton*  
Gives title to GREY  
Jat Waldegrave, Great Baron Jan 20<sup>th</sup> 1683. Jac 24<sup>th</sup> Chet Seats at last restock in Com. Spect

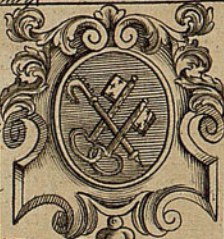


### Troubridge (at 99)

Had formerly a strong Castle now demolished. The Carls of Sarum, Dukes of Lancaster and Carls of Hereford were formerly Lords of Troubridge, and in it is now kept the Court of the Duchy of Lancaster for this County about — Michaelmas. M<sup>c</sup> Sat. Fair. T. James' day.

### Wans-dike or the Devils ditch

The Country People have a Tradition, that it is so named from its being cast up by the Devil on a Wednesday; But it is with greater probability supposed to have been made by the Saxons, on the Settlement of their Kingdom in these parts, to prevent the IncurSIONS of the Britains: it is like that which Offa made to defend his Mercians.



### The DEANARY of WELLS

Traced by — about the Year 1130 by the first Dean

of Somerset, and therein 388 Parishes: Was founded by the King of the West Saxons, Anno Domini 694. Adedimus into Bishop. Value 593 Pound, 1 Shilling 3 Pence. Seats, Wells, Palace, and Barnwell in Somersetshire.

### The BISHOPRICK of BATH & WELLS

Contains the County of Somerset, and therein 388 Parishes: Was founded by the King of the West Saxons, Anno Domini 694. Adedimus into Bishop. Value 593 Pound, 1 Shilling 3 Pence. Seats, Wells, Palace, and Barnwell in Somersetshire.





## The Roads from

LONDON to BOSTON &c. Commencing at Stilton (see p. 10)  
Containing 90; 29 com. & 114; 137 1/4 mea. Miles.

Stilton . . . . .	57 69 1/2	Setherton . . . . .	85 208 1/2
Peterboro . . . . .	62 76 1/4	Boston . . . . .	90 114 1/3
to Widdrington . . . . .	65 80 1/2	to Heckington . . . . .	10 123 1/3
Crowland . . . . .	71 88	Sleaford . . . . .	15 129 1/4
Spalding . . . . .	78 98	LINCOLN . . . . .	29 137 1/4

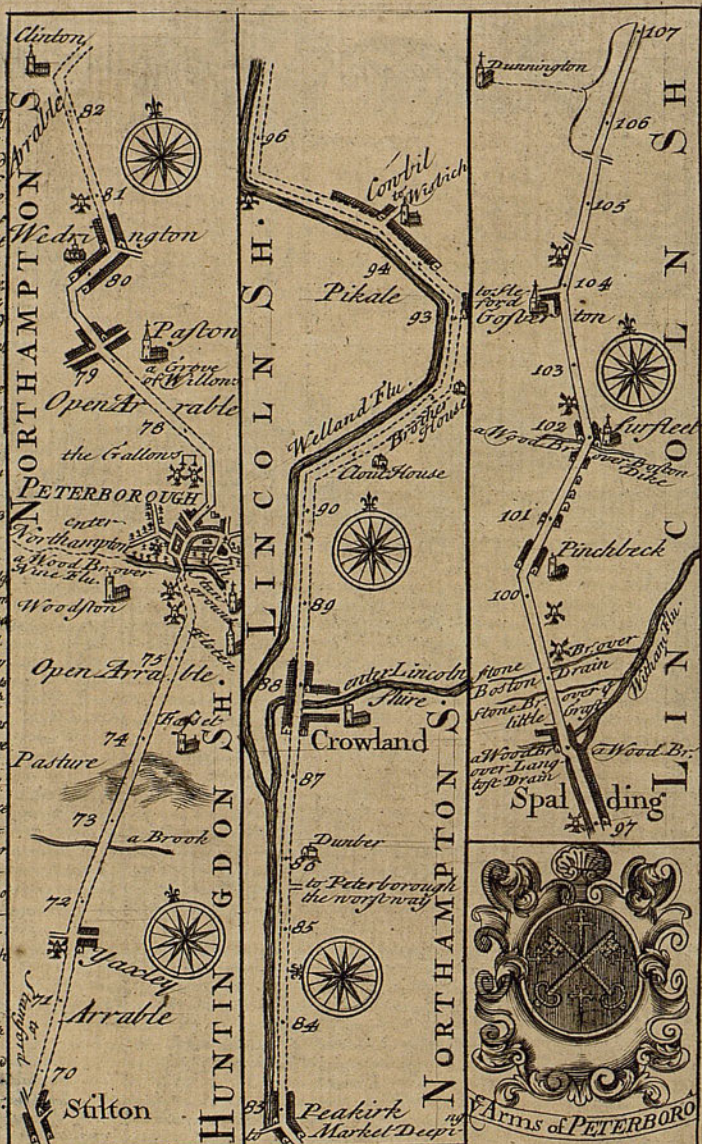
## The Description of LONDON - continued -

read Civil Law, Physick, & Rhetorick, & allow them in like manner. Not far from Doctors Commons is the College of Heralds, an ancient House on St. Bennets Hill, built by Tho: Stanley Esq. of Derby, who married Margaret Countess of Richmond, K. Henry 4<sup>th</sup> Mother. The D. of Norfolk prevailed on L. Mary to bestow it on the Kings Heralds & Pursuivants at Arms for ever. Their business is to be Proclamators of War & Peace, Regulators of the Arms & Genealogies of Nobility & Gentry, Directors & Managers of Coronations, Marriages, Christenings, Funerals, Interments, Deaths of Princes, Installation of Kings of Great Britain, &c. &c. made them a Corporation by Charter exempt from Tolls, Taxes, & double some Offices. They were re-incorporated by K. Edward 6<sup>th</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> R. 2<sup>nd</sup>, & their Privileges enlarged. There Old House was mostly consumed by the Great Fire, & has been since handsomely rebuilt. The next thing notable are the Colleges or Societies of the Common Lawyers, & of them in the first place the Junior & Middle Temple, the Outer supposed ex vi termini stood formerly where Essex Street now is. They were originally the entire Temple founded by Herodius the Patriarch of Jerusalem, after the Model of that which stood near our Saviours Sepulchre, for a Society of Kings or Holy Warriors, obliged by solemn Vows & engagements to protect to the utmost of their Power, the Christians, & such as went Pilgrims to the Sepulchre of our Lord, against the Mahometans on which account they were famous, & by the Munificence of several Noble Members & others Rich even to the Kings of England, who occasioned their suppression by 23<sup>rd</sup> Hen. 6<sup>th</sup>, & their Lands &c. were by Act Parl<sup>mt</sup> 7<sup>th</sup> Edw. 4<sup>th</sup> R. 2<sup>nd</sup> settled on the Knights Hospitallers of St. Johns Jerusalem. Sometime after the suppression of Religious Houses by Henry 8<sup>th</sup>, the Common Lawyers purchased this Temple for the convenience of so disabled building, & re-increment, these Temples, tho' seemingly but one, are 2 distinct Societies, of which few Persons are actually admitted Members, but such as are designed for the Barr. Of the same Nature is Lincolns Inn, an ancient possession of the Bp. of Lincoln, & Grays Inn of the Noble Family of the Grays. The 3 Serjeants Inns (viz) in Fleet Street, & Chancery Lane, are for Judges or Lawyers of the Degree of Serjeants, & of the Inns of Court belong certain inferior Inns for Bachelors & Practisers of the Law termed Inns of Chancery, with a New Inn, Clements Inn, & Lions Inn formerly a Convent of the Order of the Lion in the Strand, Cliffords Inn, anciently the House of the L. Clifford in Fleet Street, Staples Inn, (belonging to the Merchants of the Staple) Furnivals Inn, Bernards Inn, & Thadys or Davids Inn in Holborne. A. B. These Societies are said to be no Corporations, nor have any Judicial Power, nor their Members, but certain Statutes among themselves which have by consent of the Law. Near the Temple stands the Rolls in Chancery Lane, the Old Domus Conversorum, being a House built for the Converted Jews An. 1233, temp. Hen. 3<sup>rd</sup>, & upon the Jews being banished, & Realm, granted by K. Edward 3<sup>rd</sup> to W. m. Bussall & then Custos Rotulorum & his Successors, the grant was afterwards confirmed by Act of Parliament, 1<sup>st</sup> Ric. 2<sup>nd</sup> R. 2<sup>nd</sup>, & the Master of the Rolls has been since obliged to Every Converted Jew that shall demand it 3<sup>rd</sup> per Diem, in lieu of their ancient Vengeance which now possesses of Old Fabrick has been very lately pulled down, & a very stately one erected in the room of it, the expense of which has been chiefly defrayed by the present Majesty. The Charter House was anciently a Convent of Carthusian Monks, founded by St. Walter de Mary, An. 1370. 45<sup>th</sup> Edw. 3<sup>rd</sup> R. 2<sup>nd</sup> upon the dissolution, was granted to St. Tho: Audley, from whom it passed to the D. of Norfolk, & so to the Bp. of Suffolk, of whom Tho: Sutton of Camps Castle in the County of Cambridge purchased it for 1300<sup>l</sup>, & settled on it an Estate of 4493. 19. 10. for a Master, Governour, Chaplain, 40 Poor Scholars, 80 Prisoners or Brothers &c. Christo Hospital was



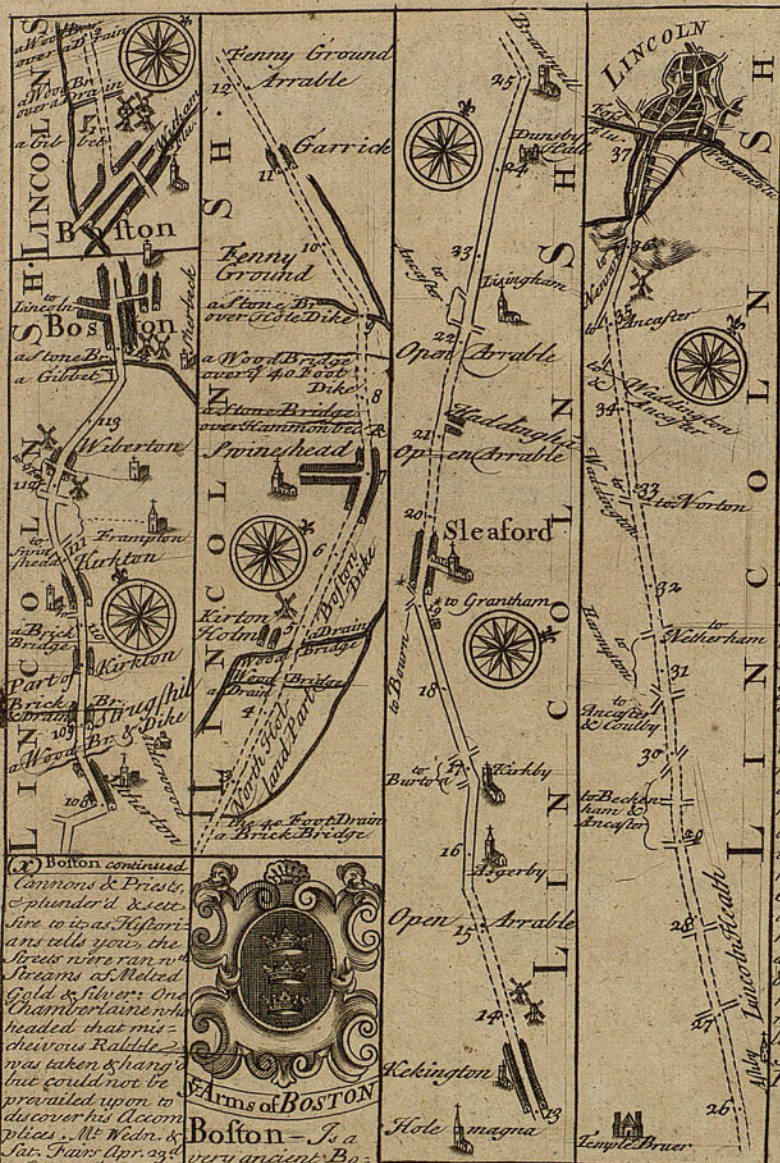
# Crowland or Croyland

Famous of old for its Abbey, Founded by Ethelwald Kof the Mercians, and 716, in memory of S. Saint or Hermit Guthlacus, who came & resided here, in order to suppress the evil Spirits and Frightfull Apparitions with which this place is said to have been haunted in his days. This Town (as we may make S. Comparison) is said to be like Venice, on Piles consisting of 3 Islands, which have a Communication by a Triangular bridge it is so remote from Pasture, that S. Inhabitants are obliged to goe a Milking by Water, in little Boats called Rerrys, which carry 2 or 3 persons at a time. They have great Plenty of Fish here, & Fornish in such Abundance that in S. proper Season of the year (as related) they sometimes take 3000 Ducks at once, in one single net for the liberty of Fishing & Fowling - they formerly paid S. Abbot 300 Sterling yearly, which has been since paid to the Crown, since S. Bartholemew's.



**PETERBORO** - Is so called from the Monastery founded in it by Wolpher, K. of the Mercians, and dedicated to S. Peter; which upon the Suppression of Religious houses, and the Foundation of this Bishoprick temp. Hen. 8. K. was converted into a Cathedral Ch. which is at this day a very Stately Structure, having in its windows curiously painted S. History of the S. Wolpher its founder, & S. Succession of all S. Abbots. In the Choir of S. Church lye interred 42 unfortunate Queens, Katherine of Spain, Mary of Scots, This Town was from an ancient Village & Borough, made a City & S. See of a B. in 1541 by S. said K. Henry The May's Record, & S. oth. officers of S. City (which has its Representative in Par.) are elected by S. Dean & Chapter, and the R. Hon. of S. Ex. of Exeter, who is l. to Rotulorum, appoints Justices of the Peace. The Market house is a very neat Building: over it are held S. Assizes for the County & Sessions for S. Hundred of Nissaburg. M. Sat. Term June 29, Aug 6, & Sept 25.





Spalding-  
Is an  
ancient and  
well built  
situate on  
the Navigable Well-  
land, and  
having a  
good Mt  
for Corn,  
Cattle, &c.  
on Tuesd 2  
82. Fair,  
viz Sept. 14  
& Dec. 6. 4  
(at 98)

Peakirk  
Received  
its Name  
from Pegd  
Sister of St  
Guilck;  
a Holy Wo-  
man who  
is said to  
have resi-  
ded here,  
when Chris-  
tianity was  
in its In-  
fancy in  
England,  
and by  
her Pious  
example  
& Doctrine,  
made ma-  
ny Prose-  
lites to our  
Sacred  
Religion  
(at 83)

(X) Boston continued  
Cannons & Priests,  
splendid & set,  
live to it as Histori-  
ans tell you, the  
streets were ran w<sup>th</sup>  
Streams of Melted  
Gold & silver: One  
Chamberlaine who  
headed that mis-  
chievous Rabble 2  
was taken & hang'd  
but could not be  
prevailed upon to  
discover his Accom-  
plis. M<sup>r</sup> Wedn. &  
Sat. Fair Apr. 23<sup>d</sup>  
& July 25<sup>th</sup>



Arms of BOSTON

Boston - Is a  
very ancient Bo-  
rough, and at present a very flourishing Town, situate on both  
sides the Navigable Witham, and driving a very considerable For-  
eign and Domestic Trade. It is said to have been first incorporated  
by Edw. 1. 8<sup>th</sup> in the 27<sup>th</sup> of his Reign, & has had several Charters  
of confirmation from his Successors; by virtue of which the Body now  
consists of a Mayor (who is Clerk of the Market and Admiral) a Re-  
corder, & his Deputy, 12 Aldermen, 18 Common Council-men, a Judge,  
& Marshal of the Admiralty, a Town-clerk, a Coroner, 2 Sergeants  
at Mace, &c. This Town was so rich & flourishing in the reign of  
Edw. 1. That a Number of loose and extravagant Men com-  
ing like Wolves in Sheeps Clothing, under the disguise of Can-

Skeaford  
An indifferently  
large and well built  
Town, having a  
great Market on  
Monday.  
(at 19 1/2)



## THE ROAD FROM

## LONDON TO CARLISLE in CUMBERLAND

Commencing at Darlaston Bridge in the HOLY-HEAD ROAD *see Page 88*

to Darlaston	Comp. Meal <sup>3</sup>	to Wigan	Comp. Meal <sup>4</sup>	to Burton	Comp. Meal <sup>5</sup>
Newcastle	111 144 2	Whittle	153 195 4	Kendal	195 244
Brewerton	124 163 3	Preston	158 201 6	Thrumby	203 256 2
Grulam	130 171	Garstang	167 211 8	Penrith	216 275 5
Warrington	136 182	Lancaster	177 222 3	Helket	221 282 3
Newton	146 187 3	Boulton	187 232 7	CARLISLE	228 292
					232 301 2

The County of STAFFORD is 40 Miles in circumference, contains abt 80,000 Acres of Land. Boro'g & 10 Towns; 2 Pors & 237 1/2 Houses. The Air is Sharp & Healthy. The Soil divers in some Parts very Rich; but in 10 Parishes & 1/2 barren; 1/2 Heath & 1/2 Moors; the middle land is plain, but Woody; The Labour, in Coal, Iron, Metals, Gravel & Corn. The produce of this County are Copper, Lead, Salt, Blasting, & Potash; they make curious polished Glass, & of Iron plenty of Sheep, the Wheat in some parts is sown on the Virgin Land. The Venports Parks & Warrens are full of Deer & Rabbits. There is good Store of Lime for building & some Marble. The most considerable Manufacture are Nails & Iron Tools & this County pays to the East India Co. 135 Co. Pound a Shift Pence. The Believable is of Red Lion. The St. Vincent Venport.

English Miles

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

## The Hundreds -

- 1 Totmanston
- 2 Drychill
- 3 Gidleston
- 4 Offelow
- 5 Selden

## P. of DARBY

## P. of LICHFIELD

## P. of WARWICK

## P. of TAMWORTH

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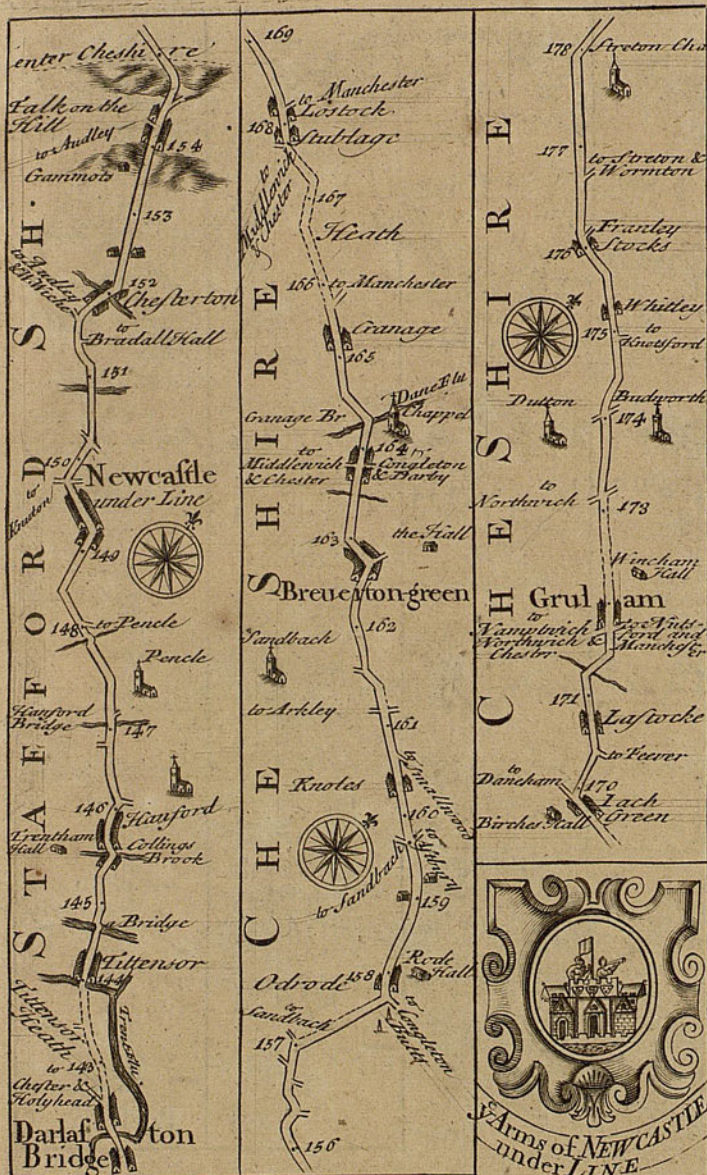
## P. of WARWICK

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## P. of WARWICK





In this Page several turnings leads to Northwich, a Place famous for making salt, as the other micks are, but if salt is not altogether so white, nor made with so much ease, because of the Depth of the Brine Pits. The Town is very ancient, at this day in a good condition: The Justices of the Peace & other Gentlemen frequently meet in it as being situate near the Midt of the County. The End of Derby is chief of the Town, but Wilton Street belongs to the Barons of Kinder-ton. Here is a Grammar School founded by Mr. John Day, a Parson of St. Bartholomew's London, & a good Charity School for 10 Boys.

### Darlaston Bridge

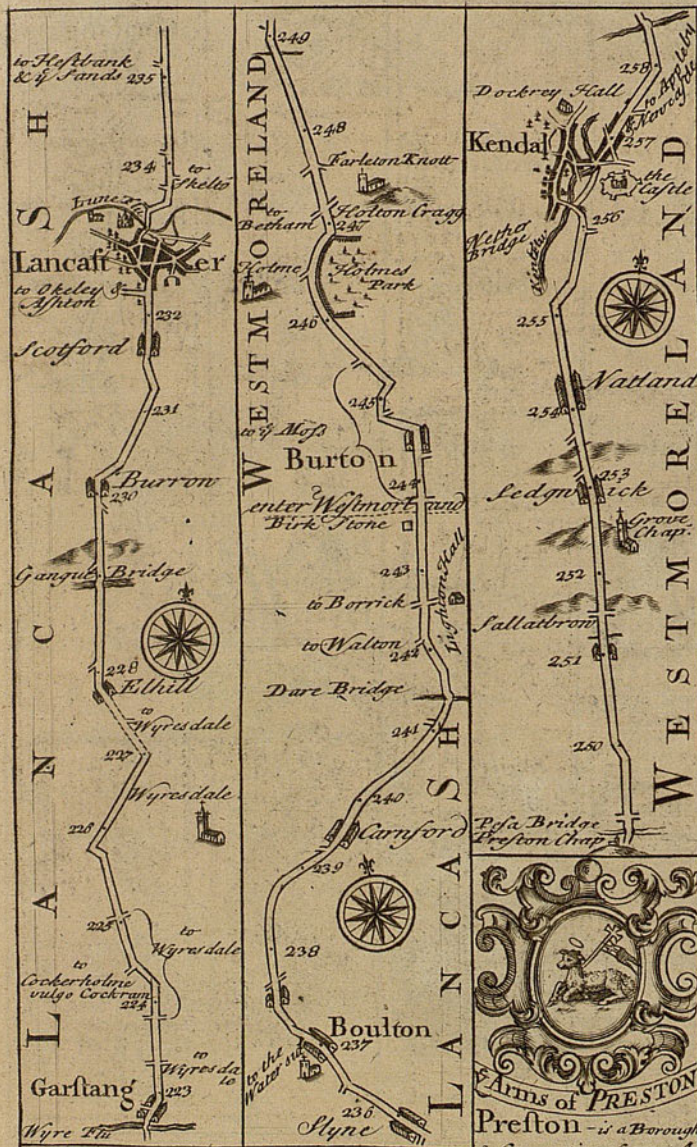
Near this Town, at a place called Berry bank, are the ruins of a large Castle, which according to Tradition, was the Seat of Wolsper, that Cruel King of the Mercians, who Murdered his two Sons, for embracing Christianity.

Newcastle under Line, so called in respect to an Older Castle, which formerly stood near it, at Chesterton under Line. This Newcastle was Built & completed 31<sup>st</sup> R<sup>th</sup> by John Earl of Lancaster, but now ruined. The Town is still in a flourishing condition & a Corporation which is very Ancient by Charter particularly from Queen Elizabeth & King Charles & consists of a Mayor, 4 Bayliffs, 2 Justices, 24 Common Council Men or Capital Burgeses &c. It has likewise a Court holding Plea for any Sum under 40 Pound, & 4 Capital & Common Burgeses being upward of 300 elect Members for Parliament. The chief Trade of the Town consists in making & rovinging Hats, & if adjacent parts afford great Plenty of Pit Coal. Market Monday, Fairs Shrove Monday, Easter Monday, Whitsun Monday, fall very considerable for Cattle Monday next before 25<sup>th</sup> July, for Wool 21<sup>st</sup> Monday in September, & November 16<sup>th</sup>.



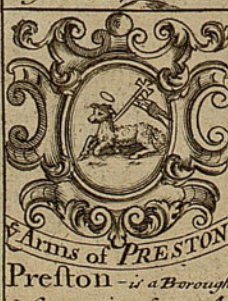






**Kendal** at 257  
 Is called from its situation on *Kenn* or *Kunt* Flu. Is a large town, well built & populous, driving a considerable Trade in the Woollen Manufacture. It had formerly a strong Castle the Walls of which are partly yet standing & has now a large Church & a new Chapel of ease. It was made a Corporation by 2 Edw. 16.<sup>th</sup> Regni & afterwards by R. James 1.<sup>st</sup> Regni consisting of a Mayor, 12 Aldr, 12 Common Councilmen, a Recorder &c. There is a good Free school well endowed with Exhibitions to *Queen's Coll.* Oxon, *St. John's* Fair Aug 2.<sup>nd</sup> & Oct 28 & between the said Fairs a great *Wor.* Cattle once a Fortnight.

**Carlton** at 298<sup>th</sup>  
 Is a small Village taking its Name from the *Carlton* or *Flus* - *bandmen*, the ancient & Modern Inhabitants of it Place.



**Preston** - is a Borough & Corporation of great Antiquity & Note. It received its 1.<sup>st</sup> Charter from *K. Henry 1.<sup>st</sup>*, which has been since confirmed, and Additionall Priviledges granted, by the succeeding Kings & Queens. The Body consists of a Mayor, Recorder & Aldermen, 7 Capital Burghesses or Common Councilmen, a Town Clerk &c. The Town is large well Built & Inhabited. It suffered considerably in the late Unhappy Rebellion under his present Majesty, oppressed by violent Invaders & Refugees, assaulted & fired by the Purfuing Party & then Absacked to the Infamy & outrage of Merciless Red Coats. But it has since pretty well recovered itself & begins again to Flourish. Memb<sup>r</sup>s for Parliam<sup>t</sup> are elected by the Burghesses Inhabitants. Market Wed. Frid. & Sat. well stored w<sup>th</sup> Corn, Fish &c. &c. Fairs August 1.<sup>st</sup> & 2.<sup>nd</sup> holding 8 Days, October 27.<sup>th</sup> & 28.<sup>th</sup> holding 3 Days, March 16.<sup>th</sup> & 17.<sup>th</sup> holding 3 Days.

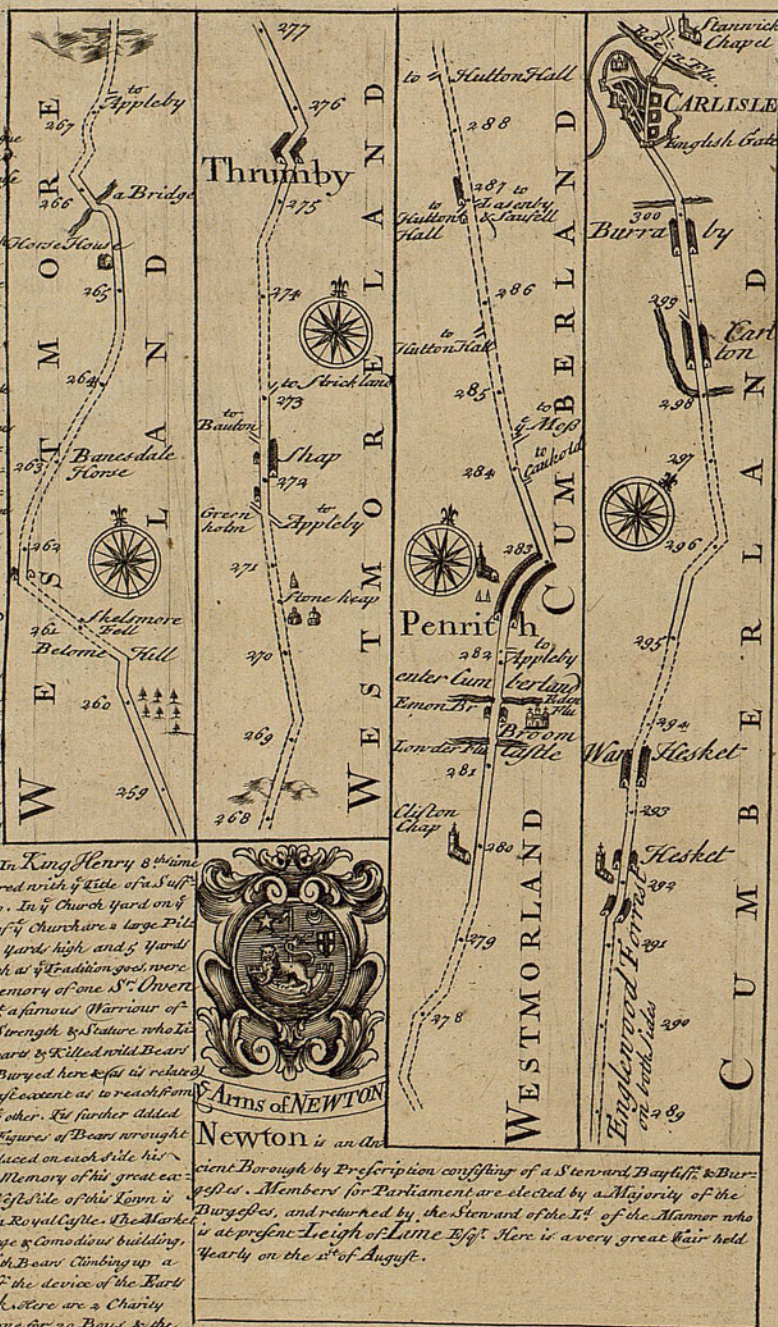
**Boulton** at 237  
 Is a small Village taking its Name from the *Boulton* or *Flus* - *bandmen*, the ancient & Modern Inhabitants of it Place.





# Penrith

which in the British tongue signifies Red head, because of Soil round about it is of Stone of which Horse House it is built are Reddish. The Town is large & well built & is the second in the County for trade. The Church is a very spacious & fine Structure remarkable for a Latin Inscription on the North outside of the Westry Wall, signifying in the year 1508 there was a very Plague in this County which Destroyed great Numbers of People in this & adjacent Towns, of the our History take not the least notice. In King Henry 8<sup>th</sup> time it was Honour'd with a Title of a Suffragan Bishop. In the Church yard on the North side of the Church are a large Pillars about 4 yards high and 4 yards distant which at the addition of 100 were erected in Memory of one S<sup>r</sup>. Owen Caesarus K<sup>t</sup>: a famous Warrior of old of great strength & stature who lived in these parts & killed wild Bears &c. He was Buried here & as is related was of that valiant as to reach from one Pillar to the other. He further added that the rude Figures of Bears wrought in Stone & placed on each side his Grave, are in Memory of his great exploits. The West side of this Town is fortified w<sup>th</sup> a Royal Cylle. The Market House is a large & commodious building, beautified with Beare Climbing up a ragged Staff the device of the Bar<sup>ts</sup> of Warrnick. Here are 2 Charity Schools, the one for 20 Boys & the other for 30 Girls, Maintained by 55 pound per Annum & endowment of one Mr. Robinson a Citizen of London for Sacrament Money & Parish Stock. Weekly Market Tuesday for Corn &c. & a very great one for Cattle on the same Day every fortnight from Whitsunday to August 1<sup>st</sup>.



Arms of NEWTON

Newton is an ancient

Borough by Prescription consisting of a Steward, Bayliff, & Burgesses. Members for Parliament are elected by a Majority of the Burgesses, and returned by the Steward of the L<sup>ty</sup> of the Manner who is at present Leigh of Lime Esq<sup>r</sup>. Here is a very great Fair held Yearly on the 1<sup>st</sup> of August.



# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO CHICHESTER

With a Branch from Midhurst to WINCHESTER  
Commencing at Guildford in the PORTSMOUTH Road. *see Page 72*

Guildford	25   30	Midhurst	43   52
Godalmin	28   34 1/2	CHICHESTER	50   63 1/2
Chidingfold	33   41 1/2		

From Midhurst

The Branch to WINCHESTER to Petersfield 8 | 10 1/2  
WINCHESTER 20 | 29

## A MAP OF SURREY



The County of SURREY is 112 M. in Circumference, contains abt 502000 Acres, 13 HUND, 16 BARS & 11 MCGOWNS, 120 PAR: & 34220 Houses: The Air is generally very good mild & pleasant, Sharper in y<sup>e</sup> Middle than in y<sup>e</sup> more Fruitfull part because y<sup>e</sup> one has y<sup>e</sup> Covert & Shelter of Hills, y<sup>e</sup> other is open & expos'd to y<sup>e</sup> Winds & Weather: The Soils is for y<sup>e</sup> most part Gravell, upon y<sup>e</sup> Borders deep & fruitful, well inclosed having many Parks & rich Meads, It produces Corn in great plenty, y<sup>e</sup> Rivers afford good store of Fish, Chief Commodities are Corn Box Wallnuts & near Ryegate Fullers Earth worth y<sup>e</sup> 20 Bushell at y<sup>e</sup> Pit? It was to y<sup>e</sup> 14<sup>th</sup> of Septem<sup>r</sup> 1334 10. 0. 6<sup>d</sup> The 1<sup>st</sup> Lieutenant of this County is y<sup>e</sup> R<sup>th</sup> Hon<sup>ble</sup> Rich<sup>d</sup> L<sup>d</sup> Owyflon.





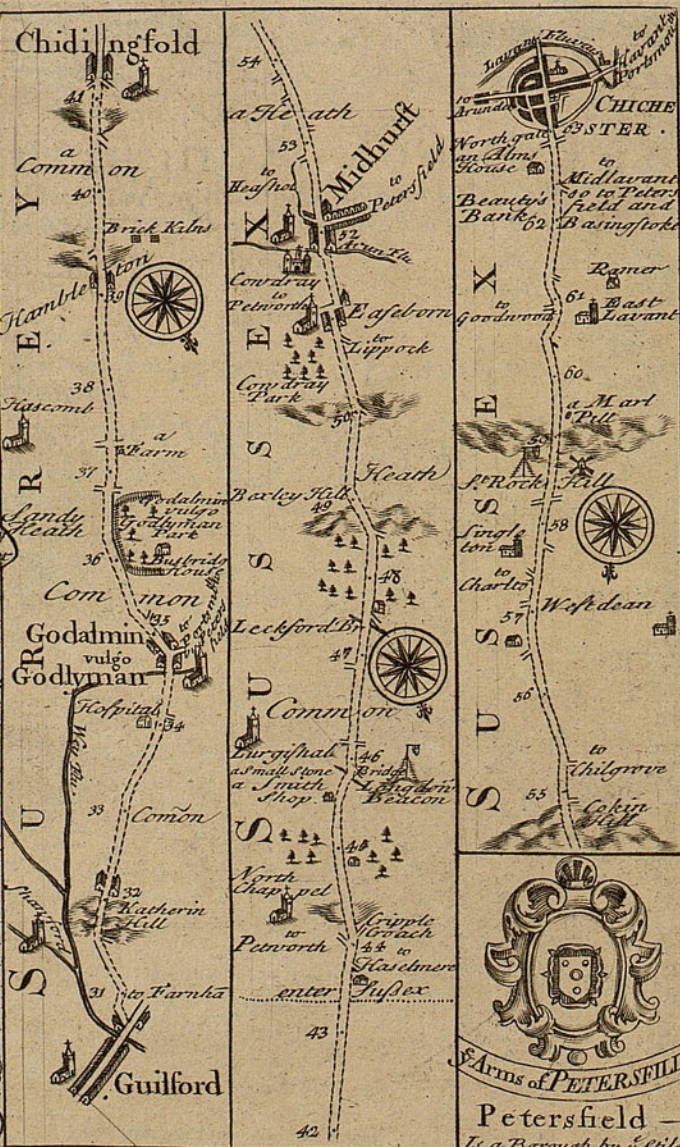
*Condray Place (at)*  
Is a fine Seat giving Title of Baron to the Rt. Honble Anthony Browne, Viscount Mountague, (who is the owner of it.) Created A.D. 1554. by 2 Mary 2<sup>d</sup>.

**Midhurst** at 52  
A Town very Agreeably situated. & is an Ancient Borough by Prescription Govern'd by a Bayliff chosen Annually by a Jury at the Court of the Rt. Honourable the Lord Viscount Mountague Lord of & said Borough Members for Parliament are Elected by the Burghholders within the Town, and returned by & Bayliff. Market on Thurs March 25. & Whit-sun Tuesday, October 8. & St. Margaret's Day.



## The BISHOPRIC of CHICHESTER

Contains the County of SUSSEX, and there in 450 Parishes. Was founded by Sigardus Bishop of Selsey, Anno Domini 1070, himself the first Bishop. Value 077 Pound, 5 Shill 3 Pence, Seat, Chichester Palace, in SUSSEX.



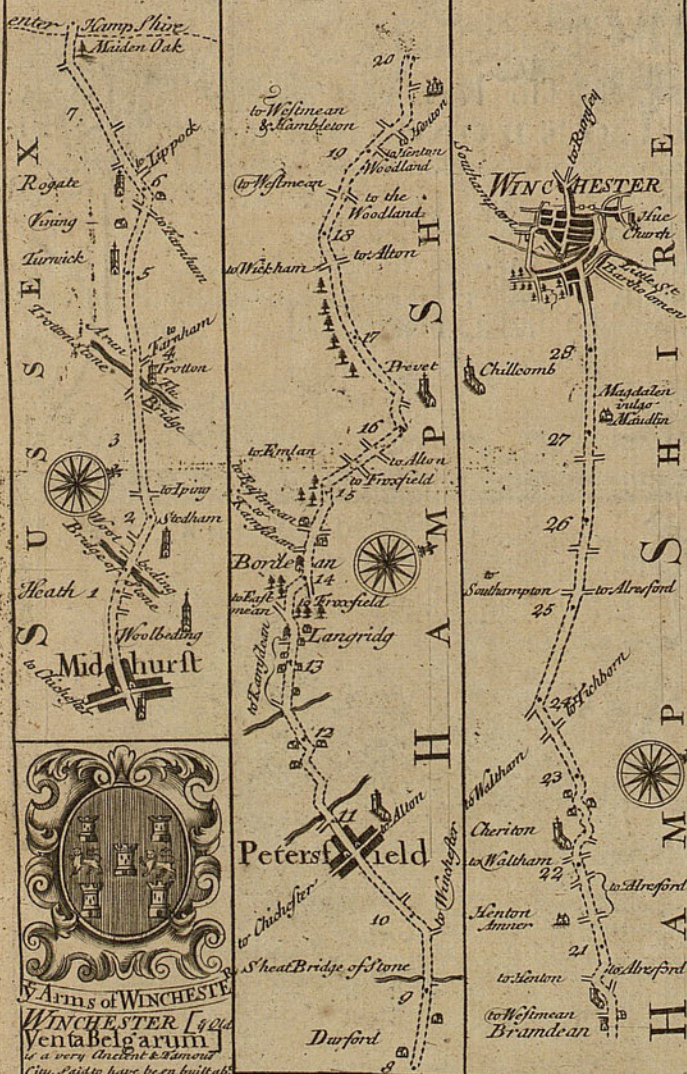
Arms of PETERSFIELD

## Petersfield -

Is a Borough by Escheat

of Mayor and Commonality, who tho' Incorporated by Charter Temp. Eliz. Regina, and others more Ancient have remissly suffered all their Priviledges to be managed by the Family of the Ramborrons Lords of the Mannor, at whose Court the Mayor is Annually chosen. Members for Parliament are Elected by the Freeholders within and without the Borough. It has 1 Church. Market Saturday. 3 Fairs (Viz.) St. Peters, and St. Andrews Days.

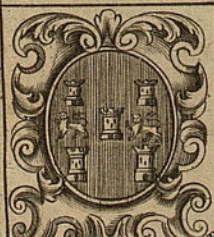




**WINCHESTER**  
gives Title of Marquis,  
to 8 Most Noble Charls.  
Thaile, Summoned to  
Parliament by Writ  
in 1717.



**The DEANARY**  
of WINCHESTER  
Created about the Year  
1540. The Priory be-  
ing dissolved, AD.  
1530 W<sup>m</sup> Kingmill  
— first Dean.



**Arms of WINCHESTER**

**WINCHESTER** [900]

**Ventibellgarum**

is a very Ancient & Famous

City, said to have been built abo-

900 Years before our Saviour: & had formerly 33 Parish Churches, has now but 9, besides the Cathedral, dedicated to the

Holy Trinity, a very Magnificent and Curious Place, in the Choir of which Lyes interred Will<sup>m</sup> Rufus; whose Marble Cor-

fin (as he is called) being opened by the Soldiers in the Civil Wars, about the Year 1065, there was found in it his Thumbs

a Ring of Gold with a Ruby set in it: The Bishop's See, which is reckoned the 4<sup>th</sup> in England in point of Revenue) —

are by a Peculiar privilege, Chancellors to the Arch-Bishop of Canterbury, and Prælates of the Noble Order of the

Garter, W<sup>m</sup> Wickham, the great Patron of Learning, and Bishop of this See, founded that Noble College or School in

this City, which has produced so many eminent State-men and Divines, he endowed with a handsome Maintenance

for a Rector, 4 Fellows, 4 Masters, 20 Scholars, 3 Chaplains, 33 Clerks, an Organist, 16 Chorists, & 1000 Servants. Not

far from the said College is the Bishop's Palace, a very handsome Structure, founded by Bishop Morley, about the Year

1682, and since considerably improved by his Successors: He also created a College in the Cathedral Church Anno 1679

and annexed to it a handsome Revenue for 30 Clergymen & Widows. The Ancient and Fortified Palace of the Bishops, called  
Wootsey built Anno 1127 by Henry Bishop of this See, was destroyed in the late Rebellion. On the ruins of the Old Castle  
R. Charles 1<sup>st</sup> Anno 1638 founded a Royal Palace which he left unfinished; but was afterwards piecemeal carried on, and is  
at present a Complete & Noble Structure. Called the Empriss, was so strictly besieged in the said Castle, by King  
Stephen, that he was forced to lift the Strachem of pretending he was dead, and being shut up in a Coffin by that  
means got off. The Body of the said City, by Charter from 2<sup>d</sup> Edward the 1<sup>st</sup>, consists of a Mayor, High Steward, Recorder  
and Aldermen, not limited in Number, out of whom are chosen 6 Justices, 24 Common Council Men, 2 Coroners, 24 au-  
thors, 2 Town Clerks, with Sub. Officers. The Free Men & Elect Members of Parliaments Markets, Wednesday and  
Saturday, Fair, first Monday in Lent, St<sup>h</sup> Swithin's Day, October 13<sup>th</sup> Mary Magdalen, and St<sup>h</sup> Giles's Day.



# The ROAD FROM LONDON TO DARBY

*Commencing at Stony Stratford in the Holy Head Road*

	Comp	Meas <sup>ls</sup>		Comp	Meas <sup>ls</sup>
Stony Stratford	44	53 1/2	Great Glenh	73	93 1/2
Kings Grafton	48	58	Leicester	78	98 6/8
Northampton	54	66 1/2	Monfrel	83	104 1/2
Bricksworth	59	73 1/2	Loughborough	86	107 3/4
Haverborough	66	84 1/2	Kegworth	90	112 1/4

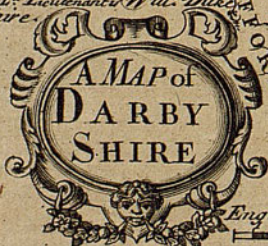
**DARBY** 98 | 122 1/4

## The Hundreds

- 1 High Peak
- 2 Scarsdale
- 3 Wicksworth
- 4 Appletree
- 5 Morleton
- 6 Repington
- 7 part Appletree H.

## The County of DARBY produces

many excellent Commodities in great Plenty as Pitt Coal from the Lead of Lead in England, is full of Quarries of Free Stone, Great Stone, Brimstone, Mableifer, Crystall Black, Grey Marble, Milstones &c. And in some places is found Antimony. The Soil is generally every where fertile, the Soil is Plain to the East and South, but hilly to the West and North. Fruitfull in the Vales producing great Quantities of Corn, but not so much in the Mountainous parts where are Mines, Quarries &c. There are many Towns and Parks. This County is 120 Miles in Circumference, contains about 680000 Acres, & 212,000 Souls, 106 Parishes, 24 Towns, 10000 in 1734. Shillings 1000 to 1300. The Lt. Lieutenant is Will. Duke of Devonshire.



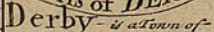
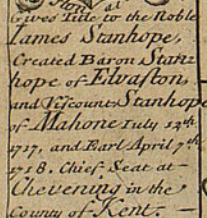
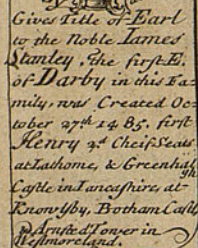
English Miles











Loughborough  
Is an well built Town,  
has a large Parish  
Church a Free School  
and a very good Mar-  
ket on Thursday. Here  
are held 2 Fairs An-  
nually (Viz) August  
1<sup>st</sup> and November 2<sup>d</sup>

great Antiquity & Note, & at  
this Day Fair, Large, & Populous: was a Royal Bord<sup>er</sup> in y<sup>e</sup> time of K: Edw: 4<sup>th</sup> Confeſſor,  
& then had int at one time 123 Burgeſſes, It has rec<sup>d</sup> divers great Priviledges for kee-  
ing a Court of Record on Tueſday every fortnight, a Quarterly Seſſions, & a Court-Juſtice An-  
nually, taking Toke but paying none throughout England, on remitting half to y<sup>e</sup> Dutchy  
of Lancaſter (&c) by Chart: from K: Hen: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> Rich: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> K: L: & 1<sup>st</sup> James:  
By virtue of y<sup>e</sup> laſt Chart: from K: (H: 1<sup>st</sup>) y<sup>e</sup> Corp: conſiſt of a May: Record, High  
Stew: & Aldermen: & Brethren & 24 Com: Council Men, & a Town Clerk, & Memb: for Parli:  
are Elect<sup>d</sup> by 4 Free Men & Sworn Burgeſſes, and returned by 4 Mayor. This Town  
had formerly Walls & a Cytle long ſince Demoliſhed; It has now 5 Pariſh Churches  
& an Hoſpital for 8 Poor Men & 4 Women, Here's a Brevit excellent Mall ſignet, great  
Quantity of w<sup>th</sup> is vended to London. Markets Wed. Fryd. & Sat. Fairs Fryd. in Eaſt Week  
Fryd. after May Day Fryd. in Whiſon Week Fryd. before Midſummer Day, St James Day, Fryday  
before Michaelmas Day, & Fryday after Epiphany.







**Market Deeping** [at 87]  
Is a considerable  
Town and has a Mar-  
ket on Thursday

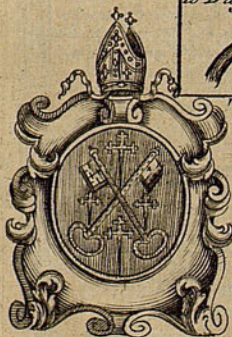
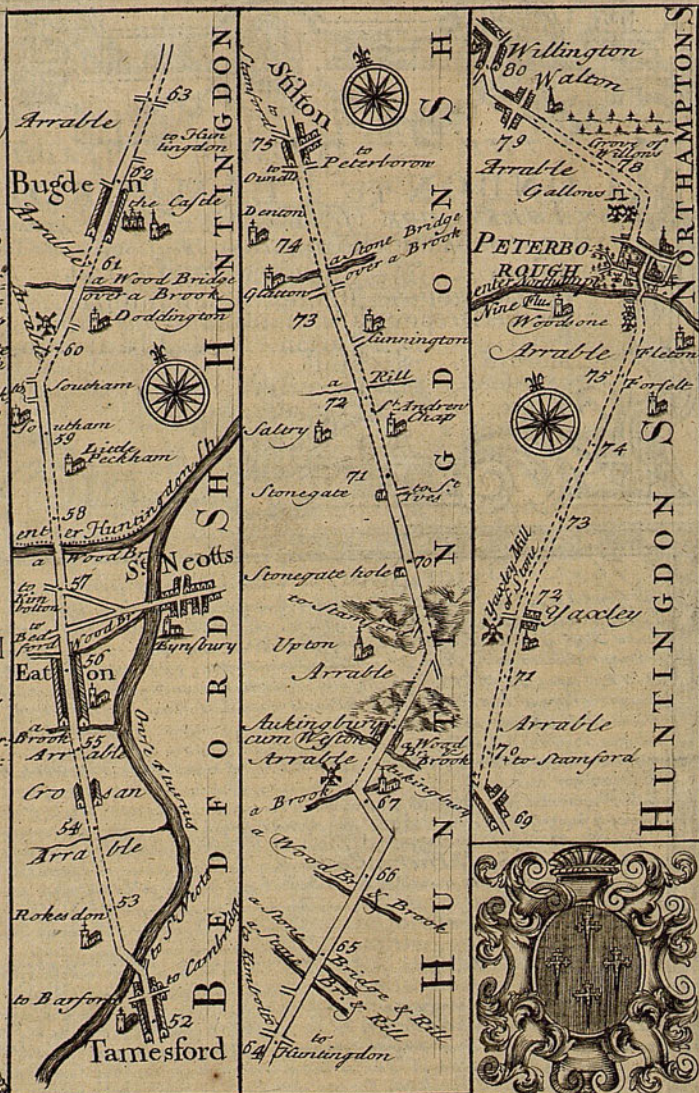
### Cunnington

In this place was formerly a Castle. The Palace is held of the Lord of Huntingdon, & was with Salrey confrey of by R. Canute on Thursday, a Danish Lord, who called in Sueno R. of Denmark to the great afflictions of the English Nation.

[at 73]

### Bugden

[at 62]  
Here is a Palace of the Bp of Lincoln, much improved & enlarged by the learned Can. wist. Dr. Sanderson, Bishop of that See 1660.

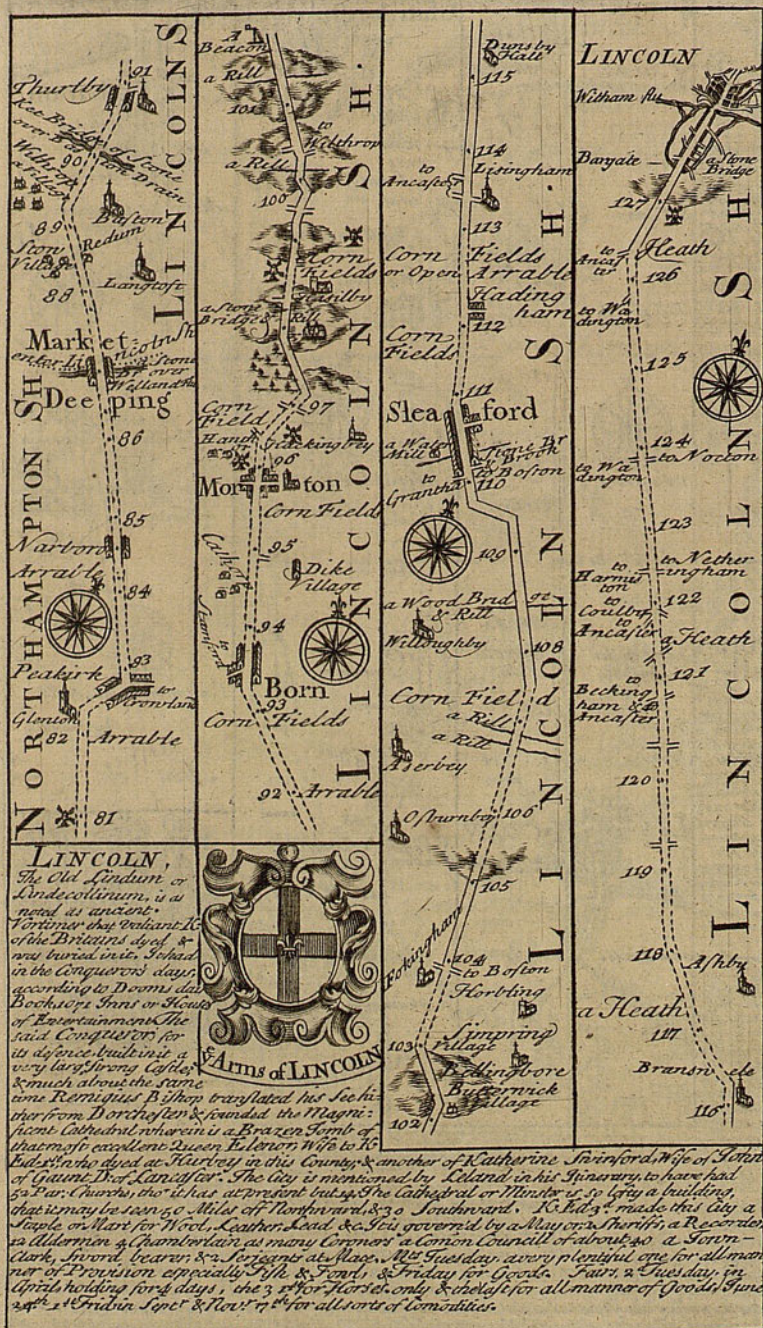


**The BISHOPRICK of PETERBORO**  
Containing Northamptonshire, and  
Rutlandshire, and therein 293 Par-  
ishes was founded by King Henry 8th  
Anno Domini 1541. John Chambers  
the late Abbot thereof first Bishop.  
Value 414 Pounds 14 Shill 8 Pence

**The DEANARY of PETERBOROUGH**  
Endowed by King Hen-  
ry 8th Anno Domini  
1541 Francis Abree  
B.D. Prior of North-  
ampton first Dean

**Tamesford** Is a well accomodated Town formerly noted for  
its Castle, & a Danish Camp.





# Sleaford

Had formerly by a (style) made by the Bishop of Lincoln, & is still a large & flourishing Town enjoying a good Market for Corn Cattle &c on Monday. [at 11]

# Born

Wharfe Ed- mund was crowned M<sup>c</sup> on Sat.

Stom [at 88] Remarkable for its fine Church.





**Kingston** at 1792  
Given, unto his Grace  
Edward, Prince of Wales  
Created Dy of Kingston  
July 20<sup>th</sup> 1715. Chief  
Magistrate of the Town  
of Hull & adjacent Ports  
upon the River Humber.

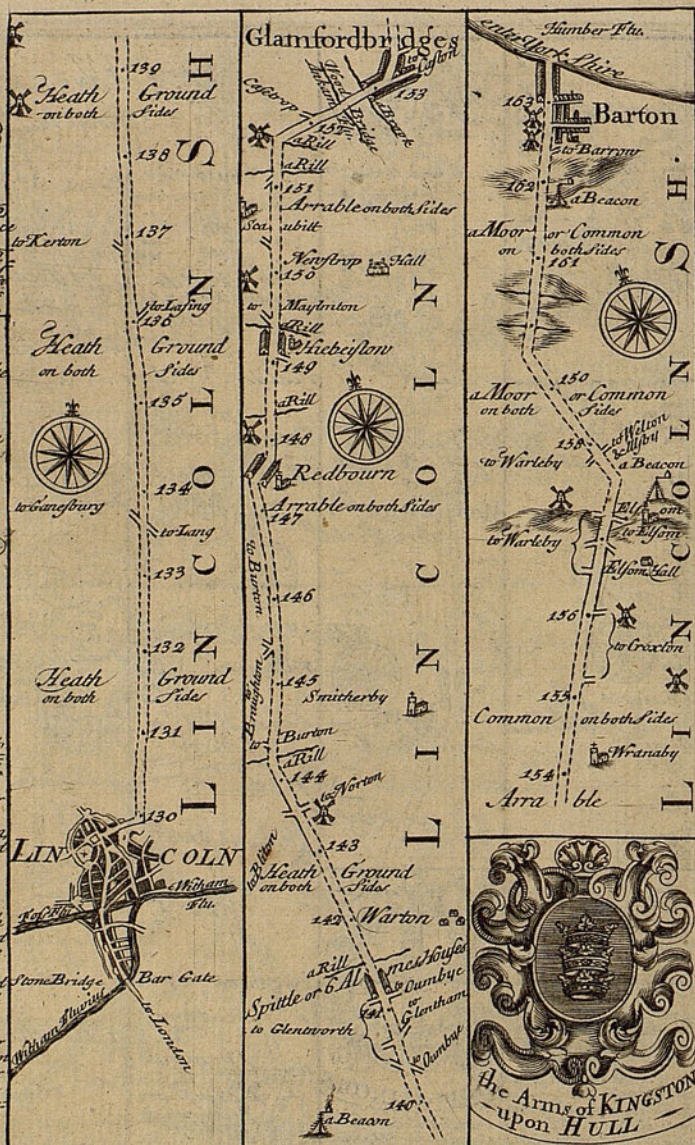
**Barton**  
a large straggling  
Town, seated on the  
R. Humber where  
there is a Considera-  
ble Ferry. It has a  
good Mill on the Sat-  
[at 169]

**Glamford Br.**  
Has a good Mill  
on Thurs day.  
[at 153]

**Kingston**  
upon Hull

It an ancient Town  
& County Incorporated  
built by E. 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> In  
corporated by E. 1<sup>st</sup> &  
E. 2<sup>nd</sup> & afterwards  
by K. Hen. 6<sup>th</sup> under  
a Mayor Recorder,  
12 Merchants, 12 Aldermen,  
12 Jurors, 12 Clerks, 12  
and 12 Burgesses, &c.  
The Exchange for  
Merchants is a very  
handsome building,  
founded 1668 & much  
improved & beautified  
1673. Near which is the  
Custom House & the  
Wool House or Lead  
House formerly used  
for weighing Wool &  
Lead brought to Hull  
for Sale now only for  
Lead. The Citadel found-  
ed 1668 is a noble for-  
tification & the Town  
is so defensibly situ-  
ate, that upon occasi-  
on, they can let in the  
Sea & lay the Coun-  
try under Water for 3 Miles round.

The Trinity House, for the maintenance of Poor distressed Seamen and their Widows, of the Port of Hull & its Members, is a very good foundation; The Government thereof is by Charter from the Crown vested in a Corporation, consisting of 22 Aldermen, 16 of whom are yearly chosen Wardens, 5 Assistants, & 11 younger Brethren out of whom 20 are annually elected. This Corporation has power to determine Controversies touching Sea affairs, according to Law chiefly between Masters & Seamen. Near the said House, or Hospital for Seamen is another for Poor People, in the house some Chapell near is founded by R. 1<sup>st</sup> delat Pole arch. Merchant 12<sup>th</sup> Mayor of this Town & by his Son R. Michael afterwards Esq. of York, above the year 1324. Not far from the Hospital is a Par. Church one called the High Church, a very fine structure, with a good Library belonging to it; & another call'd the Low Church, the Stuple of which is said to have been pulled down to the Ground, by the Order of R. Henry 8<sup>th</sup> because it spoiled the Prospect of this House over against it when he resided here A<sup>d</sup> 1538. — Here is a Free School founded about the Year 1582. The Trade of this Town is so considerable, that it is hardly Inferior to any in England. It has a Market on Sat.





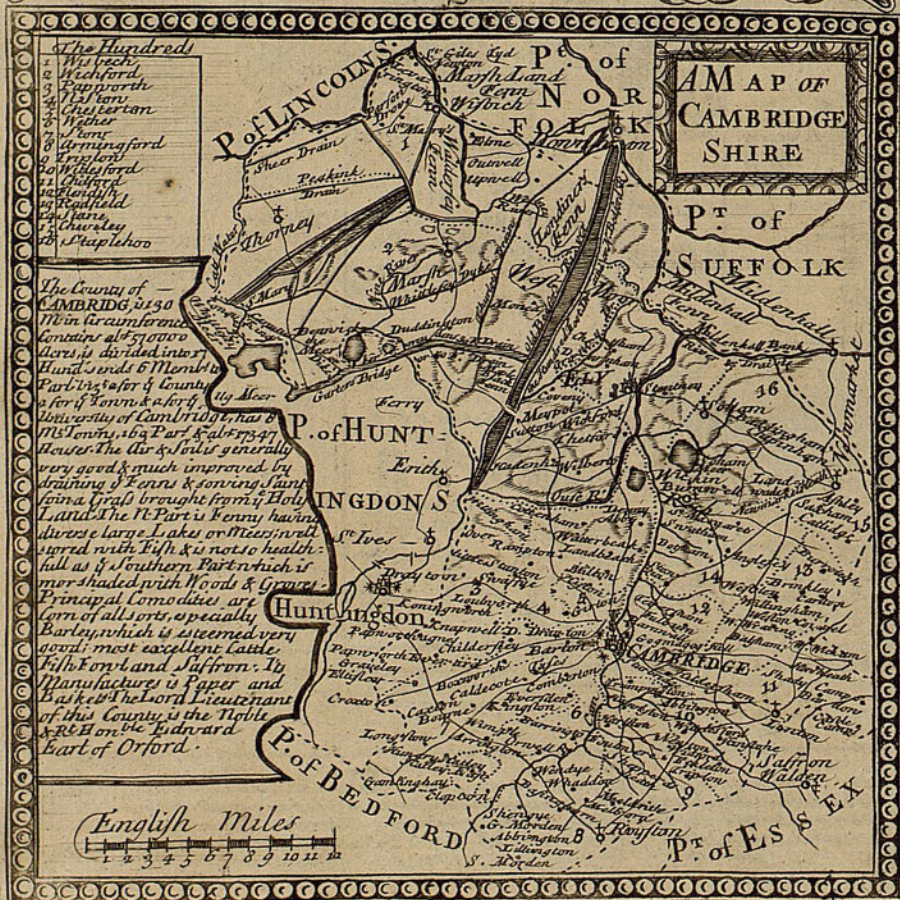




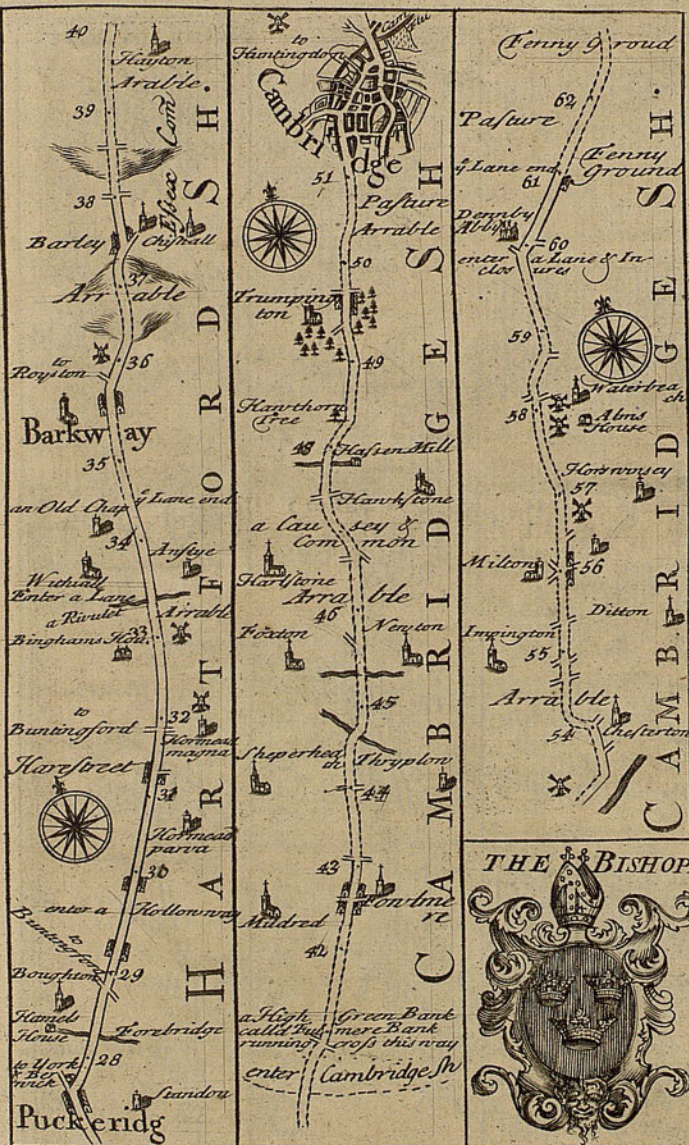
# THE ROAD FROM LONDON TO KINGS LYNN IN

NORFOLK, Containing <sup>Comp</sup> 80 AND <sup>Meas</sup> 98 Miles —  
Comencing at Puckeridge in <sup>Comp</sup> <sup>Meas</sup> BARWICK ROAD. [See Page 12]

Puckeridge <sup>Comp</sup> 25 <sup>Meas</sup> 27 Stretham <sup>Comp</sup> 54 <sup>Meas</sup> 64 Downham <sup>Comp</sup> 71 <sup>Meas</sup> 87  
Barkway <sup>Comp</sup> 32 <sup>Meas</sup> 35 ELY <sup>Comp</sup> 57 <sup>Meas</sup> 68 Seething <sup>Comp</sup> 77 <sup>Meas</sup> 94  
Fowlmere <sup>Comp</sup> 38 <sup>Meas</sup> 42 Littleport <sup>Comp</sup> 61 <sup>Meas</sup> 74 Kings Lynn <sup>Comp</sup> 80 <sup>Meas</sup> 98  
Cambridge <sup>Comp</sup> 44 <sup>Meas</sup> 52 Southery <sup>Comp</sup> 66 <sup>Meas</sup> 80







**Barkway** [at 35½]  
Had formerly a Mill on Friday, now dissolved but is still a flourishing Town, with several good Inns.

**Puckeridge** —  
Is a Place of good Entertainment for Travellers, & had formerly a Market, long since discontinued. [at 23]

### THE BISHOPRICK of ELY,



Contains Cambridge, Shire, and the Isle of Ely and therein 14 Parishes, Value £10,418-6-6.  
Sees Ely House in Holborn, London, Ely Palace in Ely, Walsingham Castle in Wiltshire, Cambridge.

**ELY**, called by Seland *Anguillario*, is very ancient & said to have contain'd in it 600 Families, in time of Egfrid, K<sup>e</sup> of Northumberland. It is at present remarkable for nothing so much as its stately Cathedral, in length abt 400 Feet, adorned with a high, capitol in the middle, & a Tower at the W. end of abt 200 Feet in height; it was originally a Monastery built A.D. 672 by Ethelreda, wife of Egfrid who was for self Abbot of it & converted into a Cathedral in time of the Conqueror, when the See was settled here, of which Harold Godwinson of Bangor being expelled that Bp. not by tumultuous Britons, was then created Bp. of Ely. This day in its Civil Government subordinate to the Bp. is of only civil importance, unrepresented in the lower House of Parliament. It has a Free school for 24 Boys & 2 Charity Schools, one for 40 Boys & 1 other for 20 Girls maintained by subscription. Mt. Sat Fairs, Oct. 18<sup>th</sup>.





Kings Lyn

Gives Title of Baron  
 to the R<sup>t</sup> Hon<sup>ble</sup> Ch<sup>l</sup>:  
 Tommshend crea-  
 ted Viscount Tomm-  
 shend Dec 22 1682  
 34<sup>th</sup> Car 2<sup>d</sup> Chief  
 Seats at Süssay &  
 Raynham Halls in  
 Norfolk & at Den-  
 ham Hall in Suff-  
 olk

*Speechy*

or  
Seeching  
Has a plentiful Me-  
on Tues d much re-  
sorted to once a Fort  
night for the Sale  
of Fat Bullocks  
[at 94]



Downham

Seated on the Ouse  
has a good M<sup>on</sup>  
Saturday  
[at 87]

Littleport

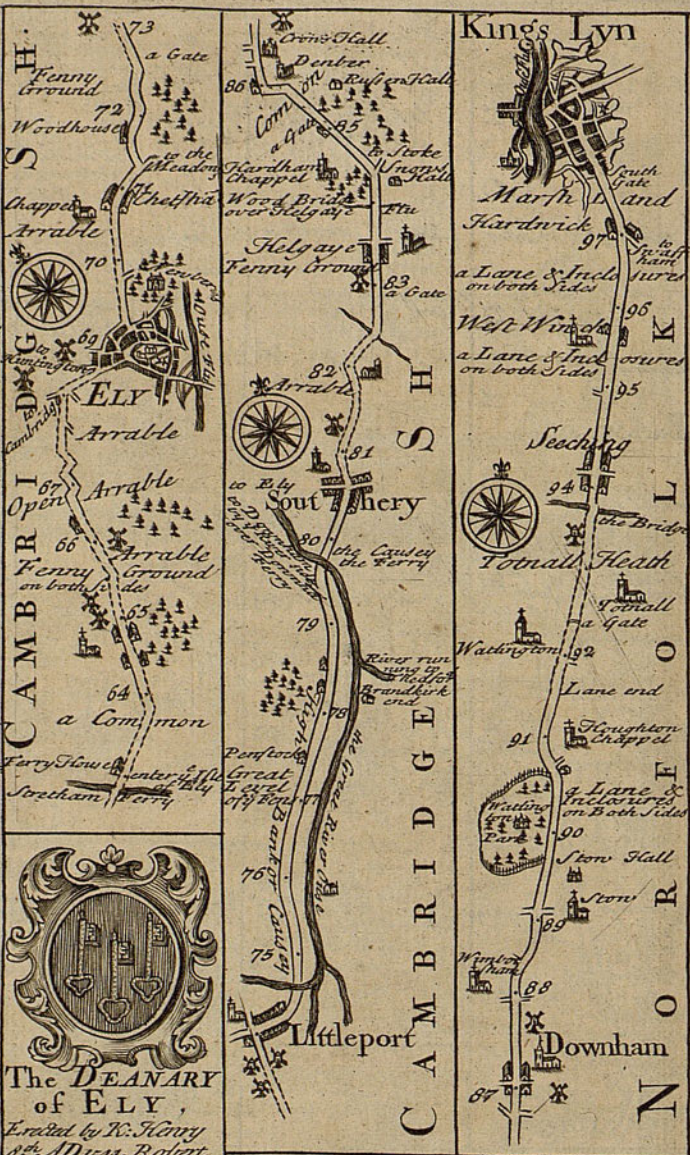
Was formerly a  
M<sup>r</sup> Town now  
disused  
[at 74]

The *DEANARY*  
of ELY,

Enacted by K: Henry  
8<sup>th</sup> AD 1541. Robert  
Steward, late Prior  
first Dean.

nor w<sup>ch</sup> afterward coming to Nicholas de Wilsley temp Hen 3 was by the  
Order of that Prince in a manner demolished & the said Nicholas one of his  
Barons founded the Church which is Rectory in q<sup>ty</sup> Patronage of Chr<sup>st</sup> Coll  
in Cambridge


At 33  $\frac{3}{4}$  Miles near the Road is Ansty where was formerly a Castle erected in the Conquerors time by Eustace E. of Bullouigne the son Lt. of the Marquis to Richard 1. de Ardenne. Upon a small Island



Kings, Lyn

Martha and  
Hardwick


Hardwick 97. <sup>to</sup> Swaff

West Wind do  90 K  
a Lane & Inclosures  
on both sides

Teaching

Totnall Heath

Watlington 192



Ston Hall

Stone B

Downham

N



*The Road from*  
**LONDON to MONTGOMERY.**  
*Commencing at 4 Shire Stone (see Page 4)*  
*Containing 122 com. & 158  $\frac{1}{2}$  mea. Miles.*

From London	mea	Hundred house	
4 Shire Stone	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	Tenbury	102 $\frac{1}{2}$
Campden	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	Ludlow	107 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ewelham	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	Bishops Castle	115 $\frac{1}{2}$
Worcester	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	Montgomery	122 $\frac{1}{2}$

P. of CARNARVAN S.

P. of

*The Hundreds*

- 1 Ydermon
- 2 Penllyn
- 3 Ardydny
- 4 Mouthy
- 5 Talybont
- 6 Iffymanael

*The County of MERIONETH is 108 M. in Circumference, contains abt 500 000 Acres, & divided into 6 Hund. in w. there are 3 M. Towns but none of them nor any other Town in this County are represented in Parli. hat 37 Parls. & abt 2590 Hous. The Air is very sharp, the Country being full of Mountains & barren, so extraordinary steep, that Persons may discourse from a Top of one Mountain & be heard by those that stand on a other. There are great Flocks of Sheep & Goats, Herds of Cattle, Deer, Foxes, Fish of all sorts, chiefly Herrings in their Season. Pays in a M. 12d. 2s 11d 7 1/2*





Campden

Gives title to Noble  
Baptist Noel; Gre-  
ated Newine Camp-  
den Dec: 18<sup>th</sup> 1629  
Heart of Gainsboro  
Dec: 1<sup>st</sup> 1632. 34 Car-  
<sup>24</sup> Chief Seats at  
Faton Brooks & N  
Luffingham in Corn  
Rutland & Camp-  
den House in Corn  
Gloucester.

Tenbury

Seated on the Riv.  
Termed from n<sup>o</sup>  
it took its Name is  
a good populous  
& well built Town  
having a M<sup>on</sup>fu.  
[at 1297]



Arms of FETTERHOLME

**Evesholme** every neath town, seated on a gentle descent, was very famous in ancient times for the overthrow of the Barons, and of Simon Mountford Earl of Leicester, our English Cataline who raised a most dangerous War, and miserably wasted a great part of England, under pretence of redressing grievances, and asserting Liberties; but at last he, & many others of his party, fell in this place, being slaid in a pitched Battle, by the valor of Prince Edward. The Borough of Evesholme and the Village of Benyngworth were in 1346 by Rame: 1463 of his reign. The Government consists of a Mayor, Recorder, 12 Aldermen, 2 Capital Burgesses, and a Chamberlain who make the Common Council. The Mayor, and 4 of the Aldermen, are justices of the Peace, and of Oyer and Terminer and Goal deliverers for all offences within the Corporation, except high Treason: their chief trade is in making Hooing Stockens. Market Monday and Friday and fairs yearly viz Feb: 2<sup>d</sup>, Monday after Easter Week, Monday in Michis Week, and 9<sup>th</sup> of Apr: In Evesholme are 2 Churches and in Benyngworth 1.







The Great  
Fenland  
DRAINAGE

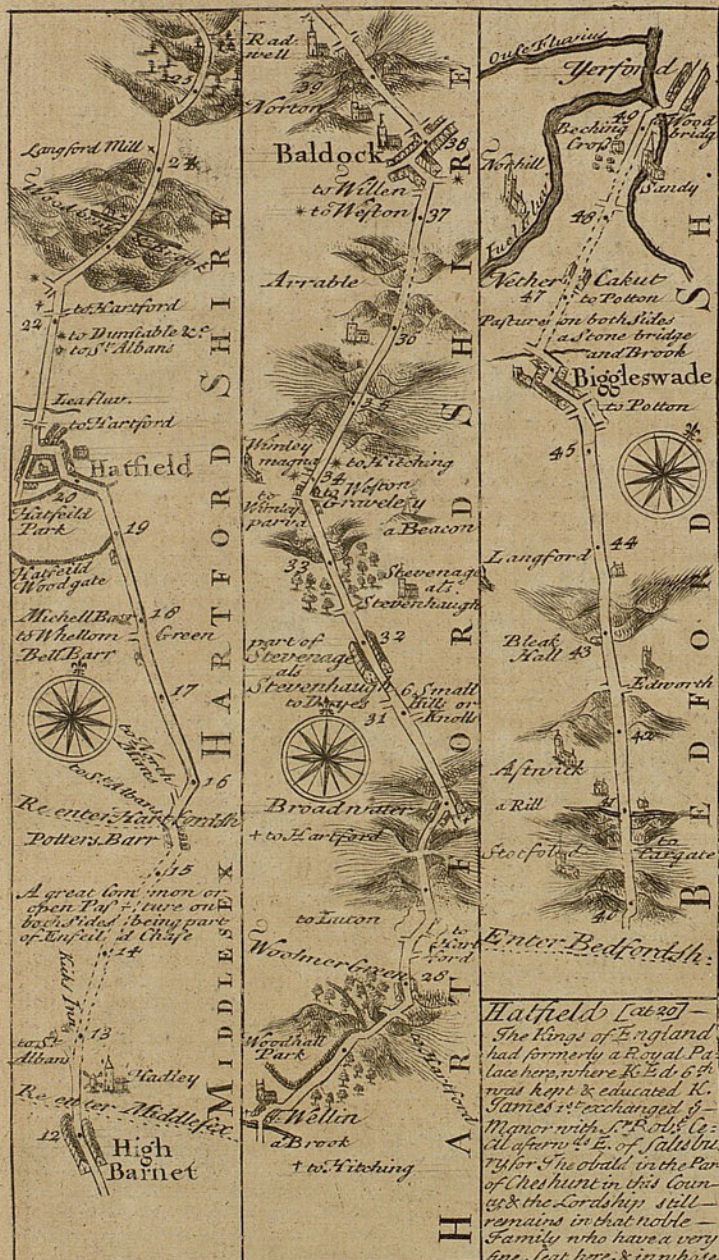
LONDON & S<sup>t</sup>. NEOTS &c.

Comencing at Barnet in Hertford-sh. See page 52

Barnet	10 22 7	Tamefford	38 52 2
Hatfield	17 20 3	Eaton by S <sup>t</sup> . Neots	41 56
Stevenage	25 32 7	Catworth	48 67
Baldock	29 38	Lyford	53 74
Biggleswade	34 45 7	Harrington	67 87
Oakham	96 2 67		

The great Drain or Level of *the Fens*, called **BEDFORD LEVEL**, lying within *the Counties of Norfolk, Suffolk, Cambridge & Isle of Ely, Huntingdon, Northampton, & Lincoln.* It consists of about 30000 Acres, & is supposed to have been once all firm & dry Land, alleged to *Moory & Senny Ground*, by a violent inundation of *the Sea*, probably occasioned by an Earthquake. The Inhabitants of *the Fen Towns & parts adjoining*, finding *the great inconvenience arising in *the* Summer Seasons from stagnated & putrid Waters*, & *the many difficulties they were put to in *the* Winter to procure *the* necessary supports of Life*, for want of a communication with their Neighbors, frequently represented their sad Condition in several Kings Reigns, & had several Commissions of *Surveyors* granted for *the* draining & opening *the* outfalls of the Waters to *the* Sea, but all to little purpose, for want of a general Draining, which was first undertaken at *the* request & proposal of *the* Inhabitants, by *Francis Earl of Bedford*, temp. Car. 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup> who was to have 95000 Acres to himself & his Assigns, out of which *the* King was to have to himself & his Assigns 25000, for *the* Royal Use. Diverse Persons were admitted joint Adventurers & Partners with *the* said Earl, & they proceeded in *the* Work to *the* expense of about 100000. But complaint being afterwards made, that it was not effectually Drained: King Charles 1<sup>st</sup> undertook *the* better Draining thereof, & was to have an addition of 57000 Acres to *the* said 25000. The Work was accordingly renewed, but interrupted by *the* unhappy Rebellion, that shortly after broke out. In 1649, William late Duke of Bedford & his Participants again undertook it, for *the* former proportion of 95000 Acres, & brought it to perfection at *the* further expense of 300000, to *the* ruin of many of *the* Shareers, being a much greater sum than *the* 95000 Acres were worth. In regard to so vast an expense of *the* Undertakers & for their better encouragement & *the* preservation of so great and public a work, King Charles 2<sup>d</sup> recommended *the* Settlement & future performance of *the* same to *the* Parliament: And accordingly in *the* 15<sup>th</sup> Year of his Reign, there was an Act made, Entituled An Act for Settling the Drain & of the great Level of the Fens called **BEDFORD LEVEL** by Virtue of which, *the* Bound thereof were settled, and a Corporation constituted for *the* Government and preservation, by the Name, Style, and Title of *The Governors, Bayliffs, & Commonalty of the Company of Conservators of the Great Level of the Fens*, consisting of one Governour, 6 Bayliffs, 20 Conservators & Commonalty, in whom by the said Act are vested 89000 Aers, part of *the* said 95000, to be held of the Mayor of Base Greenwich in Fee and Common Service. Of the remaining 10000 Acres, 10000 were vested in *the* King, who assigned the same to his Brother the Duke of York, and 2000 residue in the Earl of Portland. Chief Officers belonging to the said Corporation are, a Surveyor or General and Superintendent of all the other Officers, an Auditor of the Accounts, a Register, Receiver, Sergeant at Mace, and Surveyors of *the* Level, which is divided into 3 Parts, vizt the North, Middle, and South Level, the North and South have each one Surveyor, and the Middle two. For a further, and more particular account of the said Drain or Level of the Fens, and Corporation see, The Narrative or History of it, Printed for Moses Pitts, in the Year 1685; See also a Succinct account of it, prefixed to Cambridge shire, in part of a Book lately published, entituled, Britannia & Hibernia, Antiqua & Nova.





## Jamesford

Is an well accomodated Town formerly noted for its Cattle & a Danish Camp [at 30]

## Baldock

Was settled by Gilbert de Pems broke on the Knights Templars in R. Stephens time, & upon the Dissolution of Religious Houses fell to the Gorman, whose Donation is the Rectory of a very good Benefice & the Building an venerable having a stately Tower & a Ring of 6 excellent Bells. The Chief Trade is in Mole, M. Thurst. Fairs St. Matthews day Feb 24th & July 23. [at 30]

## Stevenage

The Manor anciently belong'd to the Crown & was by R. E. 1st Con. 1086 granted for a fee to the Abbot of Westminster & often the Dissolution settled by 2 Mar. 1 Con. the See of London. & so it remains paying 100 Annually into the exchequer. It had formerly a Mon. Friar & has still a Fair on July 17th [at 24]

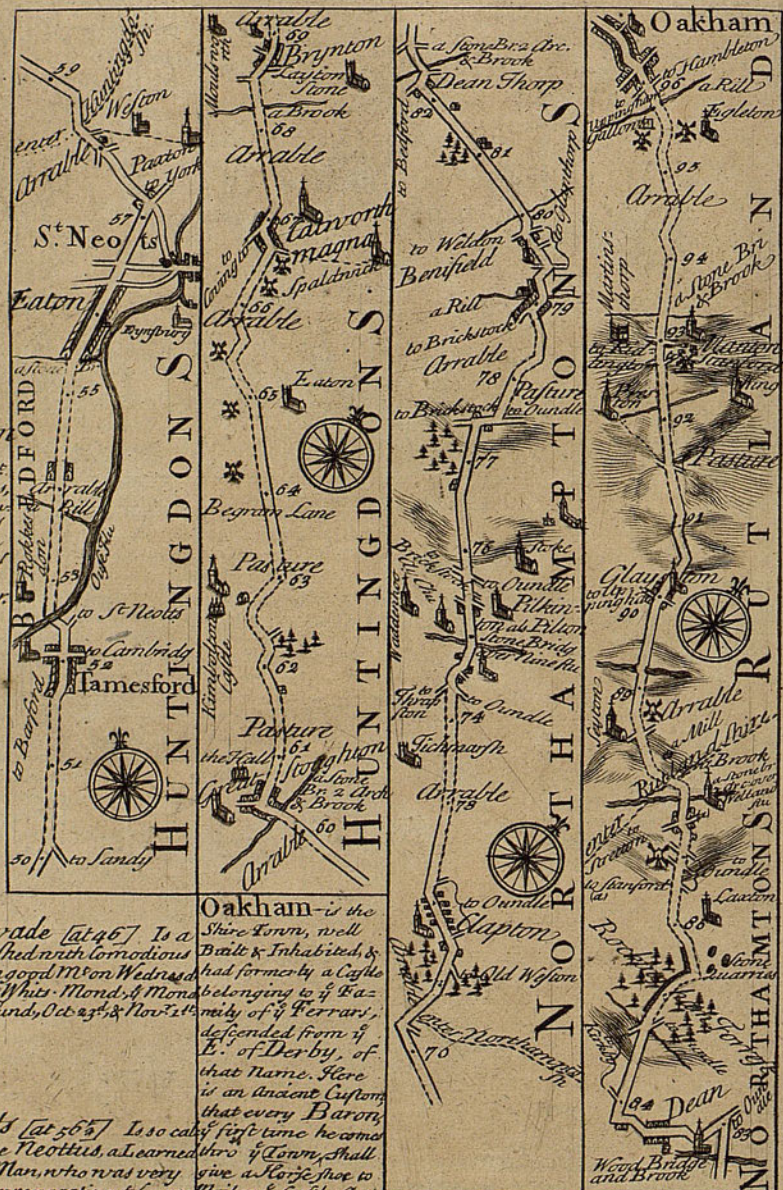
## Enter Bedfordshire

**Hatfield** [at 20] — The Kings of England had formerly a Royal Palace here, where R. E. 6th was kept & educated. R. James 1st exchanged a Manor with St. Robert of Albarn & E. of Salisbury. The obelisk in the Park of Cheshunt in this County & the Lordship still remains in that noble Family who have a very fine Seat here, & in whose Patronage is the Rectory of the Par. Church an excellent benefice. There are also 2 Ch. Schools. — M. Thursdays Fairs July 29th

**Broadwater** — From whence the Hundred is so called. Is part of the Possessions of the Crown & the Courts & Bailiwick are managed by the Sheriff who accounts yearly in the Exchequer for the profit of them. [at 30]



**Kimbleton** [at 637] Has a Mark: on Brid. Fairs, July 23<sup>rd</sup> & August 30<sup>th</sup> is remarkable for a Seat of 4 Earl, of Manchester.



**Biggleswade** [at 467] Is a Town furnished with commodious Inns, & has a good M<sup>n</sup> on Wednesd<sup>y</sup> & 4 Fairs viz: Whit<sup>e</sup> Mond<sup>y</sup> & Mond<sup>y</sup> after Lion<sup>e</sup> Sund<sup>y</sup>, Oct 23<sup>rd</sup> & Nov<sup>r</sup> 1<sup>st</sup>.

**St. Neots** [at 565] Is so call<sup>d</sup> first time he came led from one Neottius, all earned thro<sup>u</sup> 4 Town, Shall and Pious Man, who was very give a Horse shoe to students in propagating of Gospel Nation of Cefle Gate, & had his Body removed hither from Neotstock in Cornwall. It is a large & well built Town, with a good M<sup>n</sup> on Th<sup>u</sup> & Fairs Aug<sup>st</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Dec<sup>r</sup> 6<sup>th</sup> & Corpus Christi

**Oakham** is the Shire Town, well Built & Inhabited, & had formerly a Castle belonging to 4 Family of 4 Ferrars, descended from 4 E. of Derby, of that Name. Here is an ancient Custom, that every Baron

give a Horse shoe to students in propagating of Gospel Nation of Cefle Gate, & in case of refusal, 4 Bayliff has Power to Stop his Coach, & take 1 of his Horse's Foot. This Town is also remarkable, for that in 4 Year 1610 was born in it a Dwarf, scarce 18 Inches high, tho<sup>u</sup> of lusty & strong Parents: Bary taken into 4 Family of 4 then D. of Buckingham, when 4 Court came a Progress that way, he was served up to 4 Table in a Cold Pig, Between 4 7<sup>th</sup> & 30<sup>th</sup> Year of his Age he grew very little, but afterwards grew to 4 pitch of about 4 Foot & 9 Inches. W. Dailly a Member of 4 Staple of Exeter, founded an Hospital here for 4 Chaplains & 12 Poor Men, now very much decayed & altered from its 1<sup>st</sup> Institution. M<sup>n</sup> Sat<sup>r</sup> Fairs Mar<sup>ch</sup> 4<sup>th</sup> Apr<sup>il</sup> 9<sup>th</sup>

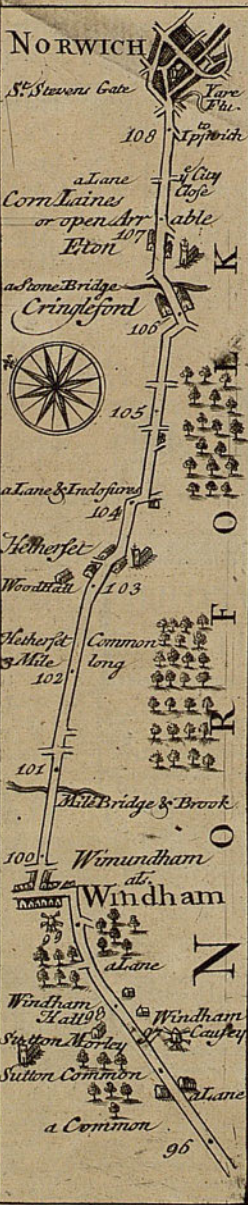
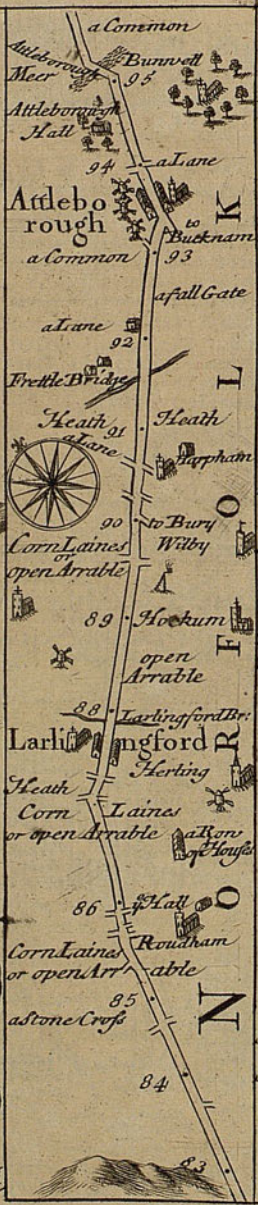
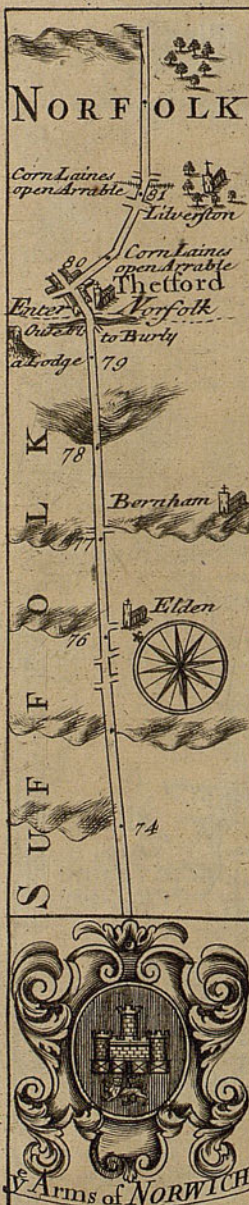












**NORWICH**

Is a City of great Antiquity & notes, & had in King Edward's time, as Burgh, & was after wards besieged by King Henry I. Com- quered, Ralph E. of East Angles rebelling ag<sup>st</sup> his King, his Wife (after he had escaped by flight) fortifying herself in this City, but was with her American Britains obliged to surrender & al- give the Realm. The City suffered much by a said- Judge, & the Num- ber of Burghs was reduced to 500. But Bp. Her- bert removing his See hither from Thetford, (temp. W. Rufus) became again famous for its Trade & Number of Inhabitants. In the 12<sup>th</sup> of Ki- Stephen, it was built anew, & made a Corporation - Hugh Bigod - E. of Norfolk is- ding in the Junior Hen. ag<sup>st</sup> his Fath- er & Hen. & ve- ry much harassed of City, but rebuilt the Castle. Lewis of France assisting Rebel- lions Barons ag<sup>st</sup> K. Hen. besieged & took it. But in the next Age it recover- ed it self, the Citizens by Petiti- on in Part obtain'd leave of K. Ed. 1<sup>st</sup> to wall their City round w<sup>th</sup> accord- ingly they did, -

creating several Turrets, & appointing entrance into the Town by 12 Gates. In 1348, 1349, 1350 Persons are said to have died in this City of the Plague, between the Month July & January, & K. Rich<sup>2d</sup> afterwards granted them the liberty of exporting Horses, & in 1357, they obtained leave of K. Hen. 4<sup>th</sup> instead of Bayliffs, to choose a Mayor annually. He made it at the same time a County of it self, & of Com<sup>rs</sup> now consist of a Mayor, Recorder, 24 Ald<sup>rs</sup>, 2 Sheriffs, who are Justices of the Quorum, & 6 Com<sup>rs</sup> of the Peace. The City is at present very flourishing, large & populous, driving a great Trade in Woollen, Crapes &c. & R. Yare runs thro' it, & of Paris of each side are united by 15 Stone Bridges; it is reckoned to be in length abt 3 1/2 Miles, & 1/2 Mile in Breadth, contains within its Walls 24 Par<sup>cs</sup> besides a very stately Cathed<sup>ral</sup>, founded by Bp. Herbert aforementioned, in 1096. M<sup>rs</sup> Wad<sup>es</sup> & J<sup>ns</sup> Thurs Maunday Th<sup>rs</sup> W<sup>ed</sup>nes & Trinity Eves.



## The Road from

## LONDON to OAKHAM &amp;c.

Commencing at St. Albans [see Page 91] containing 200 <sup>comp. meas.</sup> & 80 <sup>stat.</sup> Miles

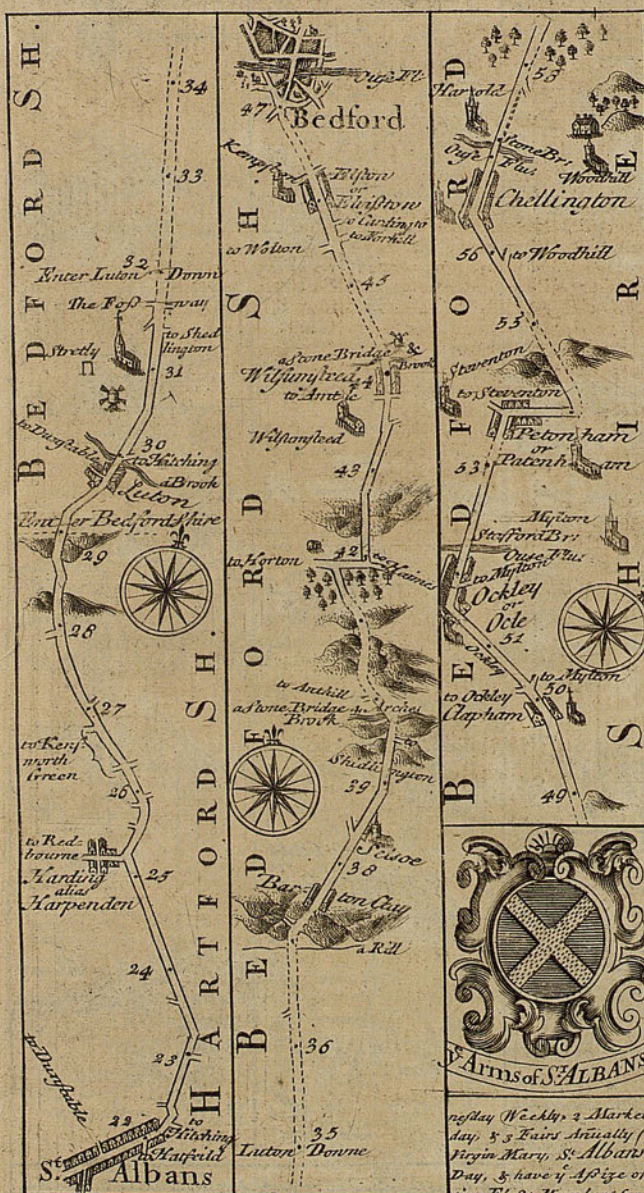
From London to	Oakham . . . 74; 94	Barnesly . . . 136; 175 1/2
St. Albans . . . 20; 21 1/2	Milton Mowbray . . . 82; 104 1/2	Almondsbury . . . 147; 190 1/2
Luton . . . 28; 29 1/2	Plum tree . . . 92; 117 1/2	Hallifax . . . 154; 199 1/2
Selfoe . . . 34; 38 1/2	Nottingham . . . 96; 122 1/2	Kichley . . . 163; 212
Bedford . . . 40; 47 1/2	Papplewick . . . 102; 130 1/2	Skipton . . . 170; 221 1/2
Chellington . . . 46; 56 1/2	Manfield . . . 106; 136 1/2	Cumilton . . . 179; 233 1/2
Wellinboro . . . 52; 65 1/2	Clown . . . 115; 147 1/2	Carlton . . . 188; 247
Kettering . . . 57; 72 1/2	Aughton . . . 123; 157 1/2	Midlam . . . 192; 252
Rotham . . . 65; 83 1/2	Rotherham . . . 126; 161 1/2	Richmond . . . 200; 260 1/2
Uppinham . . . 69; 87 1/2	Wombwell . . . 132; 170 1/2	

BEDFORD  
SHIRE

The County of BEDFORD is 73 Miles in Circumference, contains about 60000 Acres, divided into 6th parts, 12178 Towns, & only one of four sends Members to Par. - viz Bedford, 124 Par. & at 10; 10 Houses. The Air is very good, temperate & pleasant; the Soil fruitful, especially on the N. side, being shaded by many thick Woods. The Soil is for the most part more open, containing many spacious fields, yielding plentiful Crops of Corn, & very pleasant and rich Inland County, abounding in little Deer Forests, Corn, Fat Pastures, Forests, & Parks, & many plain fruitful Valleys, & famed for bearing of best Barley in England. The chief Commodities are Butter, Chees, Poultry, and Wood for Dyers. Towards Olney, & Newport Pagnell, Ink at the speciality of Women employ & give in weaving Bone-lace, Toward Dunstable & Luton, they weave Swan Hats & other things of that sort, & Manufacture employ several Thousands of People.







*Luton*

Here was formerly a Nunnery dedicated to Helena Mother of Constantine the Great [at 40]

*Luton*

Has a Millon Mond, for Corn, & a Fair on Aug: 15. [at 30]

*St. Albans* or called from St. Alban the English Proto-Martyr, who suffered in the Persecution under Dioclesian Anno 303: and had afterwards a Church built here in Memory of him by King Offa. It was incorporated by K. Edward 6th by the title of a Mayor, & 10 Burges who granted that they should have a perpetual Succession a Steward and Chamberlain, and that the said Mayor & Steward should be Justices of the Peace within the Borough. That the Mayor & Burges should hold a Court of Record before a Steward on Wednesday Weekly, & Market Weekly Wednesday & Saturday, & 3 Fairs Annually (viz) the Annunciation of the Virgin Mary, St. Albans Day June 27<sup>th</sup>, & Michaelmas Day, & have 4 A Shive of Bread, Wine &c. The Corporation Elect Members for Parliament. In this Town Anno 1429 was held a Synod against Pelagian Heresy, by Agricola a Bishop & Monk of Bangor, & Scholars of Pelagius had infected of Nation with. But by the sound & convincing Arguments of German Bishop of Auxerre, & Lupus Bishop of Troyes in France &c. who were present at the said Synod, was by degrees extinguished. In this Town was executed John Ball that seditious Libeller under Richard 2<sup>d</sup> for his rebellious designs. K. Edward 1<sup>st</sup> created a very stately Cross in the middle of the Town in Memory of St. Elenor, who Dyed in Lincolnshire, & was carried thro' this Town to be interred at Westminster, as he did in several other Towns on some occasions. This Town was also called Verulam, gave Title of Viscount to St. Edmund, Justice, & Ingenious St. Francis Bacon J<sup>r</sup> Chancellor of England under K. James 1<sup>st</sup> Created by the said King.





# Wellingborough

Is a large & well inhabited Town, noted for its Medicinal Waters, & has a fine Church, a good Free School, a M<sup>t</sup> on Wednesday & Fairs on East-Tuesday & Oct. 18<sup>th</sup>

[at 65½]

# Kettering

This is a pretty good Town, where the Inflicts of 9 Pease sometimes meet, & has a M<sup>t</sup> on Friday for Corn, Cattle, & a Fair on Thursday in Easter Week.

[at 73]

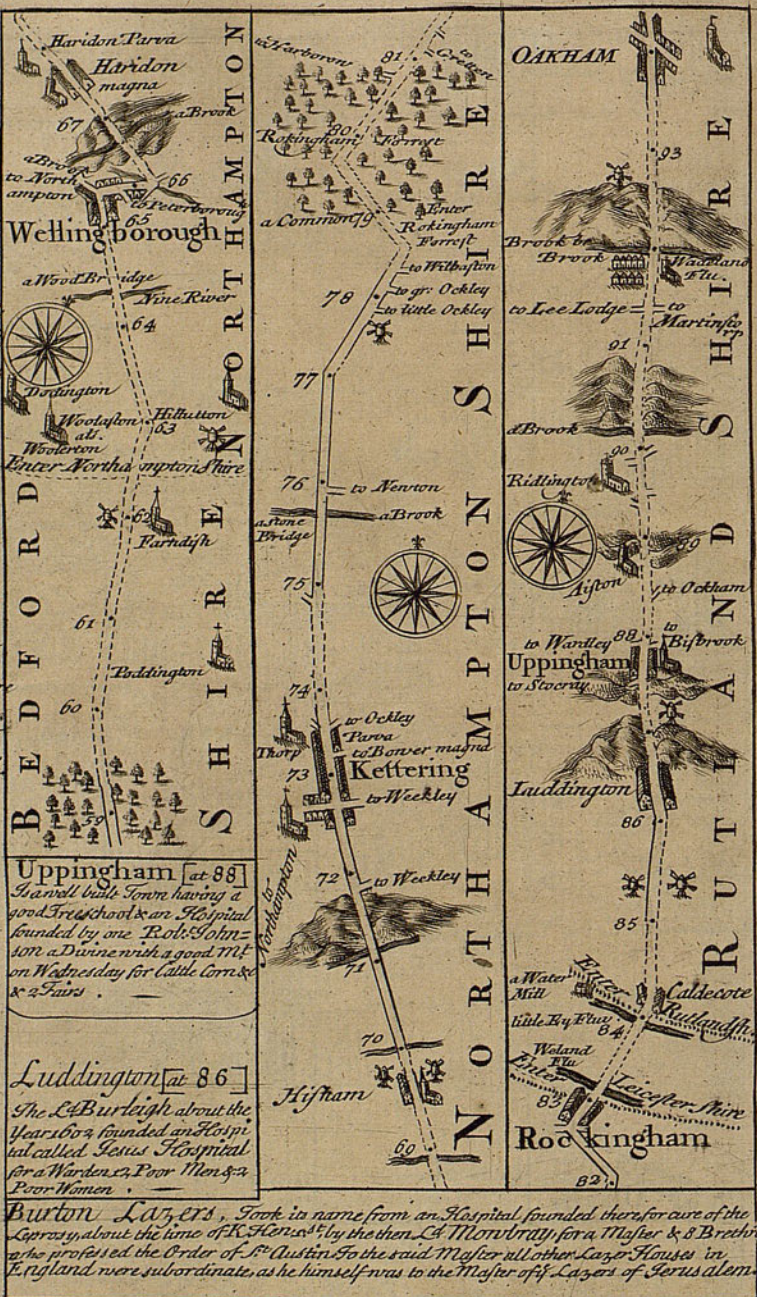
# Uppingham [at 88]

A small built Town having a good Free School & an Hospital founded by one Robt. Johnson a Divine with a good M<sup>t</sup> on Wednesday for Cattle Corn, &c. & 2 Fairs.

# Luddington [at 86]

The L<sup>d</sup> Burleigh about the Year 1603 founded an Hospital called Jesus Hospital for a Warden, 24 Poor Men & 24 Poor Women.

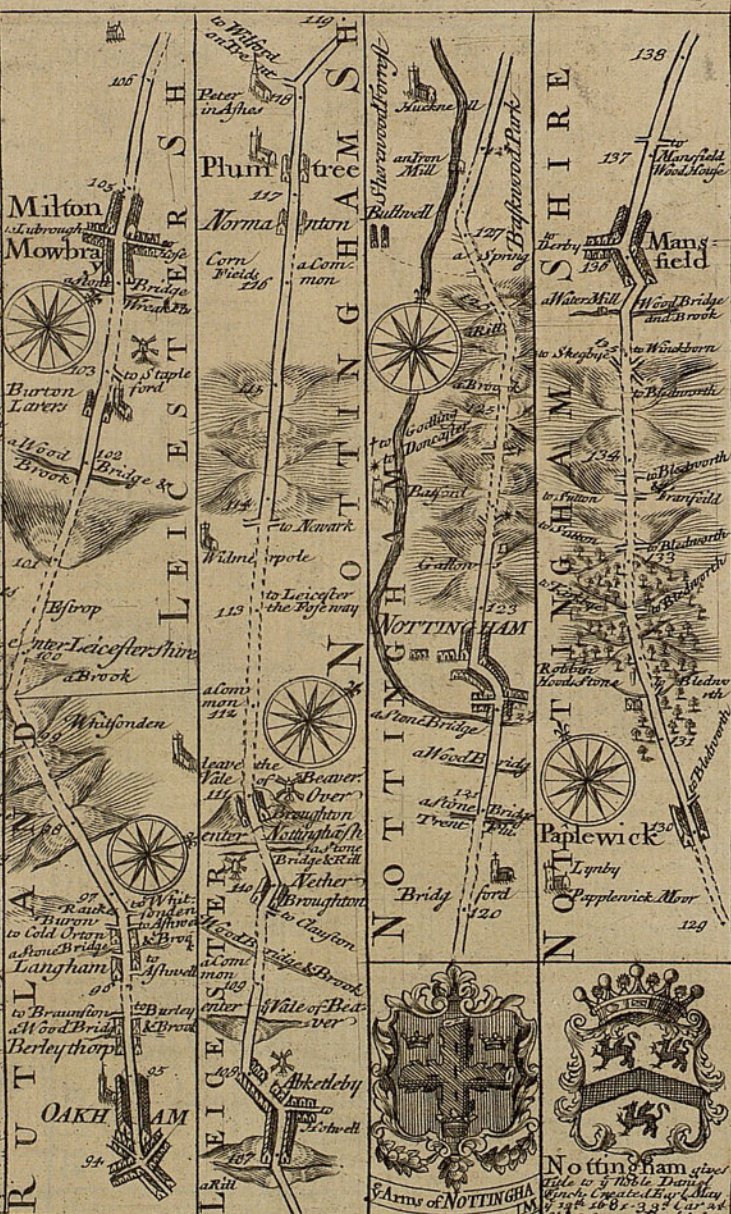
Burton Lazars, Took its name from an Hospital founded there for cure of the Leprosy, about the time of K. Henry 3<sup>d</sup> by the then L<sup>d</sup> Mowbray for a Master & 8 Brethren who professed the Order of S<sup>t</sup> Austin. To the said Master all other Lazer Houses in England were subordinate, as he himself was to the Master of 8 Lazars of Jerusalem.





## Nottingham

Lea very ancient Borough Town by Prescription & County Incorporation by Charter under a Mayor Recorder 6 Aldermen 9 Sheriffs, 4 Chamberlains & Coroners, a Senior Council of 10 Persons including 4 Coroners a Junior Council of 6 Persons (who are called 4 Councillors & 2 Wardens) & about 1200 Common Burgesses. The said Corporation & Council is represented in Parliament by 4 Members & 4 Burgesses for County & the Common Council are 400. To be very anciently situated. Beautifully supplied with Wood & near it, with good Pit-Coal from Middlesbrough, & in force with all 4 Neighbouring & had almost all the conveniences of Trade. In the County of Nottingham, it has 3 Market Weekly, viz. Wed. Frid. & Sat. & 4 Fairs, viz. Epiph. preceding the Tuesday next after Epiphany, Feb. 4. & 4. of August, next before Michaelmas Day, noted for Cattle & Chease, & 4 Spring Fairs are for Cattle. The Market Place is very commodious, & 4 Cattle now formerly very strong, supposed to have been built by Devereux, a base Son of 4 Conqueror, in 1067. It is called Thos. David R. of Scots was kept a Prisoner, & during his confinement Carved or Engraved 4 Story of Christ's Passion, & other curious things, in 4 Walls of 4 Room under Ground, which cut out of 4 very Stone. There is also in 4 East Gate a place called Mortimer's Hole, where [as it is said] Roger Mortimer, E. of March, hiding himself was taken, by means of a Subterraneous Passage, & hanged for betraying his Country to 4 Scots for Money, & other Mischievous Acts & contrivances. R. Charles 1<sup>st</sup> made choice of the Castle for setting up his Royal Standard, about Aug. 24 1642, & was afterwards Garrisoned by 4 Parliamenters, & in 4 end of 4 War in a manner demolished. In R. Chas. 2<sup>nd</sup> time, 4 D. of Buckingham sold it to 4 Marquis, afterwards D. of Newcastle who, began to clear 4 foundations of 4 Old Tower, & erected a lately Fabric in 4 room of it. We had almost forgot to mention 4 Arms of 4 Town, for 12 Four People, founded by Henry Stanley Esq. who endowed it with 1000. P. Annuus



No tting ham gives title to 4 Noble Daring Cinch, created Earl of Mar 4 1216 1681 33<sup>rd</sup> Car at Chester, & at Brokeley, on 4 Hill in 4 County of - Rutland, & 4 small town in 4 County of Bucks.

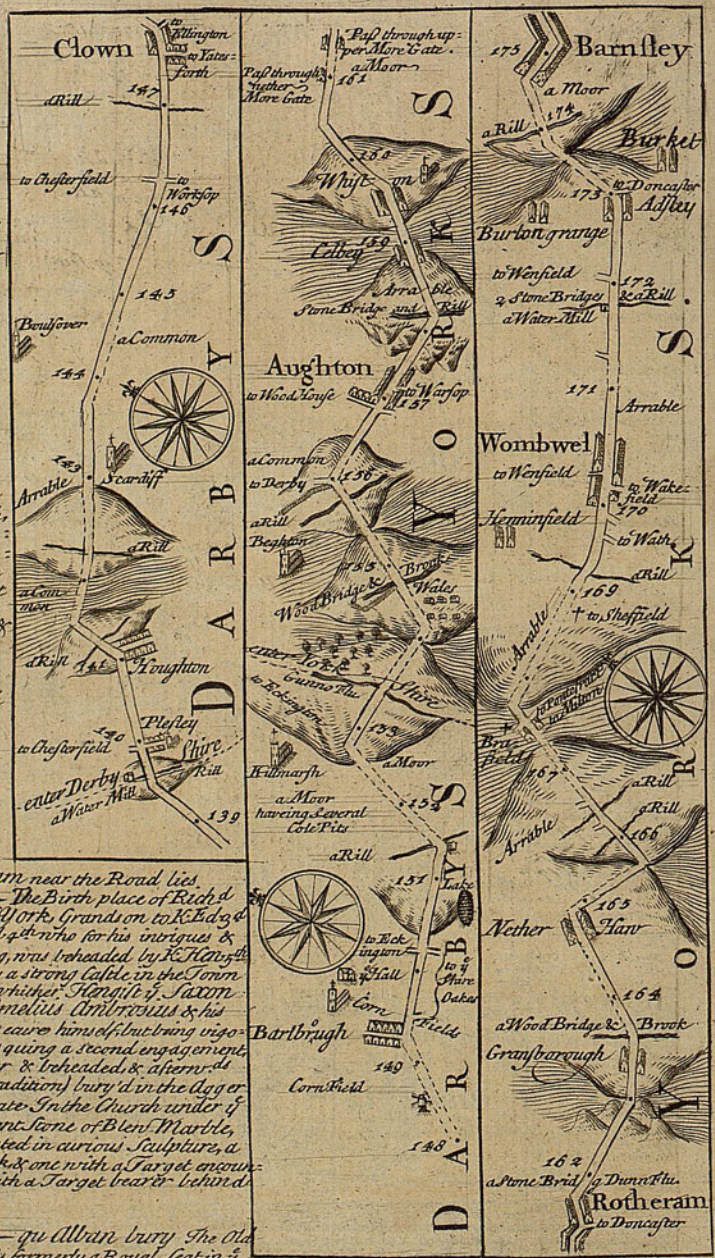


**Barusley**  
*or*  
**Black Barnsley**  
 Drives a considerable  
 Trade in Wine, & has a  
 good Market on Wednes-  
 day for Corn, & Provision.  
 (at 175)

**Celbrey** [at 159]  
 Is remarkable for ha-  
 ving been the Birth  
 place of K. Hen<sup>1<sup>st</sup></sup> where  
 his Father Wm Rufus  
 built a Church in memory  
 of St. Ger-  
 man, who extinguish'd  
 at the Pelagian Heresy  
 in Britain: Part  
 of this Church which  
 was very beautifull &  
 half the Steeple fell  
 down suddenly, at  
 6 a Clock on Sunday  
 Morning 30<sup>th</sup> March  
 1690.

Hard by Rotheram near the Road lies  
 Conisbrough — The Birth place of Rich<sup>d</sup>  
 Plantagenet, D. of York, Grandson to K. Ed<sup>3<sup>d</sup></sup>  
 & Grandfather to Ed<sup>4<sup>th</sup></sup> who for his intrigues &  
 ambition of Reigning, was beheaded by K. Hen<sup>5<sup>th</sup></sup>  
 There was formerly a strong Castle in the Town  
 built upon a Rock, whither Hen<sup>5<sup>th</sup></sup> & Saxons  
 being defeated by Amellius Ambrosius & his  
 Britains, retired to secure him self but being vigo-  
 rously pursued, & killing a second engagement  
 was taken prisoner & beheaded & after-  
 wards (if we may credit Tradition) bury'd in the Agger-  
 chate before the Gate. In the Church under a  
 Wall is a very ancient Stone of Blent Mar-  
 ble, whereon is represented in curious Sculpture, a  
 Man on Horse back & one with a Target encoun-  
 tering a Dragon, with a Target bearer behind  
 him. [at 161 &]

**Almondbury** — *qu Alban bury* The Old  
 Calnebadunum, was formerly a Royal Seat in  
 the beginning of the Saxon times, & had in it a Cathedral Church built by Paulinus, who first planted Chri-  
 stianity in these parts, & dedicated to St. Alban Bury in the Bloody Wars w<sup>ch</sup> leadn all the Britain & Pen-  
 da the Mercian made on Edwin Prince of these Parts, it was entirely laid in Ashes; it afterwards  
 in some measure recovered its self, having a Castle built in it, & conform'd to Henry Lucy by R. She-  
 phen, the ruins of which are still visible. [at 190]













*The Road from*  
**LONDON to SHREWSBURY. &c.**  
*Containing 138 com. & 176 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.*

Meriden . . . . . 78 98 <sup>4</sup>	Wenlock . . . . . 114 143 <sup>6</sup>
Birmingham . . . . . 88 109 <sup>5</sup>	Shrewsbury . . . . . 124 157
Dudley . . . . . 96 119 <sup>6</sup>	Abberbury . . . . . 130 164
Bridgnorth . . . . . 108 135 <sup>6</sup>	Wellhpool . . . . . 138 176





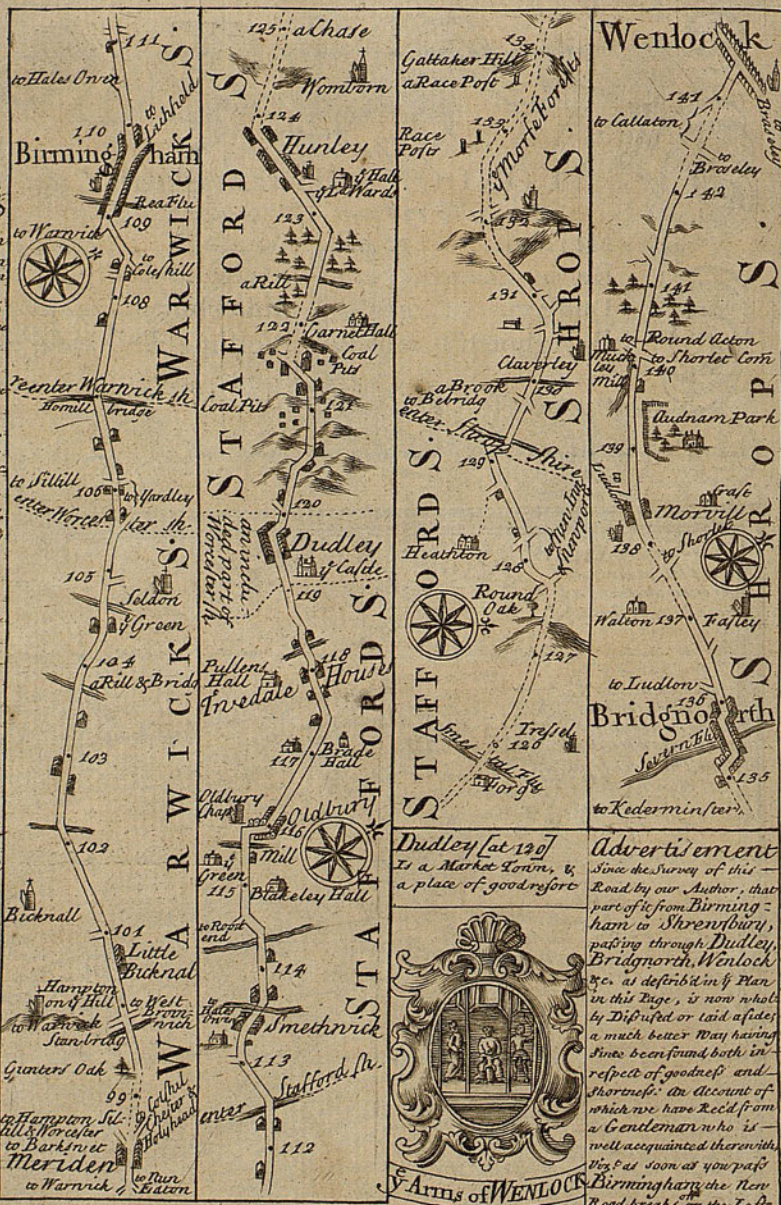
# Birmingham

Birmingham  
Bromwicham  
Brennicham  
It is a large & well built & populous place. The Inhabitants being mostly Smiths are very ingenious in their way, & vend vast quantities of all sort of Iron wares. From hence the Noble Family of the Brezmichams, Esq of South Ireland, are said to have had both their Origin & Name. Market the.

# Wenlock

It is an Ancient Borough and Corporation by Charter, consisting of a Bayliff who is Justice of the Peace, & other Justices, 20 Bayliffs & about 1000 Burgesses. The Bayliff is one of the Justices are chosen yearly on Michael Day in 4 Common Halls by 13

Electors, & 4 Bayliff for 4 year before is 4 other Justice: The Inhabitants paying Stat & 2 to Blos the Memb of Parham. The Trading Commodities of the Town are chiefly Lime & Tobacco Pipes. The Market is on Monday Fair 4 times a year, each holding 4 Days, & 6 Oct. 6th for 3 Days. The Town was Anciently Famous for a Woollery, wherein Malburga a Devout Virgin Lady was Buried, & with Roger de Montgomery after, filled w<sup>th</sup> Monks: And in later times for a Noble Inhabitant Sir Tho<sup>mas</sup> Winell, call'd also Wenlock, ap<sup>er</sup> on account for his Loyalty & Fidelity to K. Hen. 6th who therefore Created him Baron Wenlock, & caused him to be created K<sup>t</sup> of 4 Carter. He afterw<sup>th</sup> Dyed for 4 son K. in 4 Battle of Tewkesbury, & having no Issue, his Estate fell to his Cousin Sir Hen. 6th w<sup>th</sup> 4 Landw<sup>th</sup> in 4 C<sup>th</sup> are descended



Dudley [at 120]  
It is a Market Town, & a place of good resort

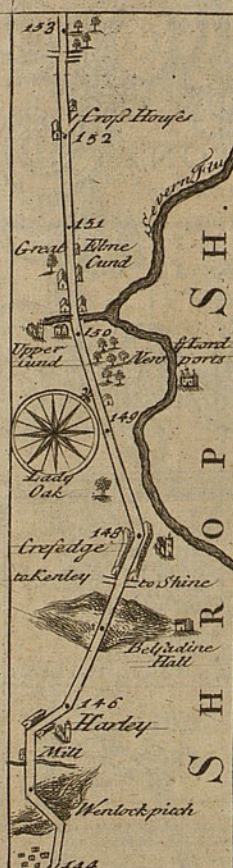


Arms of WENLOCK

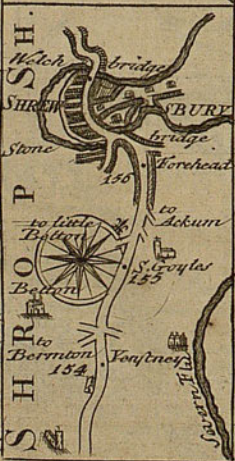
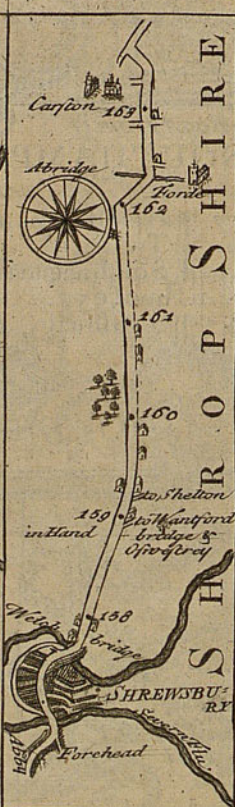
# Advertisement

Since the Survey of this Road by our Author, that part of it from Birmingham to Shrewsbury, passing through Dudley, Bridgnorth, Wenlock &c. as described in the Plan in this Page, is now wholly Disputed or laid aside as a much better Way having since been found both in respect of goodness and shortness. An Account of which we have Recd from a Gentleman who is well acquainted therewith viz<sup>t</sup> as soon as you pass Birmingham the New Road breaks on the Left, & passes thro<sup>th</sup> W. Birmingham, Wolverhampton, Buxton, Leamford, Shiffnall, Priorslee, Okeby, Watling Street, Ten Bridge, Alcham, Enliff, & so to Shrewsbury.





**SHREWSBURY**  
the County Town of  
SHROP-SHIRE  
is an Ancient Borough by Pres-  
cript. Consisting of a May-  
Reconcord toward Alderman & Com<sup>rs</sup> Council men or Alder<sup>men</sup> & Sen<sup>ts</sup> Alder<sup>men</sup> &  
has not a Mayor's Office of May, is Annually Elected into y<sup>e</sup> Office Memb<sup>rs</sup> for Parliam<sup>ts</sup>  
and are Chosen by y<sup>e</sup> Burges<sup>s</sup> Weekly Mar<sup>ch</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> W. 1<sup>st</sup> . as also a M<sup>ay</sup> every Thursday  
for Welch, Cottons & Flannels in w<sup>ch</sup> Commodities 10000 at least is Weekly laid out. 6  
Times a Week in y<sup>e</sup> Week after Easter. Next before Whitsuntide, Jun<sup>e</sup> 22, Aug<sup>st</sup> 22, Sep<sup>r</sup> 22  
& Dec<sup>r</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> There are 6 Parish Churches .



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Times a Week in y<sup>e</sup> Week after Easter. Next before Whitsuntide, Jun<sup>e</sup> 22, Aug<sup>st</sup> 22, Sep<sup>r</sup> 22  
& Dec<sup>r</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> There are 6 Parish Churches .

**Welchpool**  
Is a considerable Town  
Corporate govt by -  
Bailiffs, & has a good  
M<sup>on</sup> Mond<sup>ay</sup> Near is  
a famous Castle called  
Kastell Kock from y<sup>e</sup>  
reddish stones where  
of it was built within  
its Walls were 3 Castles,  
one belonging to Baron  
Dudley & another now  
y<sup>e</sup> seat of y<sup>e</sup> Lt Gov<sup>er</sup> -  
This Red-Castle was  
built about y<sup>e</sup> time of  
K<sup>ing</sup> Will<sup>iam</sup> Rufus by Ka-  
drigan ap Bleddyn,  
a most prudent Bri-  
tain, & a Person much  
respected by y<sup>e</sup> English  
& Normans, but obli-  
ged to leave his Na-  
tive Country & the  
large possessions gran-  
ted him by y<sup>e</sup> Normans  
& flee into Ireland on  
account of his Son -  
Owen, who being  
an inconsiderate &  
turbulent young Man  
very much annoy'd y<sup>e</sup>  
English & the  
Flemings, who were  
then lately settled on y<sup>e</sup>  
Seacoast of Wales.



**Shrewsbury**  
Gives title to the Noble Earl  
Hall 100, raised Earl -  
Mar<sup>ch</sup> 20<sup>th</sup> 1422. Chief  
seat at Thirlmere in  
Middlesex, Popperhill in  
Shrop<sup>shire</sup>, Allen Castle in  
Stafford<sup>shire</sup>, & at Gratton  
in Hereford<sup>shire</sup> .  
Near Shrewsbury was  
fought a very bloody Bat-  
tle between K<sup>ing</sup> Henry 4<sup>th</sup> &  
Sir Ben<sup>edict</sup> Perceval here  
y<sup>e</sup> latter was slain &  
y<sup>e</sup> King Henry 4<sup>th</sup> who dic-  
ted with him taken and  
beheaded This town is par-  
ticularly famous for a  
Welsh school founded  
by Sir John having a Master  
& a public Library .



20	Bagshot . . . 23	29	Alresford . . . 47	50	7
	Farnham . . . 32	40	Twiford . . . 54	68	5
	Alton . . . 39	50	Southampton 62	78	3
	From Southampton to		Rumsey . . . 6		
	White Parish 12		27		
			Salisbury . . . 28		
			25		







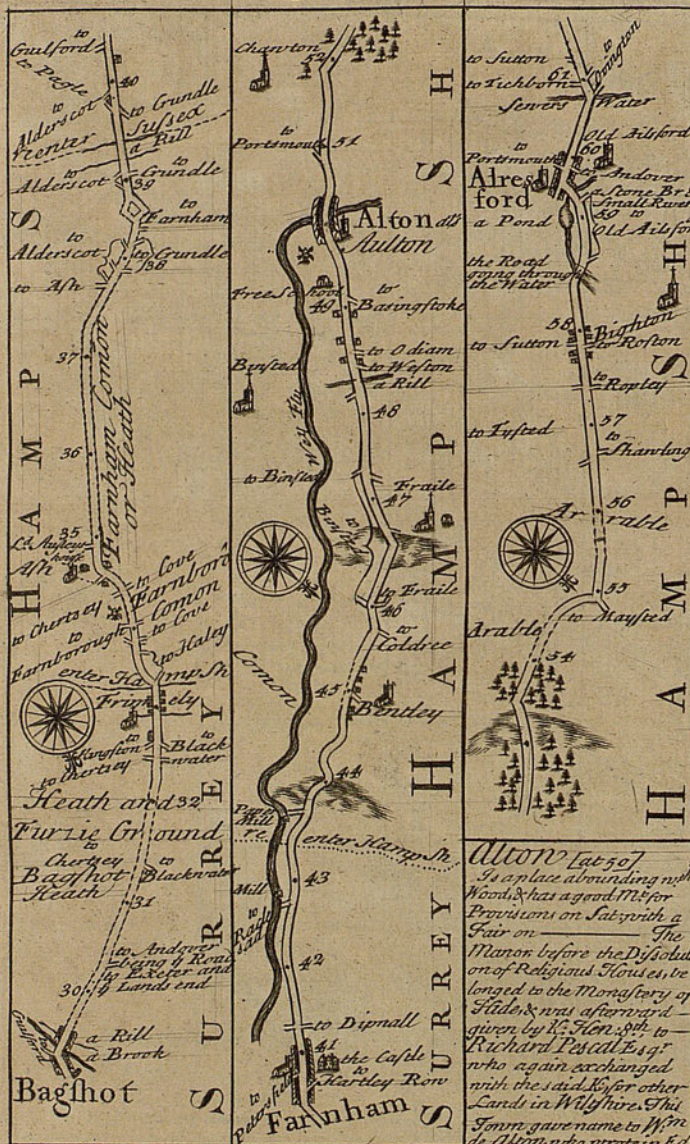
## Salisbury

Gave title to the Noble Earl Great Earl May 24 1609. at Lac. his Chief Seats at Hatfield in Com. Hertford, at Cranbornehouse in Dorsetshire.

## Southampton

Supper edg stand on the round of the old Augustinum is a place of antiquity and note, whither the Nation of Danish Kings used frequently to resort. Kianah after many prosperous Baddel, becoming sole Monarch of England, happening to be in this Town the Parvies at him complimented him with Divine Attributes, and would figne have persuaded him all things were subject to his Royall Will to expose such false & flattery flattery the King ordered his Chair of State to be brought to this Castle, where in standing in the presence of his Courtiers he spoke to the Queen after this manner. Thou art my Subject & the Ground whereon I sit is mine, nor have any hitherto been disobedient to me, without being severely punished therefore, strictly charge & command thee, not to approach my Ground, or rise the steps of Feet of me thy Lord and Master. But the angry Sea, whose raging is only still'd by its Great strength, regardless of the Kings commands, and threats, continued its wonted course, and rudely wrecks the Ships, Boat & Rowes. Wherupon starting up of a sudden he thus exposes himself. Let

continued in following Page.



**Farnham** Taking its Name from a great quantity of Fern near it, was given by Ethelbert King of the Saxons to the Bp. & Church of Winchester. Here it was that E. Alfred (about 833) with a very small Force routed a great Number of Pilsing Danes. Henry of Blois Bp. of Winchester by the permission of E. Stephen built a Castle on a Hill near the Town, which is now govern'd by 12 Masters, of whom were Bayliffs, having a great Meon. Thurs day, & Fairs on Midsummer & all Saints day.

**Alton** [Lat 50°] Is a place abounding with Wood, & has a good Meier Provisions on Sat. with a Fair on — The Manor before the Dissolution of Religious Houses, belonged to the Monastery of Fildes, & was afterward given by E. Hen. 3<sup>rd</sup> to Richard Pascel Esq. who again exchanged with the said E. for other Lands in Wiltshire. This Town gave name to Winde Alton, who wrote in the 24<sup>th</sup> time, That the Virgin Mary was smitten with Original Sin, as well as the race of Mankind, and near it was born Fryar Piers, Jesuit, Sanders' Nephew, a famous Man, lay and sea commander, who died Dean of Verdun in Lorraine. Here is a Charity school for 40 Boys & 20 Girls.



This Town given  
title to his Grace  
Charles Fitz-  
Roy Duke of  
Cleveland  
Southampton  
created D. Sep  
temb. 20. 1767.  
Chief Seat at  
Bayleys in F

[illegible][illegible]



The Road from

LONDON to WELLS &c. Comencing at New Market

Containing 95:64 com. & 121:1:75 mea. Miles. (see Page)

New Market . . . 54 60 5  
Berton Mills . . . 60 69 4  
Brandon Ferry . . . 67 78 7  
to Hilborro . . . 73 87 5  
Swaffham . . . 77 94  
Tittleshall . . . 84 104 4

Fakenham . . . 88 110 5  
Walsingham . . . 92 116 3  
WELLS . . . 95 121 1  
to New Market . . . 54 60 5  
Kenford . . . 57 65 2  
St Edmunds Bury . . . 56 75 4

The Hundreds

- 1 Odsey
- 2 Edrinfree
- 3 Broad Water
- 4 Hitching
- 5 Dacor
- 6 Hertford
- 7 Caitho
- 8 Bronghing

HERTFORD  
SHIRE

S. P. of CAMBRIDGE



English Miles  
2 4 6 8 10

The County of HERTFORD is 130 Miles in Circumference; contains abt. 450 00 Acres; is divided into 8 Hundreds; has 2 Boroughs, 18 M. Towns, 120 Parishes, & abt. 70 500 Houses. The Air is extraordinary good, in rest, & healthfull all over the County, if Soil for 1 mole part Chalky, but fruitful in corn & Wood, of which is said that they who buy a Seat in Hertfordshire, pay 2 Years purchase for the Air; the Ground generally level having but few Hills. Chief Commodities are, Wheat, Barley, Malt, Fish, and Sheep, & fat Cattle. This County pays in 1722 Sh. did £24566-12-8.



# Swafham

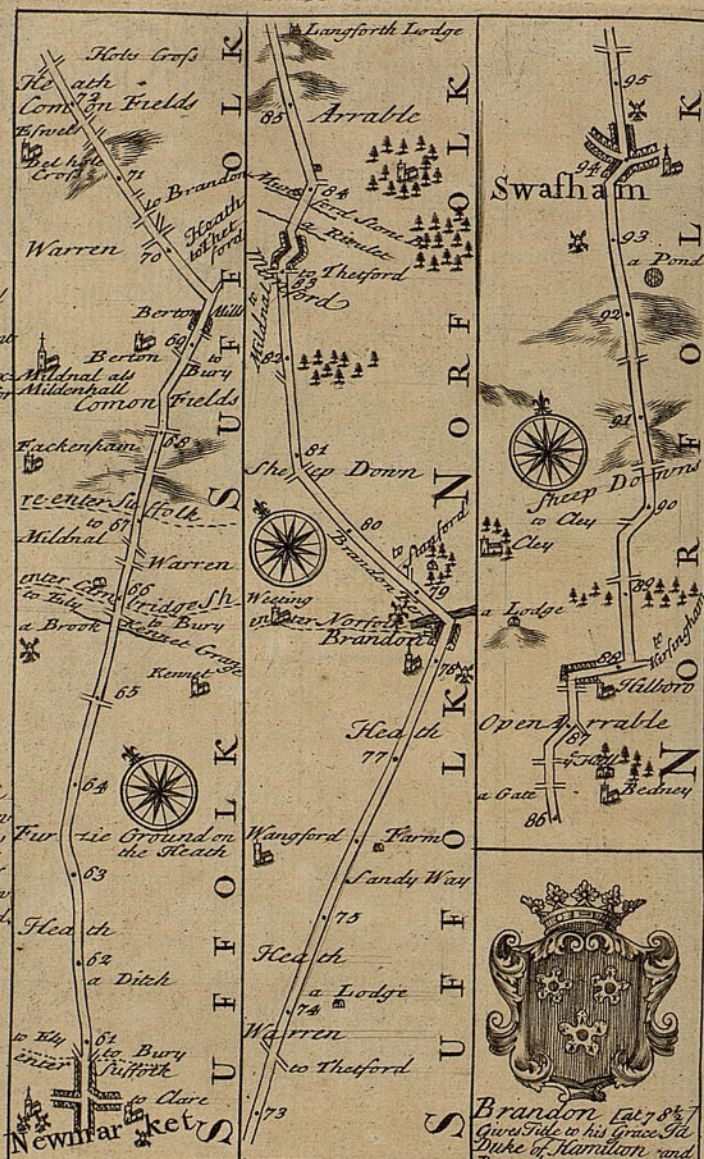
Formerly belonged to 4 Earls of Rich-  
mond, & is at present  
a very comendable  
Town having an ex-  
cellent Mon. for  
Provisions &c.  
[at 94]

# Fakenham

Was given by K. Hen-  
ry 1<sup>st</sup> to Hugh Capel, Fur-  
ter & afterwards by K.  
John to the Earl of  
Arundel. It has now  
a Mark & on Thursd.  
[at no 5]

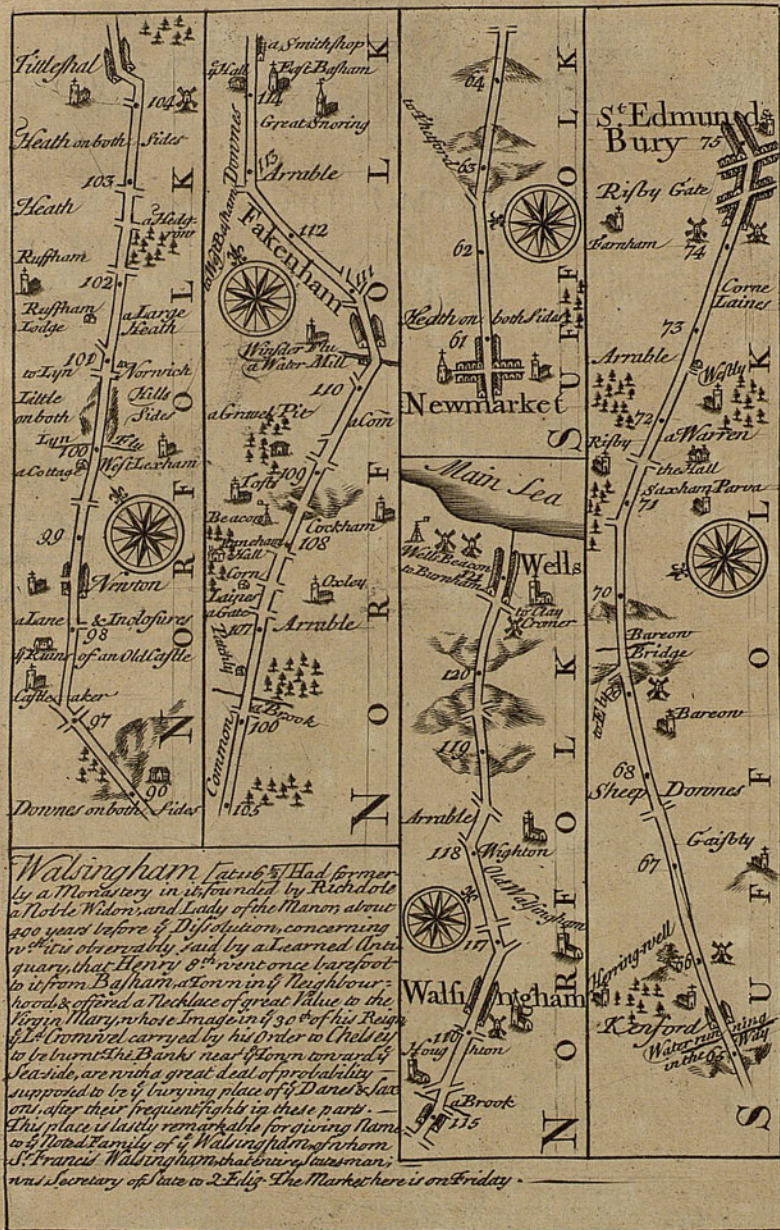
# Newmarket

Is situate partly in Cambridge Sh. & partly  
in Suffolk, in a very healthfull Air near a spacious Fleeth, in which  
has invited the Court to sell their Horses in the Town for ra-  
cing. K. Ch. 2<sup>d</sup> built a Palace in it for his reception on that occasion,  
& his Successors have ever since encouraged the said Races, by  
being sometimes present at them, & giving a Plate or two yearly to  
be run for by Persons of Qualities Horses to the no small ad-  
vantage of the Town. M<sup>c</sup> Tuesd. Fairs, St. Lukes day.



Brandon 1478 & 7  
Gives Title to his Grace the  
Duke of Hamilton and  
Brandon. Granted D. of  
Brandon Sept. 10. 1771  
to Anne R<sup>g</sup>. Chief Seats at  
Aston Hall in Lancashire  
This a Town of note, & by  
this a Town of note, & by  
of convenience of its. Onse  
has a tolerable Trade cheit-  
ly in loading & unloading  
Goods to & from the Isle of Elbe.  
It had formerly a M<sup>c</sup> has  
still 9 Fairs, Feb. 12<sup>th</sup> June  
1<sup>st</sup> & Nov. 11<sup>th</sup>.

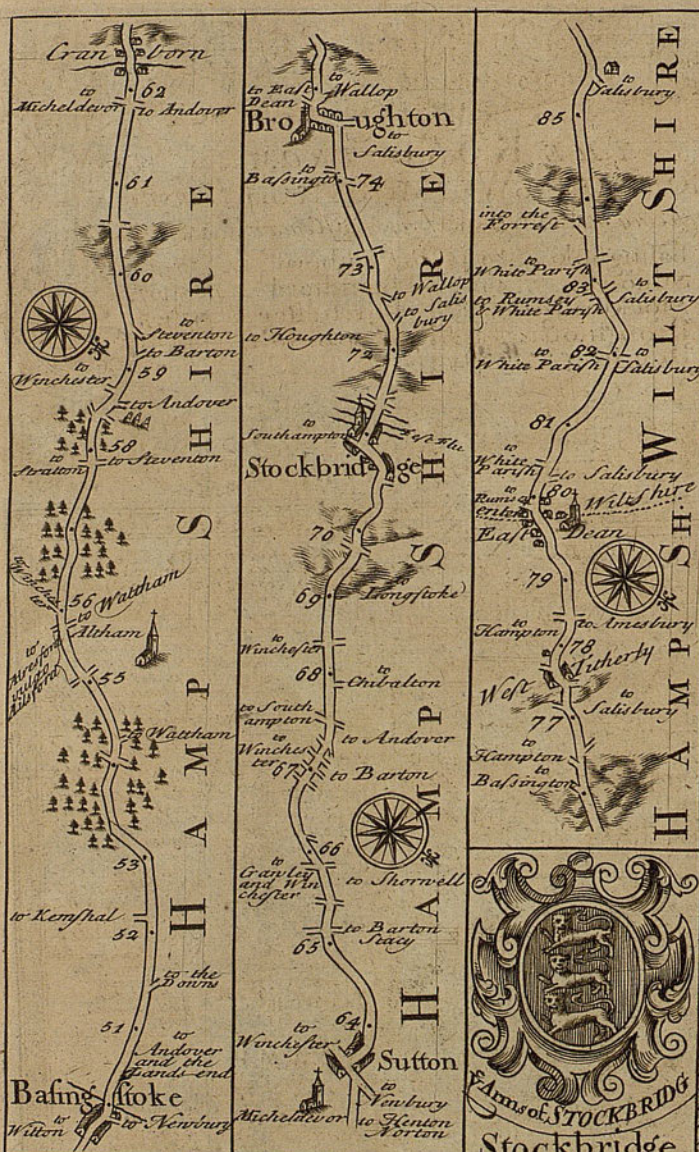












# The Isle of Portland

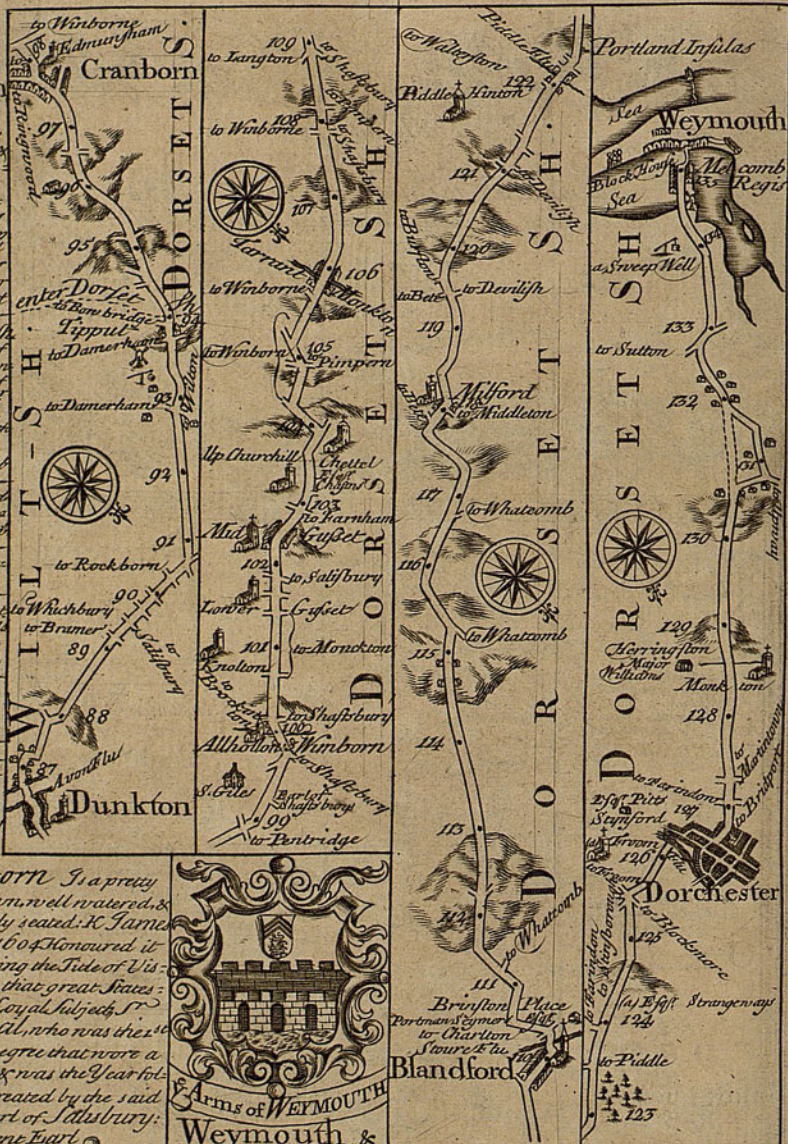
Is about 7 Miles in compass, now joined to the Continent. It bears plenty of Corn, & affords good Pasture for Sheep, &c. but its soil provided with Fuel, that the Inhabitants are often obliged to dry their Cow-dung, for that use. The Island Parts are bound with Quarries of excellent Stones, both durable and beautiful for building; great quantities of which have been vendd to London since the great Fire, to the great advantage of the Inhabitants of this Island and the Country adjoining. On the East side is a Church for Divine Services. On the North, a well fortified Castle, built by R. Hen. 8th. The Port is Morlike the old Inhabitants of the Balears in the Mediterranean. It was formerly famous Singers, R. Hen. 8th. Confessor gave this Island in allia to Sir John of Winchester in Testimony of his repentance for having wrongfully accused his Mother Emma of Incontinency. R. Hen. 8th. D. of York sent its Representatives to Parl. but has long since discontinued so doing. It was accidentally destroyed by Fire, temp. Eliz. R. Hen. 8th. soon after rebuilt in greater order & beauty, & is at present very well frequented by Gentry & accommodated for Travellers, it has 6 Quarter Sessions kept in it once a Year & drives a Trade in Bond Lace and Straw works. Dr Wake the present Arch Bishop of Canterbury has a Seat in this Town. Mariners to that Sea, in memory of her deliverance.



Is a Town tho' small yet well accomodated for Travellers. The Corporation consists of a Bayliff Constable, & 12 Jurors. Members for Parl. are chosen by the Inhabitants that pay to Church, & Poor. M. Th. Fair Holy Th. St. Peters & St. Lukes days for Cattle &c. Blandford is a large and flourishing Borough Town, & ancieint Corporation Govern'd by 2 Bayliffs, annually chosen out of the Aldermen or Capital Burgesses. temp. Ed. 1. M. Th. sent its Representatives to Parl. but has long since discontinued so doing. It was accidentally destroyed by Fire, temp. Eliz. R. Hen. 8th. soon after rebuilt in greater order & beauty, & is at present very well frequented by Gentry & accommodated for Travellers, it has 6 Quarter Sessions kept in it once a Year & drives a Trade in Bond Lace and Straw works. Dr Wake the present Arch Bishop of Canterbury has a Seat in this Town. Mariners to that Sea, in memory of her deliverance.



At Town  
 pleasantly  
 situated &  
 well natu-  
 ral. Is a  
 very an-  
 cient Bo-  
 dy Preser-  
 ved, & is  
 now cov-  
 er'd by a  
 cheson cov-  
 er'd by a  
 leaf of  
 Lead of St  
 James's  
 which is At  
 St. Mar-  
 tin's & of  
 the B of  
 Winchester.  
 The Free-  
 holders in  
 this Town  
 elect Mem-  
 bers for  
 the Lord: -  
 At Thurs-  
 day (April  
 & Eleventh  
 day, This  
 place is  
 famous for  
 having  
 been the  
 place of  
 execution  
 of South-  
 ampton  
 which for  
 his great  
 Valour &  
 exploits,  
 was ac-  
 counted  
 one of  
 the great-  
 est  
 Worthies



Cranborne Is a pretty  
little Town, well watered, &  
pleasantly seated: K James  
Aug 20<sup>th</sup> 1604 Honoured it  
with giving the Tide of Vis-  
count to that great States-  
man & Loyal Subject  
Robt Cecil, who was then  
of that Degree that wore a  
Coronet & was the Year fol-  
lowing created by the said  
King Earl of Salisbury:  
The present Earl  
of the same  
Family  
has a Seat  
here: Mr  
Nedw.  
[at q8]



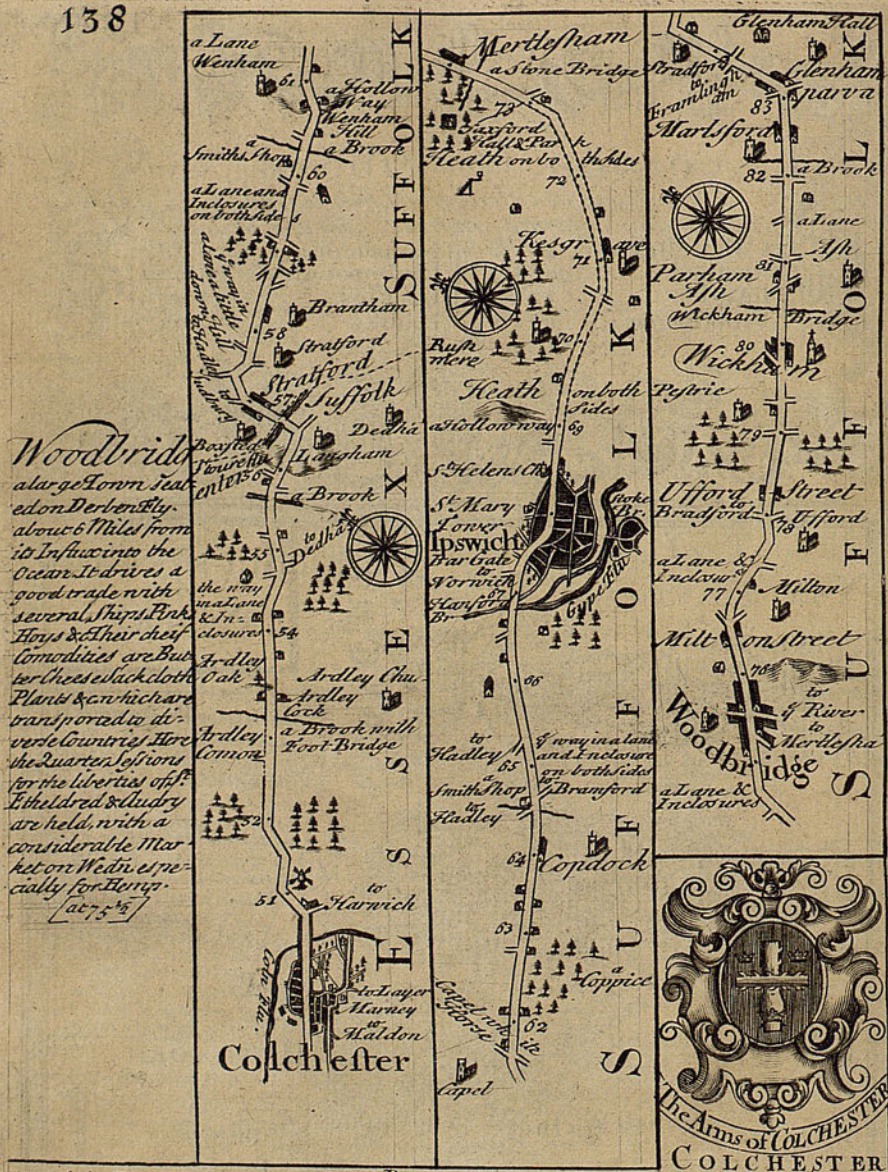
Weymouth &  
Melcomb Regis.

Formerly distinct Towns; but, by Act of Par<sup>t</sup>. 13<sup>o</sup> Eliz. & confirmed by R. James. A.<sup>o</sup> 1617. United and made one Corp. Consisting of a Mayor\* (who is ever after Alderman) Recorder, Bayliffs, Alderman and 24 Capital Burghes. Memb. for Par<sup>t</sup>. are 4 Elect. by the Freeholders that have but the least Freehold within the Corporation, whether Inhabitant or not, returned by the Mayor. 16 trades to Newfound Land Weekly Markets on Tuesday and Friday. The Bridge joining Weymouth & Melcomb Regis falling to decay, was rebuilt not long since by their Representatives S<sup>t</sup>. The Hardy Kn<sup>t</sup>. W<sup>m</sup> Harvey, Reginald Marriot, John Ward Esq<sup>r</sup>. Gives Tide of his count to L<sup>d</sup>. Thomas Thynne created 11<sup>th</sup> Decem<sup>r</sup>. 1680.









A very Ancient Borough, & famous City in time of Romans, has been Incorporated by Several Charters & confirmed by King William 1. & 1. consents of a Mayon High Sheriff, Recorder, & his Deputy, 11 Aldermen, 18 Apprentices, & as many Commons Councilmen &c. The said Mayor & Aldermen for time being are 28 Guardians, are also a Corporation for the benefit of the Poor. This sends 2 Members to Parliament, consists of 4 Wards & 16 Parishes: Churches, of which there are 11, had a strong Castle built by Edward 1. Son to King Alfred for its Defence against Danes, of which there are still some remains. This Town is said to have given Birth to Helena Mother to Constantine the great, here also its said was born Lucius, & King Christian King in England. This Town held a long Siege in time of the Rebellion, Sir Charles Lucas & Sir George Lisle were killed, & the soldiers of King's Friends being block'd up in it by the Parliament Army under Sir John Fairfax, & at length reduced by want of food & said Sir Charles & Sir George Executed soon after their Surrender. This place of late drives a very great Trade in Bays, & Says, to Spain & America, for the support of which there is a Colony of Dutch Planters here, who have a Hall, & Officers under them for the Advancement of the said Trade. It is also noted for its excellent Officers, & Candyed Brings Root which is a pretty Sweet-Meat & good Stomachick. Market Wednesdays Fridays & Saturdays. Fair June 24<sup>th</sup> July 14<sup>th</sup> & October 9<sup>th</sup>

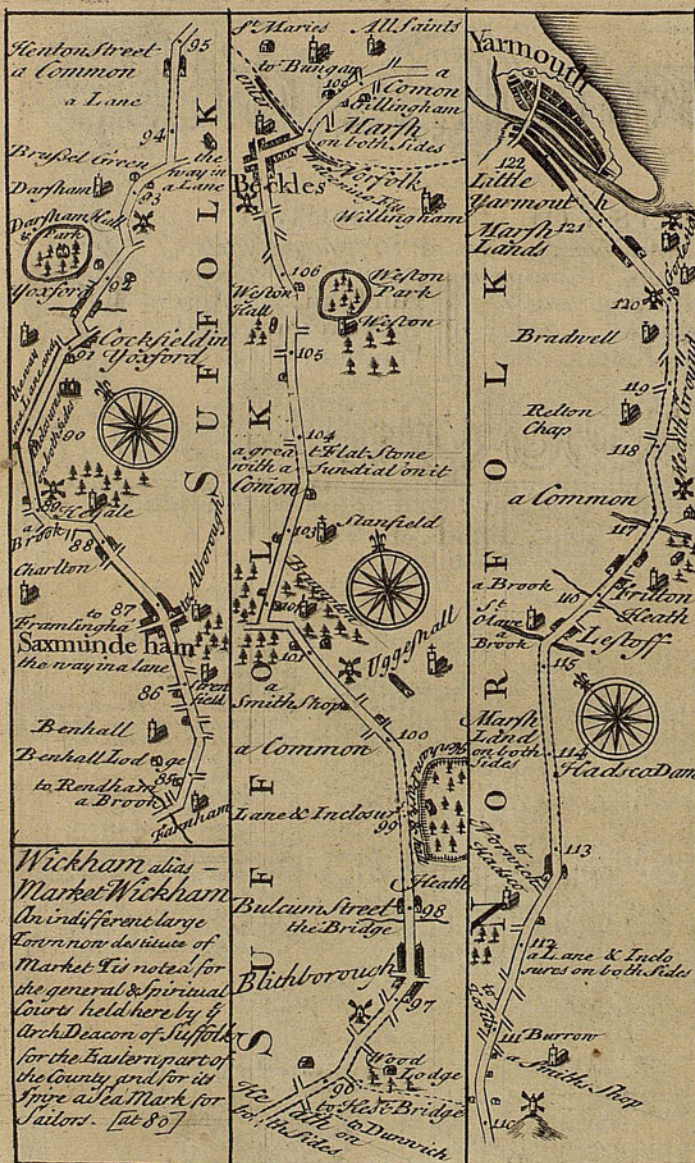




## Yarmouth

Gives Title of Earl to the Noble William Paston, Created - Earl July 1306. 1679. 31. Oct. 2. Chief Seats at Paston-hall, and Edgefield in  $\frac{1}{2}$  County of Norfolk.

Saxmundham alias  
Saxlingtham  
Has a good Market on Thursday  
[at 87]



**Blithborough** Seated on the banks of the River Blith, was formerly a Market Town and memorable for the burying place of the Christian King Anna whom Penda the Mercian slew in a pitched Battle  
[at 97]



The Road from

BRISTOL to BANBURY,

Containing 55 comp. & 74'7 meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Bristol	com.	meas		com.	meas
Sodbury	10	12	Burford	38	51'7
Tetbury	19	25'2	S. Newton	50	68'7
Cirencester	26	35'4	Banbury	55	74'7





*Dedmerton*

Has been of Manor  
of Courtmans-  
ever since. The  
Robt. Courington Esq:  
present. & has ap-  
pear'd at in Party  
another Robt. a young  
or Brother of same  
name & Family & M<sup>r</sup>  
of Magdalens College  
narrate of Life of Robt. Esq:  
of Essex who was  
beheaded in latter  
end of R<sup>th</sup> Eliz. Reign  
& several other inge-  
nious Treatises. - at 50

BRISTOL

is situated partly in Domesday-partly in Gloucestershire. It is very fair, large, and populous, & drives a very great foreign & home Trade, having a Commodious Quay for Ships of above 15 Tons. It is walled round, and had formerly a strong Castle, built by Robert Earl of Gloucester, Natural Son to King Henry. It was made a Bishop's See by King Canute, & continued by King Henry 3<sup>rd</sup> under a Mayor or Recorder, Sheriffs, 13 Aldermen, a common Council &c. Members for Parliament are chosen by a Majority of the Burgesses Inhabitants. It has a very fine Cathedral, dedicated to St. Dunstan. Founded by Henry 2<sup>d</sup> and 17 Parish Churches, among which the most beautiful is S. Mary's, of Radcliffe, the workmanship of which is so curious, and exquisite, that it exceeds most Parish Churches in England; in it the Founder Willm. Lunninger has 2 Honorary Monuments, the one in his Image as a Magistrate, having five Angels in



This is a detailed historical map of the Bristol and Gloucestershire region, showing the River Sever and its tributaries. The map includes numerous place names such as Chipping Sodbury, Tetbury, Cirencester, and Badminton. It also features a compass rose, a coat of arms, and a scale bar.

The map is oriented with North at the top. The River Sever flows from the top right towards the bottom left. Major tributaries shown include the River Avon, the River Mole, and the River Ure. The map is divided into sections by the River Sever and the River Avon. The River Sever is labeled 'SEVER' and the River Avon is labeled 'AVON'. The River Mole is labeled 'MOLE' and the River Ure is labeled 'URE'. The map also shows the River Glos. (Gloucestershire) and the River Stroud. The River Sever is shown flowing through the center of the map, with the River Avon flowing into it from the north. The River Mole flows into the Sever from the west, and the River Ure flows into it from the east. The River Glos. flows into the Sever from the south, and the River Stroud flows into it from the south. The map also shows the River Frome, the River Wyke, and the River Teme. The River Sever is shown flowing through the center of the map, with the River Avon flowing into it from the north. The River Mole flows into the Sever from the west, and the River Ure flows into it from the east. The River Glos. flows into the Sever from the south, and the River Stroud flows into it from the south. The map also shows the River Frome, the River Wyke, and the River Teme. The River Sever is shown flowing through the center of the map, with the River Avon flowing into it from the north. The River Mole flows into the Sever from the west, and the River Ure flows into it from the east. The River Glos. flows into the Sever from the south, and the River Stroud flows into it from the south. The map also shows the River Frome, the River Wyke, and the River Teme.

Mayor of this City, and the other as a Clergy-man, he having in his latter day been made Dean of the College founded by him at Westminster: The Church of St. Stephen has a very stately Tower built by one Mr. Inghram alias Barstable the Collegiate Church called Gaunt, from its pious founder P. Henry Gaunt, was by the munificence of St. Carr, a Wealthy Gentleman, made an Hospital for Orphans. This Gay is computed equal to a 10th Part of London, but gives as a Part of its Trade There are upwards of 2000 Sail belonging to the Port, the chief Trade is mannaged from Wales & the Midland Countries. For the carrying of & purging the filth of the Town, it has convenient Saults which is the Reason they draw all things on Sedges, & the breaking of Cart Wheels &c should impair the Archer. On each side the River Avon, near this Gay, are found 6 or 7 parent Stones resembling Diamonds & scarce distinguishable but by their softness. Mr. Wedg. Th. & Jac. 2 great Fairers Blamey & St. Pauls day. Gives Title of Earl to the Lord John Harvey, created by K. GEORGE.



# *Fetbury* (at 25 1/2)

It is a considerable Town by a Bay liff &c. This small trade & a place of good resort. In the middle of it Town are 2 M<sup>rs</sup> Houses one for Bacon, Chees &c. & another large one for Yarn for the late Commodity of M<sup>rs</sup> is most famous, being on Wedn<sup>es</sup> & 4 Fairs on Thursd<sup>ay</sup> & Mary Magdalens day July 24<sup>th</sup>. The Berkleys were formerly L<sup>ds</sup> of the Manor for several centuries until George L<sup>d</sup> Berkeley conveyed it with the Boro<sup>gh</sup> & Tolls aduersion & Com<sup>mission</sup> to the Inhabitants who now enjoy them. This Town had once a Castle said to have been built by Dunwallo K. of Brittain abt 2000 Years agoe. It was now a Freshwater of the Learned D<sup>r</sup> Kell Principal of Edm<sup>und</sup> Hall Oxon was once Master (In an alm<sup>s</sup> house for 2 Poor People founded by St<sup>h</sup> Romney & a large Parish Church.

*Chipping Sodbury*  
It is an ancient Boro<sup>gh</sup> & Corp. consisting of a May<sup>or</sup> 6 Ald<sup>ermen</sup> & 12 Bur<sup>gesses</sup> by Chart from R<sup>ichard</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> 2<sup>d</sup> 3<sup>d</sup> 4<sup>th</sup> 5<sup>th</sup> 6<sup>th</sup> 7<sup>th</sup> 8<sup>th</sup> 9<sup>th</sup> 10<sup>th</sup> 11<sup>th</sup> 12<sup>th</sup> 13<sup>th</sup> 14<sup>th</sup> 15<sup>th</sup> 16<sup>th</sup> 17<sup>th</sup> 18<sup>th</sup> 19<sup>th</sup> 20<sup>th</sup> 21<sup>st</sup> 22<sup>nd</sup> 23<sup>rd</sup> 24<sup>th</sup> 25<sup>th</sup> 26<sup>th</sup> 27<sup>th</sup> 28<sup>th</sup> 29<sup>th</sup> 30<sup>th</sup> 31<sup>st</sup> 32<sup>nd</sup> 33<sup>rd</sup> 34<sup>th</sup> 35<sup>th</sup> 36<sup>th</sup> 37<sup>th</sup> 38<sup>th</sup> 39<sup>th</sup> 40<sup>th</sup> 41<sup>st</sup> 42<sup>nd</sup> 43<sup>rd</sup> 44<sup>th</sup> 45<sup>th</sup> 46<sup>th</sup> 47<sup>th</sup> 48<sup>th</sup> 49<sup>th</sup> 50<sup>th</sup> 51<sup>st</sup> 52<sup>nd</sup> 53<sup>rd</sup> 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695<sup>th</sup> 696<sup>th</sup> 697<sup>th</sup> 698<sup>th</sup> 699<sup>th</sup> 700<sup>th</sup> 701<sup>st</sup> 702<sup>nd</sup> 703<sup>rd</sup> 704<sup>th</sup> 705<sup>th</sup> 706<sup>th</sup> 707<sup>th</sup> 708<sup>th</sup> 709<sup>th</sup> 710<sup>th</sup> 711<sup>st</sup> 712<sup>nd</sup> 713<sup>rd</sup> 714<sup>th</sup> 715<sup>th</sup> 716<sup>th</sup> 717<sup>th</sup> 718<sup>th</sup> 719<sup>th</sup> 720<sup>th</sup> 721<sup>st</sup> 722<sup>nd</sup> 723<sup>rd</sup> 724<sup>th</sup> 725<sup>th</sup> 726<sup>th</sup> 727<sup>th</sup> 728<sup>th</sup> 729<sup>th</sup> 730<sup>th</sup> 731<sup>st</sup> 732<sup>nd</sup> 733<sup>rd</sup> 734<sup>th</sup> 735<sup>th</sup> 736<sup>th</sup> 737<sup>th</sup> 738<sup>th</sup> 739<sup>th</sup> 740<sup>th</sup> 741<sup>st</sup> 742<sup>nd</sup> 743<sup>rd</sup> 744<sup>th</sup> 745<sup>th</sup> 746<sup>th</sup> 747<sup>th</sup> 748<sup>th</sup> 749<sup>th</sup> 750<sup>th</sup> 751<sup>st</sup> 752<sup>nd</sup> 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985<sup>th</sup> 986<sup>th</sup> 987<sup>th</sup> 988<sup>th</sup> 989<sup>th</sup> 990<sup>th</sup> 991<sup>st</sup> 992<sup>nd</sup> 993<sup>rd</sup> 994<sup>th</sup> 995<sup>th</sup> 996<sup>th</sup> 997<sup>th</sup> 998<sup>th</sup> 999<sup>th</sup> 1000<sup>th</sup>



**Cirencester**, Anciently a famous City and Station for of Roman Armies, where as its said Constantine & Great was Crowned King of Brittain. Made for a Parham<sup>us</sup> Borough in 1324 of 20 L<sup>ib</sup>ers. Its Members being Electors by of Inhabitants not receiving Alms. Markets Monday for Corn &c. and Friday reckoned of greatest for Wool in England. Fair Easter Monday. July 7<sup>th</sup> Oct. 28<sup>th</sup> for all sorts of Commodities. The Week before Palm Sunday & Week before St<sup>h</sup> Bartholomew for Cloth only. In this Town was committed of first Act of Rebellion in 1642 by of Rabble who opposed of L<sup>ieut</sup> Chandois, L<sup>ieut</sup> Incutnant of of County in Executing of Kings Consistory of Array. In 1642 it was made a Parliament Garrison by Colonel Tappin, but taken by Pri<sup>nce</sup> Rupert, not long Poss<sup>essed</sup> by of Kings Friends, for of of Essex beating up of Kings Quarters, St<sup>h</sup> Nicot. Giff, & Colonel Spencer with their Regiments were driven out of of Town. Here also was of first Blood shed in late Revolution in 1688. The L<sup>ieut</sup> Lovelace Marching with a Party of Horse in order to Town of Prince of Orange. was attacked by a bold Militia Captain, animated by of St<sup>h</sup> of Beaufort who was killed in of engagement but his Men over powering of L<sup>ieut</sup> Lovelace took him Prisoner & carry him to Gloucester Gaol.





The Road from  
BRISTOL to WESTCHESTER

Containing 102 Comp. & 145 $\frac{1}{5}$  Meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Bristol		com meas <sup>d</sup>			com meas <sup>d</sup>
to	Aust Ferry	10	12	Ludlow	55 75 <sup>6</sup> / <sub>16</sub>
	Chepstow	15	18	Ch. Stretton	65 91 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
	Monmouth	25	31 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>7</sub>	Shrewsbury	74 105 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>1</sub>
	Hereford	37	50 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	Whitchurch	88 125 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>1</sub>
	Leominster	47	65	CHESTER	102 145 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub>

A MAP of  
HEREFORD  
SHIRE



The County of **HEREFORD** is 102 Miles in Circumference, contains about 660000 Acres, 11 Hundreds, 3 Boroughs & 8 Market Towns, 126 Parishes, and 25000 Houses. The Climate is good, and the Soil exceeding fruitful, chiefly in the Vales, but towards the Fells, the Country is hilly, well stocked with Flocks of Sheep. It is a pleasant fertile Country, yielding good store of Corn, and Grains for the benefit of Man & Beast; & exceeds in four things, Wheat, Wood, Wool, and Water, which last produces plenty of Salmon, but more especially famous for Oyster, especially Red, which is much esteemed all over the Land. This County had formerly 28 Castles, most of which are now ruinous. Pay to the 4. Sept. did £1024 11 4. The Lt. Lieutenant is the Rt. Hon. the Thomas Earl of Torrington.

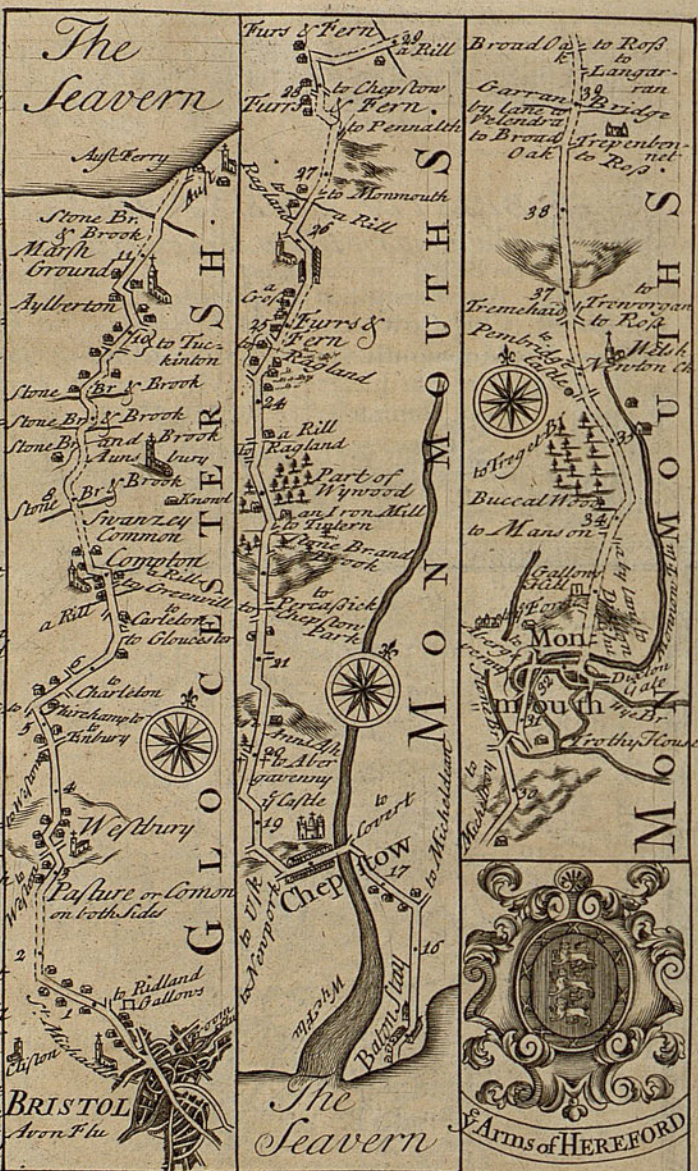


# 144 Chepstow,

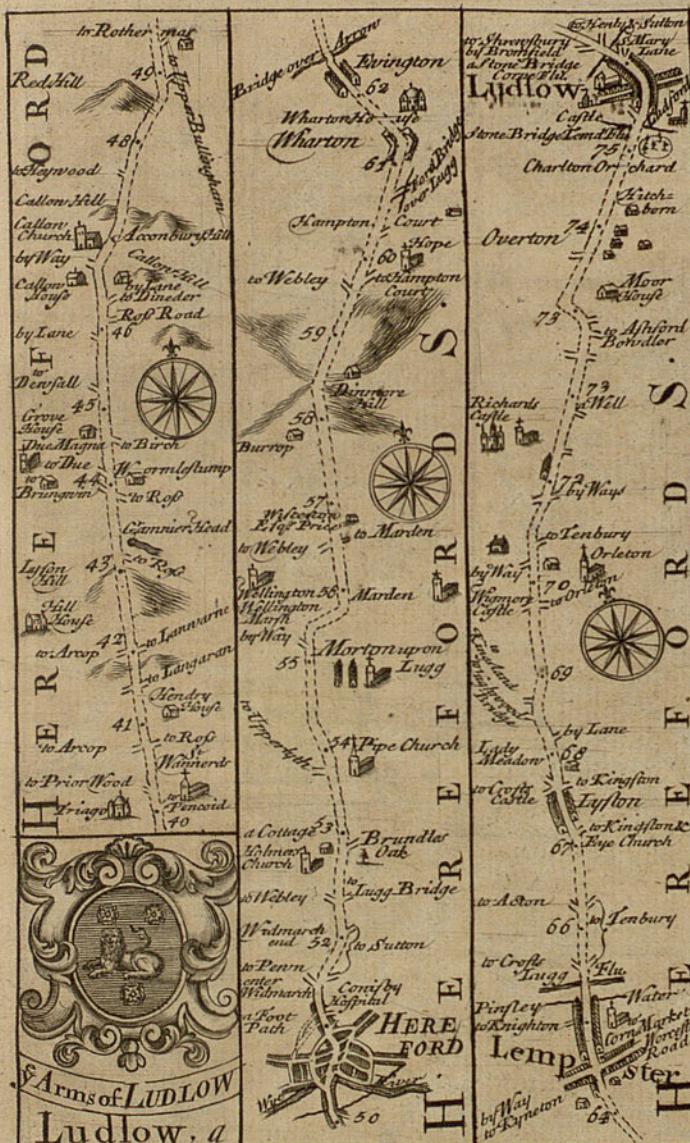
Said to be raised out of  
of Old Venta Silwrt  
was formerly walled  
rounds had besides  
of Calde a Monastery  
of remaining part of it  
is converted into a Par  
the Clares H. of Lem  
broke here for some  
time L. of it of whom  
Riches last L. called  
Strong Iron from his  
great strength still  
in Ch. chery, was first  
Port on that made way  
for English into Ire  
land the L. ship of  
this place passed with  
of a late Daughter  
of Bigots &c. to  
of Worcester.  
Nlon. Sat. & Fair, Bri  
day in Whitsun Week  
Aug. 3<sup>d</sup> & Friday be  
fore. T. Tukey day.  
[ac 18]

## HEREFORD

Is a city indifferent  
large & Populous,  
very pleasantly si  
tuate in a fine Cham  
paign, encompassed  
with a Rivers sup  
posed to have been  
built under the Sax  
on Hoptarchy &  
created an Epis co  
pal See soon after  
the Conversion of  
the Saxons by Aus  
tin; Putta being or  
dained first Bishop  
A<sup>o</sup> 680<sup>o</sup> Ten was  
at various very much  
advantaged by the  
Interments of the  
learned & religious  
West Saxon K. &  
Martyr; Elthbert  
who being invited  
by the Pope to Off  
the Mercian to mar  
ry his fair Daughter  
Elfrida, & repairing  
to the said Off, seat  
at Sutton Walls in  
this County was bar  
barously murdered  
by him, at the insti  
gation of his Wife Luidrada coveting his Kingdom & first buried at Merdon but afterw<sup>d</sup>  
by Off's order translated to this City The murder'd Prince quickly gaining the reputation of a  
Saint & Martyr. Mulfrid a Petty King of the Mercians erected a Church over his Grave  
dedicated to him which was very much enriched by the expiatory Gifts of his Successors  
& the Town by the multitude that came to visit the Martyr's Tomb In K. Ed. the Conf'sors  
time The City was sacked the Cathedral destroyed & Leofgar the Bishop carried Captive by  
the ungenerable Britains But Harold quieting that Rising afterward fortified it with  
a Broad & High Rampire. On the coming of the Normans it was very much improved  
& enlarged, & Wm Fitz. Osborn, a near Relation of the Conquerors & 1<sup>st</sup> E. of Here  
ford is said to have walled round & fortified it with a strong Castle Here Simon Bp  
of Leicester & the other Barons rebelling against K. Hen 3<sup>d</sup> [Continued in the Opposite Page]







# Hereford continued

Comitted their fort-  
 ourages, seizing &  
 imprisoning the Bp.  
 & all the Foreign  
 Canons; But some  
 times after the power  
 of the Barons being  
 divided & broke, by  
 a dispute that hap-  
 ned here, between  
 the said E. of Lei-  
 cesfer & the E. of  
 Glocester, that Re-  
 bellion ended.

In this Day Prince  
 Ed. afterwards K.  
 Ed. 3. was dedared  
 Protector of the  
 Realm by the Du-  
 & Barons in the life  
 time of his unhappy  
 Father K. Ed. 1. & in  
 great Favour to  
 Hugh Spencer the  
 younger was af-  
 wards hang'd here,  
 on a Gallows Fifty  
 Foot high; Near this  
 Town was fought  
 the Battle of Mor-  
 timers Cross, between  
 the Armies of K. Hen-  
 6. & the E. of March,  
 afterwards K. Ed.  
 1. & wherein the lat-  
 ter proving victori-  
 ous, The Noble S.  
 Owen Tudor or ap  
 Theodore, founder  
 of the Family of  
 that Name, David  
 Lloyd Esq. Mor-  
 gan on Renther,

& several other  
 Gentlemen were  
 taken & executed  
 here. In the Grand  
 Rebellion this Ci-  
 ty was garisoned

Corporation, by Chart. Ed. 4. Consisting of a Bayliff who is Justice of the Peace, and 11  
 other Aldermen, a Common Councilmen, out of whom is chosen an Under Bayliff, who  
 is Coroner, Recorder, Town Clerk, Steward, Chamberlain &c. In this Town the Lord  
 President of the Council of the Marches, established by K. Hen. 8. kept his Court; con-  
 sisting the said President, of as many Counsellors as the King pleased, a Secretary, At-  
 torney, Solicitor, and the Justices of the W. 4th Courts; But this Court has been sometime since  
 suppressed. Markets on Monday, & Wednesday, Fairs on Tuesday before Easter, Wednes-  
 day in Whitsun Week, August 10. September 17. & November 2.

by S. Wm Waller for the Part, but retaken by the Kings Forces, & S. B. Arundell, Ju-  
 damore made Governour, who enlarged its Fortifications, & bravely defended it  
 against the Scotch Rebels, who sat down before it, see this Account continued in Page 146



# Hereford

Aug<sup>r</sup> 15<sup>th</sup> 1645, but were obliged to raise the Siege with considerable loss. In Dec<sup>r</sup> following, of Parliamentarians, Col. Birch & Col. Morgan, Governour, proposing themselves of the Drawn Bridge by a Stratagem, broke into it City with a Body of 2000 Horse & Foot, & obliged of Garrison to surrender themselves Prisoners of War, among whom was, Lt. Brudenel, Judge Jenkins, 12 Knts, & several other Gentlemen. The Governmt of this Loyal City is vested in a Mayor (chosen yearly on Michael day) a High Sheriff, Aldermen, a Common Council, consisting of 99 Persons among who are reckoned the

May<sup>r</sup> & 5 of 12 Aldermen who are Justices a Record T<sup>r</sup> Clerk, Sword-bear<sup>r</sup> & 4 Serj<sup>ts</sup> at Mace. It had formerly 6 Par<sup>ishes</sup> Ch<sup>urches</sup>, of which were destroyed in Civil Wars, so that now there are but 3 standing besides of Lathin. This is a very magnificent Structure, first founded by M<sup>onks</sup> of aforesaid last Abbot of St. Werbut rebuilt as it now stands by Rob<sup>t</sup> Loesenga in reign of King Conqueror after of Model of of Church at Aquisgrave now Aisle Chapel. then lately built by Charles the Great The Dignitaries of it See have all of them Houses adjoining to of Church, & there is a College for 12 Vicars & Choristers who lead an Academical life under a Governour. The noted Musician M<sup>rs</sup> Henrich all who professes several Poems & composed an Opera on of Doge of Venice Marriage with of Ocean, belonged to this Cath<sup>edral</sup>. There is moreover in of Town an well endowed Hospital, M<sup>rs</sup> Wedn<sup>esday</sup> & Sat<sup>urday</sup> Fairs, Tuesday after Candlemas, Wednesday after Week June 20<sup>th</sup> & Oct<sup>ober</sup> 9<sup>th</sup> & holds 3 days each.



The DEANERY of CHESTER  
 Erected by King Henry  
 1<sup>st</sup> 8<sup>th</sup> Anno Domini  
 1541. Thomas Clark  
 Dean.





### Whitchurch

There are several Monuments of the Noble Family of the Talbots, particularly of that Gallant English Heir to St. Albans, the 1st of Shrewsbury of that Family, who after many successful Campaigns against the French, was at last slain with his son, the 1st Viscount Lisle, at the battle of Bourdeaux, 24th Nov. 1455. (at 1255)

### Church Stretton

[at 1255] Has a good Corn Mill on Thurs day

### Wem [at 1255]

Gave Title of Baron to St. George 1st of England created by K. La 2nd who also made him 1st Chan of England.

The **BISHOPRICK** of **CHESTER** contains Richmondshire, Lancashire, Cheshire, and part of Cumberland, and therein 256 Parishes. Was founded by Henry 8th Anno Domini 1534. John Bird the first Bishop. Value 420 Pounds, 8 Shillings & Pence. — Seat Chester Palace in Chester.

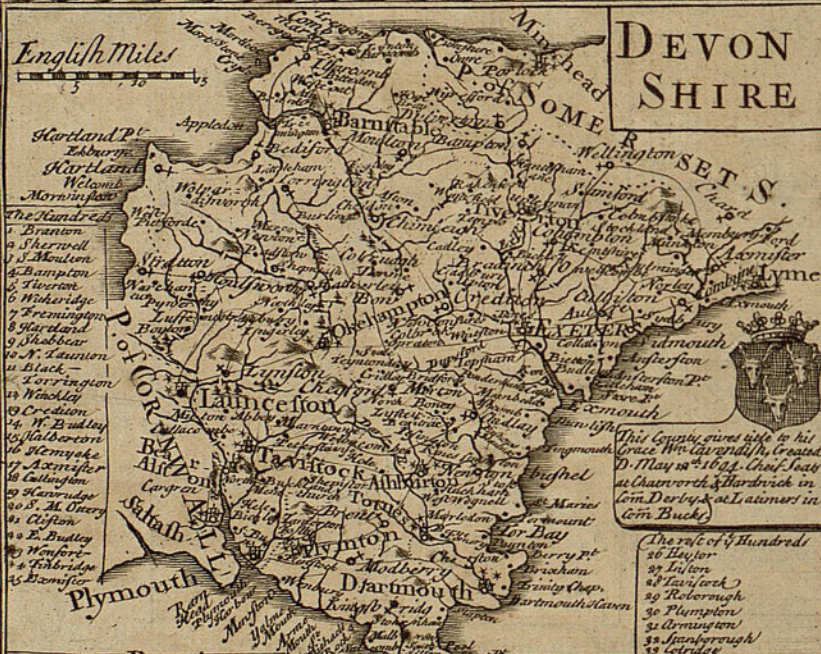
**Hampton Court** [at 69] Is a very fine Seat of the 1st Conningbys, built by Rowland Lenthall Master of the Wardrobe to K. Henry 7th. The Noble and Right Hon.ble Tho. Conningby was created Earl of Conningby by his Present Majesty K. George.





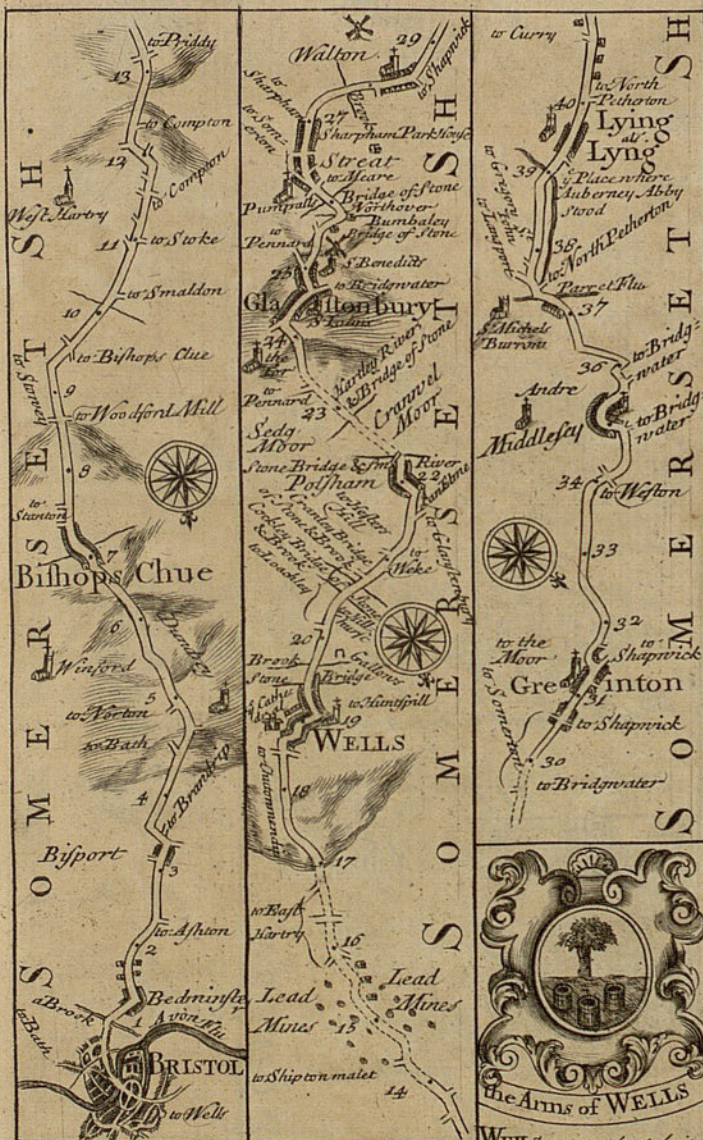
Containing 60 comp. & 78' 4 meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Bristol		com.	mea.	com.		mea.
	Bishops Chue.	6	7'1		Taunton	37 47'5
to	Wells	15	19		Wellington	42 54'6
	Glastenbury	19	24'6		Weland	50 64'6
	Greinton	24	31'3		Bradinch	54 69'6
	Lyng	31	39'5		EXETER	60 78'4



The County of DEVON is 200 Miles in Circumference, contain<sup>d</sup> abt 300,000 Acres divided into 33 Hundreds, there are 38 Miles & 2 Bogs & Towns, 394 Par<sup>ishes</sup>, & abt 6300 Houses. The Air is generally good & fruitful minding Valleys; & near & Sea-bath extrem cold & sharp on Hills. The Soil is of 2 lower Grounds, 1 fruitful & yields plenty of Corn & Grains, Lyder, Perry, & other Hills are barren w<sup>ch</sup> are where by Brit<sup>ish</sup> Indians, they have improv<sup>d</sup> by Fencing & Water. The Men are young & actually comely are Corn, Cattle, Wool, Lead, Fish, Iron, Chert, Sarg<sup>on</sup>, & Bone Lacc; beside of Production of 25 Mines, Lead, Tin, some Silver & Lead, now formerly on Dartmoor Rocks, & has divers & excellent Harbours for Navy Royal. T<sup>he</sup> pay<sup>ment</sup> of Int<sup>erest</sup> did £2201:25:8.





**Glastonbury** [at 25]  
Is remarkable for its  
ancient Abbey, wherein  
it is said Joseph of Ari-  
mathea, who was sent  
by St. Philip the Apostle  
to convert the Britains,  
and K. Edgar lay in-  
terred; on the account of  
the former this Place  
was anciently called  
fige Ground of God &  
of the Saints in Eng-  
land; it is confidently  
affirmed that there  
was formerly a Wall:  
nut Tree in the old  
Church Yard, which  
never budded all Bar-  
nabas days; & a Hawthorn Tree in this  
place which all years  
budded on Christmas  
day, not last having  
been cut down many  
years since some of  
the Branches were re-  
moved to the garden  
of Wm. Broude Esq.  
owner of the ground  
where the Old one grew,  
& other Branches were  
set in the garden of the  
White horse Inn in the  
Tonn. Here likewise  
was buried the ever me-  
morable & renowned Bri-  
tish Hero & K. Arthur  
whose Coffin of Holborn  
Oak & Bones over them  
a stone Gravel leaden  
very legible Inscriptio-  
on were found very deep  
in the ground, between a  
Pyramid, up on search  
made by order of K.  
Hen: 8th. This Tonn is  
likewise noted for a Well  
near it, whereon was cre-  
ated a Tower called the Tor.  
The Tonn itself is large  
& well built containing  
a Pan Chute & a Mill on  
the side & Fairs kept on  
Michaelmas day. The Chief  
Commodities are, & Cattle.



**WELLS**, supposed to take its Name from many Springs  
that arise in & near it. It is a City of great Antiquity & note & at this day very flourishing. It has from a Bp. Sic. ever  
since the Year 600 & is said to have been first created a Free Boro' large Hen 2<sup>d</sup> R. by gift of Reginald Fitz  
Geldine Bp. of Exeter. It afterwards received a very beneficial Charter from K. Hen 1<sup>st</sup> & lastly from 2<sup>d</sup> Edw. 1<sup>st</sup> R. by force  
of 10<sup>th</sup> it is at present governed by Mayor, Justices or Aldermen & Common Council, no<sup>t</sup> free Burgesses. Members for Parl. chosen by  
the Corp. The Cathedral built by K. Ina abt 9<sup>th</sup> Century & dedicated to St. Andrew is a very beautiful building of Frontispiece  
wardward. It is a very curious piece of Architecture consisting entirely of statues of Stone. Near it is a Wall called  
St. Andrews Wall one of the single prisons in England. The Bp. Palace is also a Noble building having been Walled  
& ditched round abt 1400 by Ralph Fitz Hugh Bp. - In the middle of Tonn is the Old Mill Place now called the Gravel  
& a handsome building erected by Bp. W. R. de Dan. Woodman; & near it has been built of late years another  
fine M<sup>o</sup> House, the N. ground is a Park. What dedicated to St. Andrew's near it, and Hospital founded by Bp. Nicholait  
Bulnith for 24 Poor People, Chief Trade Knives & 16 M<sup>o</sup> Wednes. Fair. Fairs May 3<sup>rd</sup> June 1<sup>st</sup> Oct 1<sup>st</sup> & 14<sup>th</sup>  
Nov. 29<sup>th</sup> & 30<sup>th</sup>.



# Columpton

or  
Colehampton  
A handsome Town  
seated near the River  
Columb, from which  
it has its Name; has  
a Market on Satur-  
day & 800

[at 67]

# Bradinch

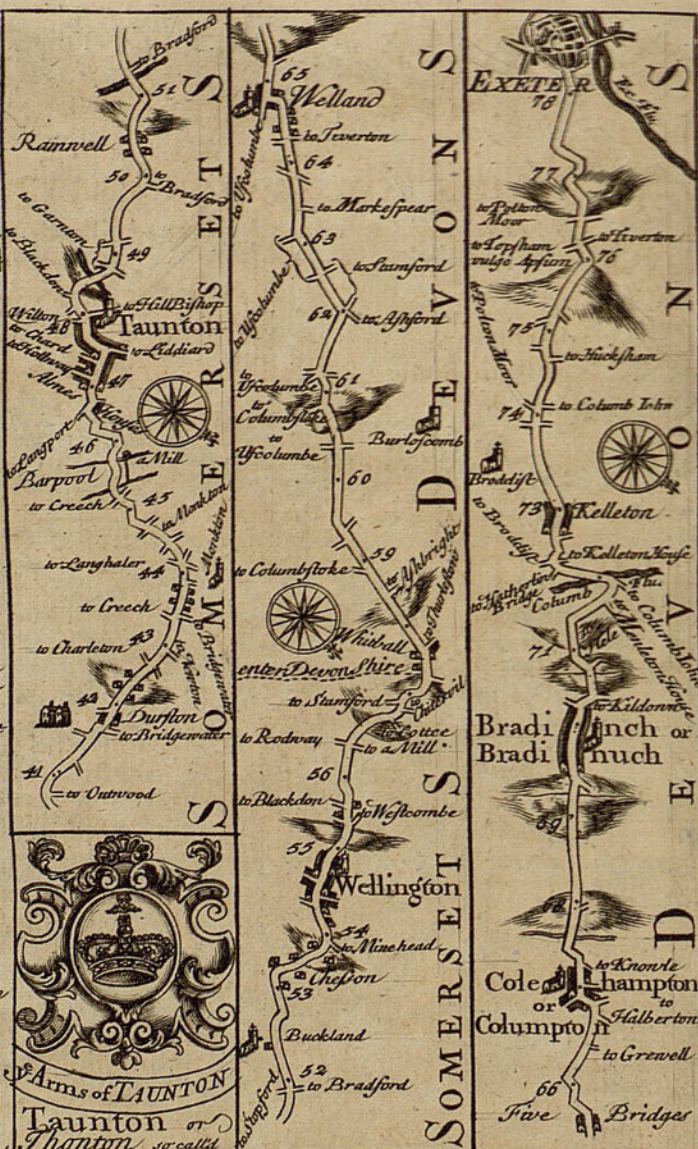
## or Bradinuch

A Town seated on  
the Columb, which  
before its ruin by  
Fire had a Mark  
now discontinued.

[at 70]

# Wellington

at 55  
Has a Market on  
Thurs day.



At 40 Miles on the  
right a turning leads to  
St. Peterthorpe,  
a Town having a  
Market on Tues day.

# Taunton or Thonton

so called  
from its Situation on y<sup>e</sup> River Tone or Thone. It was formerly defended by a Castle  
built by K. Ina now Ruinous. By its Charter of Incorporation from K. Charles 2<sup>d</sup>  
consists of 24 Burgesses, out of whom are chosen Annually a Mayor & 2 Aldermen Record  
Town Clerk & 2 Sergeants at Mace. Members of Parliament are elected by y<sup>e</sup> Town  
that is all Persons that hold their own Potts Inhabitants of y<sup>e</sup> Parishes of St. Mary Magdalen  
& St. James, which is y<sup>e</sup> Extent of y<sup>e</sup> said Burrough. They Drive a great Trade in Woolen  
Manufactures Markets Wednesday & Saturday. Fair 1<sup>st</sup> June & 7<sup>th</sup> July next holds  
7 Days. This Town was Besieged by y<sup>e</sup> Kings Forces under the Earl of Goring but wonder-  
fully defended by y<sup>e</sup> Courage of y<sup>e</sup> Inhabitants under y<sup>e</sup> Conduct of Col. Blake who com-  
manded in y<sup>e</sup> Castle till they were Relieved.





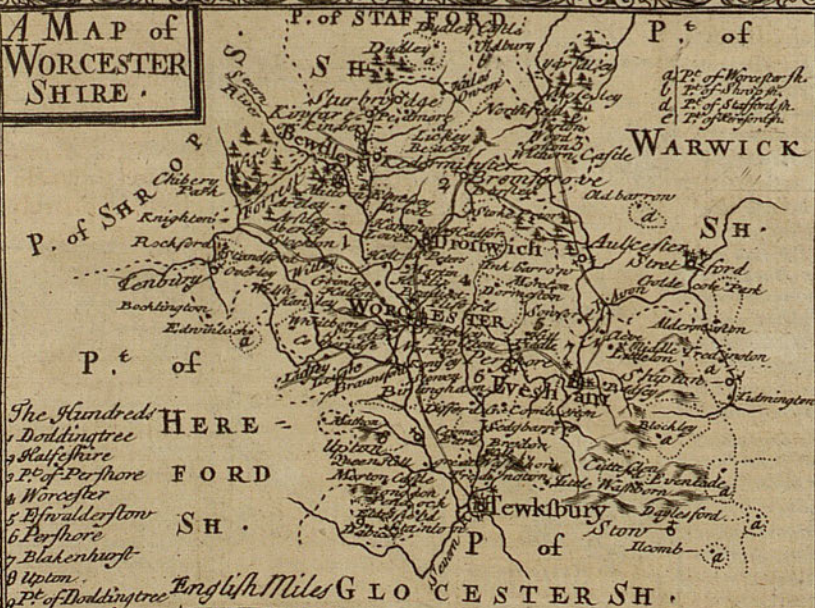
*The Road from*  
**BRISTOL to WORCESTER.**

*Containing 50 comp. & 62 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.*

<i>From Bristol, com mea</i>		<i>com mea</i>	
Acton .....	8 9' 4"	Gloucester ...	30 36' 4"
Dursley .....	18 22' 2"	Tewksbury ..	38 46' 6"
Whitminster ..	24 29' 4"	Severnstoke ..	44 54' 8"

**WORCESTER 50:62**

**A MAP of  
 WORCESTER  
 SHIRE.**



*The Hundreds*  
 1. Doddingtree  
 2. Kalfeshire  
 3. P. of Per-shore  
 4. Worcester  
 5. E. of Worcester  
 6. Per-shore  
 7. Blakenhurst  
 8. Upton  
 9. P. of Doddingtree

*The County of WORCESTER is 130 Miles in Circumference, contains about 50000 Acres, 7 Towns, 3 Boroughs, & 12 Market Towns, 122 Parishes, and 1069 Houses. The air is extraordinary good all over the County, the soil for the most part is hilly, full of Woods, covered with Flocks of Sheep, & the Valleys abound in Corn & rich Meadows. The Commodities of this County are, Carpenters, Chasse, Cedar, Porcellanous, & excellent Ale out of the Brine Ponds &c. This County was formerly depended much on this shire, & Religious Houses before the suppression, all which had great Estates. Pays in the Shill. 1000000 8-3.*



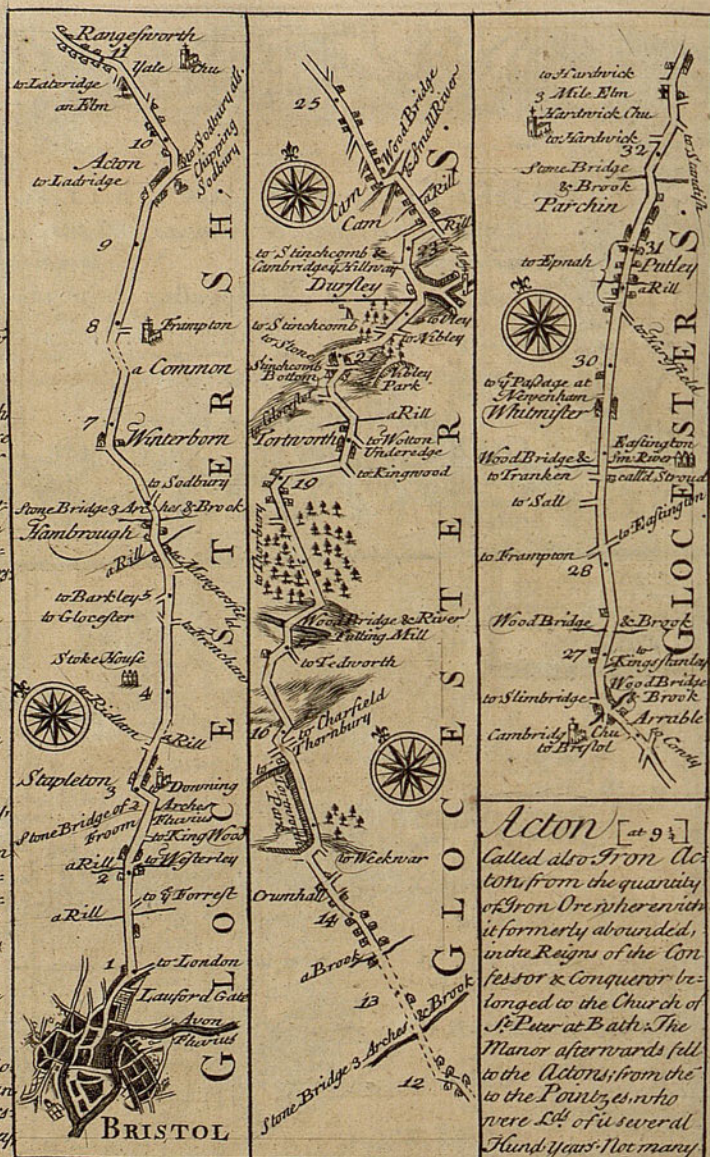


## DURLEY at 22

Is a Corporation Town governed by a Bayliff & 4 Constables; & drives a good trade in Cloath. The Inhabitants were once so sharp in their way of dealing; that when any one outbraved his Neighbours; he was proverbially termed, a Man of Durley. There is on Th. & the Fairs Apr. 25th & Nov. 7th. Near the Town in the Place now called Castle-field, was anciently a Castle; through the Manor was by the Conqueror given to Roger de Berkeley, in whose Family it continued to the Reign of Ed. 4th when he be-longed to Walter Es-quire of K. of W. Esq. but still retains the Honor of giving Title of Viscount to the R. & Hon.ble Charles Er of Berkeley, that truly accomplished Nobleman & Noble Seaman. Created Viscount Dursley & Earl of Berkeley Sept. 11. 1679. 31<sup>st</sup> Car. 2. Chief Seats at Berkeley Castle in Gloucestershire, & at Cranford in Middlesex.

## Cromhall [at 10]

Is a Manor belong- ing to Mathew Ducey Moreton Esq. who has a large Park in it. Here has lately been found an ancient chequer'd Pavement consist- ing of Cubical Stones of various colours very curiously cemented

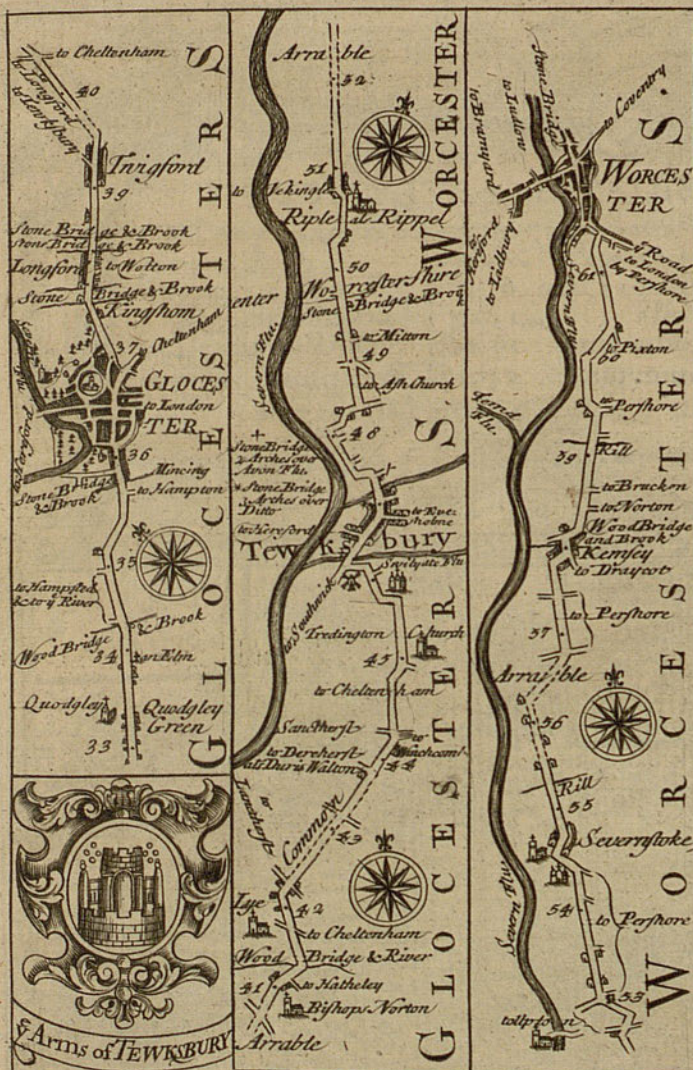


**Tortnworth [at 20]** Is a Manor be- longing to Mr Ducey Moreton, who has a ver- ry Handsome Seat here. In his Garden is a Chestnut Tree about 19 Yards in Compass, said to have been growing ever since the Reign of K. John AD. 1216

## Acton [at 9]

Called also From Ac- ton from the quantity of Iron Ore wherein it formerly abounded, in the Reigns of the Con- fessor & Conqueror be- longed to the Church of St. Peter at Bath. The Manor afterwards fell to the Actons; from the to the Pointzes, who were Ld. of it several Hund. years. Not many years ago, St. John Pointzes Widow dis- posed of to Mr Player, from whom it passed to Simon Hartcourt Esq. the present ow- ner, who has a very fine House & Park here.





## Tewksbury

In the Saxon Theatsbury was so called from Theodas, a religious Hermit, who lived here about the Year 700, & shortly after, AD 925, Odo, & Dodge Noble Mericians & Brothers, built a Monastery in it dedicated to St. Mary, & thence the Town took its rise, & is now become very flourishing. The Manor was anciently possessed by Hailward Irons a Nobleman descended from K. Edward the elder, & Bicktrick his Heir, enjoyed it till the Conquest when it was seized to the Crown. Will. Rufus granted it to Robert Fitz Hamon, Ld of Corbeille in Normandy, by whose Daughter Mabel it came to the E. of Gloucester & Warwick, & from them it returned to the

Crown. K. James 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup> R. granted it to the Corporation, which now enjoys it, consisting by Charter of 24 Burgesses, who alone are Justices within the Borough. Out of them are chosen yearly 2 Bayliffs, who with 2 others are chief Magistrates, and the Freeholders & Freemen, in 1286 600, choose the Members for Parliament. The Cloathing Trade flourishes here, & Tewksbury is famous for its excellent Chepshack Mustard. Ballin on the occasion of the Protest for a sharp Fellows. He looks as if he had lived on Tewksbury Mustard. The Weekly Markets are on Wednesday & Saturday & Fairs Feb. 24<sup>th</sup>, May 3<sup>rd</sup>, June 1<sup>st</sup>, Aug. 22<sup>nd</sup>, Michaelmas day, & 1<sup>st</sup> Wednesday in Sept. for Curves. The Par. Church is a very large & noble Structure, dedicated to St. Mary, & has interred in it several of the E. of Gloucester and Warwick. Ld. Louch Wrothlock, & Obrian, Dr. Edward Son of K. Henry 6<sup>th</sup>, & George D. of Clarence, Brother to K. Edward 4<sup>th</sup>. This Place is lately remarkable for the decisive Battle fought near it, May 4<sup>th</sup> 1470, between the Houses of York & Lancaster when K. Edward 4<sup>th</sup> totally overthrew K. Henry 6<sup>th</sup> taken him & his Son, & several Nobles of the Lancasterian Party Prisoners, who were all put to Death, & Young Prince inhumanely murdered, having his Brains beat out by J. D. of Clarence & Gloucester in his Father's presence, & so the House of York was established on the Throne, so fatally contended for, & to the Ruin of many a Noble Family in England.



The Road from  
**BRISTOL to WEYMOUTH**

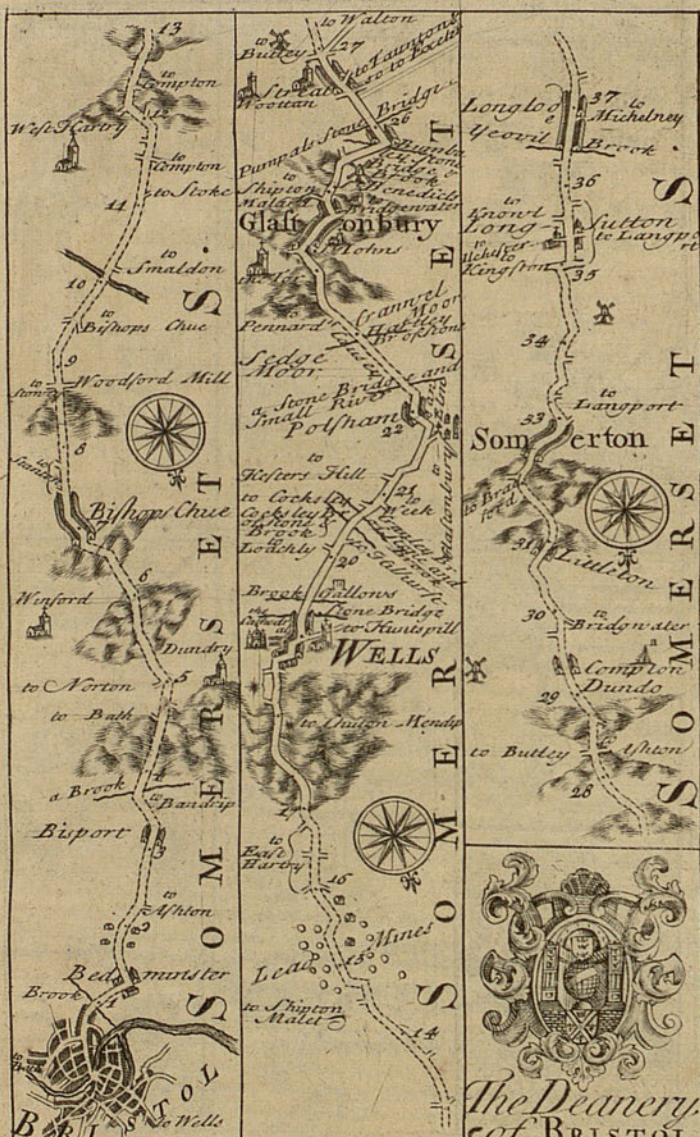
Containing 57 computed & 74<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles

From Bristol	com mea			com mea	
Bishops Chue	6	7'1	Martock	30	39'6
Wells	15	19	Crookhorn	35	47'1
Glastonbury	19	24'6	South Parret	37	49'5
Somerton	25	32'6	Frampton	47	62'4

**WEYMOUTH** 57<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> 74<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>



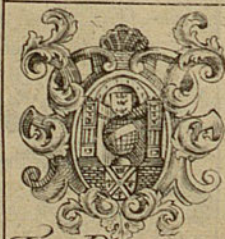




# Martock

A small Town, & was formerly given by Will of Bologne K. Stephens Son to Parhamus of Bologne, whose only Daughter & their Sir Will, married Ingelram de Bienes from whom descended the Barons of Dacre, & Baron Say & Sele.

[at 39<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>]



## The Deanery of BRISTOL

The Bishoprick of BRISTOL  
Contains the City of Bristol &  
Dorsetshire and therein  
239 Parishes, was founded  
by K. Henry 8<sup>th</sup> A.D. Dom. 1542  
D. Paul Bush  
first Bishop. Value £383.13.4 Seat Bristol  
Palace.

Erected by K. Henry  
8<sup>th</sup> A.D. Dom. 1542. Will  
Snow & 1<sup>st</sup> Dean.



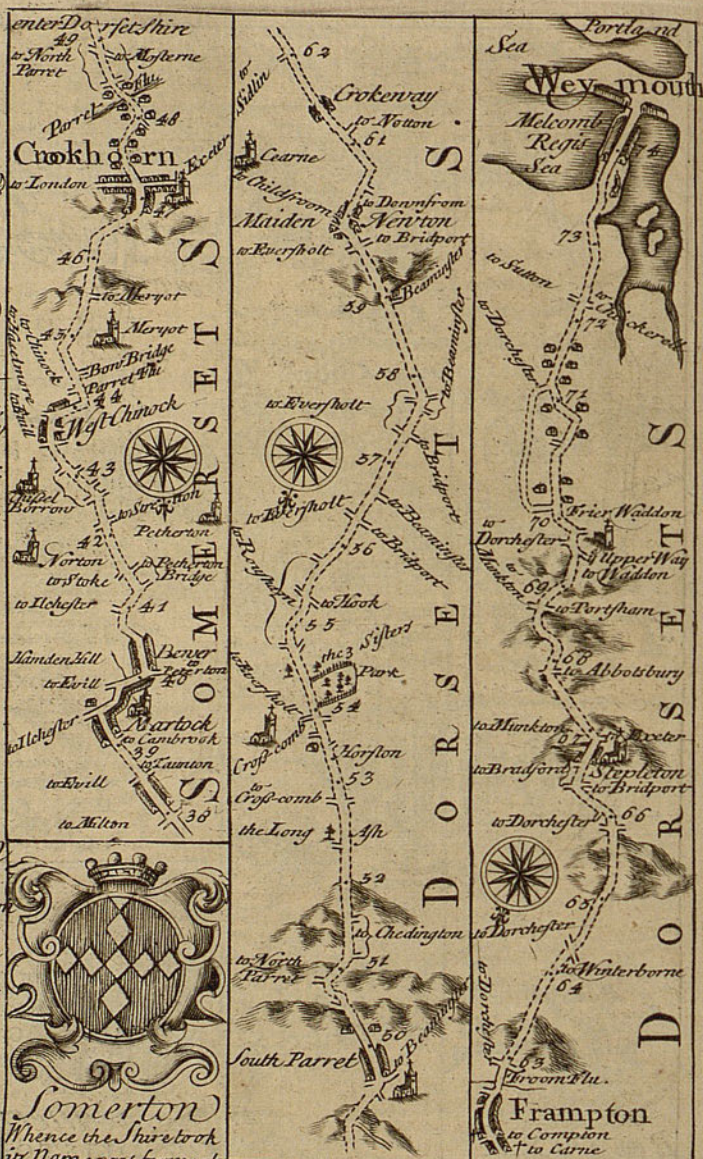


## Portland

Gives Title of Duke,  
to his Grace Henry  
Bentinck, Created  
Duke, July 5<sup>th</sup> 1716.  
Chief Seat at Bul  
Strode, in Co. County  
of Bucks.

## Frampton

Is the Lordship of  
Col. Robert Brown  
who has a fine Seat  
in it; It abounds with  
excellent Fruits; &  
has a Monastery.  
[at 62<sup>nd</sup>]



## Somerton

Whence the Shire took  
its Name, was formerly

a place of Note especially for its Castle belonging to the West Saxon  
Kings. The Ethelwald K. of Mercians possessed himself of by storm,  
but the Town has little now left worth remarking, save its Market-  
every Monday. Portnight for Cattle &c. which is its principal sup-  
port of its Town. It gives title to R. Honble Wm. Stanvill, Cre-  
ated Baron Stanvill of Somerton Jan 15<sup>th</sup> 1682. 34<sup>th</sup> Child & Chief Seats  
at Aldermarston in Corn. Buck, at Somerton & at Ham House in  
Somerset-sh.



The Road from

# CAMBRIDGE to COVENTRY.

Containing 54 comp. and 80'6 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Cambridge,	com	meas		com	meas
Elney . . . . .	8	11'5	Northampton . . .	32	49'3
S <sup>t</sup> Neots . . . . .	12	27'1	Watford . . . . .	40	61'2
Great Stoughton . .	15	22'4	Rugby . . . . .	46	69'1
Higham Ferris . . .	22	34'4	Coventry . . . . .	54	80'6

## A Description of Cambridge University, with its Arms

Sailed by Mr. Camden the other Eye of the Kingdom, with regard to Oxford, and the excellent Magazine of all good Learning and Religion is undoubtedly of great Antiquity. For though the Romantick Story of Cantaber the Spaniard's founding it is about 975 Years before Our Saviour, is not insisted on by its greatest Favourites, and the old Charters produced by Dr. Caius may not amount to a Proof (as he would have it) of K. Lucius's Patronizing it: yet certainly the Accusings delivered by Historians of Sigebert King of the East Angles erecting Schools, or a College for the teaching Liberal Arts and Sciences at Cambridge about the year 636, which King Edwin the Elder repaired about the year 915, well deserve our regard and credit. Unless (as is possible) they mistake Cambridge for Granchester near it, for the Antiquity or uncertainty of the Originall Accounts allow us room to apply that to one University which the Authors meant of the other, or of applying that to Cambridge or Oxford, by them related of other Universities of Learning, in different places. Indeed the most unsuspected Account we have of the rise of this famous University is, that Geoffrey Abbot of Crowland having had his Monastery destroyed by Fire about the year 1000, partly to raise Money to rebuild it, and partly to settle his Monks in the mean time, sent four of the most learned of them to his Manor of Coltenham, near Cambridge, viz: Gilbert who professed Divinity and preached very Zealously against Judaism, which of Town was then infected; Odo, a singular Grammarian, who read Grammar to 4 younger sort; Terricus, a subtle Logician, who instructed them in 4 Art of Reasoning; and William who taught them Rhetorick after an excellent Method, which New Professors, so well approved of, and met with such encouragement, that Geoffrey himself went and joyn'd them, and so Cambridge soon became an eminent Seat of Learning. In K. Johns reign 4 Number of Students were considerably increased by 4 resort of many from Oxford, occasioned by an unjust proceeding of that King as is mention'd in 4 Account of Oxford City. However it was some time ere 4 Colleges or Halls were erected for the convenient reception and association of Students, and some time longer ere they were endowed nor were the first Foundations considerable in the Infancy of this University; so that we may now say of it as was said of Rome in its Prime, *Ex parvo origine in tantam Magnitudinem insar emicuit*. The University is a Body in itself and incorp<sup>d</sup> by Charter, gov<sup>d</sup> by its own Laws, and Statutes under 4 jurisdiction of a Chancell<sup>r</sup> who was chosen annually till 4 year 1309 when In<sup>r</sup> Fisher Bp. of Rochester, was conformed for life, & 4 like settlement provided for his Successors, by decree of 4 University. This great Officer (who is at present his Grace Charles Duke of Somerset) being rarely present his Office is executed by a Vice Chancell<sup>r</sup> annually chosen, who has under him 2 Proctors, and 4 Taxers. This University enjoys very great privileges and Exemptions by Charter of Rich<sup>d</sup> 1<sup>st</sup>, and Henry 4<sup>th</sup> who granted it 4 Liberty of Printing omnes & omnimodos Libros, which Oxford then had not. Lastly K. Ja<sup>s</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> by his Diploma or Charter dat 15<sup>th</sup> Martij A<sup>n</sup>o 1563, granted the Chancell<sup>r</sup>, Masters and Scholars of this University 4 privilege of returning 4 Persons to represent them in Parliament.





### Weston

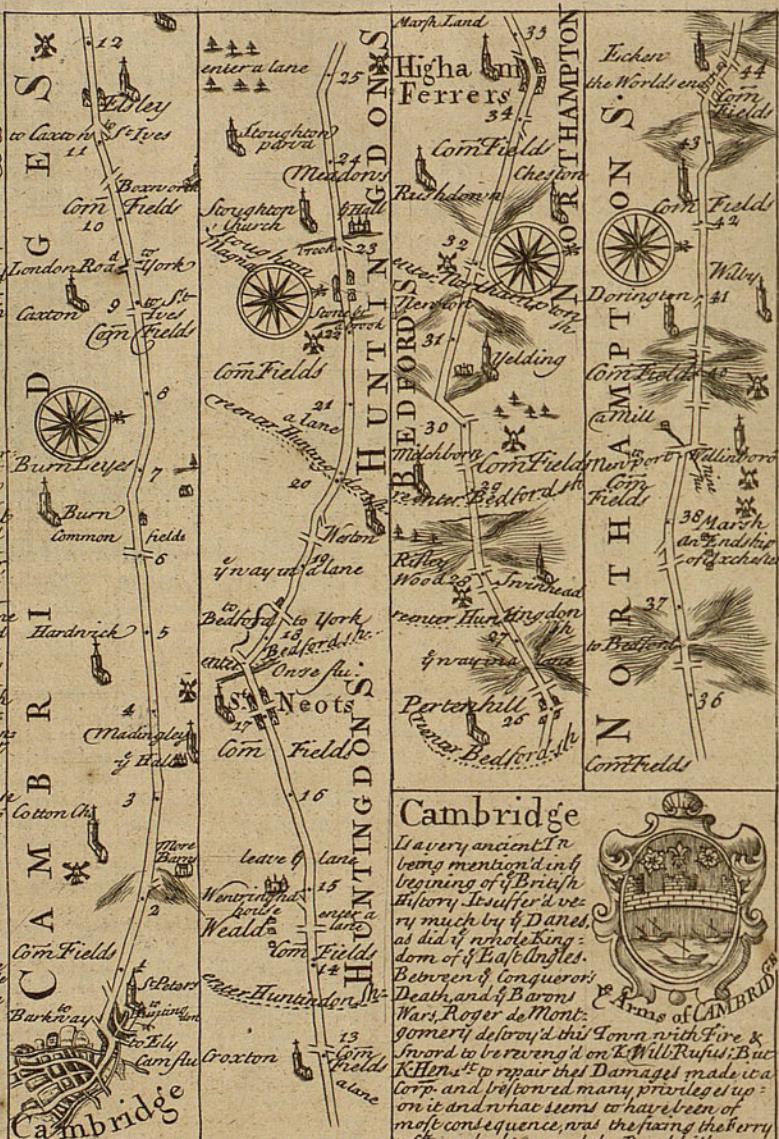
Gives title to  
Rethon de Cha-  
Buller, created  
Baron Jan. 23<sup>rd</sup>  
1603. Chief Seat  
at Weston in Com  
Huntingdon.

### Higham Ferrers

So called be-  
cause it former-  
ly belonged to  
Ferrers who  
had a castle in  
it. In an ancient  
Boro. govern'd  
by a Mayor &  
Aldermen. Re-  
corded 13 Cap. Bur-  
geses. Men  
Sat & Fair June  
27<sup>th</sup> & 28<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup> and  
Sept 20<sup>th</sup>. In  
this Town was  
born Henry  
Chicheley Arch-  
Bp. of Cantor:  
bury who found  
dead here a lot  
for seculars &  
Prebendaries  
& all other house  
& all sorts of  
at Oxford.  
[at 34<sup>th</sup>]

### Althorp

The Seat of the  
noted Hon.ble  
Family of the  
Spencer.  
[at 55]



### Cambridge

Is a very ancient Town  
being mention'd in the  
beginning of British  
History. It suffer'd ve-  
ry much by the Danes,  
as did the whole King-  
dom of East Angles.  
Between the Conqueror's  
Death and the Barons  
Wars, Roger de Mont-  
gomery destroy'd this Town with Fire &  
Sword to revenge it on the Will Rufus; But  
K. Henry 1<sup>st</sup> to repair the Damages made it a  
Corp. and bestowed many privileges up-  
on it and it has seems to have been of  
most consequence, was the place that every  
where no doubt woud the Road thither.



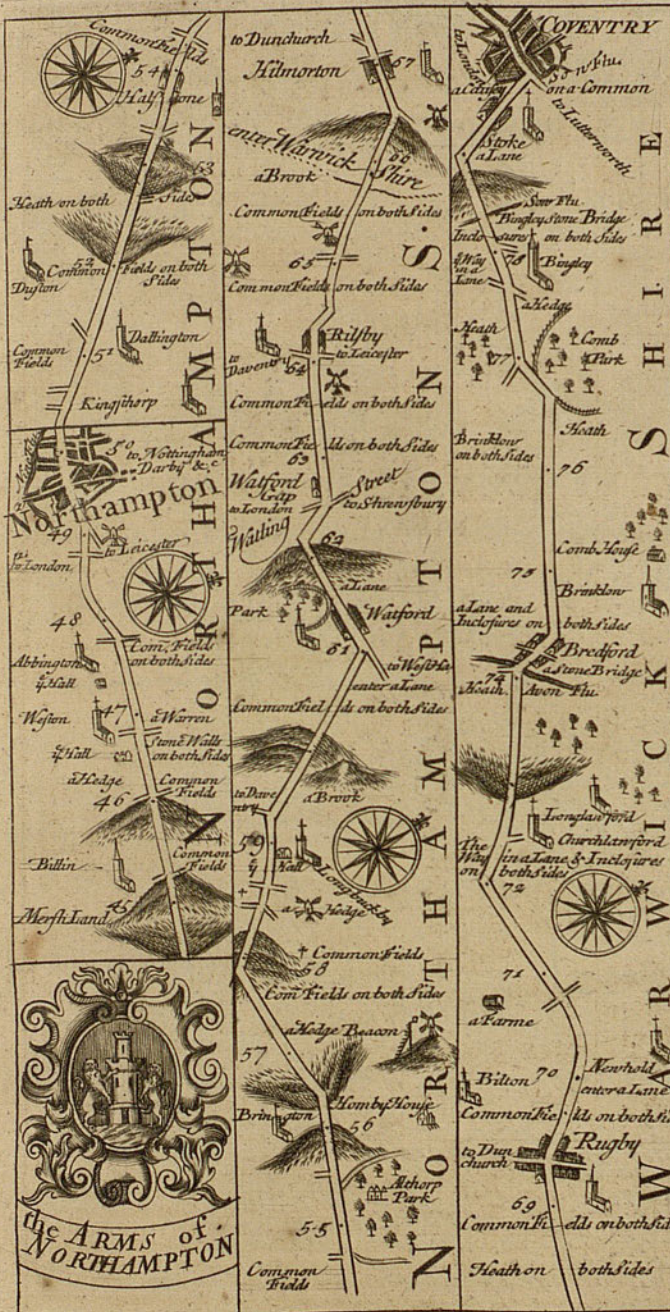
whereupon his suppos'd it soon grew to be a place of trade. The Jews being invited to England by  
K. Will. 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> grew very populous in this Town for several Generations. The Town is now large &  
very considerable having 24 Parishes. The Borough has its privileges as well as the Univer-  
sity, though the latter hath most and greatest. It is govern'd by a Mayor & High Steward. Recorder,  
24 Aldermen, & 24 he Mayor at his Entrance upon his office takes a solemn Oath that he will main-  
tain the privilege liberties and customs of the University. Memb<sup>r</sup>s for Part are return'd by Inden-  
ture between the High Sheriff & the Aldermen and Burgesses: the Number of Electors being about two  
thousand. Near Cambridge is a fair very remarkable on account of its Fair (beginning on Sept.  
3<sup>rd</sup> and holding 14 days) thought by some to be the most famous in the Kingdom both for varie-  
ty of Commodities and the vast concourse of People of all sorts which resort to it.



# Northampton

Is a very ancient Bord,  
Incorporated by several  
Charters: I reced a Chart  
of conformation from K.  
Ed. 1<sup>st</sup> and is now gov<sup>d</sup>  
by the Rt Hon<sup>ble</sup> the E.  
of Northampton, the E.  
of May on a Bayliff, and  
48 Burges's Memb. for  
Parl are elected by the  
Freemen paying Scot  
& Lot. Our Kings for the  
conveniency of its situa-  
tion have sometimes  
held their Part in this Town  
which was formerly very  
large and populous having  
a strong Castle built by  
Simon Senlitz, part of  
that Name is of Northam-  
ton, and Walls round it in  
which were 7 Par Chs,  
besides 2 in the Suburbs;  
It has now only 4, but ve-  
ry flourishing, and well  
inhabited, being 8 place  
where the Abbeys for 4  
County and Quarter  
Sessions are held, It has  
also a good Freeschoole,  
a Alms-houses, a Goal  
for all Prisoners taken  
within the County, 3 M<sup>ts</sup>  
Weekly Viz: Wade, Friar  
and Sac a very conside-  
rable one for Corn, and 7  
Fairs, viz: St George's, St  
James's, & St Hugh's day,  
and the 4 Lady days,  
Here was a very bloody  
Battle fought in the year  
1640, wherein the unfor-  
tunate K. Hen. 6<sup>th</sup> was  
a second time made pri-  
soner by his unpeasly Sub-  
jects headed by Rich<sup>d</sup>  
Neuill Esq of Warwick  
In the time of K. Hen.  
3<sup>rd</sup> several discontented  
Students of the Univer-  
sities of Oxforde Cam-  
bridge came and settled  
here, and erected a little  
Academy for all sorts of  
Learning, but it was in  
a short time dissolved  
by the King's Letters,  
and express Orders  
were given, That no

one should study here, as in an University; because (as the Letters have it) it would be a manifest damage, and inconvenience to the ancient University of Oxford.





The Road from

# CARLISLE to BARWICK.

Containing 55 comp. and 80 4 meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

Brakenhill	6	9 4	Kelfo	39	57 2
Enter Scotland	12	18 6	Enter England	43	62 6
Castleton	10	24 4	Cornhill	46	66 7
Jedborô	32	46 4	Wesel	48	70 2
Barwick 55 80 4					

## P. of DURHAM

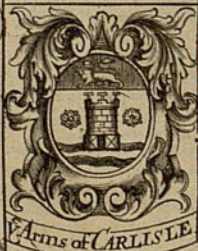
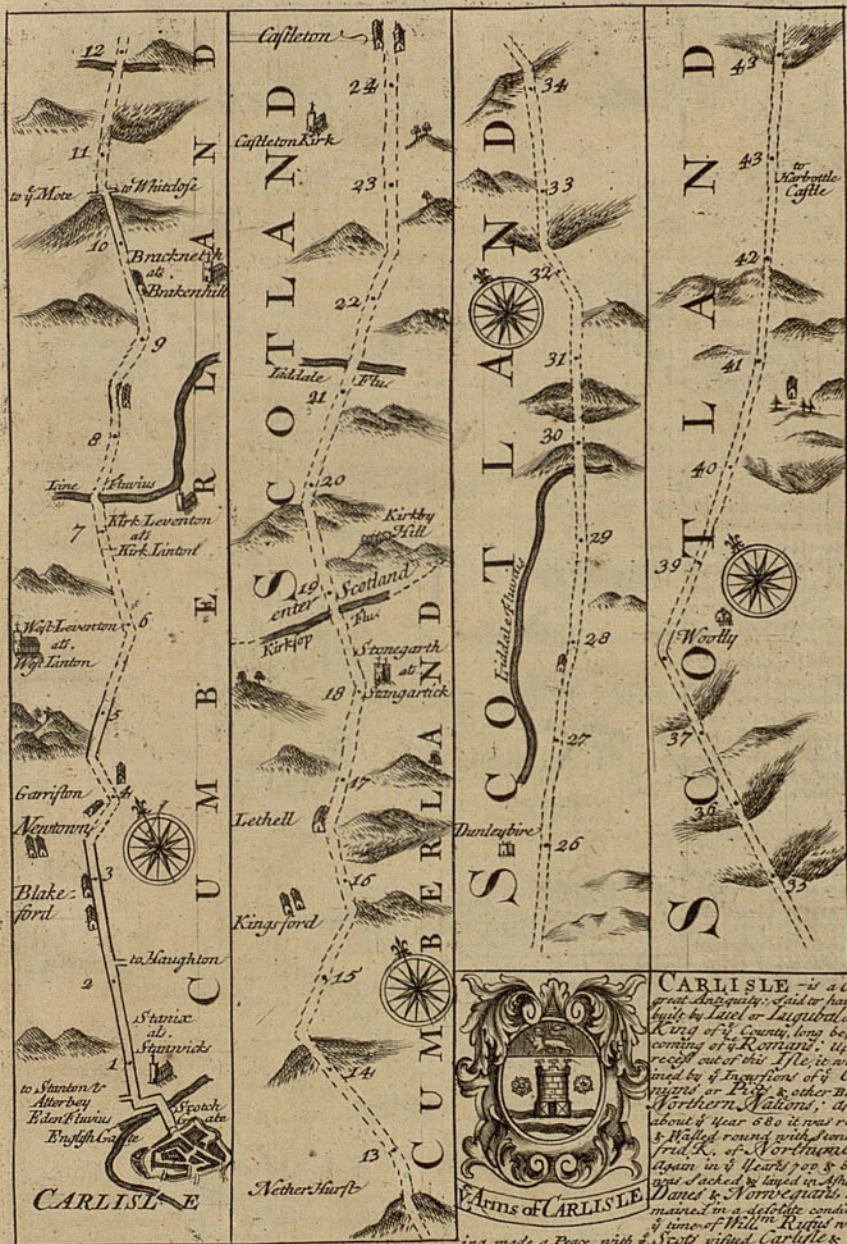
## The NORTH & EAST RIDING of YORK SHIRE



The County of YORK is divided into 3 Parts, anciently called Frithings [i.e. third Parts] now corruptly Ridings viz: East, North and West; the East between Don River and the Sea; & North containing all of North Part as far as Westmorland; & Wile being of large it has 12 former for its bounds; & in these Ridings is a fourth Division containing Richmond, Cleveland, Gravel, & Holderness. The Air here in divers places very temperate, but mostly cold, chiefly on of hills, and on of borders of Durham. The Soil is in some places very fruitful, but in others stony barren & gravelly; & in some places moorish, miry & sunny, in others woody; and in many places Champaign, affording plenty of Corn. In a word there is a great variety, both in Nature quality & goodness of Soil.

See the Account continued under the West Riding in Page 161.





**CARLISLE** is a City of great antiquity; said to have been built by Luel or Lugubala petty King of *Y* County, long before *Y* coming of *Y* Romans: upon their receipt out of this Isle, it was razed by *Y* Incursions of *Y* Caledonians or Picts, & other Barbarous Northern Nations: Afterward about of Year 680 it was rebuilt, & walled round with stone, by *Y* frid. K. of Northumberland. Again in *Y* Years 700 & 800 it was sacked & layed in Ashes by *Y* Danes & Norwegians, & remained in a desolate condition till *Y* time of Will<sup>m</sup>. Rufus who have

ing made a Peace with *Y* Scots visited Carlisle & considering how good a Barrier it might be against that People in case of a new eruption ordered *Y* Walls & Cattle to be repaired. *K. Henry* 1<sup>st</sup> repaired & much augmented its Fortifications. The Cattle is at this Day a well Fortified building, as is the Citadel which receiveth considerable additions in its strength from *K. Henry* 8<sup>th</sup>. The Cathedral tho it suffered considerably in *Y* great Rebellion, still remains a very Magnificent Structure, & there are besides a good Parish Churches. The Corporation is very ancient by Charter from *K. Edw.* 1<sup>st</sup> 36: *R.* 1<sup>st</sup>. *Rich.* 1<sup>st</sup> 5: *R.* 1<sup>st</sup>. *Hen.* 4<sup>th</sup> 12: *R.* 1<sup>st</sup>. *Hen.* 6<sup>th</sup> 2: *R.* 1<sup>st</sup>. & consist of a Mayor chosen yearly out of 24 Aldermen, a Recorder, Chamberlain, a Sheriff chosen yearly out of 4 Capital Citizens or Common Council men, a Sword & Mace bearer &c. &c. Trades chiefly in *Y* Man. Markets Wednesday & Saturday. Fair August 25<sup>th</sup>, & September 8<sup>th</sup>.



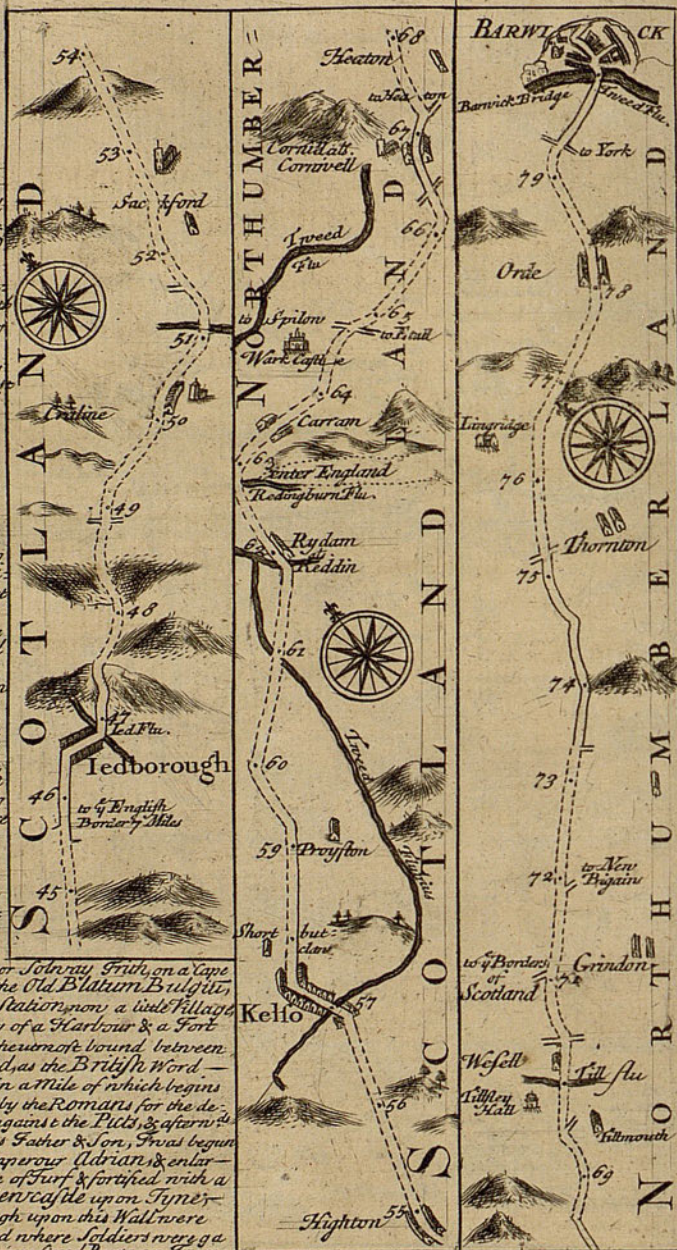
# Kelso [lat 57]

Is a considerable and well built Town, pleasantly seated on the North side of the River Tweed, & scarce inferior to any in the South of Scotland, enjoying a good Market, & had formerly a Monastery founded by R<sup>d</sup> David.

The Eden after having received several other considerable Rivers, empties it self into the Thurston Bay, where we meet with Burgh upon Sands supposed to be the same with the old Castra Exploratorum, memorable on the account of the renowned R<sup>d</sup> Edward who seduced the Welsh, and marching with his Army against the Scotch died here in his Camp 7<sup>th</sup> July A.D. 1307. There is a very fair square Pillar nine fards & an half in height erected in memory of him on the very spot where on he expired.

About 6 Miles further in the Fife Bay or Solway Frith, on a Cape of Landis B. one of the Old Blatium Bulgites, formerly a Roman Station, now a little Village having the convenience of a Harbour & a Fort for its defence, it being the utmost bound between England & Scotland, as the British Word — Britch signifies: within a Mile of which begins the Picts Wall erected by the Romans for the defence of the Britains against the Picts, & afterwards repaired by Theodosius Father & Son, was begun in this Place by the Emperor Adrian & enlarged by Severus made of Turf & fortified with a Ditch, extending to Newcasle upon Tyne, about 80 Miles in length upon this Wall were Castles & Towers erected where Soldiers were garisoned, in the inside were fixed Brason Trumpets or Pipes laid along to call from one Station to another. Here are frequently found Roman Coins Pavements, &c. not long since was taken up a Figure of a Mercury or Victory, which is now in the Custody of John Aglionby Esq<sup>r</sup> a Learned & curious Gentleman.

Jedborough [lat 57] Is a handsome Market Town and of good resort.



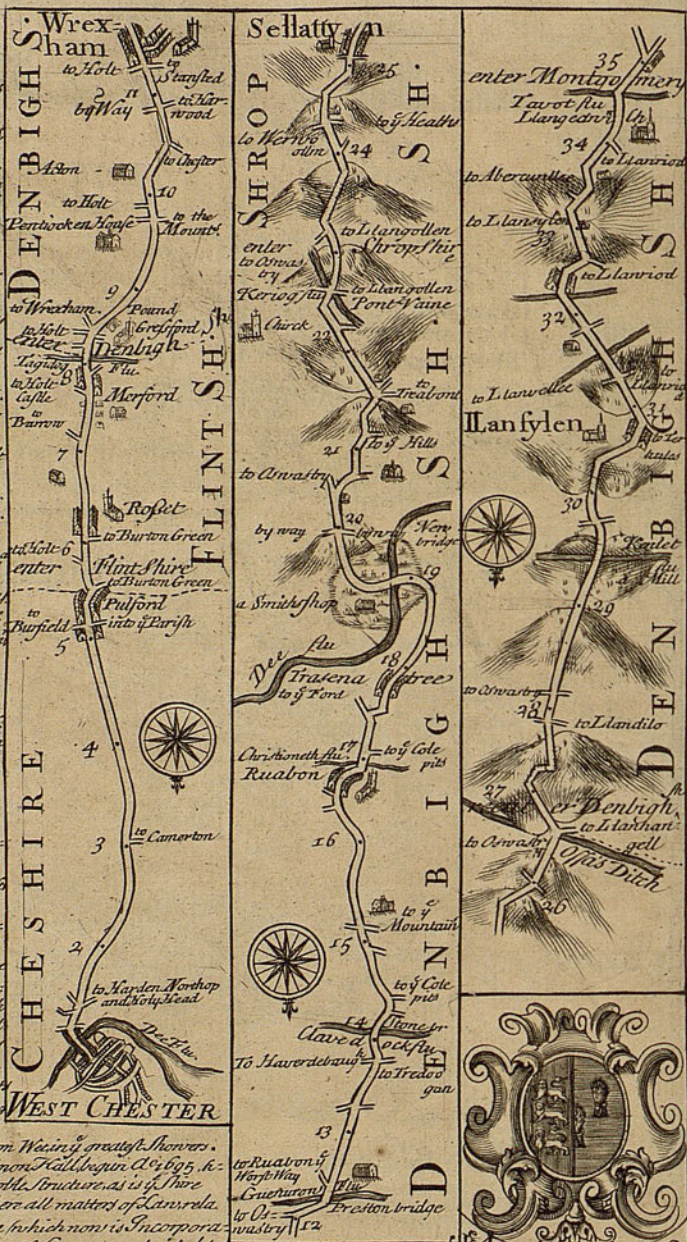




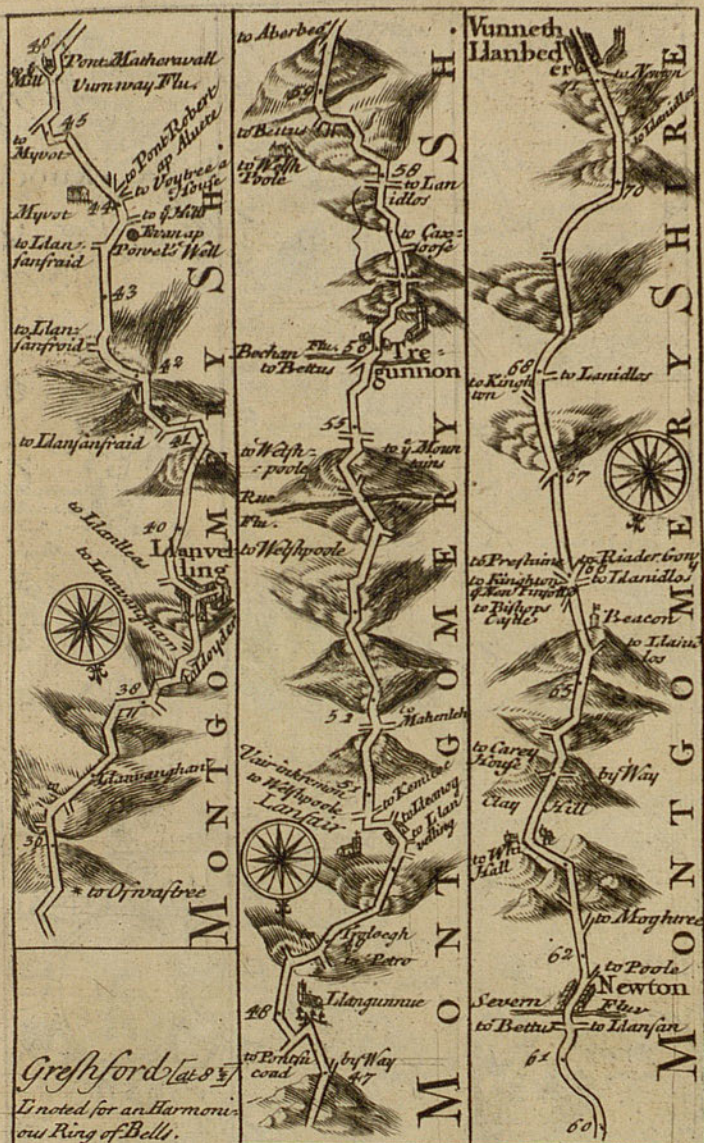


## CHESTER

Is a very ancient City, formerly the station of the Roman Legion Victrix, under Julius Augustus & Julius Agricola, in the time of Emp<sup>r</sup> Galba & Vespasian, where some imagine received its Name. Cestriacus, a Cestris, Senus made a County, Incorporated by K. Henry 1<sup>st</sup> the 21<sup>st</sup> Regni under a Mayor, Record, & all the Sheriffs, so Com. Council, &c. This City is one of five established in 1095, for minting in the New Coin. It is encompassed with strong Walls built by E. the first, the Mercian Lady, AD. 908. It has a Par. Church, besides 1<sup>st</sup> Worburg, the stately Cathedral, wherein is to be seen the Tomb of the Emperor of Germany, who married, Maud, the Conquerors Grand Daughter, & regretting of her imprisonment of his own Father, & Pope, & Cardinals, in his trouble, retired higher to spend the remainder of his life in privacy, as a Penitent. This beautiful rich & fertile City, besides 3<sup>rd</sup> Postern, fortified with a strong Castle & several Watch Towers, & Battlements for great Ordnance: The river of Dee, flows by it, by a handsome Stone Bridge, of 7 Arches, over the River, Dea having a Gate at each end, the chief of which called the Water Tower, supplied the Conduit Pipes with fresh Water. In the Principal Street are Princes or Rents, having Shops on both sides, under the People walk free from wearing great Showers. The new Exchange or Common Hall begun in 1695, & finished 1699, a very Noble Structure, as is the new Hall within of the Castle, where all matters of Law relating to the County, Palatine, which now is Incorporated into the Parliam<sup>nt</sup> of the Comm<sup>on</sup>, are decided by a Chamberlain, a Justice for the Common Pleas of the Crown, 2 Barons of the Exchequer, 2 Clerks at Law, a Sheriff, Attorney, Escheator, 1 and their Halls are Apartments for the Justices of Assize, in their Circuit. This City declared for K. Charles 1<sup>st</sup> under the Ld. Byron, in the time of the Rebellion, & afterwards for K. Charles 2<sup>nd</sup> in 1660. Henry famous of old for the triumph of K. Edgar over the Brits, who with his wife Boadicea, Malcolin King of Cumberland, Malcolin King of Mercia, & 8 in number were obliged to row him in a Barge up the River Dee. Mr. Wadsworth, Lat. Fairbairn, Midwinter, & Michas, each continuing for about a Week.





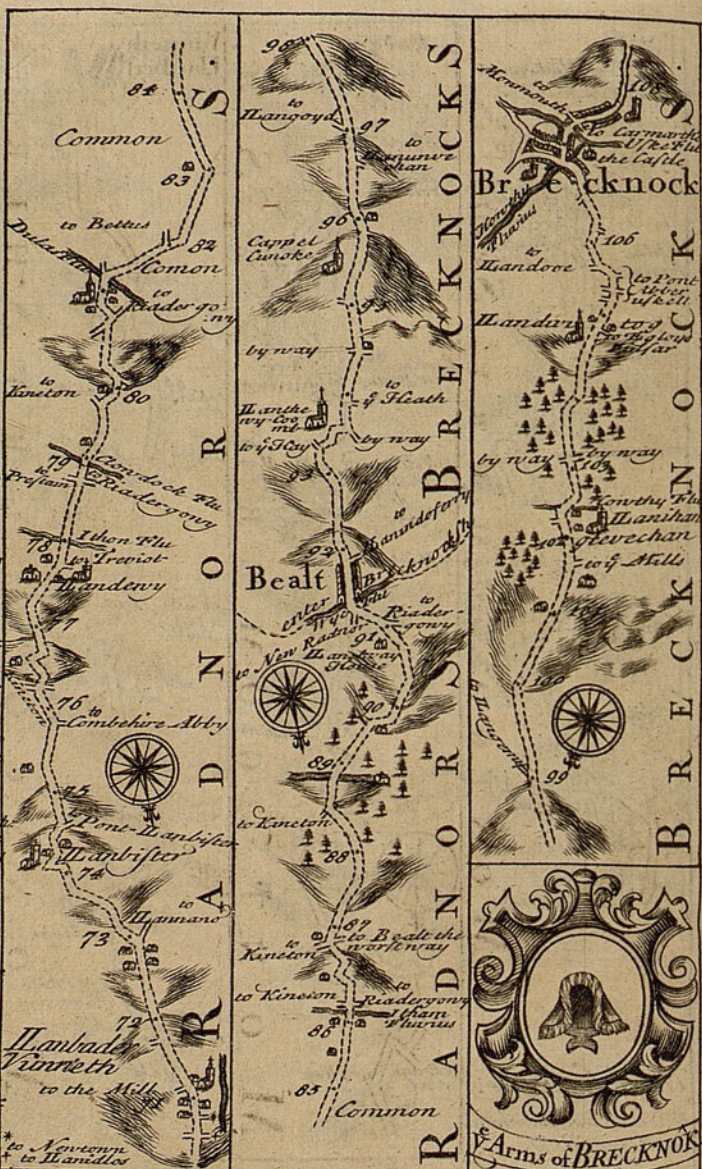




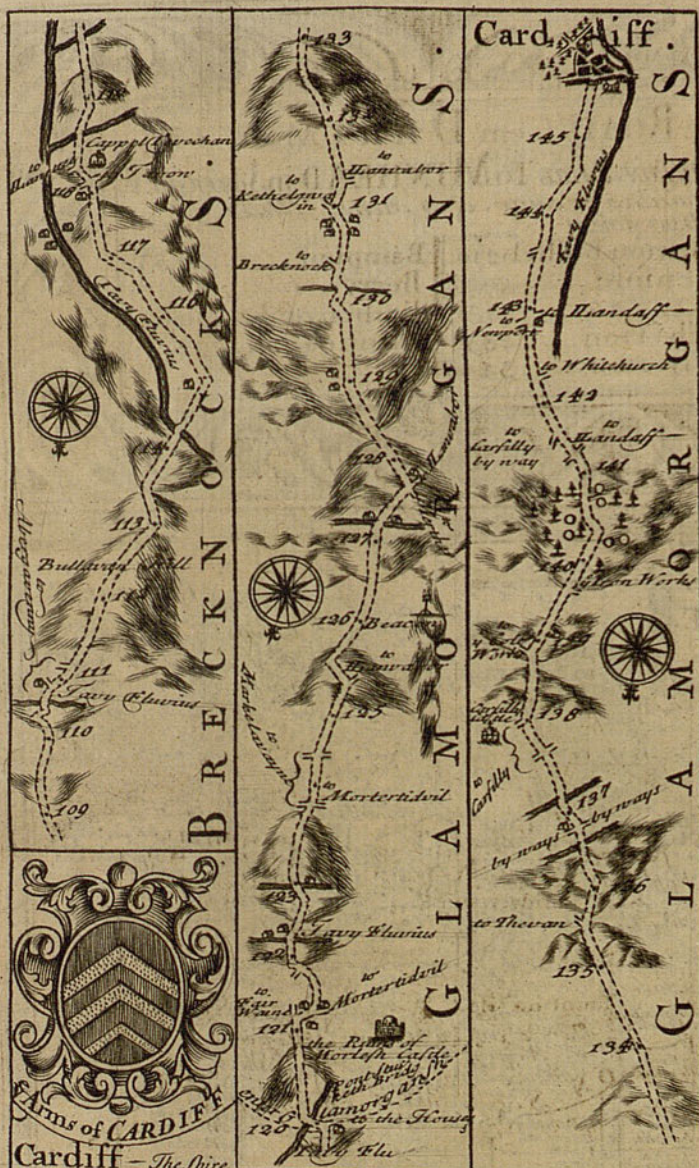
# Brecknock

Called in the British Language Aber-  
 Honally from the  
 confluence of a River  
 Tynally & yfke. a  
 Town of great antie-  
 quity & had a strong  
 castle built in it by Ber-  
 nard Newmarche a  
 famous Norman  
 who was the first person  
 who successfully attempt-  
 ed the Reduction of this  
 Country temp. Will. 1st  
 & more effectually  
 to settle his Conquists  
 married Nest & Daugh-  
 ter of Pr. Gryffydd  
 who being a luxurious  
 & passionate Woman &  
 rejecting an affiance  
 w<sup>th</sup> Mathew her only  
 Son had put upon a  
 spark of harts did not  
 scruple deposing before  
 K. Hen. 2<sup>d</sup> That he  
 was begotten on her in  
 Adultery & so of his Ship  
 & Possessions of his  
 Father devolved on his  
 Sister Sibyll & her  
 Husband Miles. of  
 Hereford who leav-  
 ing 5 Sons & then dy-  
 ing without Issue of

Inheritance fell to Bertha his Daughter, She married Philip de Breose, & had by him Wm de Braose  
 Lord of Brecknock whose Wife's unhappy Poulancy & Ravery ag<sup>t</sup> K. Hen. 2<sup>d</sup> obliged him to mortgage his  
 Castles of Brecknock, Hay, & Radnor to satisfy of Debts due to & demanded by of offended King who  
 put a Garrison in each Castle. But Breose hankering after his former possessions & having surprised y<sup>e</sup> Gar-  
 rison & endeavored to excite a Rebellion was on approach of y<sup>e</sup> King's Forces obliged to retire into Gwel-  
 land whence returning, & after a pardon granted on a feigned submission & solemn promises of Obedi-  
 ence raising new disturbances he was at last forced to flee into France where he dyed And his Wife  
 y<sup>e</sup> source of his misfortunes was herself imprisoned & miserably starved to Death.  
 This Town is at present in a very flourishing condition being gov<sup>d</sup> by a Bailiff, a Recorder, 15 Aldi-  
 men, 2 Chamberlains, 2 Town Clerks, 2 Constables, & 4 Serj<sup>ts</sup> at Law & sends 2 Members to Par<sup>l</sup> & has 2 Parishes  
 & K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> founded in it a Collegiate Church of 14 Prebendaries which he translated thither from  
 Aber Gwilly in Carmarthenshire & settled in y<sup>e</sup> Priory of y<sup>e</sup> Dominicans. M<sup>o</sup> on Wednesday.







Town, & a very ancient Corporation, consisting of 2 Bayliffs (who had a Court of Record in the Town once every Fortnight, & returne Members to Parliament) Aldermen, & Burg. who elect 2 M. Market on Saturday, Fairs for laude, Sheep, Hor- ses, &c. a Wednesday in March, June 20<sup>th</sup>, September, 2<sup>th</sup> & November 30<sup>th</sup>. Robt. Curthose, Earl of Normandy, and eldest son to William the Conqueror, having his Eyes put out by order of his Brother Henry, was afterward imprisioned in Cardiff Castle where he died in an old Age.

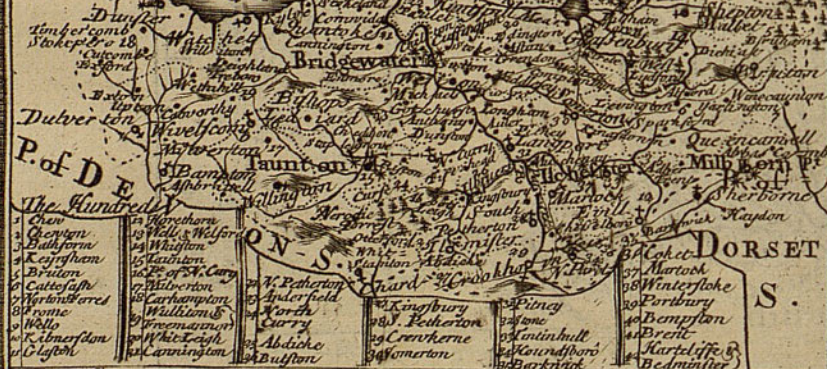


The ROAD from DARTMOUTH  
in DEVON SHIRE To MINHEAD in SOMERSET S.  
Containing 52 comp. & 71 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

from DARTMOUTH	comp. meas.	to	comp. meas.
to Newton Bushel	12 16	Bampton	39 53 1/2
Kenford	20 26 1/2	Berry	42 57 1/2
EXETER	22 31 1/2	Embercomb	50 67 1/2
Silverton	28 39	Minhead	52 71 1/2
Tiverton	34 46		

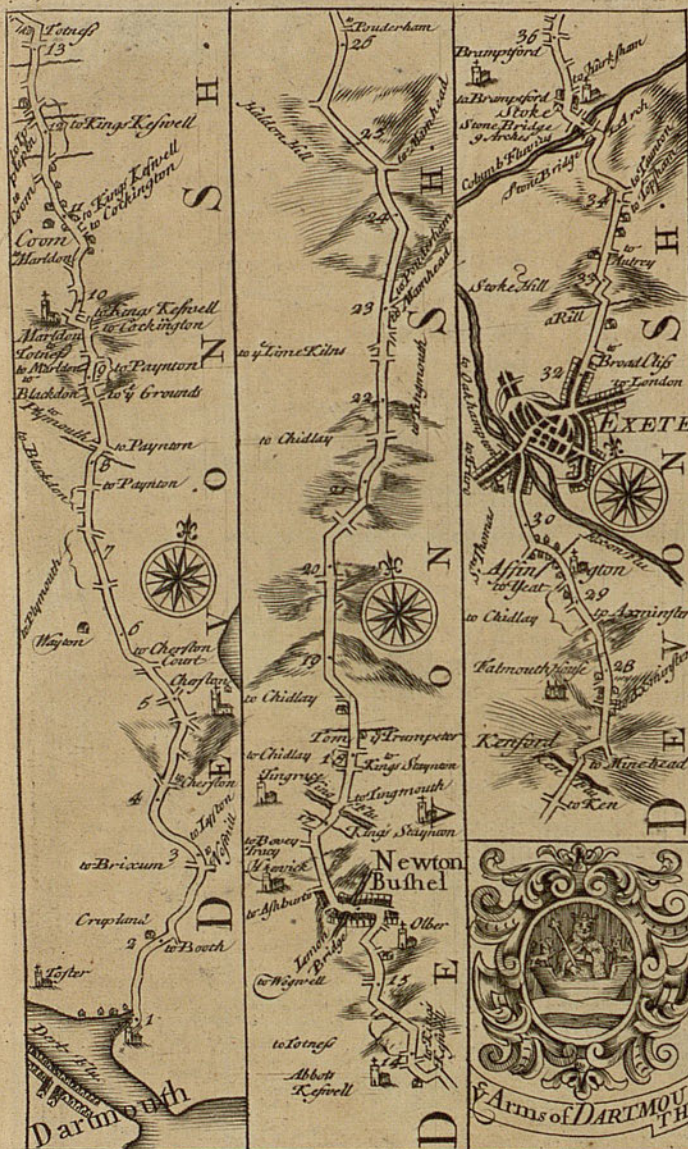
A MAP of  
SOMERSET  
SHIRE -

This County gives title to his  
Grace Ch. Seymour, Great  
D. 1546. Chief Seat  
at Pensworth Place in Sud  
set, at Marlboro House  
in Wiltsh. Kate Sara House  
in Middlesex  
Portlock Dure.



The County of SOMERSET - is 150 Miles in Circumference, contains ab<sup>t</sup> 107,000 Acres, 40 Hundreds, 32 M<sup>ts</sup>.  
484 Par. & 8466 Houses. The Air is generally very good, though it be in a Marsh Country, where it tends to Apople  
& other Disorders. The Soil is likewise extraordinary yielding in a Low Country plenty of Corn, Grass, Apples, par  
ticularly Apples, that much more barren, by labour & industry, are become able to bear good Corn, so for y<sup>e</sup> most part  
in winter Corn, except in y<sup>e</sup> lower Part w<sup>ch</sup> is Moorish & in some Places of Bogs, that there is no getting  
over in y<sup>e</sup> Winter. Pastures being inaccessible to Man or Beast, are very fruitful in y<sup>e</sup> fall of Summer, so that Corn  
which are Corn, Cattle, Sheep, & Horses, for Dyers, & Bristol Homes. The Ocean in this County runs with a Current, so y<sup>e</sup> fish  
in it is plentiful. The spring plentiful County yielding all manner of grain, Fish, Fowl, Fruits, &c. So y<sup>e</sup> hills  
are covered with flocks of Sheep, & Rivers are full of Trout, Pels, &c. So y<sup>e</sup> chief Manufactures are Cloth, Sarges, &c.  
Pay to the 2. Mill. 1644. 159736 - 11 - 0.





## Newton Bushel

Has a good Market on Wednesday, for Corn Cattle &c.  
[at 16]

Several turnings in this page leads to **Tingmouth, Re:** remarkable for being a place where the Danes first landed, A.D. 800

## Silverton

Is a Town well accommodated, governed by a Portreeve. Fairs on Midsummer & St. Bartholomew's day.  
[at 30]

## Clifton, Dartmouth & Hardsnes

were originally 3 distinct Towns, but are at present a Corporation, included in the Name **Dartmouth**, so treating them as one, we find it was first made a Mayor & Boro Town by K. John. King Edw. 3<sup>d</sup> granted, that if Burghs should be toll free, throughout all England, confirmed their choice of a Mayor, empowered them to hold Plea within the Boro, & exempted them from being impeached out of it, or Imprisoned on Juries: Rich<sup>d</sup> 2<sup>d</sup> in consideration of their having freely assisted

him, with Provisions & Ammunition, in his War with France, knated that they should be only exported from hence; R. Edw. 4<sup>th</sup>, to reward their courage against the French, translated further the Port from Bovey, & gave them 20. P. Annum in fee farm, to which R. Rich<sup>d</sup> 3<sup>d</sup>, & Hen. 4<sup>th</sup> added 30. P. Annum more, nor can we well forbear mentioning the Bravery & Courage of the Female Inhabitants of this Town in former times, who when the French attempted to set fire to it, as they had before to Plymouth, did not like the modest Grecians, or Old women urge their husbands to fight as set them an extraordinary example by engaging of Enemys themselves who they repelled with considerable loss, taking their General Master Coflye, Lords, & 83 Knights Prisoner. The Corporation consists of a Mayor, 12 Mayors or Magistrates, a Recorder, a Bayliff, an Clerk, & High Steward. The 3 last chosen by & said Mayor & Magistrates, who have the Power of making Freeman, by whom of Memb<sup>r</sup> of Parl<sup>t</sup> are chosen, & a Boro belongs a Court of Sessions, & a later Bayliffwick Court, holden by a Justice for 3 Tives from a Duty of Cornival, The Harbour is very safe & commodious w<sup>th</sup> 3 Castles, one of w<sup>ch</sup> has 6 Guns, another w<sup>th</sup> 4 of w<sup>ch</sup> many, & a 3<sup>d</sup> called Kingsthorpe, w<sup>ch</sup> has several Black-houses, & not long since had a Chain running cross the Haven. It has a good Market on Friday.





## Exeter

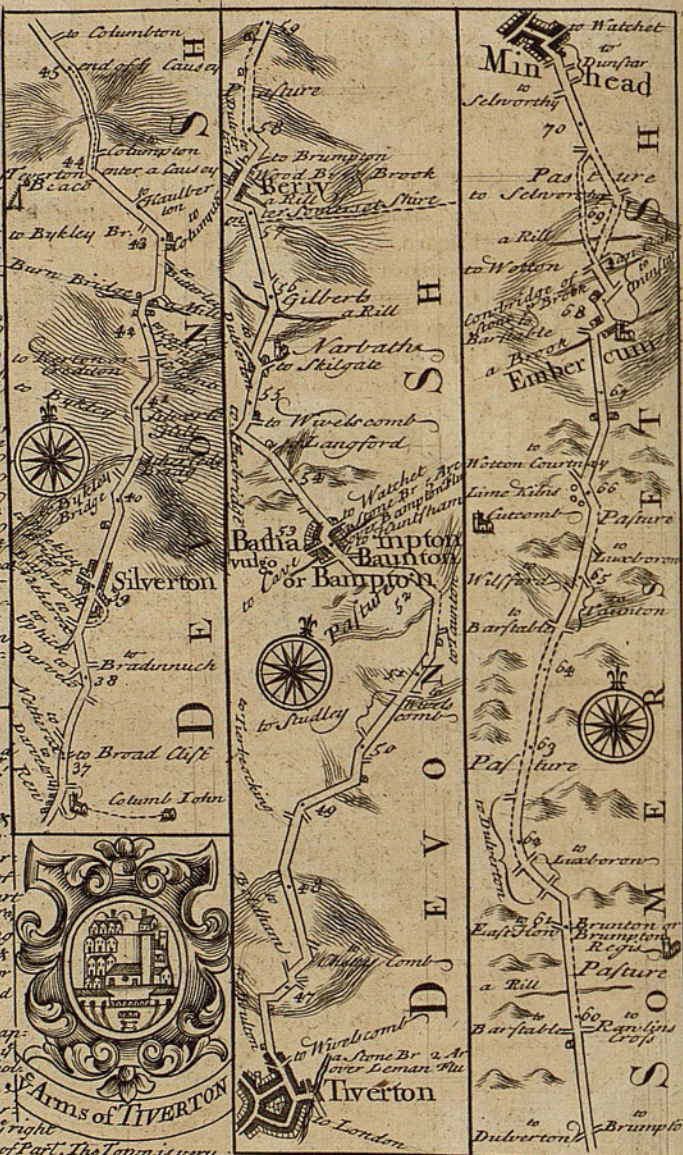
Given title to Noble L. (1621)  
 Granted to L. May 24  
 1605. Chief Seat at Bur-  
 leigh in Northampton-  
 shire. Kingston in Lincoln-  
 shire. Snape in York-shire.

## Minhead

Is a Port Town & was  
 formerly govt by a  
 Portreeve. It is at this  
 day under a Constable  
 annually chosen at a  
 Courtleet of 12 Little-  
 reles of Dunstan (alde  
 in this County, who are  
 Ld of a Manor. The  
 Members of Parl. are  
 chosen by a majority  
 of 12 Potwalloons, 12  
 House-keepers, or such  
 as hold of Potwalloons  
 Baro. The Town by rea-  
 son of its convenient  
 Harbour, drives an In-  
 different trade to Ire-  
 land &c. & has a Mill on  
 Wedn. & a fair on a Sun-  
 day.

## Tiverton

Called formerly Tivisport  
 Town from its situation  
 on between Fords, It  
 an ancient Borough, &  
 an old Town. The town was  
 not represented in Par-  
 liament till time of  
 K. Ed. 1. who by Chart.  
 13. R. made it a Free Town  
 incorporate, consisting  
 of a Mayor, 12 Capital &  
 12 Inferiour Burgoes, or  
 Aldermen, a Recorder, and  
 Clerk of the Peace; The  
 Mayor is by 12 Charter-  
 pointed Goal-keeper, & 12  
 Delivery thereof to be hold-  
 den before him & 12 Rec-  
 orders. The Mayor, Bur-  
 gesses, & Aldermen have 12 right  
 of electing Members of Parl. The Town is very  
 noted for 12 Woollen Manufacture, especially its excellent Kersies for 12 Sale of w. there is a particular  
 M. on Mond. as there is for other Commodities on Tuesd. & 12 fairs on Trinitiest. & 12 Mich. It. This T. has  
 several times suffered by fire very remarkable, viz. by a fire w. broke out in Apr. 1598 on 12 M. & 12  
 & was so violent it several of 12 Inhab. were burnt in 12 Streets & Shops, & 12 T. consumed to 12 No of 600  
 Houses, nothing but 12 Ch. Church Place, & 12 Alms-House escaped. It was scarce rebuilt but another fire  
 happened as destructive. It was at last reedified as now standing. In K. Ed. 1. Charter aforesaid, it is men-  
 tioned by way of consideration 12 T. is to be sustained in re support of 12 last fire, & amount to 12 13500 l.  
 The Church is a very spacious old Fabric, & the Fresco coat a very neat & commodious building, with  
 convenient Apartments for the Master and Usher, founded by Peter Blundel, a rich Clothier & Na-  
 tive of this T. who gave 12000 l. to be laid out on a Purchase for 12 maintenance of 12 Scholars at Oxford  
 & as many at Cambridge to be elected from this School; & 12 Rector, has been since increased to 12 in  
 each University, viz. in Bachel. Coll. at Oxford, & Sidney at Cambridge.





# The Road from S<sup>t</sup> DAVIDS to HOLY WELL.

Containing 112 comp & 156 1/4 measd Miles

Fiscard.....	12 16 1/2	Macheth.....	64 89 1/2
Newport.....	17 23	Aberangel.....	71 99 1/2
Cardigan.....	24 33 1/4	Llanmowth.....	76 107 1/2
Llanarch.....	38 51 1/2	Balla.....	86 120 1/2
Llanruffel.....	46 63	Bettus.....	93 131
Llanbadarn vaur.....	52 71 1/2	Ruthyn.....	100 141 1/2
Talabont.....	57 78 1/2	Holywell.....	112 156 1/4

## PEMBROKE SHIRE

## P. of CARDIGAN S. Cardigan

## P. of CARMAR The Hundreds

THEN

- 1 Killygarra
- 2 Kemes
- 3 Downland
- 4 Rwyf
- 5 Dunglesty
- 6 Narbarth
- 7 Castle Martin

English Miles



The County of PEMBROKE is 95 Miles in Circumference, contains abt 430000 Acres. It is divided into 7 Hundreds, in which are 5 Hundreds of which Pembroke & Haverford West are the most Memorable each to Parls 45 Parls & abt 4320 Houses. The Air is pleasant & good, and the Soil is both comely & towardly, & yield extraordinary fruitful some Hills & Mountains appear in the Inland parts are more barren yet feeding abundance of sheep, Goats, Cattle & Horses is plenty of Fish, Fowls, Pheasants & Mart. In this County is Milford Haven & large & most capacious Harbour in the Kingdom. It Pays in the Shire £ 3937 1/2 s.



*S. Dogmael. —*  
Had formerly a —  
Monastery founded  
by the Martins ac-  
cording to the Order  
of Tours. —

[at 32 $\frac{3}{4}$ ]

Merth  
or  
Moithry or as  
commonly called  
Mathewit has a con-  
siderable Fair on Mi-  
chaelmas day for Cattle &c

[at 10]



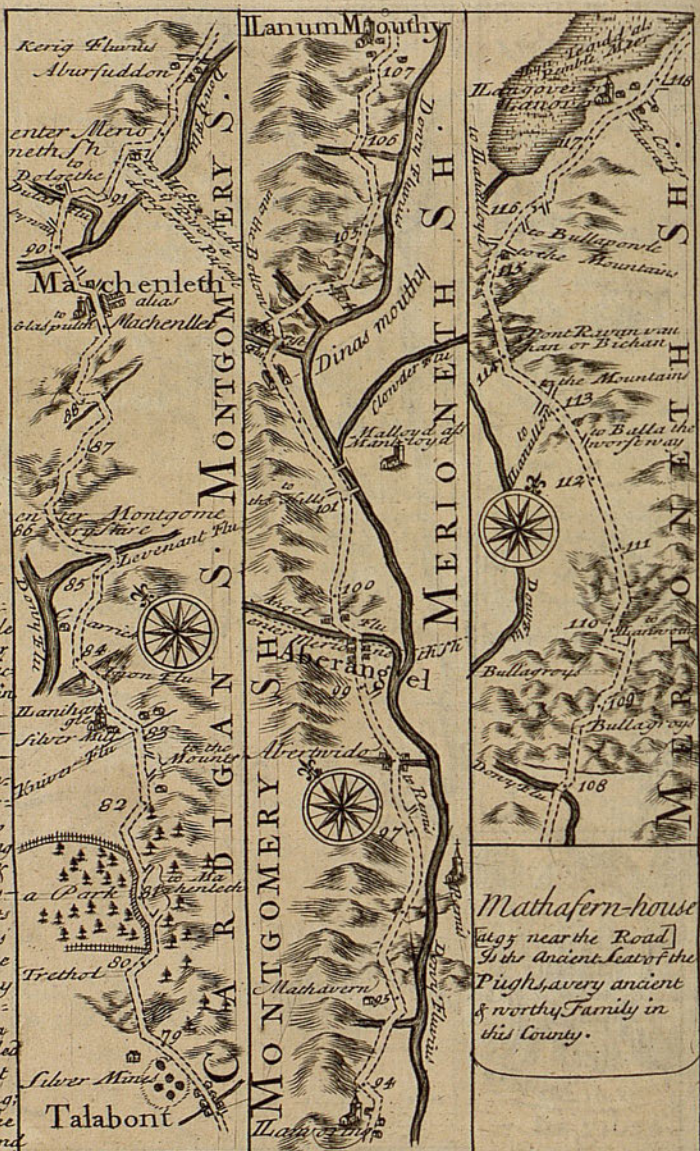






# *Llyn Tegad or Pemble Meer*

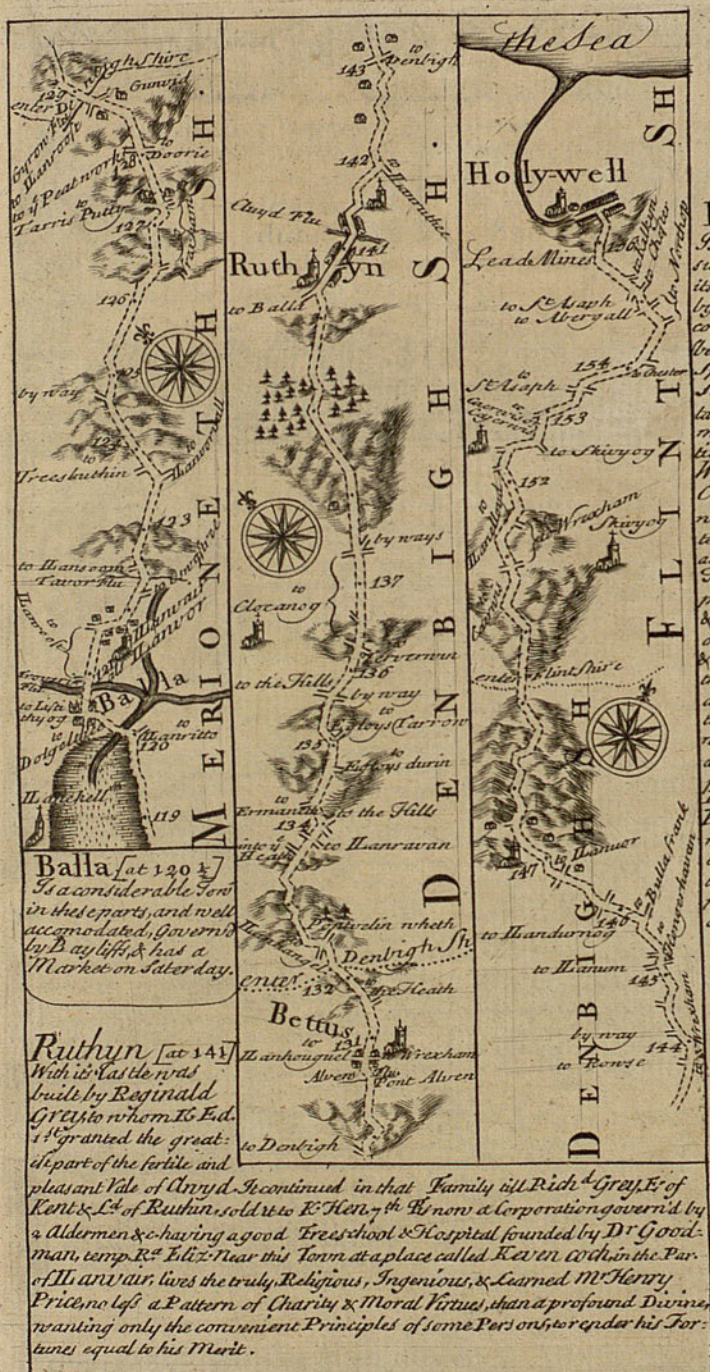
Some of the largest Lakes in Great Britain, and is remarkable chiefly for its particular quality in not being affected by the greatest Rain, but overflowing its Banks on the least Storm of Wind. It is likewise noted for plenty of Swans. Its observable that the R. Dee, in Welsh Drvs. issuing out of two Springs & running through this Lake never mixes its Waters with the Waters of the Lake, neither are its Salmon taken any where but in its Currents. Here is taken a remarkable Fish called a Gruniard in sight resembling a Whiting, but in Taste much like a Trout, that is not found in any other Water, but in this Lake, nor in any part of the River. It feeds & delights in the bottom amongst the Water Gladiol, a Plant peculiar to these Mountains, & resembles the Alps, & affords the same Plants upon its Rocks & High Hills.



**Machenleth** <sup>at 60</sup> Is suppos'd to be the *Maglona* of the Romans, where in the time of *Honorius* Emperor the *Præfect* of the *Solennians* kept a Garrison under the *Dux Britannia*, in order to awe the Inhabitants of the Mountainous parts. *Owen Glym Dwy* who was bred up at the Inns of Court, afterwards *Sautier* to *K. Rich<sup>d</sup> 2<sup>d</sup>* summoned a Parliament higher of all the Nobility and Gentry of Wales, in Opposition to *K. Hen. 4<sup>th</sup>* *Mon. Sh.*

*Mathafern-house*  
[at 60] near the Road  
Is the ancient Seat of the  
*Piighs*, a very ancient  
& worthy Family in  
this County.





**Holywell**  
 A very neat Town, supported chiefly by its Well, visited no less by Persons that simply consult their Health, being a very cold Spring, than by the Superstitious, who take its virtues to be miraculously Sanative, on account of St. Winifreda devout Christian Virgin, — whose Chastity as they tell you, being in pain attempted by a certain Tyrant, He at last surprised & ravished her, — & then cut off her head on the adjacent Hill, & in the bottom where the Head rolled arose a Spring. But this Tradition meets with little credit from discreet & unprejudiced persons. The learned Dr. Fleetwood, late Bishop of St. Asaph, now of Ely, has very effectually exposed the fallacy of it in a particular Treatise on that Subject.

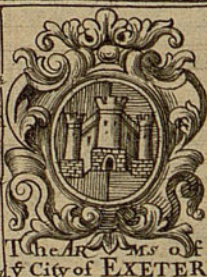


Road from  
**EXETER** to Barnstable, continued to Hfarcomb.  
 Containing 40 computed & 49<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

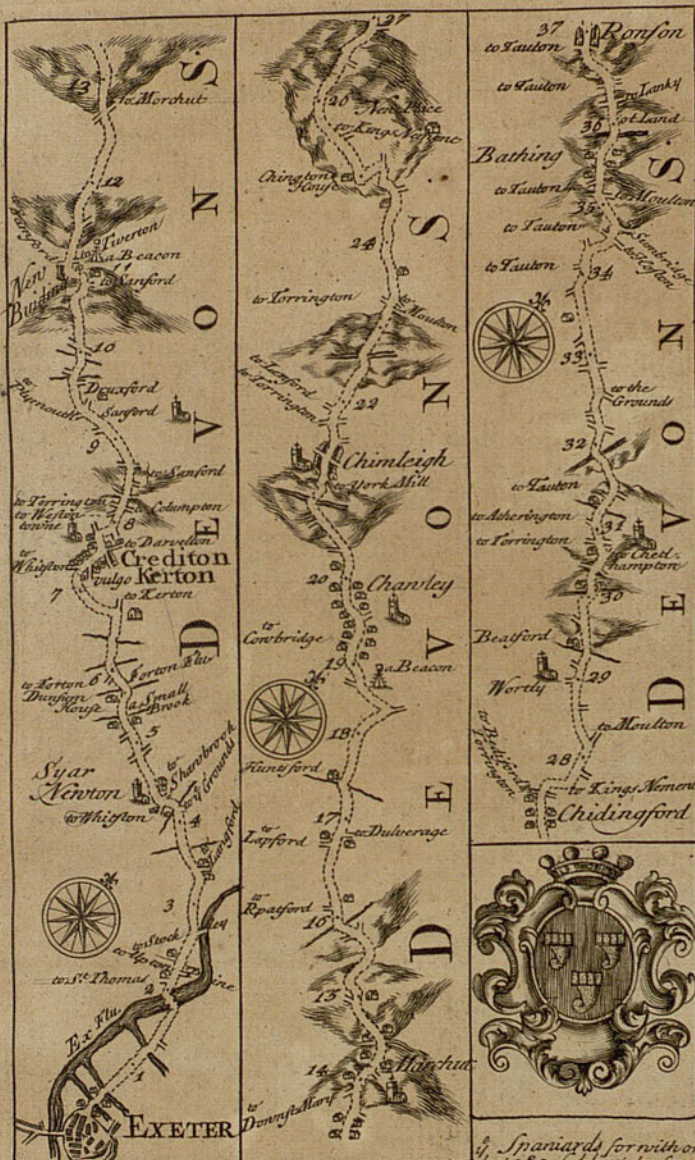
From Exeter	com.	mea		com.	mea
Crediton	7	8		Barnstable	32 38 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>
Chimleigh	18	21 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>		Hfarcomb	40 49 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Extended to Torrington thus,					
Bediford	12	16 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>		Torrington	17 23 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>

## EXETER

It is a City of great Antiquity & Fame, remarkable for its Loyalty & Zeal for Monarchy amidst all Revolution: *K. Alhelstan* is said to have brought it first in subjection to *English*, having fortified it w<sup>th</sup> Towers & strong Walls, & changed its Name from *Monkton* to *Exeter*. He founded a Monastery in *City*, & the Magnificent & stately Cath. dedicated to *S<sup>t</sup>. Peter*; w<sup>ch</sup> has since rec<sup>d</sup> such considerable additions & improvements from the B<sup>ps</sup> of the See that it is now one of the finest in England: It has a very fair Town, w<sup>ch</sup> one on the North & the other on the South; in the first, a small Bell, & a Clock Bell called *Peers Bell*, w<sup>ch</sup> weighs 600 Pounds. The Organ in this Church is reckoned *the largest* in England, the biggest Pipe being 15 Inches diameter, w<sup>ch</sup> is more than that of the celebrated Organ at *Wilm.* Here are besides *12* said Cathed. 10 Par. Churches. (This City was first incorporated by *K. John*, & made a County by *K. Hen. 3<sup>d</sup>*, & has ever since continued its representation to Part select by *Freemen* & *Freeholders*. It was anciently gov<sup>d</sup> by *Portreeves*, but is at present under a Mayor, High Sher<sup>iff</sup>, Recorder, & 4 Ald. Chamberlain &c. At the upper end of *St. John* stands an old Castle, called *Rougemont*, very pleasantly situated, said to have been anciently the Seat of the West Saxon Kings, who are supposed to have built it; & afterwards belonged to the *Earls* & *Dukes* of *Cornwall*, & is now vested in the Kings eldest Son as D. of *Cornwall* & Prince of *Wales*. The Building is now very ruinous except that part which is kept up for the Assizes, Quarter Sessions, and County Court. In one of the 6 Gates of the City, called the South Gate, are two Common Prisons, & a Compter for such as are arrested on Actions at any Persons Suits: In the Suburbs is a Work House for the employment of *Sagabonds* &c. All civil Causes between Party & party, are determined by the Mayor, with the advice of the Recorder, but Criminal matters, & pleas of the Crown by 8 Ald. who are Justices. This Place suffered much by the *Danes* A<sup>d</sup> 875<sup>d</sup> And again in rain *K. of Denmark* hearing of *great Massacre*, w<sup>ch</sup> the *English* had made of the *Danes* on *S<sup>t</sup>. Brices* day, landed here with a powerfull Arm<sup>y</sup>, & besieged this City, w<sup>ch</sup> defended it self w<sup>th</sup> great bravery, till by *Treachery* of one *Hugh* a *Norman*, whom *Luc Emma* had made governour of it. It fell into the hands of the Enemy who burnt the City, razed the Walls, & committed the greatest Outrages on the Inhabitants. This City bravely opposed the *Norman* Conqueror, all part of *St. Wall* falling by *Act of Providence* as it said, it was obliged to surrender. Hen. was very favourable, & only altered *St. Gates* of *St. Castle* in sign of Victory. In *St. Reign* of *K. Hen. 3<sup>d</sup>* *Perkin Warbeck* *pretended* Son of *St. D. of York* second to *Ed. 4<sup>th</sup>* laid siege to *Exeter*, & prevailed with Ordinance, but *St. Citizens* made a very vigorous defence, & the Siege was raised by *Edw. Courtney* E. of *Devon*. The King so approved of their Loyalty & Bravery, that he afterwards visited *St. City* in Person, and bestowed upon it *St. Edward* w<sup>ch</sup> he then wore, to be born before their Mayors as also a Cap of maintenance. In *St. reign* of *K. Ed. 6<sup>th</sup>* The *Devon* & *Cornish* Rebels pretending to be offended at *Reformation*, which they called a new Religion, besieged & battered this City with their Cannon; but the Citizens made a very gallant defence, & *St. John Russel* who then reigned among them, defeated the Rebels in several Battels, & raised *St. Siege* *K. Ed. 6<sup>th</sup>* as a reward for its Loyalty, bestowed on the City the rich Manor of *Ex<sup>st</sup>. Island*. It was eminent formerly for its Loyalty in the Civil Wars temp. *Car. 1<sup>st</sup>* & to this day retains a just regard for *Gov<sup>rn</sup>.d. Head*. M<sup>th</sup> *Wednes* day, & *Friday*, *Fairs*, *Ash* *Wednes* day, *Whitsun* Monday, *S<sup>t</sup>. Mary* *Magdalen*, *August* 22<sup>d</sup> & *S<sup>t</sup>. Nicholas*.







**Kerton** at 7  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 Remarkable for having  
 been formerly  $\frac{1}{2}$  See of a  
 Bp. n<sup>ch</sup> was translated  
 hence to Exeter The Old  
 lath a magnificent Pile is  
 still standing & used as  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 Par Ch. Here was for-  
 merly a Coll of 12 Prebend  
 And in this Town was  
 born Winifred or B. on  
 face Arch Bp of Mentz  
 who first converted the  
 Heptians Frisians &c  
 in Germany to Chris-  
 tian Faith And was af-  
 terwards martyr'd by the  
 Pagans AD 359. M<sup>on</sup>  
 Sat Fair on S. Low  
 rences day Chief trade  
 in Sarge.

### Beddiford

It a very considerable  
 Sappor-Town and an-  
 cient Borough & Corpo-  
 ration gov<sup>d</sup> by a May<sup>r</sup>  
 Recorder Town clerk  
 &c enjoying a good Me-  
 ion Guild & driving a  
 very great trade to New  
 found land & West  
 Indies &c. It is observ-  
 able that to this Corp<sup>s</sup>  
 belongs a Court holding  
 plea in actions of Debt  
 Caus &c for any sum what-  
 soever. The Granwils  
 have been L<sup>d</sup> of  $\frac{1}{2}$  Town  
 ever since  $\frac{1}{2}$  Conquest  
 of n<sup>ch</sup> great & Honour-  
 able Family was R<sup>ch</sup>  
 Granville Kn<sup>t</sup> was 10  
 instrumental in  $\frac{1}{2}$  Con-  
 quest of Glamorgansh  
 & after many brave feats  
 ag<sup>t</sup>  $\frac{1}{2}$  Welsh founded an  
 Abbey at Neath in that  
 County & so returned hi-  
 ther Another R<sup>ch</sup>  
 of  $\frac{1}{2}$  same Name & Fa-  
 mily in 12th letz time  
 maintained a very extra-  
 ordinary Sea Fight ag<sup>t</sup>



$\frac{1}{2}$  Spaniards for with one Ship having on board  
 but 80 Soldiers he fought 24 hours with 34

Spanish Galleons of which 30 Sailed at several times & yet at last yielded upon Honourable  
 terms after his Powder was spent having slain above 2000 Spaniards & sunk 2 of their stoutest Ships. The  
 obald Grenville founded  $\frac{1}{2}$  noble Bridge of Biddeford n<sup>ch</sup> equals if not excels all other in England  
 admitting a passage for a Ship of 50 or 60 Gun thro' some of its Arches Concerning which Bridge it is  
 strangely related that if Inhabitants of  $\frac{1}{2}$  Town had several times attempted to build it but in vain not be-  
 ing able to find a firm foundation At last one R<sup>ch</sup> Gornard Priest of  $\frac{1}{2}$  Place was admonished by a Vi-  
 sion to found it near a Rock n<sup>ch</sup> he should find rolled from  $\frac{1}{2}$  Higher Ground up on  $\frac{1}{2}$  Strand who finding  
 of Rock as represented in his Dream presently informed  $\frac{1}{2}$  Bp of  $\frac{1}{2}$  Dioc<sup>s</sup> & R<sup>ch</sup> Theobald Grenville  
 L<sup>d</sup> of  $\frac{1}{2}$  Town of  $\frac{1}{2}$  Whereupon R<sup>ch</sup> Theobald laid  $\frac{1}{2}$  Foundation &  $\frac{1}{2}$  Bp granted Indulgences to all  
 such as should be contributors to  $\frac{1}{2}$  us shill & necessary a Work n<sup>ch</sup> effectually raised Money sufficient to  
 complete  $\frac{1}{2}$  Bridge & also to keep it in perpetual repair. This Town has  $\frac{1}{2}$  Honour of giving Title of Baron to  
 the Noble Geo. Granville Grand 1711 20 Anne and Seat at Stone in  $\frac{1}{2}$  County of Cornwall.



# Ilfracomb

Is noted for its safe Har-  
bour for Shipping for  
if constant lights main-  
tain in it for Direc-  
tion of Sailors, And  
for Learned & judic-  
ious Mr Camden's ha-  
ving been Prebenda-  
ry of it, the a Layman  
(at 49)

## Chimleigh

Has a M<sup>o</sup> on This is  
famous for Prebend  
said to have been found  
id here by y<sup>e</sup> Lady off y<sup>e</sup>  
Manor for y<sup>e</sup> Children  
n<sup>o</sup> y<sup>e</sup> he prevented the  
Father from Dronning  
as he designed because  
he had too many, and  
for a Free School found  
ed by y<sup>e</sup> D<sup>y</sup> of Bedford  
both n<sup>o</sup> have been  
sometime since des-  
troyed. (at 45)



## The BISHOPRIC of EXETER

Contains the Countys of  
Devon & Cornwall  
& therein 604 Parishes  
was founded by K<sup>ed</sup>  
the Confeſſor A.D. 1046  
Leofricus 1<sup>st</sup> Chan-  
celor 1<sup>st</sup> Bishps  
Value £ 500.  
Seat Exeter Palace, in  
Exeter.

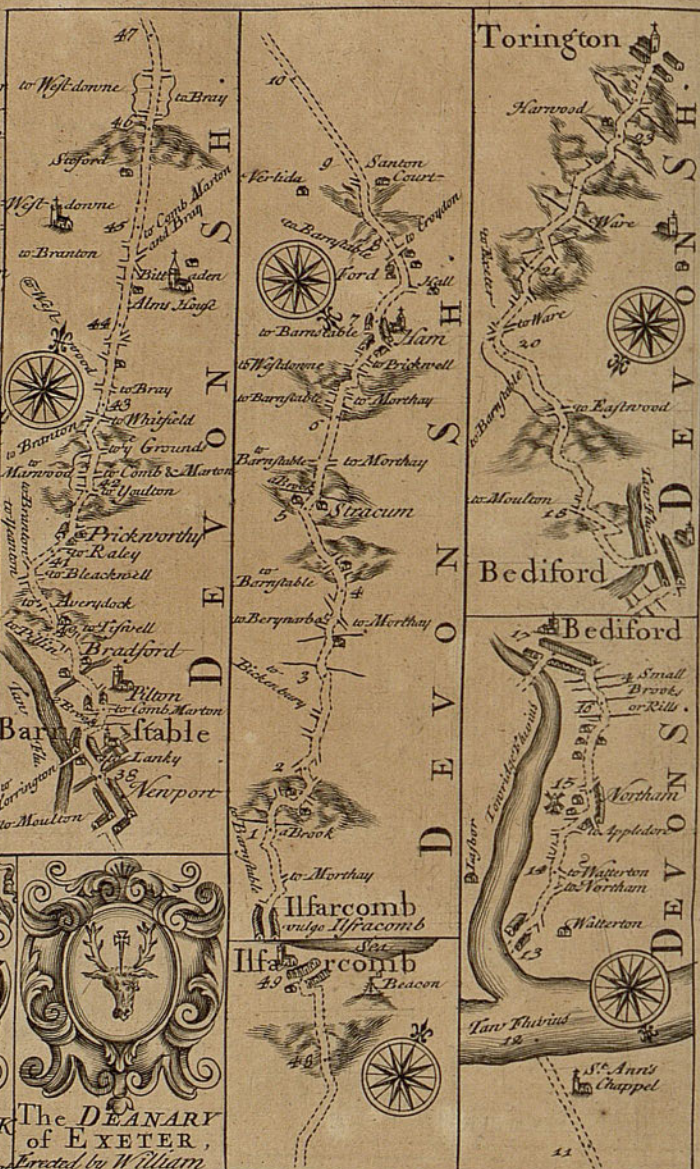


## The DEANARY of EXETER

Forced by William  
Brewere, Bishop of  
Exeter; A.D. 1223, first  
Dean

Now belongs to Lewis Pollard.

(Northampton fac 157) This Manor was given by y<sup>e</sup> Conqueror to St. Stephens in Caen, in Normandy the  
Place is now famous for breeding Mariners & its Steeple is a Sea Mark for Sailors.



Chattel Hampton (at 31) Was the Kings De-  
meane at y<sup>e</sup> Conquest but has since been y<sup>e</sup> Possession of  
y<sup>e</sup> B<sup>y</sup> of Gloucester, Warrnick, Bridgnwater, & y<sup>e</sup> Spencer  
& now belongs to Lewis Pollard.

(1011 fac 87) Here was formerly an Abbey founded by Adeliza Daughter of  
Baldwin of Oakhampton A.D. 1120. which produced two very famous Men  
in their times viz y<sup>e</sup> Baldwin then Abbot & afterw<sup>rd</sup> Arch<sup>b</sup> of Canterbury in y<sup>e</sup>  
Reign of K<sup>ed</sup> Rich<sup>d</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> & Johannes Devoniensis Confeſſor to K<sup>ed</sup> John.







**Morton Hampstead**  
Has a good Market  
on Saturday.

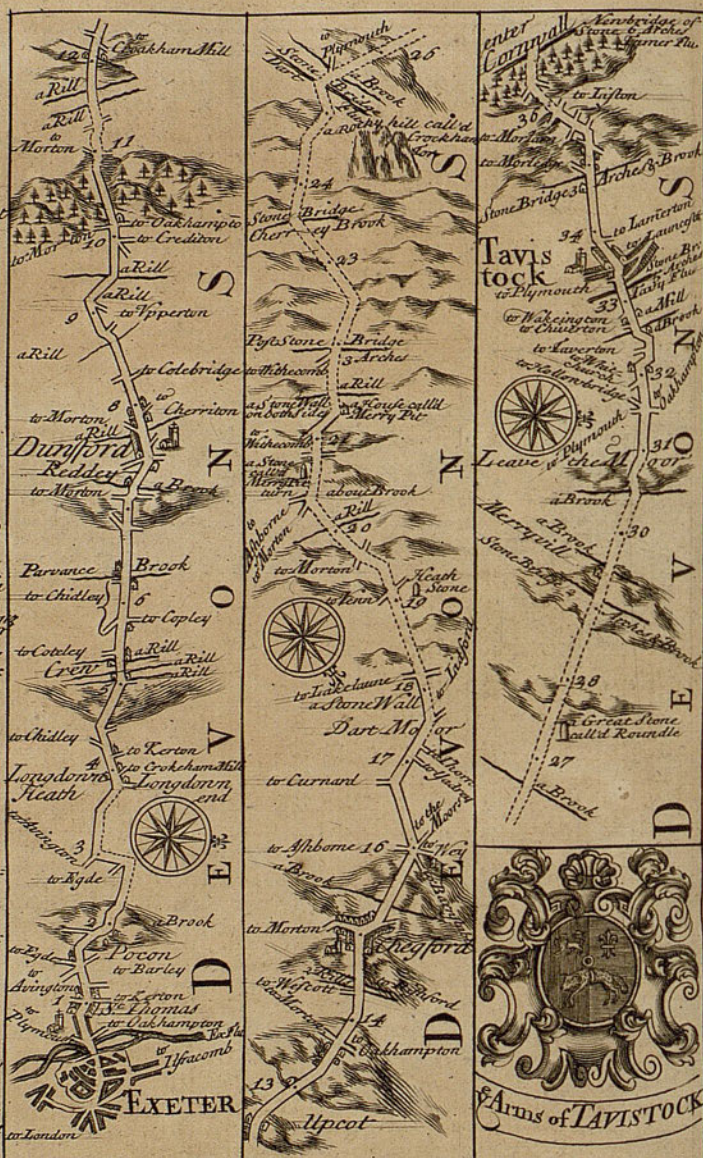
## Chegford

Here formerly flow-  
rished the famous Fa-  
mily of *de Ruyse*  
& of *de la Fosse*  
E. 14<sup>th</sup> with the op.  
W<sup>m</sup> Whiddon now  
to be seen in *St. Par*  
Church. [at 13]

## Tavistock

A very ancient Bo-  
rough by Descrip-  
tion, Gov<sup>d</sup> by a Port-  
reeve, chosen year-  
ly on Michaelmas-day,  
at the Court Seat  
of his Grace of D.  
of Bedford, by  
24 Freeholders, &  
returned by 4 Sen-  
ators of the Court.  
The Mem<sup>r</sup> of Parl.  
are elected by a Ma-  
jority of 4 Free-

holders within a Borough, in number abt 100 & returned by 4 Portreeve. This Place was formerly famous for its Noble Abbey, founded abt 4 years 600 by Ordulf Son of Organ E. of Devon. The Church, which is a handsome Building, is dedicated to S<sup>t</sup> Eustachius, who is related to have been a famous Warrior, & Captain under Titus Vespasian, at the Siege & Destruction of Jerusalem, & afterwards burning Christain, was there-fore with his Wife & two Children, by order of the Emperor Adrian, exposed to Lions, who not harming them, they were afterwards put into a Brazen Bull with Fire under it, and so Destroyed. There are 2 Almshouses in the Town.  
Markets Frid. very considerable. 3 Fairs Yearly Viz<sup>t</sup> Aug. 4 29. Sept. 4 29. & 2 great Fairs for Cattle, Horses, &c. S<sup>t</sup> Andrews d. & S<sup>t</sup> Marks day, a great Fair for Sheep.





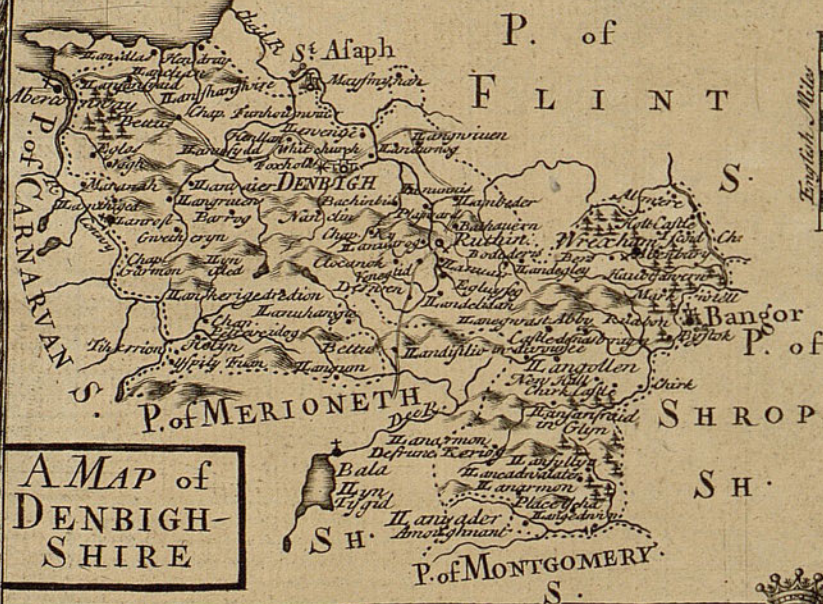




*The Road from*  
GLOUCESTER *to* COVENTRY.

Containing 41 comp. and  $58\frac{1}{2}$  meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

<i>From Gloucester.</i>		<i>com</i>	<i>meas</i>	<i>com</i>		<i>meas</i>
<i>to</i>	Cheltenham	7	9' 4	Stratford	27	39' 3
	Winchcomb	12	16' 4	Warwick	33	47' 6
	Campden	19	28' 1	Coventry	41	58' 2

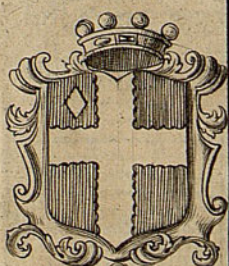


The County of **DENBIGH** - is 116 Miles in Circumference, contains about 410 000 Acres, is divided into 12 Hundreds, in which are contained 4 M. Towns, and only one Borough Town, viz Denbigh; 5 Parls, and about 6900 Houses. The Air is good, but sharp; and the Soil Hilly, intermixed with fruitful Valley, that of Clwyd is the chief, and inhabited by Gentry. The Western Parts are healthy, but improved with Grapes of that there is plenty of Rye or Amel Corn, Oats & Sheep, & good quantity of Lead, Bar in several parts of this County, It pays in 1790, £34000 - 0 - 0. This County gives title to the Noble Will. Fiddling Great Esq of Denbigh Sept. 14<sup>th</sup> 1792. Chief Seats of Newnham Padox or Warrick Esq & Martins Esq in Rudland Esq





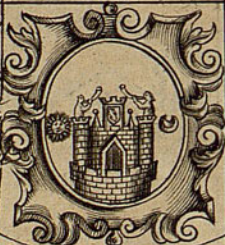




*Stanly, Geo 23 37*  
 The principal Seat of the  
 Rt Hon<sup>ble</sup> Edward  
 Leigh-Created Baron  
 Leigh of Stanly in the  
 County of Warwickshire  
 1663, 10<sup>th</sup> Car<sup>l</sup> 4<sup>th</sup> His  
 other Seat is at Hetham:  
 situated in the same County.

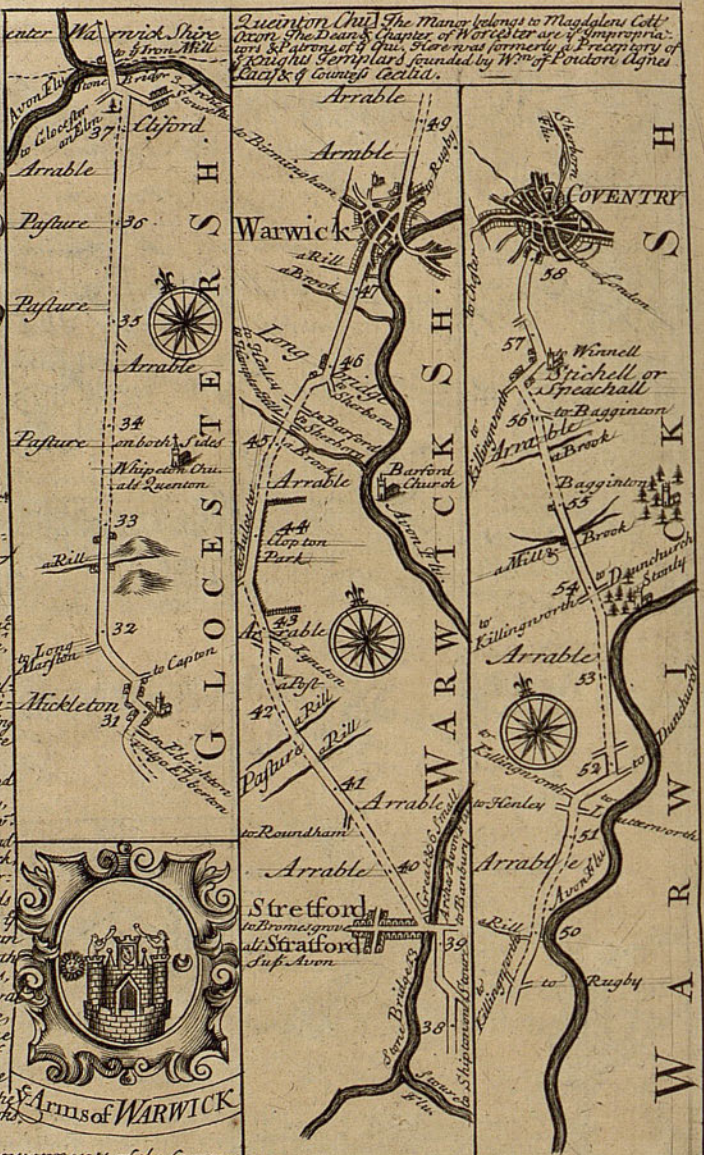
## Warwick

The County Town is a place  
 of great Antiquity & Note,  
 It was rebuilt and very  
 much beautified by Ethel  
 Reda, Lady of Mercia  
 and in 4 year gr standing  
 on a hill, which is one side  
 Rock of Free stone very  
 commodious for building, and  
 in it with some difficulty,  
 the Walls & Gallies are now  
 There are 4 Ways that lead  
 to the Town, out thro' 4 Rocks  
 answering the four Car-  
 dinal Points. It affords  
 a pleasant prospect to the  
 South of a fine Champion  
 Country and to the North  
 of Groves Woods Parks,  
 &c. It was formerly walled  
 round. The Castle,  
 the ancient Seat of the  
 Renowned Earls of  
 Warwick, has for some  
 time been possessed by the  
 Rt Hon<sup>ble</sup> the L<sup>rd</sup> B. Brooke.  
 In it are to be seen the



Arms of WARWICK

Sword and other accoutrements of the famous  
 Hero & Earl Guy of Warwick, of whose mighty Feats we have such wonderfull Accounts.  
 This Town has 4 Parishes, viz. St. Mary's (which is very beautiful) are 4 Monuments of several  
 of Beauchamps Es of Warwick. In it also lie inward Rob<sup>t</sup> Ambrose Dudley Es of Leicester & several  
 other Persons of Eminency. Here 4 Offices & general Quaggar Sessions for 4 County are held. Here is a Free School  
 & Hospital for 12 decay'd Gent<sup>l</sup>men & an allowance of 20<sup>l</sup> Ann to each & 50 to a chap<sup>l</sup> of Foundation of 4 Es  
 of Leicester. It was incorporated by Chart from R. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> re incorporated by R. Chas<sup>6</sup> gov<sup>rd</sup> by a May<sup>1</sup> Rec<sup>d</sup>  
 12 Ald<sup>rs</sup> 12 Justices of Peace & 12 M<sup>emb</sup>rs to Parl<sup>mt</sup> Tuesd<sup>y</sup> Frid<sup>y</sup> Sat<sup>y</sup> Fairs 1<sup>st</sup> Mond<sup>y</sup> in Lent, May  
 day, Midsum<sup>er</sup> day, St. Bartholomew's, St. Simon & Jude's day. — On Blacklow Hill near this  
 Town Pierce Glaston Esq of Cornwall temp<sup>l</sup> Edw<sup>4</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> that Insolent Favourite & lewd & mischiev-  
 ous Councilor was beheaded by 4 Barons after a very arbitrary manner being seized by Guy de Beauchamp  
 4 then Es of Warwick at Wallingford as they were carrying him Prisoner to London & brought hither & exe-  
 cuted without any formal process of Law.



Quinton (the) The Manor belongs to Magdalen Coll<sup>g</sup>  
 Oxon. The Dean & Chapter of Worcester are 4 Impropriat-  
 ions & patron of 4 Qui. Here was formerly a Preceptory of  
 4 Knight Templars founded by W<sup>m</sup> of Pountney Agnes  
 Knyf & 4 Countess Cecilia.

H

COVENTRY

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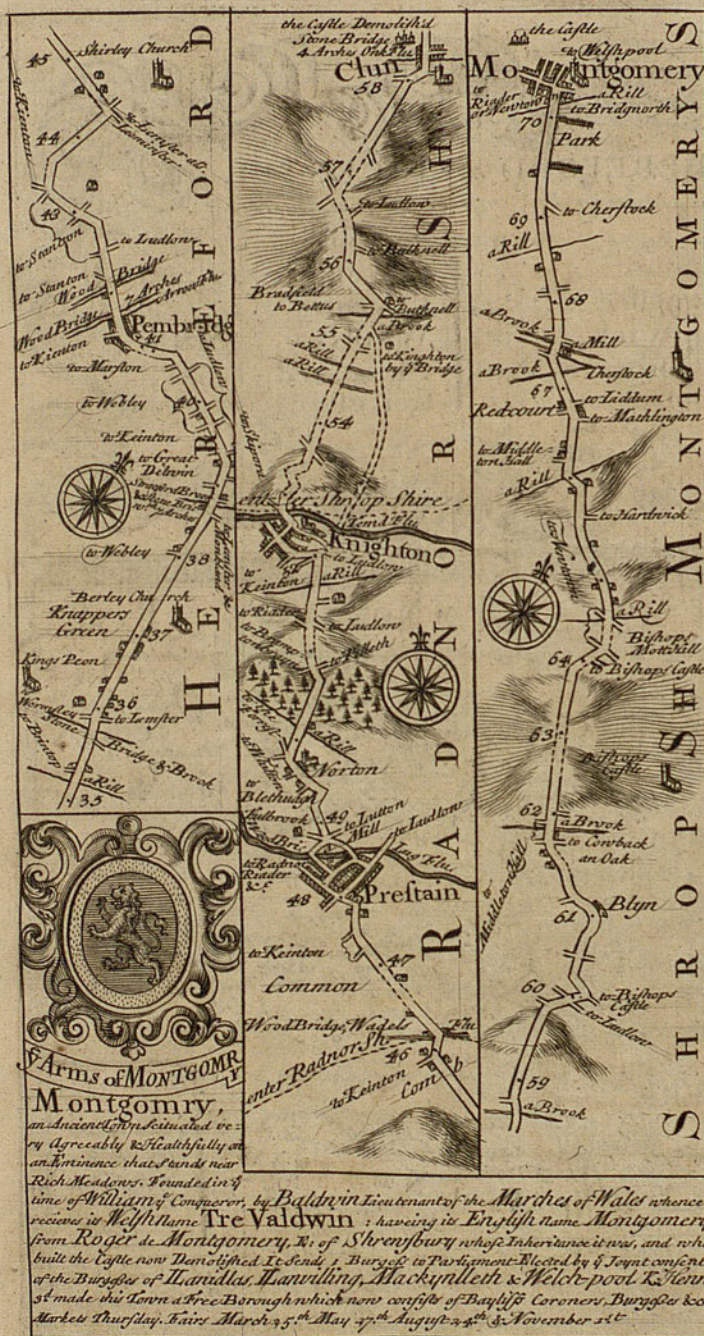












[at 88<sup>1</sup>]  
Near Clun village is Clun Castle built by the Fitz, Alan E. of Arundel, Ld. of the Marches, for the Annoyance & Love of the Welsh.

Knigh ton [at 52]  
Is a considerable having a plentiful Market on Thursdays & Fairs on May 6<sup>th</sup> & Sept<sup>r</sup> 23<sup>d</sup>. Near the Town is that noted Ditch called Offas Dike, & by the Welsh Kianvath Offas being very laboriously cast up by the appointment of that King, for a Boundary between his Subjects & the Britains. Harold afterwards made a Law, That if any Britain were found armed beyond this Limit, his right hand should be cut off by the Kings Officers.

Pembrok [at 41]  
Has a Market on Tuesday Weekly & Fairs yearly.

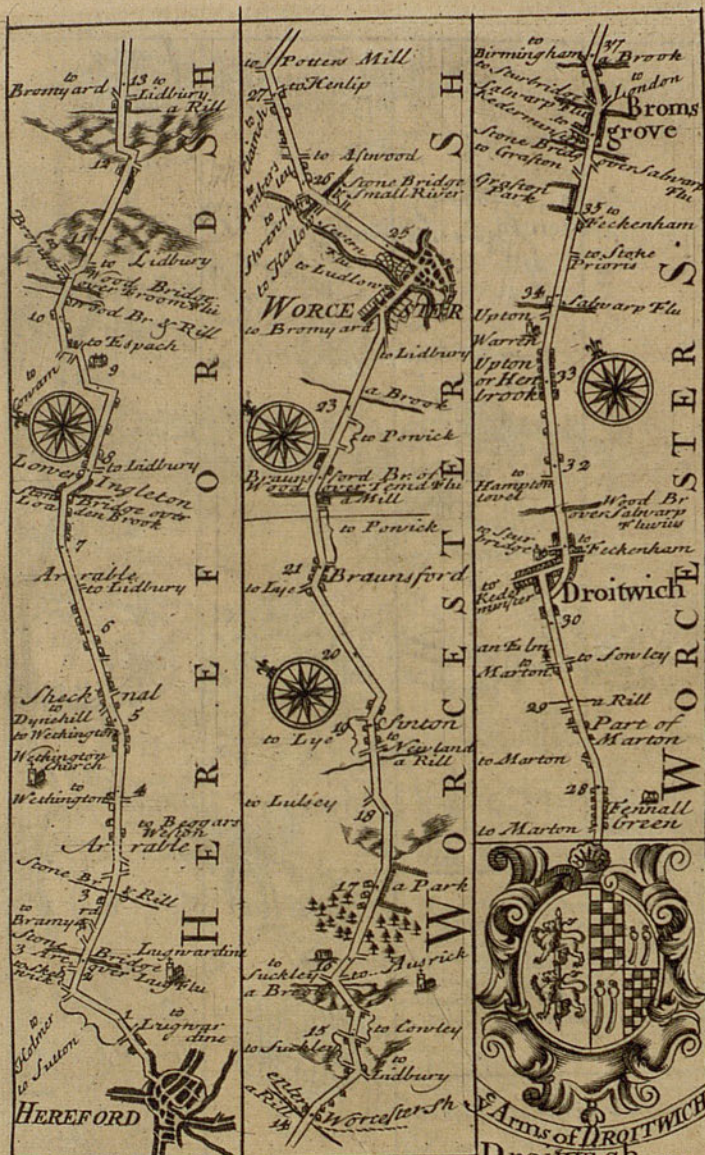


Containing 67 comp. & 86'6 mea. Miles

From Hereford com mea	Solihul	40	50
From Shill	10	11	7
Meriden	45	56	4
Worcester	20	24	4
Coventry	50	62	6
Droitwich	25	30	5
Woolvey	57	72	7
Bromsgrove	30	36	2
Shamford	60	76	3
Alchurch	33	41	
Leicester	67	86	6

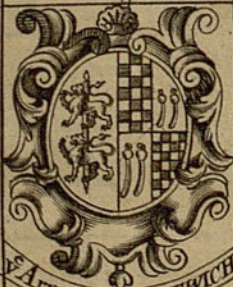
[illegible]





### Henlip House

[at 28]  
near the Road Is  
the ancient seat of  
the Abingdonshire  
Garnet and Old:  
Garnet the 2 famous  
Results concern'd  
in the Powder-  
Plot were after  
many days fruit-  
less search found in  
the Cavity of a Wall  
over a Chimney. And  
in this House was  
written that obscure  
Letter to the Lord  
Mortwistle by Mr  
Abingdon, his Sister,  
which gave some  
light into the horrid  
design.



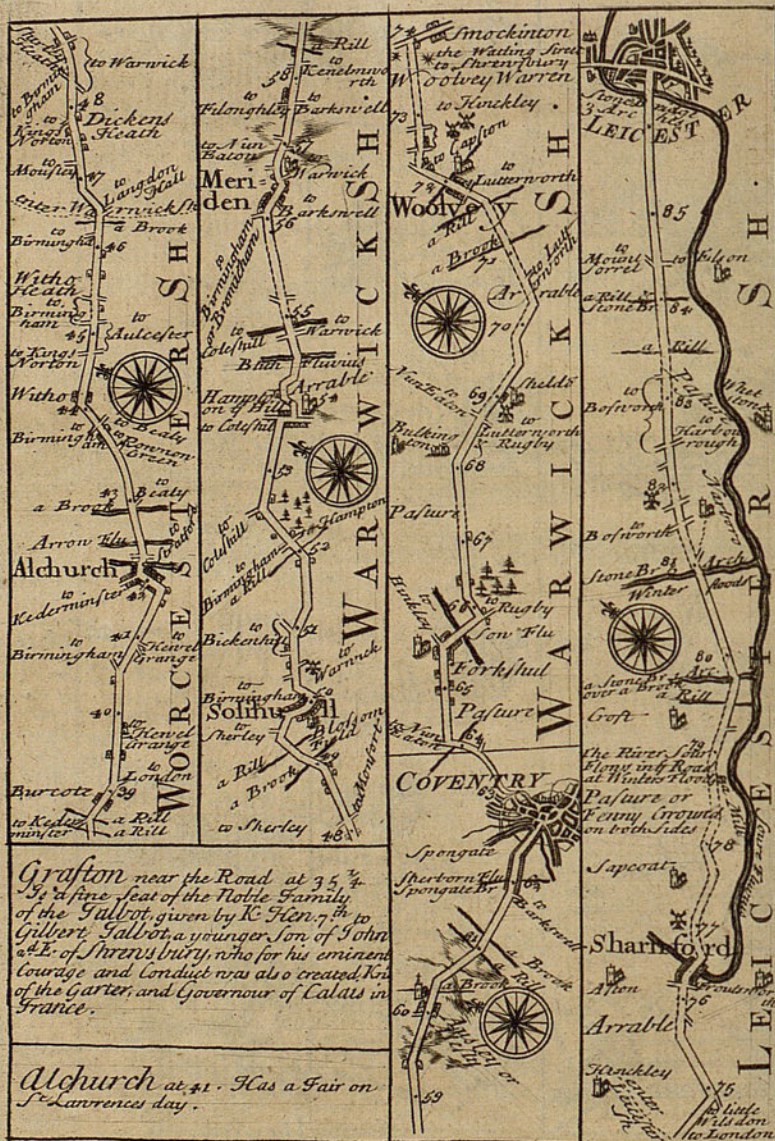
Arms of Droitwich

Droitwich was  
made a Corporation by King John incorporated a new by King James 1<sup>st</sup> consists of a Day-  
cliff (where Justice of it Quorum) a Recorder Justice of it Peace Burgesses &c. This town  
contains about 400 Houses & a Church (viz.) St. Peter's, St. Nicolas, St. Andrews and  
St. Dodderhill. Sends Members to Parliament, and has Privilege to Arrect for any  
Sum. Remarkable for its Salt Springs which by Boiling the Water produce great quan-  
tities of Fine Salt. Perkenham and Forquith and Norton roads neighborhood of this town  
have formerly supplied it with Wood for Boiling the Salt Water; but now they burn Coal  
Market Fryday, Tairs St. Thomas Day, Good Fryday & St. Simon & Jude.



HEREFORD gives Title of Viscount to R. Hen. 4<sup>th</sup> Price Devereux. Created Feb. 2<sup>d</sup> 15 49. 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. 6<sup>th</sup> Chief Seat  
at Church church in Ipswich, Suffolk; Sudburn Hall, & Salmons Lodge in 4<sup>th</sup> Same County, & at Castle Bromwich in Warwicksh.





*Grafton near the Road at 35. It is a fine seat of the Noble Family of the Tullot, given by K. Hen. 7<sup>th</sup> to Gilbert Tullot, a younger Son of John 4<sup>th</sup> E. of Shrewsbury, who for his eminent Courage and Conduct was also created Kn of the Garter, and Governour of Calais in France.*

*Alchurch at 31. Has a Fair on Lawrence's day.*

*Solihull at 50. It formerly had a Market, but disused by reason of a great Sickness, now noted for a handsome Church and a Fair on Lamas day*

*Woolwey at 72. Here Rich.<sup>d</sup> Nevill, E. of Warwick, of the Lancastrian Party, under the pretence of Peace and a Treaty, basely apprehended K. Ed. 4<sup>th</sup> and imprisoned him in the Castle of Warwick.*



*The Road from*  
**HUNTINGDON to IPSWICH.**  
*Containing 54 comp. & 71<sup>6</sup> meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.*

St Ives	5	5 <sup>6</sup>	ELY	28	23 <sup>3</sup>	Wulpit	41	54 <sup>6</sup>
to Erith	20	22 <sup>2</sup>	Soham	22	28 <sup>6</sup>	Needham	47	62 <sup>6</sup>
Sutton	23	26 <sup>6</sup>	Bury	36	46 <sup>6</sup>	Ipswich	54	71 <sup>6</sup>





# Wulpitt [at 55]

is a *Luporum Pileus*, is said to have been so named from a Pile in or near the Town where they used to bury Wolves.

# Erith [at 12]

Is a Town of good accommodation & has a School for 20 Children maintained by a charitable contribution.



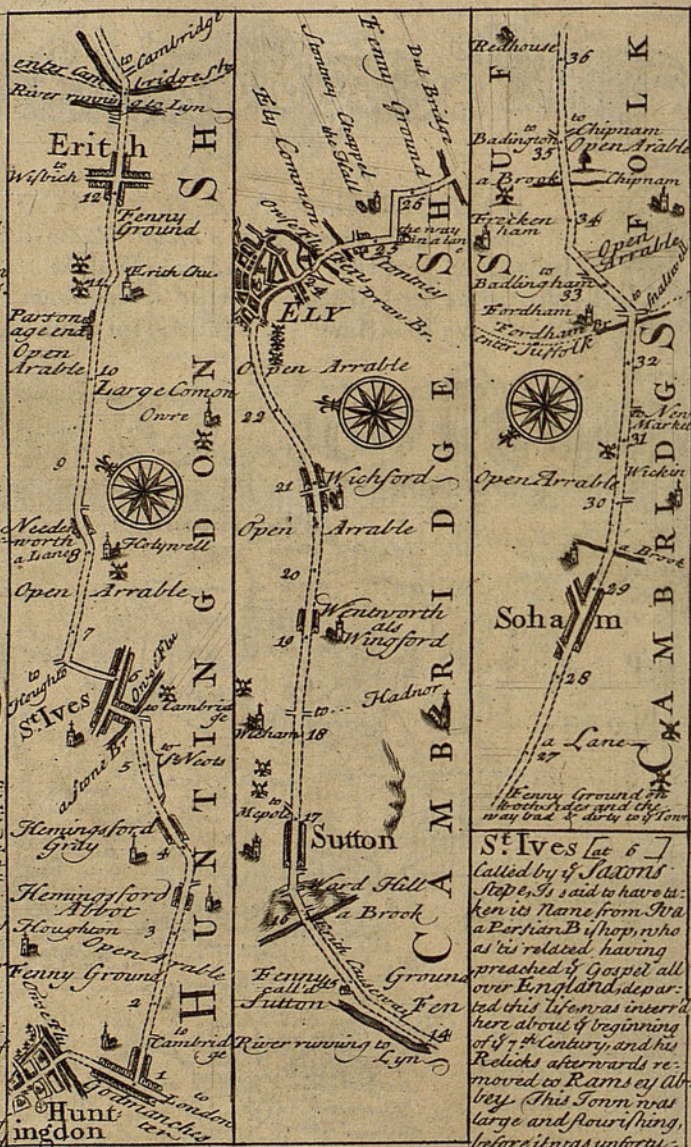
Wentworth gives title of Viscount to a Noble Thomas Wentworth Esq. of Stratford. Created Viscount Earl Sept. 24<sup>th</sup> 1751, 10 Anne. Chief Seat at Wintonham or Middlesex, and Stanborough in Yorkshire.

[at 19]

# Godmanchester

Said to have been once a Noble City, was called Durostion by the Romans, & took the Name of Gormonchester from Gormon the Dane, unto whom it was granted by Ethelred, when he & 30 of his principal Men turned Christians. Invas Incorporated by K. James 1<sup>st</sup> by the name of the Bayliffes Assistants, & Comynally of Godmanchester. It is a very large Town situate in a Rich Soil &

remarkable for a great Number of Husbandmen who glory in their Teams of good Horses & beautiful Trappings: The Inhabitants came to meet K. James in his way from Scotland with 70 Team of Horses & many new Ploughs that being their Custom, and they boast that their Ancestors have met the King of England in their Progress with nine Score.

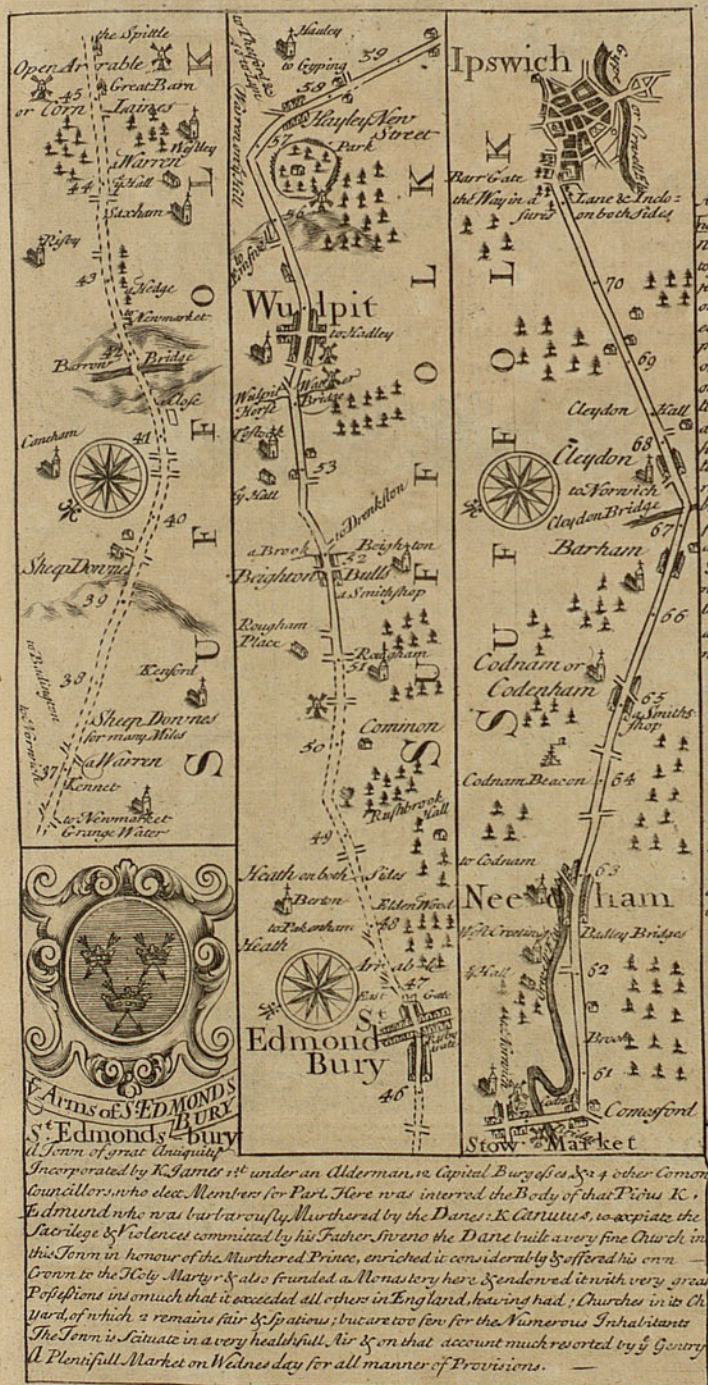


# St. Ives [at 6]

Called by the Saxons *Stipes*, is said to have taken its Name from Iwa a Persian Bishop, who as is related having preached the Gospel all over England, departed this life here at the beginning of the 7<sup>th</sup> Century, and his Relicks afterwards removed to Ramsay Abbey. This Town was large and flourishing, before it was unfortunate.

completely destroyed by Fire Soham, since that said Accident in some measure recovered it self, and enjoys a good Market for Cattle, Provisions, &c. And a Fair on Whitsun Monday. Roger of St. Ives a famous and Learned Writer about the year 1120, was a Native of this Town, and here Oliver Cromwell, rented a Farm & was afterwards elected Member for Cambridge which gave the first Opportunity to his Ambition.





**A Hemington**  
 Near the Road Bald  
 win le Pattour is said  
 to have held Lands by Ser  
 jeanty, & to use our Authors  
 own Words was obliged  
 every Christmas day to  
 perform before the Lord  
 our King of England,  
 one Salts, one Ruffe,  
 tuts & one Bumbulus; or  
 as it is expressed elsewhere  
 held it by a Salts, a Ruffe,  
 tuts & Pellus, which if  
 rendered in English might  
 be termed Dancing, Puf  
 fing with the Cheeks or  
 sucking the Trumpeter; &  
 F—ting so merry &  
 whimsical were some of  
 the ancient Customs; so  
 different from the precise  
 nest of later times.

**Needham** [at 63]  
 Had a Market on Wedn  
 and drives a great Trade  
 in Broad cloaths &c.

**Stow Market**  
 Is a Town of Note,  
 well accommodated, ha  
 ving a good M<sup>o</sup> on Th  
 & a Fair on S<sup>t</sup> Peters  
 day; It's famous for  
 making of Jamneys  
 [at 60]



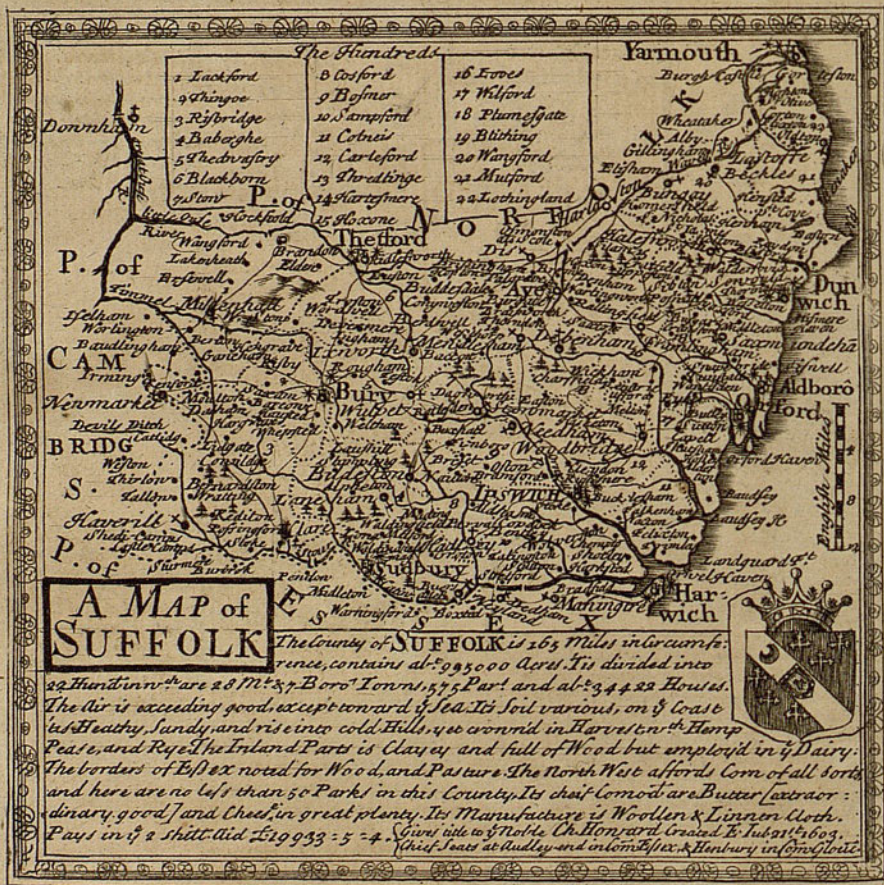
## The Road from

## IPSWICH to NORWICH &amp;c

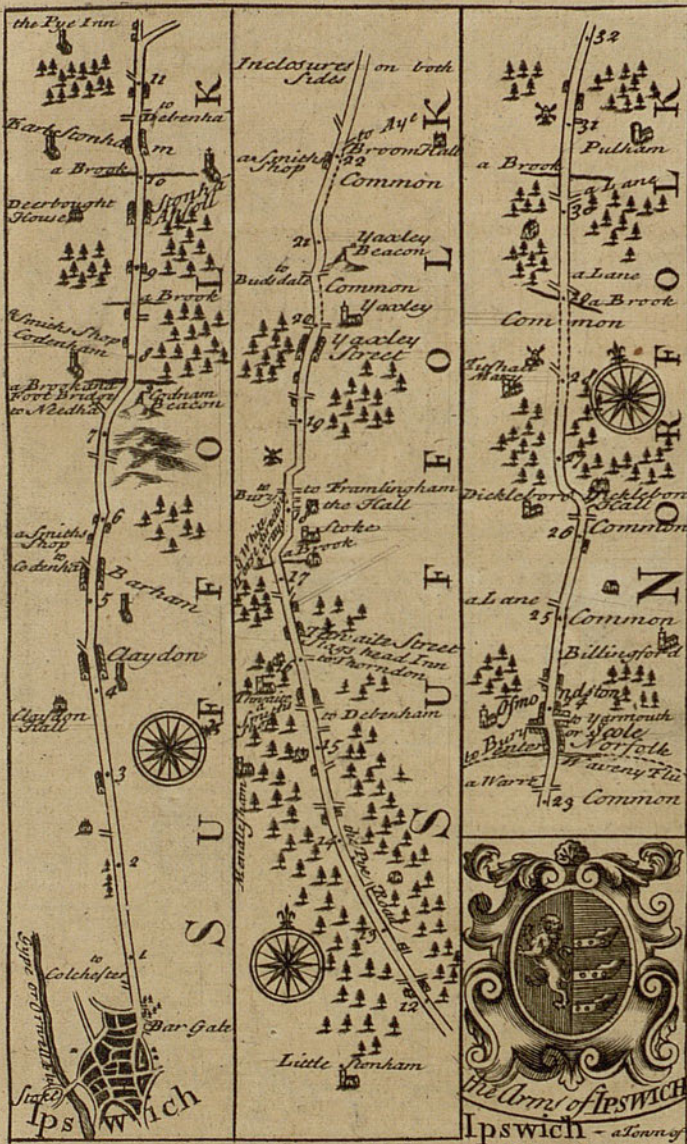
Containing 46 comp. and 66½ meas d. Miles.

From Ipswich, com	meas.	com meas
Claydon.....	3 4 '2	Long Stratton... 22 32 '6
Thwait.....	11 16 '2	NORWICH... 30 43 '6
Ofmondston... 16	23 '6	Aletham..... 39 56

Cromer: 46:66'4







### The Bishoprick of NORWICH

Containing 4 Towns of Norfolk, Suffolk, & a small part of Cambridgeshire, and therein 121 Parishes, was translated from the Lord by Herbert de Losinga L<sup>d</sup> Chancellor of the Bishopric of Exeter in the 11th Year of the said King's Reign. Seats at Norwich Palace, & Ludham Hall in Norfolk.



### The Town of IPSWICH

### Mendlesham

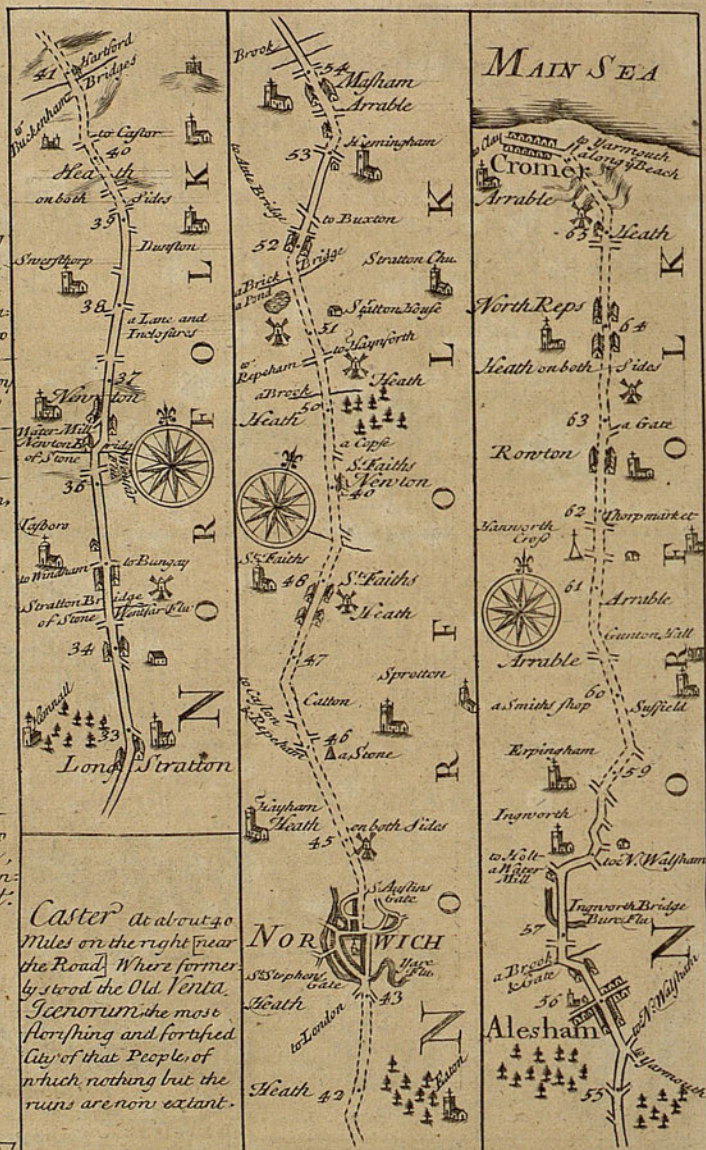
Is said to have had a Market & Fair granted it by K<sup>ing</sup> Edward I. thro the Interest of H<sup>is</sup> Fifth, Otto of then L<sup>ord</sup> of it M<sup>aster</sup> on Tuesday.

great Uniquity extends from S<sup>aint</sup> Mathews to S<sup>aint</sup> Hellens near a Mile on a Road, & as much from North to South is pleasantly situated on a River Gippe or Ornelover now is a Fair some Bridge leading to that part called Stoke. Tenus once fenced about with a Wall or Rampart & Two Steps of which are still to be seen I had 800 Burgages in K<sup>ing</sup> Edward I. Consecrated since 1166 or 7 Monastries but at Present tis divided into 4 Wards, containing 14 Parish Churches besides some Chappels yet standing 127 or 8 other Old Religious Men. Monks for Part are Elected by 4 Freeman at large. There is a Fair Guild Hall a Hospital, a free School with a good Library & several other Houses. In this Town was born a famous Cardinal Woolsey a Person of a mean Extract being a Butcher's Son Here is a Quarrel. Sessions for the Ipswich Division are held they have a Privilege of holding Pleas for all actions. This Town drives a good Maypole Trade & has a convent Key & 1200 Hogs



**Cromer** [at 60]  
Was formerly a more considerable place than tis at present, having had one of its two Parish Churches, and several Houses destroyed by the Inroaching Sea-Tis however an indifferent Market-Town still inhabited mostly by Fishermen.

At 3/8 Miles on the right a turning leads to **N. Walsham**, a Town having a plentiful M<sup>r</sup> on Thursd<sup>y</sup>.



**Caster** at about 40 Miles on the right [near the Road] Where formerly stood the Old Venta. Icenorum the most flourishing and fortified City of that People, of which nothing but the ruins are now extant.

**Alesham** [at 56]  
Enjoys a good Market on Saturday, and a pretty good Trade in Knot Hose.

at Schole at Osmonds ton [at 24] Is the White Hart Inn, noted for fine Carv'd Work.

**Debenham** qu **Deepenham** [about 3 Miles distant from Thruait on the Right at 16 1/2] Is supposed to have derived its name from a deep and clayie Soil.



## The Road from

## KINGS LYN to HARWICH.

Containing 59 comp. & meas<sup>d</sup> Miles 76<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

From Kings Lyn com. mea.

com mea

Swaffham... 22 25

Ickfworth... 32 41<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

Stanford... 29 24

Stow Market... 40 52<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>Thefford... 25 31<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>Ipswich... 49 64<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>Harwich... 59: 76<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>.A Description of y<sup>e</sup> smaller Islands in y<sup>e</sup> British Ocean use y<sup>e</sup> Map  
Page 198

## The Isle of Man

lying Westward of Lancashire & Cumberland about 30 Miles long, & 9 broad, is a Principality held by y<sup>e</sup> Earl of Derby, of y<sup>e</sup> Crown of England. The Proprietor was anciently called King, but of late Lord of Man. It is a distinct B<sup>r</sup>ick. The B<sup>r</sup>, who is not reckoned among y<sup>e</sup> 36 of England, is nominated by y<sup>e</sup> L<sup>t</sup> of y<sup>e</sup> Isle, confirmed by the King, & consecrated by y<sup>e</sup> Archb<sup>p</sup> of York, but not holding his Temporalties immediately of y<sup>e</sup> King, is no Lord of Par<sup>t</sup>. It was founded by Pope Gregory 4<sup>th</sup> 380, Amphibalus y<sup>e</sup> B<sup>p</sup>. The Air is cold, the Soil indifferent fruitfull. There is plenty of Oats, Little Fish, & Fowl. It has 17 Par<sup>ts</sup>, 2 Castles, & 3 Towns. Its Government is peculiar.



## The Isle of Jersey

is nearer y<sup>e</sup> Coast of Normandy y<sup>e</sup> England but belongs to Hamp<sup>sh</sup> & is under y<sup>e</sup> jurisdiction of y<sup>e</sup> Bishop of Winchester. It is about 30 Miles in Circumference, has one chief Market town viz<sup>t</sup> St. Helier, & 12 Parishes. It yields plenty of Fish, Fowl, Corn, & is famous for Cyder, Perry, & for y<sup>e</sup> Manufacture from thence called Jersey Stockings. The Air is pleasant & mild, the Inhabitants are subject to no distempers but Fevers, & those in y<sup>e</sup> Month of September, & those in y<sup>e</sup> Month of October, the Physicians among them the Soil is rich, & so natural for Fruit trees, that every Cottage can present you with a Glass of Cyder. The Coast is fenced round with steep Rocks. The Inhabitants have but little Wood, but this Want is supplied by a Weed called Traie, found on the Shore.



This Island gives title to y<sup>e</sup> Noble Will Villiers, created Earl of Jersey Oct<sup>r</sup> 13<sup>th</sup> 1697. y<sup>e</sup> Will<sup>ts</sup> Chief Seat at Wygram in Com<sup>ty</sup> Kent.

## The Isle of Guernsey

is fenced round with a ridge of steep Rocks. The Island is very stony & mountainous. Has a Market town called St. Peter, & 10 Parishes. It has also a stone Pier or Harbour for Ships, & a strong Castle standing about 1/2 Mile in y<sup>e</sup> Sea, called Cornet Castle. It is remarkable that nothing venomous will live here. This Island is noted for its trade w<sup>th</sup> France, & for affording plenty of Fish, & admirable Butter, & w<sup>th</sup> y<sup>e</sup> best in Europe.

There are besides Jersey & Guernsey several other small Islands near them, as Sark, Alderney, Sark, &c. all which belong to England, & are only remnants of y<sup>e</sup> Dukedom of Normandy now in our possession.

## Holy Island

is most Northerly on y<sup>e</sup> English Coast, & is so called from the Monks that lived in it, seven Miles from hence towards y<sup>e</sup> South. It is called Farn Isle, & is about 1/2 ridge of Rocks, with a Fort almost in the middle of it.

W<sup>th</sup> of Cornwall about 60 Miles from y<sup>e</sup> Islands. It is y<sup>e</sup> Island of y<sup>e</sup> L<sup>t</sup>, reckoned to be abt 125 in Number. The chief of y<sup>e</sup> n<sup>ts</sup> are St. Mary's, & Jilly, y<sup>e</sup> former is y<sup>e</sup> principal, having a beautiful Bay, & a safe Harbour, with a strong Castle to command it. It is by 2 E<sup>ng</sup>. King, who subdued y<sup>e</sup> Natives, who were late to themselves by y<sup>e</sup> Romans, when they forsook England, & joining these Islands to y<sup>e</sup> County of Cornwall. These Islands are very fruitfull, abounding in Corn & Pasture. There are plenty of Corn, Grains, Insects, Barons, Ducks, & other Wild Fowl.

## The Isle of Wight

is an Oval Figure, containing abt 30 Miles in length, & about 10 broad. In y<sup>e</sup> Middle it has 36 Towns, Villages, & Castles, 3 Bays, & only a Market town, 156 Parishes, Churches, and about 300 Families. It is encompassed by round w<sup>th</sup> Rocks, especially towards France, y<sup>e</sup> most noted are y<sup>e</sup> Shingles, y<sup>e</sup> Orwers, y<sup>e</sup> Mixons, y<sup>e</sup> Brambles, & y<sup>e</sup> Needles so called because they are sharp there, & are inaccessible to an Enemy, unless it be torn off y<sup>e</sup> North East, where it appears more level. This Island is a part of Hamp<sup>sh</sup> & is under y<sup>e</sup> Jurisdiction of y<sup>e</sup> B<sup>p</sup> of Winchester. The Inhabitants boast of y<sup>e</sup> best of happiness above all other People, because they say they have never been molested by Monks, Lawyers, & Taxes. It is fruitfull in Corn, Grass, & plenty of Rabbits, Hares, Partridges, & Pheasants. In y<sup>e</sup> middle of y<sup>e</sup> Island is a Ridge of Hills well stored w<sup>th</sup> flocks of Sheep, & Wool of which is exceeding fine.





# **Bedford**

The old *Silvomagis*, was anciently a very noted City & Gov. by a London, & was of a large Temp. Ed. R. & King John. It was shortly after transferred to Northampton by Henry I. & was added to the County of Northampton by Henry II. It is a very old & considerable Town, being situated on a Navigable River, driving a good Trade in Woolen manufacture & having a University for the study of the Law. The Corp. by Chart from E. King, consists of a Mayor, Recorder, 10 Ald. & 20 Common Councilmen, a Town Clerk, with a sword & Mace, beaver, & hat, its Representatives in Par. Ch. 3. M<sup>rs</sup> for Corn & Provision. —

## **Euston Hall**

Is a very pleasant & fine Seat of a Duke of Grafton, to whom it came by marriage with the only Daughter of the Earl of Arington who first built it, being taken with a delightful situation at 36.

## **Croton [at 30]**

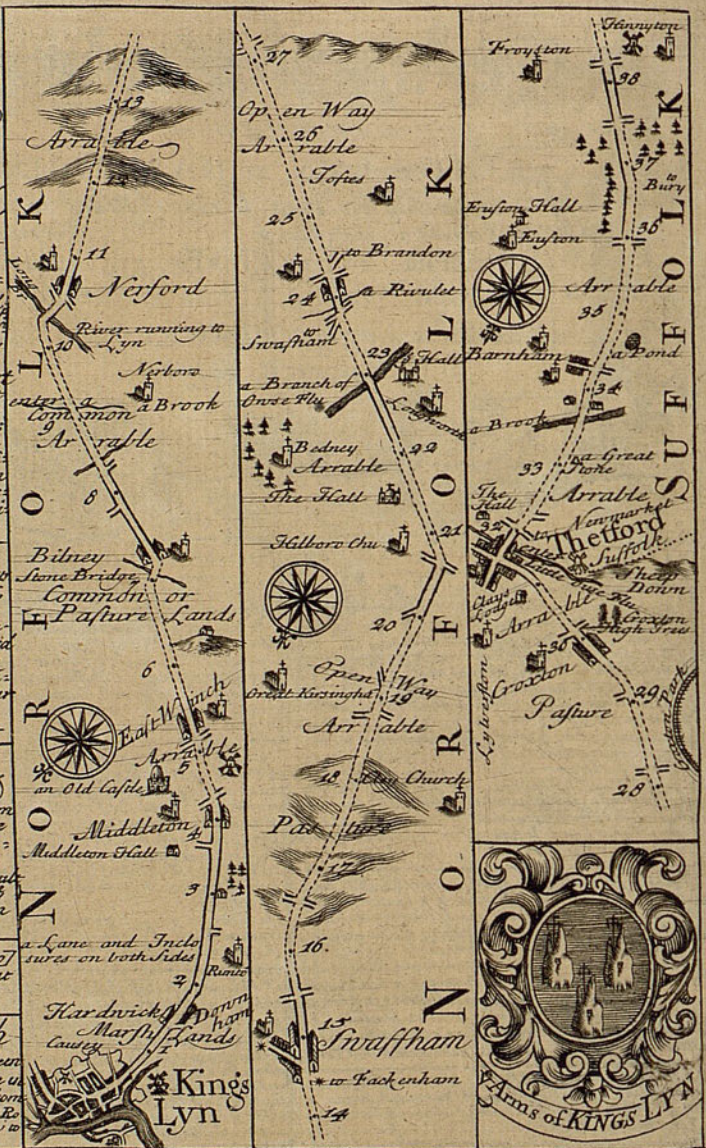
Is the ancient Seat of the Graftons.

## **Norborough**

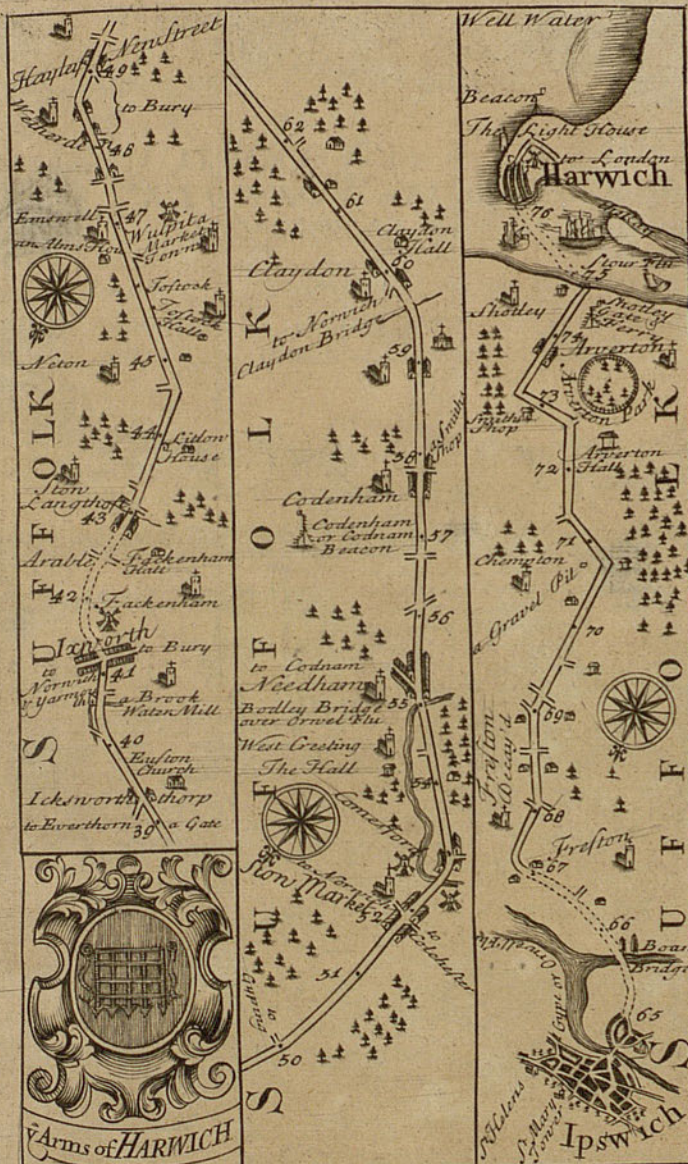
It is supposed to have been a place of some Note in ancient times both from its name & ruins of a Roman wall & a Roman fort to be seen in it [at 37].

## **Kings Lyn**

called formerly *Bishops Lyn*, till the time of King Henry 8<sup>th</sup> & is a very ancient Borough & Corporation, & recit its first Chart from King John 6<sup>th</sup> Henry, who subjected it to a Provoost & gave them a Silver Cup & Cover double Gilt & E. namell'd weighing about 80 Ounces. The account of him having given them a sword to be carried before the Mayor, is deemed fabulous for that they had no Mayor till King Henry 8<sup>th</sup> who granted them that Privilege as a reward for their good Service against the Barons in the Year of Edw. 1<sup>st</sup> is the sword mentioned in King John's Chart, but particularly taken notice of in the Chart of King Henry 8<sup>th</sup> who changed their Burgeses into Aldermen, & granted them a sword to be carried before the Mayor. Nor is the Inscription on the Gate of Kings Lyn, *huc stat domum Regis Johannis* a sufficient proof of its date, in the last to be credited, being sufficiently exposed by the learned R. Henry, Spelman, if we may believe & author of the Additions to Camden's *Town*. It is at present governed by a Mayor 22 Aldermen, a High Sheriff, Recorder, & 18 Common Councilmen. It has its Representatives in Parliament, & being situate near the Rd. drives a considerable Trade & is very rich & populous, 2 M<sup>rs</sup> Weekly Church & Sat. a Fair for 4 days beginning Feb. 3<sup>rd</sup>. It has 4 Par. Churches.







At Clacton a Seaport -  
 Down near a Road to  
 King of Scotland. Son  
 of his was intercepted  
 at 1406 when way to  
 France by 4 Seamen of  
 a place who made a  
 Present of him to the King.

Laxworth [also]  
 Had formerly a Priory  
 the Ruins of which are  
 still to be seen. The an-  
 tiquity of the place ap-  
 pears from a Roman  
 Coin frequently found  
 in it. It was a Friday.

## Harwich,

This Town is not very  
 large but well built,  
 & populous, fortified  
 by Art & Nature being  
 walled in & strongly  
 encompassed by the  
 Sea & every safe Har-  
 bour for Shipping.  
 The Town is paved  
 with a sort of Purified  
 Clay which falling  
 from the Cliffs into  
 the Sea some turned  
 into Stone & was  
 made a Borough  
 & Corporation (comp)

Ed. 2<sup>d</sup> by Tho<sup>r</sup> Brotherton Esq<sup>r</sup> of Norfolk & Marshal of England. Son to R. Ed. 1<sup>st</sup> & Broth<sup>r</sup>  
 to the 1<sup>st</sup> R. Ed. 2<sup>d</sup> for a New Chart (comp) Jac. 1<sup>st</sup> by the Intest of St. Edm. Coke then the  
 Attorney general & afterwards Recorder of this Town for Life which Charters all other Intest be-  
 longing to the Town were thro' the mediation of St. Hartwell griffin stone is then Recorder & Master of  
 the Rolls confirmed by R. Chas. 1<sup>st</sup>. And the Corporation at present consist of a Mayor chosen yearly on a 1<sup>st</sup> Or-  
 dinary day out of 4 Aldermen & 4 Capital Burgesses & Members for Part are chosen by said Mayor &  
 Aldermen. The Mayor has Power to keep Admiralty Courts w<sup>ch</sup> have a Jurisdiction in Naval Affairs  
 & Return of all Process as Writs Fines &c. n<sup>o</sup> are executed by the Mayor or for the Year precedent  
 & any of these Burgesses.



# THE ROAD FROM KINGS LYN to NORWICH

Continued to YARMOUTH in NORFOLK

Containing 48 Comp & 69<sup>4</sup> Meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

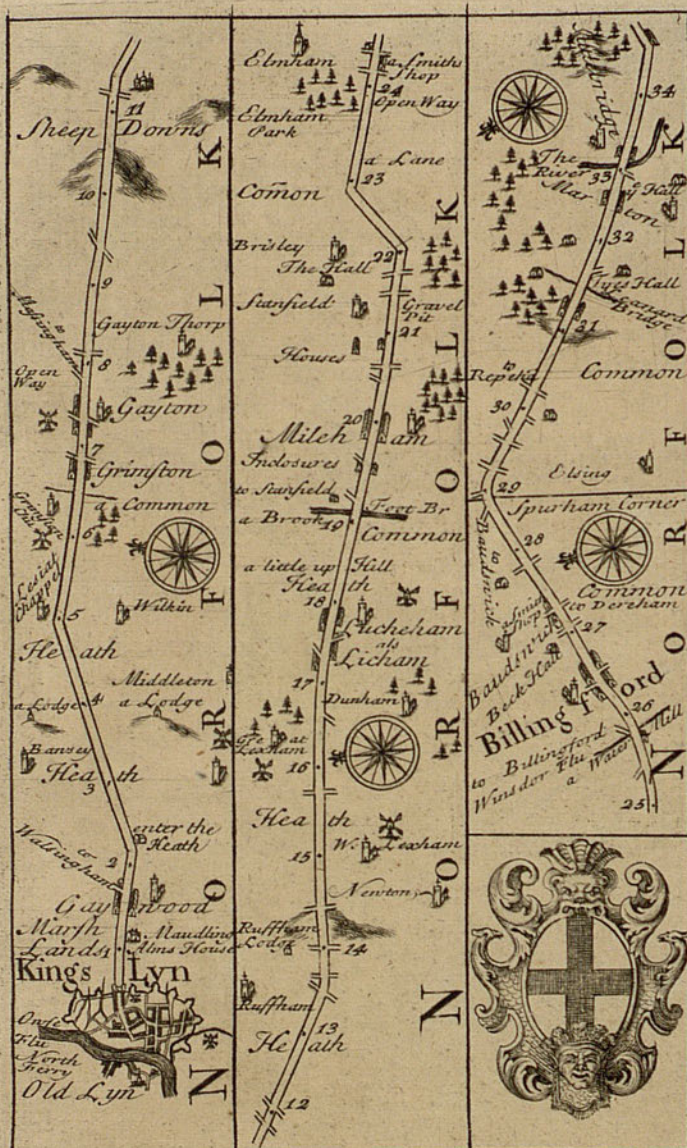
From Kings Lynn	Comp. Meas.		Comp. Meas.
to Gayton	5 7 3	NORWICH	30 42 3
Mileham	14 20 3	Hadsko	42 59 6
Billingsford	18 26 3	Yarmouth	48 69 4

## A MAP OF NORFOLK



The County of NORFOLK is 140 Miles in Circumference contains about 112,000 Acres, 31 Minut  
Borough & 33 Market Towns, 660 Parishes & 2718 House. The Air is sharp but healthy & the  
Climate causes the Harvest to be later than in other Parts. The Soil is various, in  
some places is Campagn & fruitful, in Corn, in other parts Woody & full of Pastures as also in  
some places is fat & Rank. And near the Sea are rich Marshes fit for grazing of Cattle Chief Com-  
modities are Corn Wool Combs Honey Saffron of which the best about Wallingham, from the  
Sea Coast are abundance of Harrings Sea & Ambergrasses are sometimes found on the Shore  
In choice Manufactures are Woollen & Worsted Stuffs & Stockings. Pays to the 1<sup>st</sup> Pitt 11d  
£ 22320-6-8 The 2<sup>d</sup> Lieutenant is the Rt Honble Charles Nicolson Towns end  
This County gives Title of Duke to his Grace Thomas Howard & created 28 June 1714  
1<sup>st</sup> of Rich<sup>d</sup> 2<sup>d</sup> - Seats at -   
Bridgwater, Castle in, Huse, Norwich Palace & Castle Rising  
in Norfolk & at some parts in Lincolnshire





*Litcham*  
or  
*Licheham*  
Was formerly a Market Town but disused since its Devastation by Fire.

[at 17<sup>th</sup>]

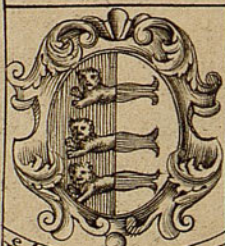
The DEANARY of NORWICH Strected by K Hen 6<sup>th</sup> & Chas 6<sup>th</sup>  
1538 Will lastleton last Pryor Constitued first Dean.

*Elmham* [at 2<sup>nd</sup>] Was formerly an Episcopal See by the settle-  
ment of Felix the Burgundian, who converted the East Angles to  
Christianity about the year 630.



Carleton at 47 1/2

The Manor of Fenwas  
formerly held upon  
That the Lord should  
carry to the King were  
40 over he was 100  
Herrings baked in  
Pies. The Corporation  
of Yarmouth are by  
their Charter obliged  
to send the said 100  
Herrings to the Sheriff  
of Norwich by them  
to be baked in 24 Pas-  
ties and so delivered  
to the Lord of Ma-  
nor of East Carlton  
by him to be conveyed  
to the King and there  
is an Indenture draw-  
up whereby this said  
Lord of the Manor is to  
acknowledge his re-  
ceipt of the Pies upon  
delivery of the same  
to him, & safely to  
convey them to the  
King.



Yarmouth, -

A very fine Sea Port Town, and ancient Borough, and Corporation consisting of a Mayor, and 17 other Aldermen, a Recorder, Sheriff, and 36 Common Council-men, with under Officers: Members for Parliament are chosen by the Freemen at large in Number about 500. Here is a very large Church with a noble Spire, built by Herbert Bishop of Norwich. This Town carries on a great Trade in Fish, especially Herring, and exports great Quantities of Corn to Holland &c. Towns walled round A<sup>o</sup> 1340 and fortified with strong Towers by the Inhabitants who had frequent Wars and engagements w<sup>th</sup> their Neighbours, & Inhabitants of 5 Cinque Ports, against whom they were very inveterate; probably because they were excluded their Privilege. M<sup>o</sup> Wedn and Saturd. Fairs Friday before Good Frid.



The Road from

# MONMOUTH to LANBEDER

Containing 48 comp. & meas<sup>d</sup> Miles 68<sup>4</sup>.

From Monmouth	comp	meas	From Monmouth	comp	meas
Llandilo Crussen	7	8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Brecknock	24	34 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Abergaveny	12	15 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Redbrue	30	42 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Crecowel	16	22 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Lanindofry	38	53
Llanbeder	48	68 <sup>4</sup> / <sub>4</sub>			

Llanbeder. 48:68<sup>4</sup>.

MONMOUTH  
SHIRE

P. of HEREFORD

S. H.

P. of  
BRECK  
NOCK

P. of  
GLOCES.  
Monmouth  
TER

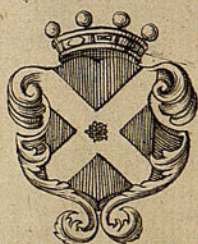
P. of  
GLAMOR.  
GAN

S.



The County of MONMOUTH is 80 Miles in Circumference, contains about 940000 Acres, 6 Hundreds, 7 Market Towns, and only one Borough, viz. Monmouth the shire Town, 194 Parishes, and about 6400 Houses. The Air is healthfull and temperate; the Soil is hilly and woody; the Valleys fruitful, yielding abundance of Corn and Grass, as the Hills doe Cattle, Sheep, and Goats &c. Chief Comod<sup>s</sup> are Corn, Cattle, Sheep, and its Rivers particularly the Usk and the Wye, are full of Salmon and Trout. It pays in the 3 Shilld Aid £4906-3-2.

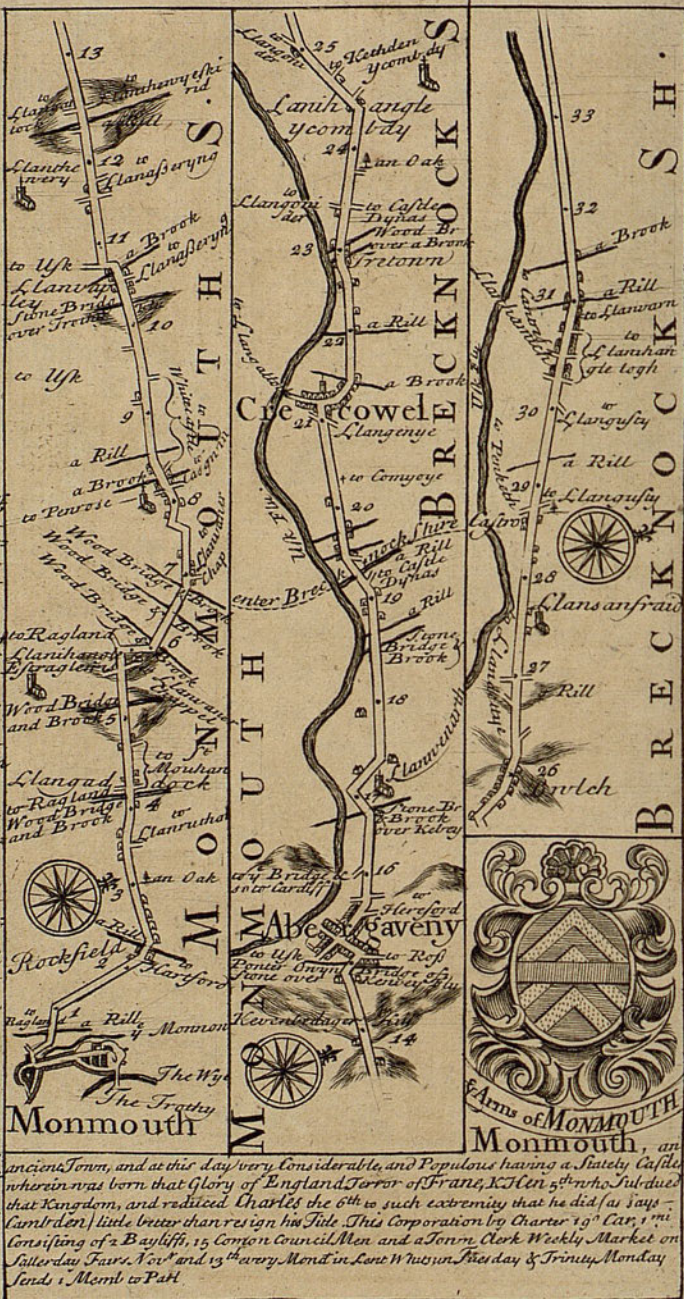




# Abergavenny

[at 915]

Is a large and flourishing Town corporate gov<sup>d</sup> by a Bayliff Recorder, 12 Superior and 15 Inferior Burgesses. It is walled had a strong Castle built by King Cadwallader, and was particularly honoured by giving Title of Baron to the Beaufort, Champer and Nevils, Renowned Barons of Warwick. It has 2 excellent Markets on Tuesday and Friday, and the Fairs are yearly on May 8<sup>th</sup>, Tuesday, after Trinity Sunday, and Sept 14<sup>th</sup>. It is well furnished with all manner of Accommodation for Travellers, and is noted for its fine Bridge of 15 arches over the Uffk. Gives Title to Right Honourable George Nevil summoned to Parliament Sept 5<sup>th</sup> 1451. 29<sup>th</sup> Hen. 6<sup>th</sup>. Chaf Seats at Abergavenny Castle in Monmouthshire. Bridge in Com. Sussex & Sherborn Castle in Com. Oxford.



Arms of MONMOUTH  
Monmouth, an

ancient Town, and at this day very Considerable, and Populous having a Stately Castle wherein was born that Glory of England Terror of France, K. Hen 5<sup>th</sup> who subdued that Kingdom, and reduced Charles the 6<sup>th</sup> to such extremity that he did (as says Cambrden) little better than resign his Title. This Corporation by Charter 19<sup>th</sup> Car. 1<sup>st</sup> Consisting of 2 Bayliffs, 15 Common Council Men and a Town Clerk Weekly Market on Sallerday Fairs Nov<sup>r</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> every Mond in Lent W<sup>th</sup> in Tues day & Trinity Monday Sends 1 Memb<sup>r</sup> to Parl<sup>t</sup>







# The ROAD from NOTTINGHAM to GRIMSBY IN

*LINCOLN SHIRE. Containing 50 Comp & 67 Meas. M.*

From Nottingham	Comp. Meas.	to Stanton	Comp. Meas.
to Newark	12 17 1/2	Briggessly	40 5 1/2
LINCOLN	2 4 1/2	Grimby	40 2 1/2
Walton	2 0 1/2		50 6 1/2
Market Raifing	30 48 1/2		

The County of LINCOLN is 180 M. in length & breadth, contains abt. 990000 A. & is divided into 30 Hundreds in which are 35 M. Towns, 10 of which send Members to Parl. 630 Par. & about 200000 Acres. The whole County is divided into 10 Divisions, 10 of which are in the North & East part is thick & fertile & rich. The West & Northern Parts are pleasant & fertile. The chief commodities are fat cattle, Wool, Horses, Fish, Fowl in great plenty. The County pays in 1000 L. 6 s. 3 d. The 14th Lieutenant is his Grace Robt. 4th of Lincoln & Hereford.

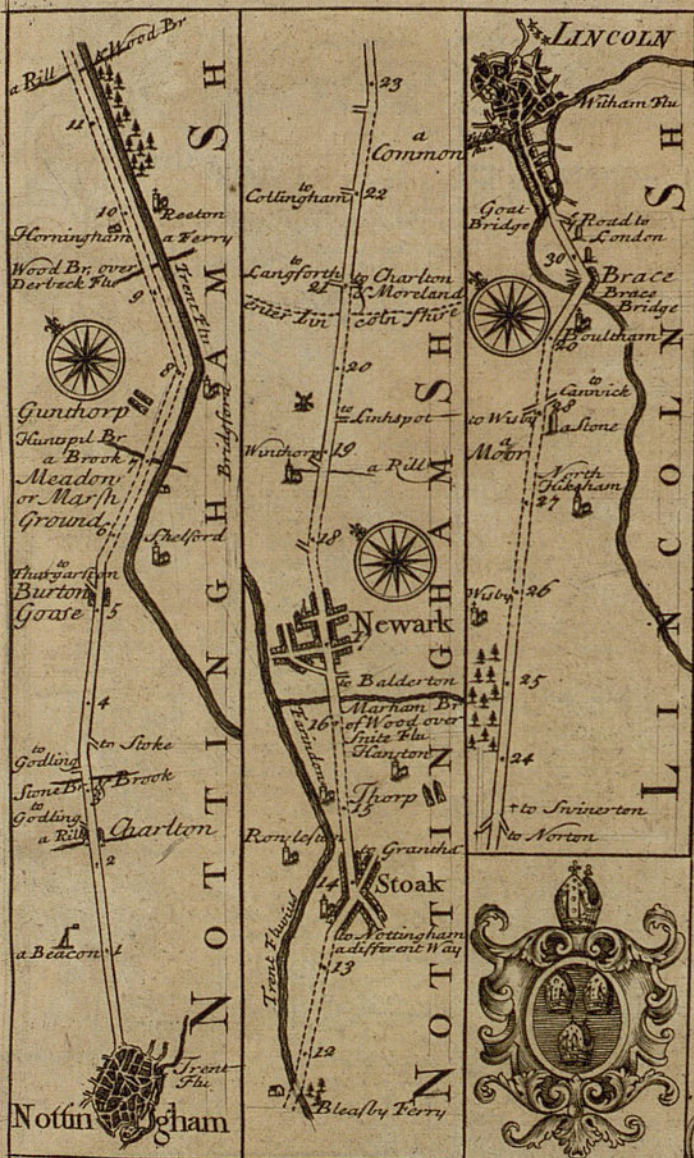
English Miles  
4 2 6 8 10



A MAP of  
LINCOLN  
SHIRE—

STAMFORD P. OF CAMBRIDGE S.





**Bridgford**  
 Is an ancient Vill.  
 built by K. E. d. v. 4. g.  
 Elder. [at 8]

**Shelford**  
 Had once a Priory  
 founded by Ralph  
 Mansel, & was the  
 Seat of the 1<sup>st</sup> Ran-  
 dolf. It was af-  
 tern<sup>ly</sup> poss<sup>ed</sup> by  
 an<sup>ce</sup> & Hen<sup>ry</sup> 1<sup>st</sup>.  
 m<sup>ed</sup> of 5 Starhops  
 of whom 1<sup>st</sup> Phi-  
 lip Starhope a youn-  
 ger son to Philip 5<sup>th</sup>  
 w<sup>as</sup> of Chesterfield  
 garr<sup>isoned</sup> their Old  
 Castle here for King  
 n<sup>ot</sup> being taken by  
 storm himself and  
 many of his Soldiers  
 were slain & 5 House  
 burnt [at 6]



The **BISHOPPRICK** of **LINCOLN** containing 5 Counties of Lincoln, Lei-  
 aster, Huntingdon, Bedford, Buckingham, & part of Hertford, and therein  
 127 Parishes was translated from Dorchester by St. Remigius of Reims  
 Bp. of Dorchester himself & first Bp. of Don. 1070. Value, £668-19-4.  
 Seats at Buckden in Huntingdon sh. & Lincoln Palace in Lincoln, ruined in  
 the Civil Wars.

**Lincoln** Gives title to Noble Henry Clinton. Created E. May 8.  
 1579. 14 Eliz. Chief Seats at Weybridge in Surrey, Tattershall Castle & Sumpwingham in Lincoln sh.



# Market Rasin

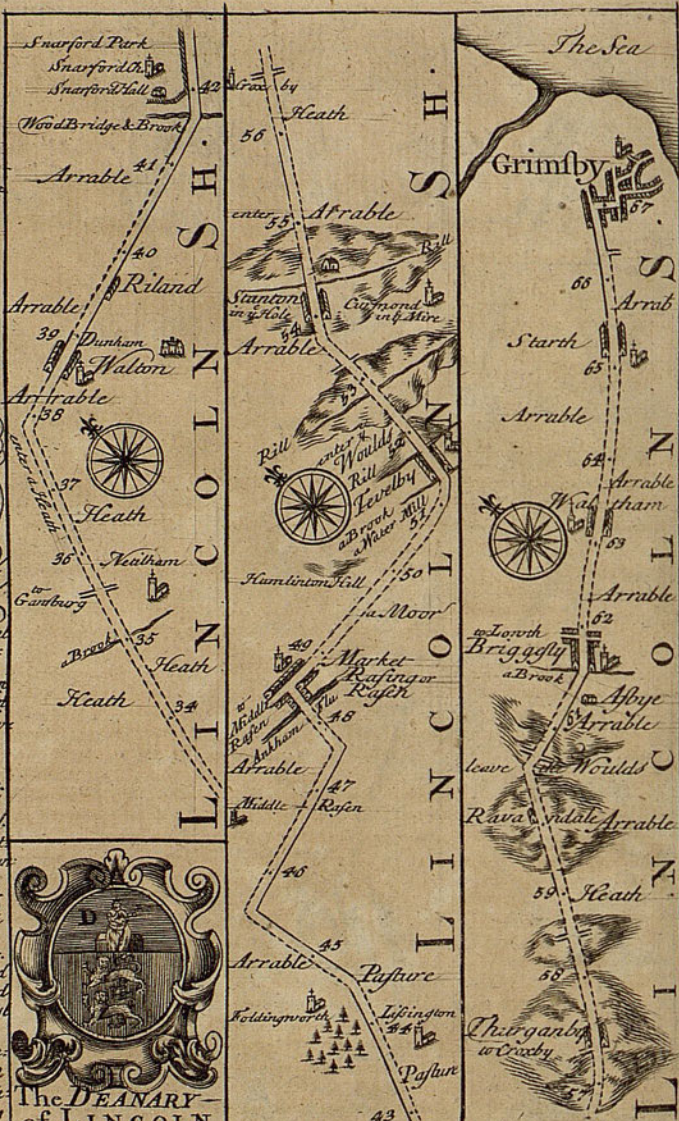
Has a good Market  
on Tuesd for Corn  
&c.

[at 40 5]



## Grimsby

A large and ancient  
Town Corporate go-  
vern'd by a Mayor,  
and 11 other Aldermen  
12 Common Councilmen  
2 Bayliffs, a High Stew-  
ard & Recorder's Cor-  
oners, a Town Clerk,  
and 2 Serjts at Mace.  
The Freeman Inhab-  
itants & Memb<sup>r</sup>s for Parl.  
This town had ancient-  
ly a Monastery, a bur-  
row, and a Castle. It  
at present very fair &  
flourishing, driving a  
considerable Trade,  
chiefly in Leeds & Sale.  
The Markets are on Wed-  
nesday and Saturday  
and Fairs May 6<sup>th</sup> & August  
24<sup>th</sup>. Not far from this  
place is a field of me-  
morable for Mr John  
Watson, who was Mi-  
nister of the Parish 74  
Years, during which  
time he is said to have  
buried the Inhabitants  
3 times over, except 3  
or 4 Persons, and was a  
constant Preacher all  
times & was during his  
40 Weeks Imprison-  
ment in Lincoln Goal by Cromwell, who put a Malice Drummer in his place. In 1645 he was put  
at Office, but not a Beneficio, by reason of his great Age and dy'd in August 1693 aged 102.



## The DEANARY of LINCOLN

Eracted by  
ED. 693. Radulphus  
Rerner being appointed  
and constituted by Dean  
by Remigius Bishop of  
Lincoln soon after the Con-  
quest.

**Stoke.** Famed in former days for a Battle,  
where In de la Poite Esq Lincoln design'd for the  
Crown by Rich<sup>d</sup> was destroy'd with his whole Par-  
ty A.D. 1447. [at 147]



The Road from

# OXFORD to BRISTOL.

Containing 48 comp. & 66 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Oxford	com	mea		com	mea
Fifield . . . .	6	8 <sup>6</sup>		Malmſbury . .	30 42
Farindon . . .	12	17 <sup>6</sup>		Luckington . .	35 49 <sup>2</sup>
to Hiworth . .	16	23 <sup>6</sup>		Puckle Ch. . .	43 60
Purton . . . .	22	31 <sup>6</sup>		Bristol . . . .	48 68

## A Description of Oxford University

The Antiquity of this most famous University has deservedly employ'd several able Pens To give a compleat Abridgment of what has been s<sup>d</sup> on it. Subject as it would be a very difficult Task so would it be tedious not being entirely inconsistent w<sup>th</sup> a Work of this Nature. The y<sup>e</sup> Learned are not agreed on the exact time of its rise; yet that it was an University long before K<sup>th</sup> Alfreds time, who reigned in its latter end of 9<sup>th</sup> Century, appears from a dispute that hapned between Grymbold of Divine, one of the new Professors, sent thither by 1<sup>st</sup> King for its improvement of Learning; & the old Scholars whom they found here at their coming, touching a new method of Reading w<sup>ch</sup> he would have introduced. Take its account of it in 5 Words of Asperius Menevensis an excellent Writer, & in this last more especially to be credited, being himself one of its s<sup>d</sup> new Professors, & present on the spot. Orthoſiquiſ inter Grymboldum, adſcitum Profefſorem, & Veteres Scholares diſſidio. Oxoniæ Rex venit rem compoſiturus. Apparebat enim veterum Annalium testimoniis, iſtius loci Ordines ac Inſtituta a nonnullis Pijſ, & eruditis hominibus fuiſſe ſancta. uſa Divo Gilda, Melkin, Mennio, Kentigerno, & alijs, Qui omnes literis illic conſueverunt, omnia iſtius ſelici pace & concordia adminiſtrantes, ac Divum quoque Germanum Oxoniæ advenſiſ, annique dimidiū illi ſe morantem &c. i. e. A difference arising between Grymbold, a new Professor, & the Old Scholars, 1<sup>st</sup> King [Alfred] came to Oxford to accommodate the matter. [And he further says] It appeared by the Testimony of Ancient Annals, That the Orders & Statutes of that place had been ordained & established by several Pious & Learned Men, as Gildas, Melkin, Mennius, Kentigern and others, who had all prosecuted their Studies there for a considerable time, & doing every thing with the greatest peace and Harmony. And moreover that the Germans who came over from France in the 5<sup>th</sup> Century, to suppress the Pelagian Heresy then raging in Britain, came and resided half a year at Oxford &c. The happy restoration of learning here by K<sup>th</sup> Alfred relieved two or three interruptions in few Years. In the reign of K<sup>th</sup> Ethelred the Danes burnt and sack'd the City, probably out of revenge for the injuries done them, A. 1002, when upon the Kings Commission to kill all the Danes in England, the execution at Oxon. was more particular severe. Harold unarm'd Lightfoot incens'd at the death of some of his Friends in a Tumult that happened here, barbarously vented his revenge on the University. The Scholars were banish'd from their Studies, and it lay a desolate and dismal Spectacle till the time of the Conqueror; and even then it suffered by the siege of the City, Rolf Pulein, who was afterwards promoted to the dignity of Chancellor of the See of Rome, by Pope Lucius 2<sup>d</sup> read Divinity here, and under the favour and protection of K<sup>th</sup> Henry 1<sup>st</sup> and Rich<sup>d</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> so promoted Learning in this University, that in K<sup>th</sup> Johns Reign the Number of Students was computed at 3000. K<sup>th</sup> Henry 3<sup>d</sup> in his Part. that he surmount'd, at Oxford, confirm'd & enlarg'd the privileges granted to this University by his Predecessors. About this time the Name of University obtained first for publick Schools, of Learning, which were formerly called Studies; and the See of Rome in their Decretals allowed this new title only to Paris, Oxford, Bologna, and Salamanca.



# Puckle Church

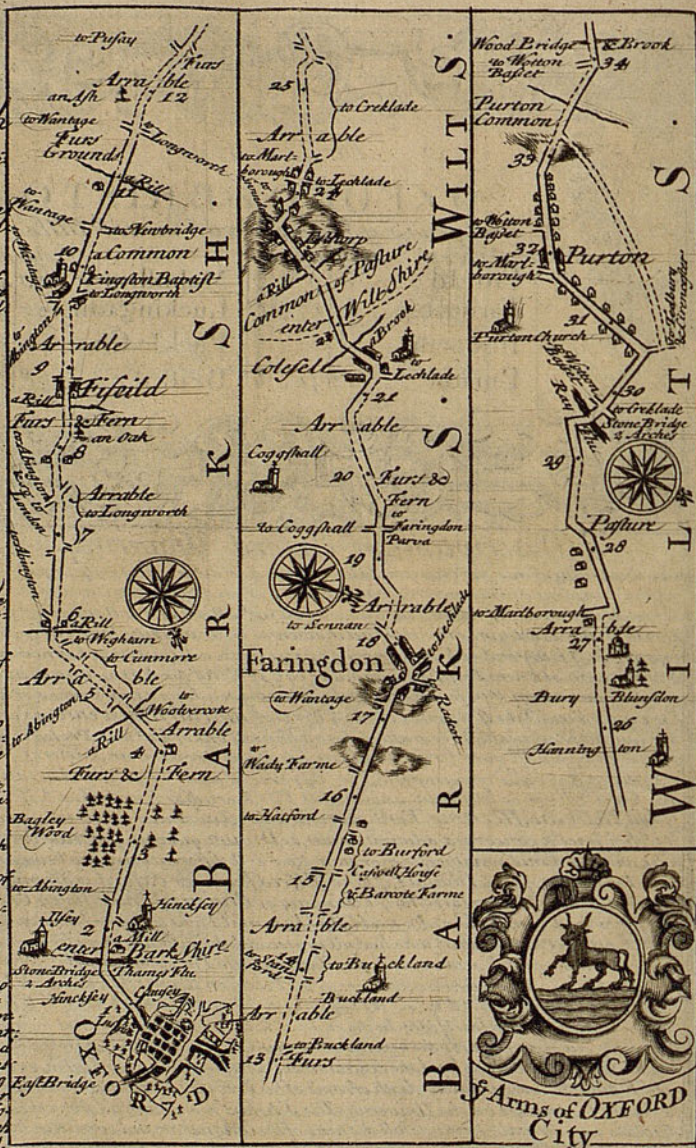
The ancient seat of the Dennis's, of w<sup>ch</sup> Family there have been 13 High Sheriffs of this County. Was in Oldtime a Royal Mill, where Edmund of England interposing between Leof a notorious Thief & his sister as they were quarrelling, was killed with a Dagger.

[ac60]

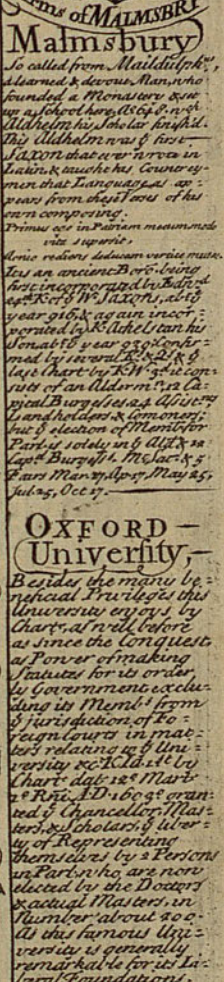
# The City of OXFORD

In the British Language Rhod Yeheri is held by some to have its Etymology, and to grow from Bosphorus, & others, out of German, from a Fort of Celti, by others from its situation on a River (not being a River) as Ousford. According to the relation of some Authors, it was heretofore called Beloumum, from its very pleasant, and happy full situation on it, as we may suppose, as first invited by the Musles hither. So much we ascribe to present flourishing condition of this City, as well as its ancient Fame and Vigour, entirely to their settling in it, doubtless on that account, our Kings since Alfred, have conferred on it so many beneficial privileges, & immunities, granting it Liberties by Charter, & came Laws, and custom with Citizens of London, according to them from all over England, & the town consists of a May, High Street, & Old, & New Streets.

a Record, 2 Chamberlains, 2 Clerks, 2 Common Council men, & the Mayor serves in a Buttery at Coronations, & claims as his Fee a large gilt Bowl, and Cover. He is in his Jurisdiction subordinate to the Vice-Chancellor of the University, for he being this City has its Representatives in Parliament, contains 12 Parishes, a good Trade in Malt, conveying to London in Barges, & enjoys a good Market, Wednesday, & the Fair are but of small Note. This City refusing to submit to a Norman Conqueror, was besieged by him, & being taken by storm, was mostly given to Robert Curthose, as 1091, is supposed to have rebuilt the Walls, & erected a very strong Castle by the Kings Order, & remains of it now serve for a Prison. Ribbles Hall a Palace here in 1135 was long & Renowned, & Rich, commonly called Cur de Lion, & Ribbles converted into a Religious House of Carmelites, & 1209, 10 R. R. I. a Clerk in this City accidentally killing a Woman of Towns men imprisoned in innocent Scholars whom they suspected of Heresy, & upon complaint made to the King who was then at Woodstock, then were in pursuance of his Order immediately hanged without the City Walls. The Body of a student who was offended & stricken at a puppet & a puppet proceeding immediately quitted the Town, & separated them selves to Cambridge, Reading, & Salisbury, Maudslone, & the Towns men being so sensible of so great a loss, & of Power they had brought upon themselves by their unjust accusation & complaint, did upon their knees deprecate the Fault, & besought before Nicholas Pope Legate, & submitted to a publick Penance, whereupon many of the dispersed Scholars after six years absence returned to Oxford, & 1214, Henry & Edmund at last to adjust differences between him & the Baron.







University

Improvement in all Sciences: Number of degrees: Jurisprudence, Law & Statute, Building, Delightful Gardens, Walks, &c. is so particularly noted for its extensive Library, University, The Bodleian, No. 57, which is now by several additions, is really one of the richest Christ Church, as well as Manuscript, as Prince Aylmer's & explication of a judicious Author, when one views a Prepared Catalogue, he must admire the prodigious Treasure & neither easy Rome, nor Vatican, nor Spain, her Gold, The Sheldonian Theatre of magnificent Architecture, now only by Dr. Hunter's Hall, No. 8, of London, University, Chancellor of this University, At 166.89, Whom the University, every great building, consisting of a Historical, Palaeography, & a Repository of Natural & Artificial Rarities. The greatest Part of which are owing to Elias Ashmole Esq; who has presented the University for the Custody of them & has deposited with it, & most excellent collection of Manuscripts gathered by himself, his Father in Law, Sir William Dugdale. The Physick Garden is famed for variety of Herbs, Plants, &c. as well exotics, as Native, And the pleasant Gardens, & airy Walks, a herbarist's grave, & a College are accommodated, render this place no less inviting on account of Health, than last night's & conversation.

The Number of Scholars in this University is computed at 4000 whereof at 2000 live only Foundations.

Opportunities of Im-



The Road from

## OXFORD to CAMBRIDGE.

Containing 52 comp. & 80 meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Oxford,	comp.	meas.		comp.	meas.
Burcester . . .	10	13	Bedford . . .	34	52
Buckingham . .	19	24 <sup>6</sup>	Gamlinghay . .	43	65
Newport Paine	27	38 <sup>5</sup>	Cambridge . .	52	80

## The Arms of the Colleges, &amp;c in Oxford



Oriel Coll. Founded by  
K. Ed. 4. 1337 for 13 Fel-  
lows &c.



University College.  
Founded by K. Alfred  
872 for 12 Fellows &c.



Balliol Coll. Founded by  
Balliol & Deringilla his  
Wife for 12 Fellows &c.  
1180.



Merton Coll. Founded by  
Walter & Merton 1170 Chan-  
cell. 1175 of Rochester for  
127 dt. & 14 Scholars 1174



Exeter Coll. Founded by  
Walter Stapleton Bp. of  
Exeter 1316 for 93 Fell.  
127 dt. & 14 Scholars 1174



Magdalen Coll. Founded  
by W. Nuffield Bp. of  
Winchester 1456 for 40  
Fellows & 30 Scholars.



All Souls Coll. founded  
by Henry Chicheley Arch-  
Bp. of Canterbury for 20  
Fellows &c. 1437



Lincoln College founded  
by Richard Fleming Bp. of  
Lincoln 1406 for 15 Fell.  
1406.



New Coll. Founded  
by Wm of Wykeham 1382  
1375 for 30 Fell. &c



Queens Coll. founded by  
Rich. Eaglesfield B.D. 1540  
for 13 Fell. &c.



Wadham College found-  
ed by Rich. Wadham &  
his Wife Dorothy, 1613  
for 15 Scholars.



Jesus College founded  
by Ju. Fe. lig. for 16 Fell. &  
10 Scholars 1372.



St. John's College founded  
by Thos. W. pie Merchant  
Taylor of London 1557  
for 30 Fellows &c.



Christ Church Coll. found-  
ed by King Henry 8th  
1540 for 8 Cannons, 100  
Students &c.



Brasenose Coll. founded  
by Rich. Juston B. of London  
& Rich. Juston B. 1473 1515  
for 6 Fell. &c.



Corpus Christi Coll. found-  
ed by Rich. Tox Bp. of Winchester  
1355 for 12 Fell.



Pembroke Coll. found-  
ed by Thos. F. date  
1372 for 12 Fellows &c.  
1372.



Trinity Coll. founded  
by St. Thos. Pope 1355  
for 12 Fellows &c.

Besides 5 Colleges whose Arms &c are here  
inserted these belong to 4 University & Halls  
viz. Edmund's, St. Alban's, Magdalen Mart.  
St. Mary, New Inn, & Gloucester Hall or Wor-  
cester College. In all which there are their Chap-  
els and Libraries besides 4 publick Li-  
brary



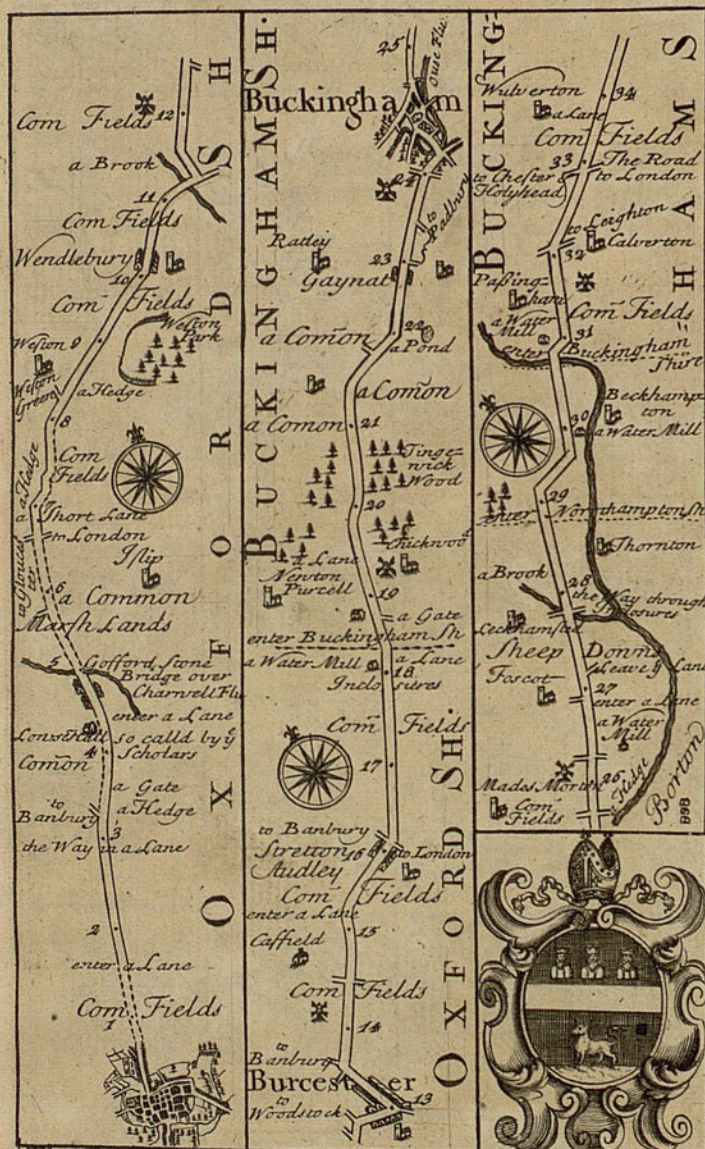


**Haverham**  
 Giv's Title of Baron  
 to <sup>th</sup> R<sup>th</sup> Hon<sup>ble</sup> Mau-  
 rice Thompson.  
 Created May 13<sup>th</sup> 1666.  
 8<sup>th</sup> Will<sup>3d</sup>.  
 Chief Seat at Haver-  
 sham in Buckinghamsh.

**Newport Paine**  
 Was so called from  
 its ancient <sup>L</sup> Fulke  
 Paganell or Paynel,  
 from whom it came  
 to the Barons So-  
 mers of Dudley,  
 who had their Castle  
 here. This Town, tho'  
 neither Borough nor  
 Corp<sup>y</sup>: is larger than  
 many that are so, &  
 is one of the most no-  
 ted Towns in the  
 Kingdome for making  
 of Bonelace, noted al-  
 so for frequent Horse  
 Races. M<sup>rs</sup>on Feb 8<sup>th</sup>  
 Fair Apr 11<sup>th</sup> June 10<sup>th</sup>  
 24<sup>th</sup> Nov<sup>r</sup> 6<sup>th</sup> S<sup>t</sup> 9<sup>th</sup>.  
 Fortescue Chancell<sup>r</sup>  
 of the Exchequer  
 who had an Estate in  
 this Neighbourhood was  
 buried in this Town.  
 The Learned Mr<sup>r</sup> Cam-  
 den as Clarendon  
 King at Arms at-  
 tended his Funeral. —  
 [at 38<sup>th</sup>]

**Burcester** [at 13]  
 Has an indifferent  
 Market on Fridays.

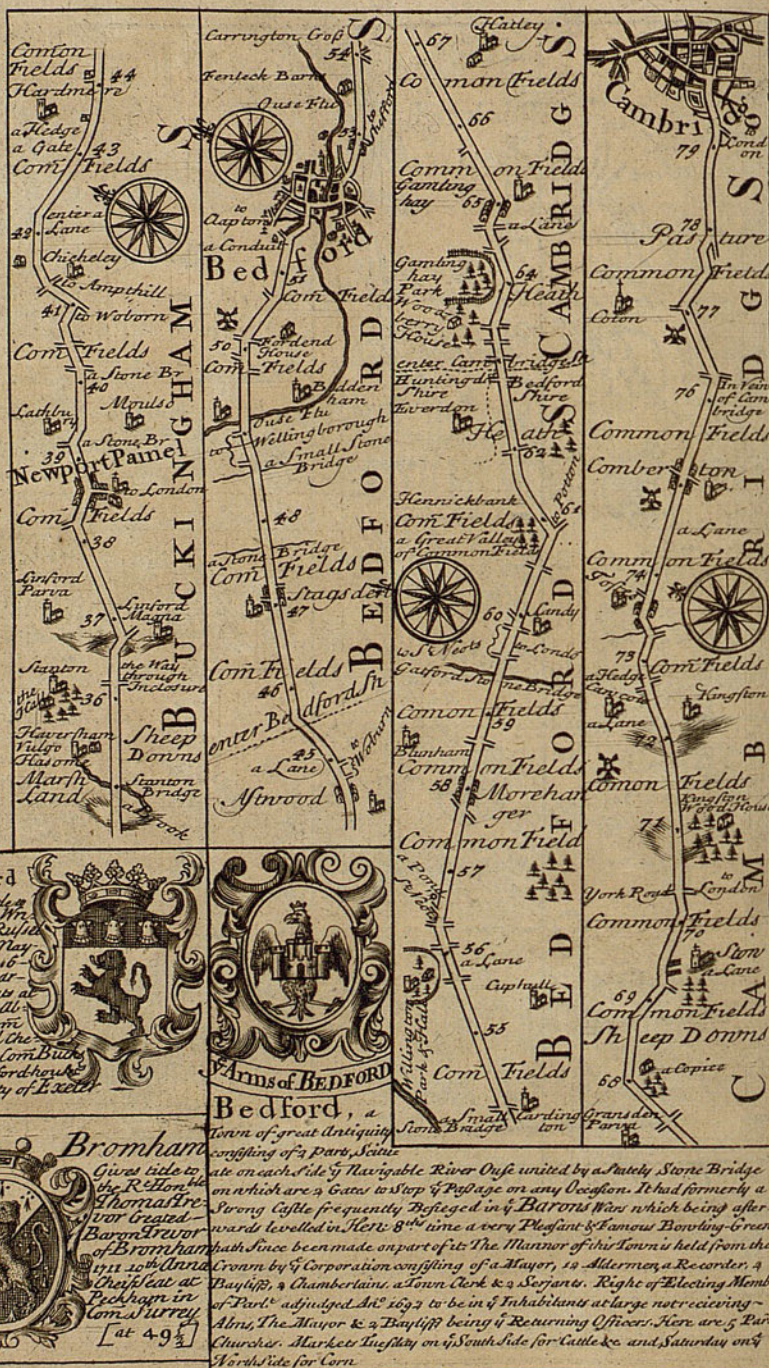
**Wolverton** —  
 Anciently  
 Wolverington,  
 Was the Seat of an  
 ancient Family so named, from whom it came to the Longneville's an Hon<sup>ble</sup> Family, of  
 whom John de Longneville was Sheriff of the County 18<sup>th</sup> Ric<sup>2d</sup>. 2<sup>th</sup> Upon the Act made touch-  
 ing Roman Catholicks Estates, it was purchased by the late famous D<sup>r</sup> Ratcliff. [at 34]



**The BISHOPRICK of OXFORD** — Contains the County of Oxford,  
 and therein 166<sup>th</sup> Writtes. Was founded by <sup>R</sup> Henry 8<sup>th</sup> Anno Domini 541.  
 Robert King late Abbot of Abney the first Bishop. Value £ 301-12-0<sup>0</sup>.  
 Seat, Cuddesdon in Oxfordshire

ancient Family so named, from whom it came to the Longneville's an Hon<sup>ble</sup> Family, of  
 whom John de Longneville was Sheriff of the County 18<sup>th</sup> Ric<sup>2d</sup>. 2<sup>th</sup> Upon the Act made touch-  
 ing Roman Catholicks Estates, it was purchased by the late famous D<sup>r</sup> Ratcliff. [at 34]







The Road from

OXFORD to CHICHESTER.

Containing 60 comp. & 80 meas. Miles.

Abington . . . . . 5	6 4	Basingstoke . . . . . 32	42 6
E. Illey . . . . . 23	27 2	Alton . . . . . 40	53 3
Newbury . . . . . 20	26 4	Peterfield . . . . . 50	66
Kings Cleer . . . . . 25	33 5	Chichester . . . . . 60	80

The Arms of the Colleges &c. in Cambridge



Corpus Christi Coll. Founded by Hugh de Balsham. Bp. of Exeter 1258. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 St. Peter's Coll. Founded by Hugh de Balsham. Bp. of Exeter 1258. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Clare Hall Founded by Richard de Bury 1362. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Pembroke Hall Founded by Thomas de Beauchamp 1382. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Trinity Hall Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.



Sidney Sussex Coll. Founded by Francis Sidney 1546. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Emmanuel Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Trinity Coll. Founded by Richard de Bury 1362. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Peterhouse Coll. Founded by Thomas de Beauchamp 1382. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Jesus Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.



Kings Coll. Founded by Henry VI. 1464. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Katherine Hall Founded by Katherine Neville 1473. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Christ Coll. Founded by Richard de Bury 1362. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Magdalen College Founded by Thomas de Beauchamp 1382. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Gonville & Caius Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.



Queens Coll. Founded by Elizabeth I. 1564. Has a President & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Divinity Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Hebrew Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Lan Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.  
 Greek Coll. Founded by John de St. Julian 1355. Has a Master & 22 Fellows &c.





# Donnington Castle

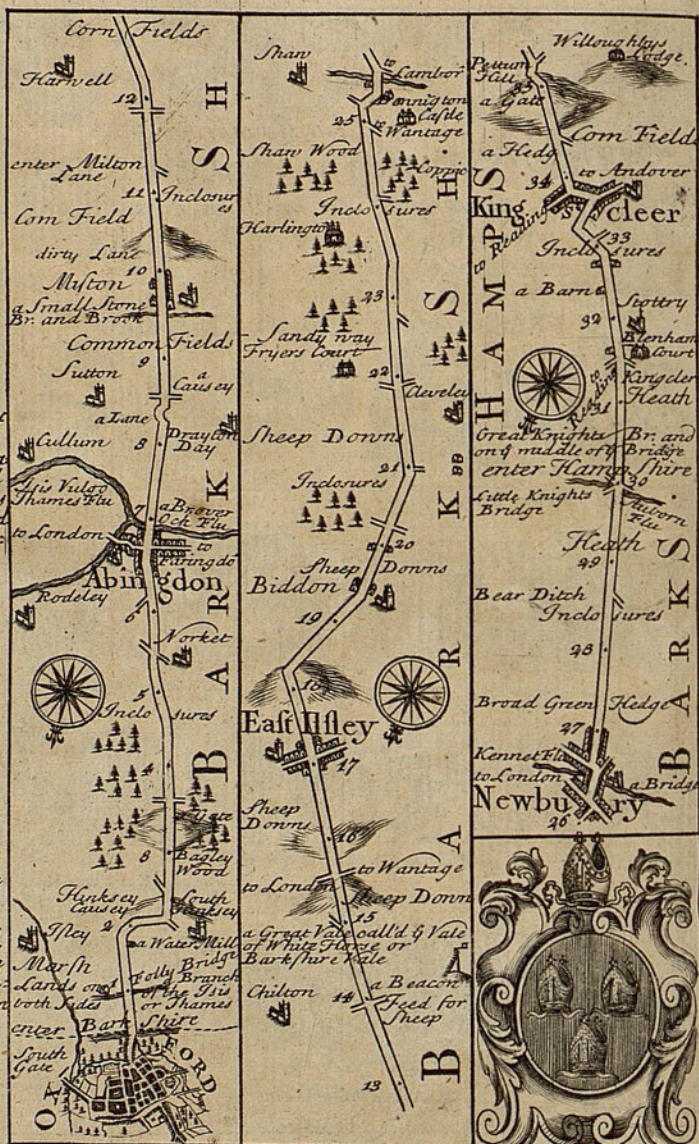
The ancient Seat of Jeffrey Chaucer, where under a shady Oak still called Chaucer's Oak, he is said to have penned many of his excellent Poems.

[at 25]

# East Hley

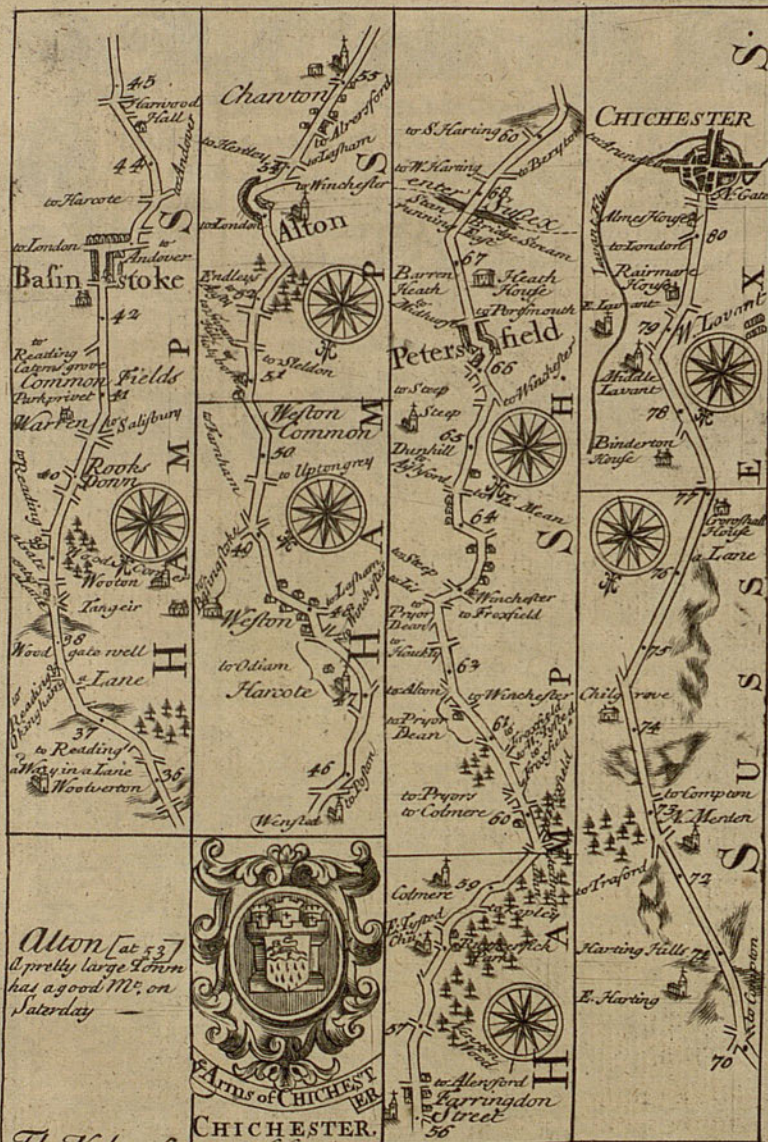
Noted for being the birth place of that eminent Lawyer, St Francis More, whose Reports are now extant. A very plentiful Mead on Wednesday.

[at 17]



The BISHOPRICK of CHESTER contains Cheshire Lancashire, Richmond [which is a part of Yorksh.] with part of Cumberland and Westmoreland; and therein 256 Parishes, was founded by King Henry 8th Anno Dom 1541 John Bird first Bishop. Value £420.0.8. Seat at Chester Palace in Chester.





Alton [at 53]  
A pretty large Town  
has a good Mr. on  
Saturday —

The Vale of  
White-horse  
[so called from the  
shape of a Horse fan-  
cied to be on y<sup>e</sup> side of  
a Whiter & Chalky  
Hill] is very fruitfull

CHICHESTER.

Built by *Cyfril* Stof-  
*Alla*, who Reigned here. The Cathedral was first founded by *B.P. Ralph*  
 temp. *Willm.* 1<sup>st</sup> but Burnt before Finished, & Raised again by his mean  
 & the Liberality of *King Henry 1<sup>st</sup>* *Iohas* a Bishop, Dean, Chaunter,  
 Chancellor, Treasurer, & Archdeacons, & 30 Prebendaries. On the South  
 Side of this Cathedral's canopy Painted the History of its Foundation;  
 also the Pictures of the *Kings of England* at the charge of *B.P. Robt.*  
*Sturme* who has his Motto Set up in several places *Non fides crederet*  
*Operibus* and *Miles Decorum Domus tuce Domine*. This City is Govt  
 by a Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen &c. Sends Burgeses to Parliaments -  
 Market Wednesday & Saturday, Fairs April 13<sup>th</sup> Whitsun Monday.  
 July 25<sup>th</sup> Michaelmas Day, & 2 Days after Stone Fair.



The Road from

OXFORD to COVENTRY Continued to DERBY

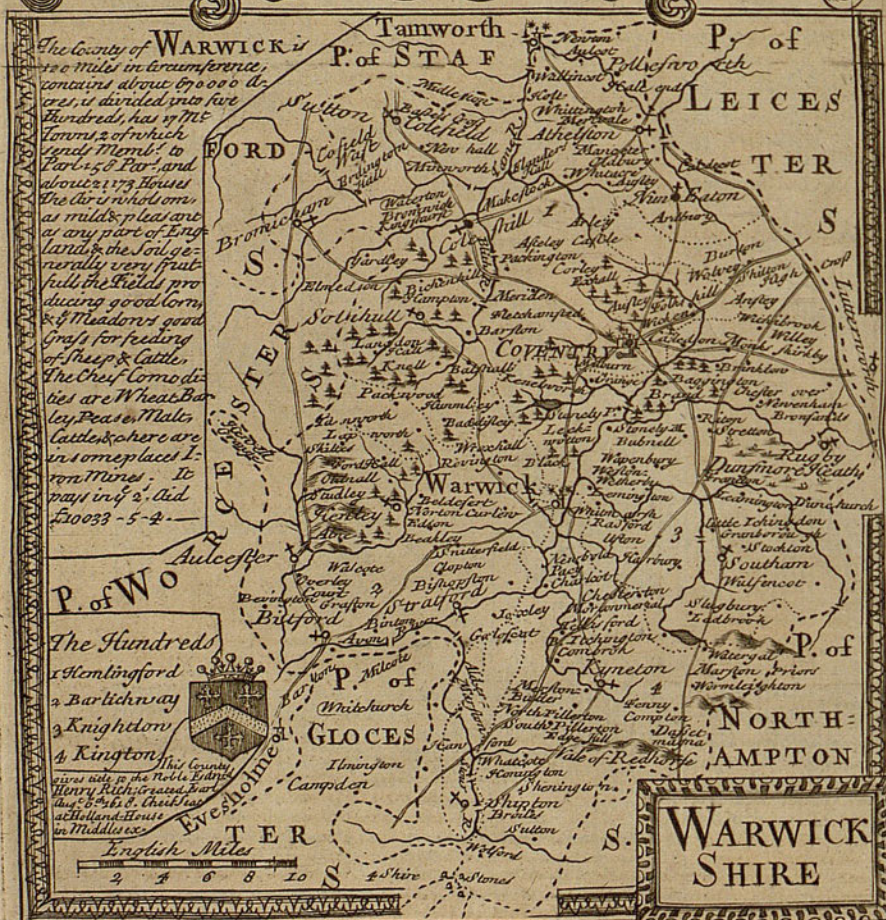
Containing 68 computed and 87 measured Miles.

From Oxford

	com.	meas.
Kidlington	4	5
Dedington	13	16'4
Banbury	18	23
Southam	28	37'1
Princethorp	33	43'4

	comp	meas
Coventry	39	50'5
Nuneaton	46	58'4
Atherston	49	62'6
Ashby de la Zouch	58	74'1
Swarkston	64	82

DERBY 68 | 87





Noted formerly for a religious House of Augustin Fryars, is now at own indifferently large & well built, having a Chappel of ease, a Free School, Mt on Tuesd & Thurs, Mar. 27<sup>th</sup> July 7<sup>th</sup> Sept 8<sup>th</sup> & Dec 4<sup>th</sup> [at 63]

Manchester [at 62]  
Is supposed to be the  
Maudnesdurn of  
the Ancients.

Nuneaton [at 59]  
I said to be so called  
from a hunnery / gun  
ded in it by Amica &  
Wife of Roy & Josu E.  
of Leicester. The Town  
is large & well built  
having a good free  
School, a M<sup>e</sup>. on Sat.  
& a Fair on May 2<sup>d</sup>.

Southam [at 37]  
Is a well accommodated  
Town, having a consi-  
derable M<sup>n</sup> Monks  
& a fair on St. Peters-d.



Wormleighton  
Was formerly honour'd  
in giving Title of Baron  
to R. Robert Spencer,  
created by K. James 1<sup>st</sup>  
in 1215. His Grandson  
Henry 1<sup>st</sup> was before  
and by Sunderland  
by Richard 1<sup>st</sup> who  
his life in great Foes  
Kings and in the Battle  
of Marston. The  
Present Wormleigh-  
ton is Noble & R. H.  
Chas. Spencer Esq  
of Sunderland of the  
Noble Family, who hat  
a seat here & another at  
Ulthorpe in Northampton-  
shire.

*Dedington* [1777]  
Is a Town of great An-  
tiquity govern'd by a Bay-  
liff & has a M<sup>o</sup> on Sab-  
bath day on S<sup>t</sup>. Lawrence  
& S<sup>t</sup>. Martin's day.

inis lapsi Vocem au-  
t Penitentia. Ipsi

e Haec Charta Carax:  
mij: Episcopus &c.

[illegible]

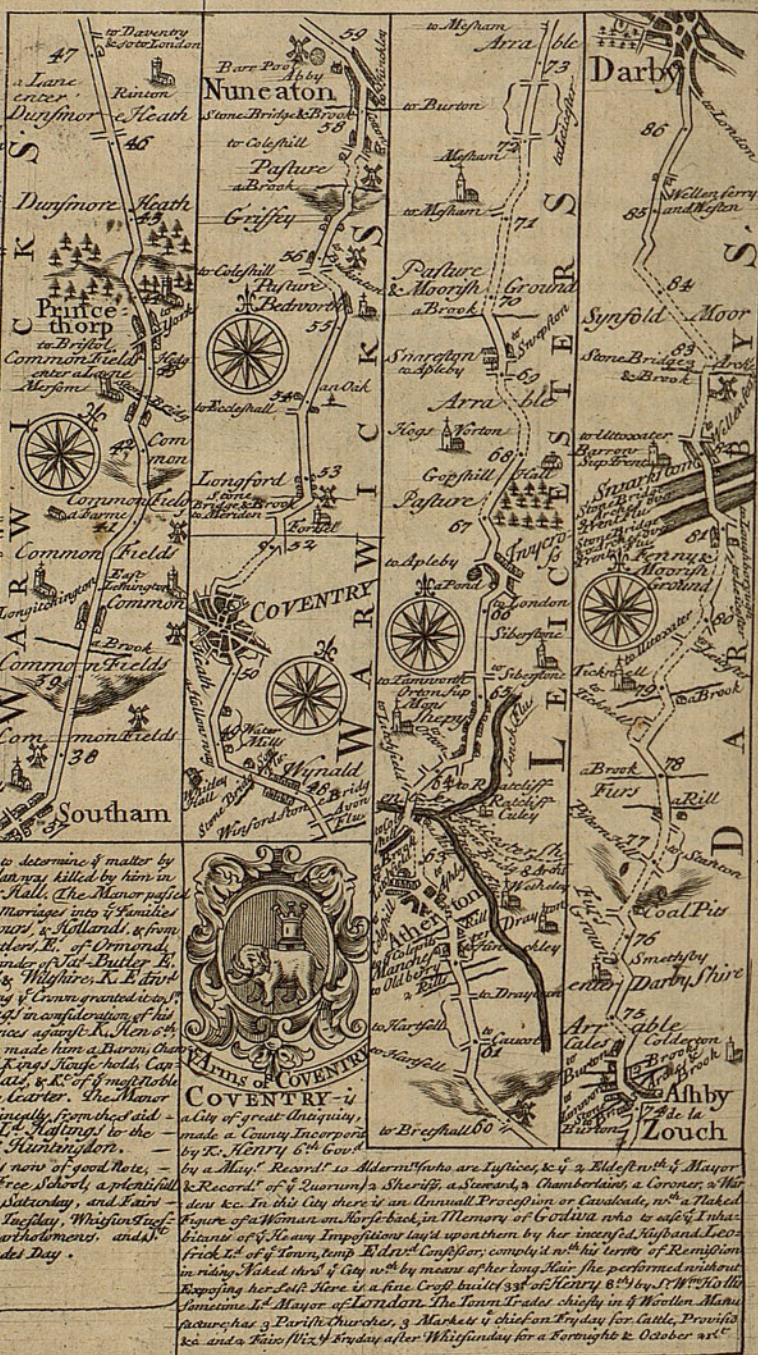
Seculorum. Ego Eldred Rex, Anglorum Gubernator et Reductor eundem  
 mihi fidelissimo Ministro, Elfsith unius Caspatis perpetuarius concedo, in  
 lo loco, ubi jamdudum Solitica illius Regionis nomen indiderunt, Be Northw  
 ne ut habeat et possiderant quamdiu vivat. Et postquam universalis vira  
 adierit, autemque voluerit. Et deinde in eternam hereditatem  
 autem pradicium Rex liberum ab omni mundi tali tam in magnis quam  
 in modis, rebus, Campis, Pascuis, pratis, Silvis, sine expositione, et portis  
 Arvis instructione. Si qui denique mihi non obstante hanc libertate  
 tunc Charitatem livore depropi violare satagerint agminibus atra caliginis lapsi Vocem au  
 deant. Discedite a me maledicti. Non ante Langem. Et mandaverunt Penitentia. Ipsi  
 terminis ampliter predicta Tellus. His tantu Uelhalangemara to Northw et Hac Charta Garax  
 ala est. Ad ggi Indieg. Ego Eldred Rex. Ego Eadgiva Regi Mater. Et Ego Odo Dornvernensis Episcopus &c.



Amby  
de la  
Zouch

Formerly  
belonged to  
Alan de la  
Zouch  
descended  
from Al-  
lan Vis-  
count of  
Roan Bre-  
tagne &  
Constant-  
ine his Wife  
Daughter  
of Conan  
le Gros  
E. of Bri-  
tagne by  
Maud  
his Wife  
natural  
Daughter  
of Alan I.  
Baron de la  
Zouch Mar-  
rying one of  
the Sons of  
Roger de  
Quincy, E.  
of Winchester,  
in her  
Right was  
entitled to a  
great Estate  
in this Coun-  
ty; and com-  
mencing a  
Suite for re-  
covering of  
certain Land  
and a Title  
of Baron  
who made

it his choice to determine it matter by  
a Sword, Alan was killed by him in  
Westminster Hall. The Manor passed  
afterwards by Marriages into the Families  
of the Segraves, & the Howards, & from  
thence to the Butlers, E. of Ormond,  
upon the attainder of Sir Butler, E.  
of Ormond, & his Heirs, R. E. drew  
up recovering of Crown granted to him  
Win. Hastings in consideration of his  
Signal Services against R. E. Hen. 6.  
& moreover made him a Baron, Chief  
Captain of Calais, & K. of most Noble  
Order of the Garter. The Manor  
descended finally from thence to  
William L. Hastings to the  
Barons of Huntingdon.  
The Town now of good Note, -  
having a Free School, a plentiful  
Market on Saturday, and Fairs  
on Easter Tuesday, Whitsunday,  
St. Bartholomew's, and St.  
Simon & Jude's Day.





From Oxford		com	meas	To Salisbury		com	meas
to	Abington	5	7' 2		Salisbury	41	57' 6
	Shelford	27	24		Cranborn	50	70' 3
	Hungerford	22	29		Wimborn	57	82
	N. Tudworth	31	43' 4		Pool	62	87' 3



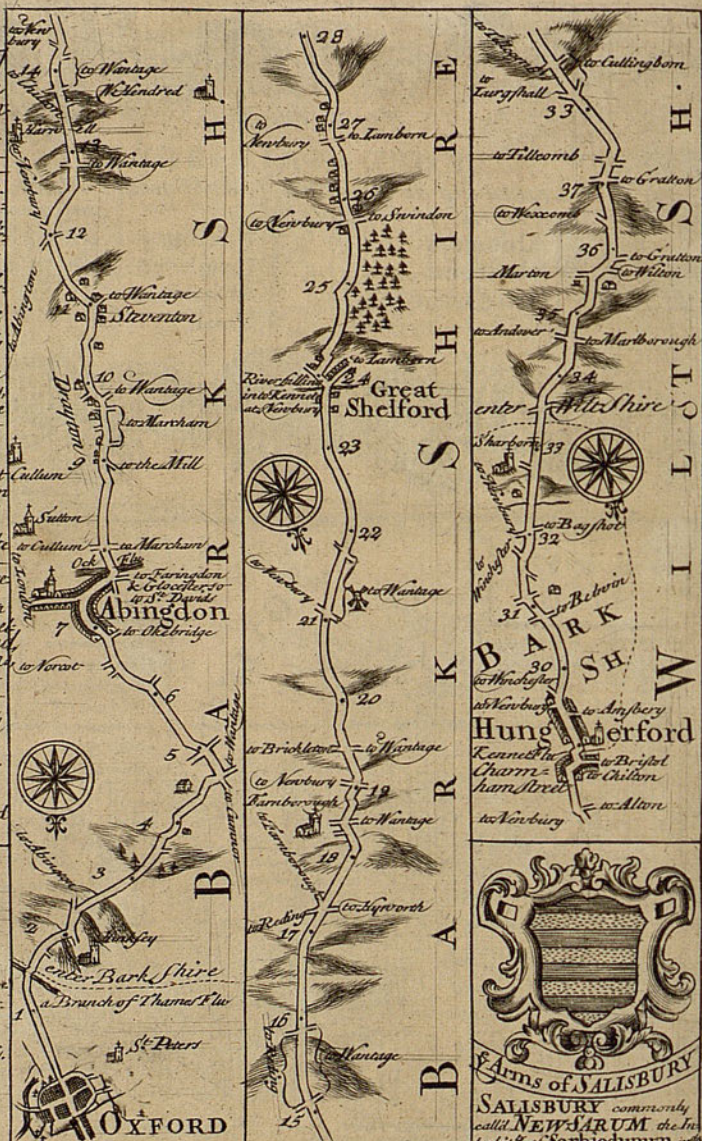


# Winborn Minster

The old Vendogladia of Antonine & Win-  
dugledy of Brit-  
tany is supposed to  
have been so called  
from its situation  
between two Brooks.  
It was formerly no-  
ted for its Minster,  
founded by Cuthber-  
gus Sister of Ina King  
of West Saxons,  
after she was divor-  
ced from her Hus-  
band Osdred King of  
Northumbrians,  
about the year 712.  
Upon the dissolution  
of Religious Houses,  
a Minster or Collegiate  
Church with a fair  
Spire Steeple was e-  
rected in its place.  
The fine Spire & part  
of the Minster is fallen  
to ruin, but its Tower  
& Choir & tall pre-  
serv'd; there still be-  
longs to us as we are  
inform'd, a Dean Pre-  
bendaries, 30 Choro-  
isters, & an Organist. In  
this inter-d. K. Inghel-  
red Brother of Alfred  
King of West Saxons  
who was slain by J.  
Danels, the 872. The  
Towr is at present in  
differently large and  
well built having a  
plentiful Monast.  
& a very noted Fair  
for Cattle beginning  
on Good Friday and  
lasting 7 Week.

## Lutgershall or Lurgysall

Was anciently the  
Castle of Geoffrey  
Fitz Piers or Piers,  
that rich & Chief Law-  
yer who for a consi-  
derable Summ of  
Money, was created  
Earl of Essex by K.  
John. [at 413]



SALISBURY commonly  
call'd NEWSARUM the In-  
habits of Sorbiodunum

Sword upon a Hill removed into a Plain in the Reign of K. Hen. 2d finding a Situation of Old City convenient on several  
accounts. Incorporated 12th by J. King R. Hen. 2d left by 2d Ann by J. Name of May & Common. Consists of Castle  
Highgate and Records & Deputy Aldermen of whom so are always 12 Judges & 30 Town Council Men Memb. for Port are  
chosen by J. Corporate only. This City is so conveniently Contriv'd that thro every Street runs a Rivulet It has 3 Port. Chert  
beds of a very Magnificent & Curious Cathedral founded by B. Rich. 1st. Poor And 1230 temp. Hen. 3d. is noted for having  
as many Gates as Months in a Year as many Windows as Days as many Marble Pill. as Towers. Near it is a very fine Abbey  
Library built by B. P. 11th. All a large Octagonal Chapel. Hoys supports by a single Marble Pill. Here is a College in J.  
found & endowed by B. Ward for a Minster. In J. time of R. Edw. 1st there was a remarkable Dispute betw. R. O. 1st  
B. P. of this See & W. Montacute B. of Sarum relating to J. Title to J. Castle in this City. The B. P. beingating J. matter  
of J. J. by a Writ of Right the B. P. said he would defend his Title by Combat accordingly on J. Day appointed the  
said B. P. & B. P. brought their Champions to J. Lists both Cloathed in White Garments down to J. Middle of J. Leg & over it  
a Fur Coat with J. Arms of their Principals. The B. P. Champion then attended by a Knight bearing a Spear & a Flag & shield  
beg. Fought by a Knight in J. White Garment, but having Retired & examined their Weapons & being J. J. of point of Fighting, and  
expectedly came a Mandate from J. King that J. Cause should not be Determin'd in Prejudice to his Right & thereupon J. B. P. & B. P.  
Adjusted J. matter without Bloodshed.







The Road from  
PRESTAIN to CARMARTHEN.

Containing 46 comp. & 61 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Prestain	comp	meas		comp	meas
New Radnor...	4	5'4	Llanidlofry...	26	34'6
to Bealch.....	12	15'6	Abermarles...	31	41
Ludlowvaugh...	21	27'6	Rue Raddor...	37	49

Carmathen 46<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> 61.

A MAP of  
RADNOR  
SHIRE

GOMERY

SH.

P. of  
MONT

P. of  
SHROP

The Hundreds

- 1 Knighton
- 2 Rayaderny
- 3 Kevonlice
- 4 Radnor
- 5 Collwyni
- 6 Painscote

P. of

BRECKNOCK

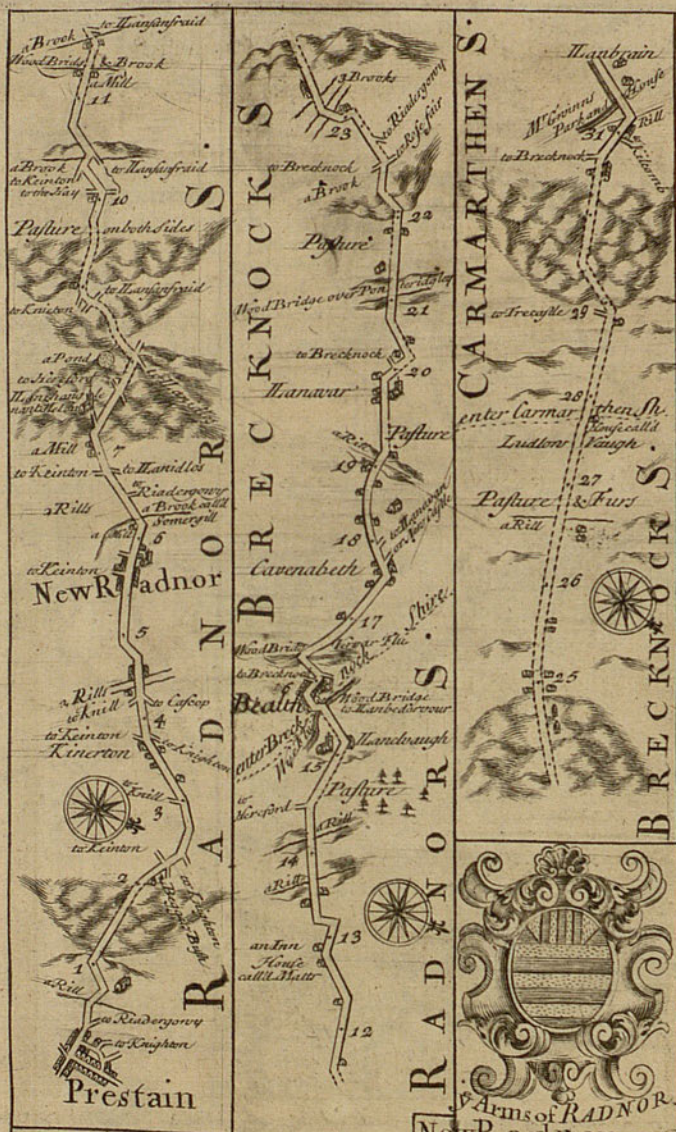
English Miles



The County of RADNOR is 90 Miles in Circumference; contains about 350 000 Acres, divided into 6 Hundreds in which are 27 Villages, & only New Radnor & Llanidlofry privileged with sending 1 Member to Parl like Great off Welsh Boroughs; 52 Parl. and about 3250 Houses the Air is sharp; the Soil barren & mountainous, abounding in Woods, Rivers, & Meers, intermixed with some fruitful Valleys. Its chief Commodities are Cheese & Horses. It pays 1 in 12 of the old 12346-3-0. Gives title to the Noble Charles Bedfords, Roberts, created Viscount of Radnor July 23. 1679. 34 Car 24. Chief Seats at Tŷwro, & at Llanhydrock in Cornewall.







### Old Radnor

Called by the Britains *Rades* and heretofore from its mountainous situation called by a judicious Author *the Valley of the Mountains of Brecknock*: now here as it relates in a History of the Province of Brecknock, a Regiment lay in 1745 in its time; the Inhabitants of this County (as it is now called) the *Magistrates* of Brecknock, *Magistrates* of this town is as being by *the* as *Crusaders* and *reign* of *the* & it is find nothing remarkable of it since.



Arms of RADNOR

was an ancient Borough by Prescription till the 14th Year of 2. Elisabeth: when it received a very beneficial Charter with divers Privileges, and a grant of the Manor, containing 10 Townships (of which Mortimer Earl of March was formerly Lord) to the Capital Council consisting of 15 Persons, & a Recorder, out of whom were annually chosen Aldermen, & a Bay list Members for Parliament are elected by the seven Burgesses of this Town & the several other Boroughs of Radnor, Kewstall, Llynol, & Knighton, paying 800 & 1000 L. this Town was formerly well fenced with walls & a strong Castle which were destroyed by Owen Glou. Donard, March Tuesday Fair Tuesday near after Trinity Street, August 24 & October 184.



**Abergvilly**

A Town of good  
Note where  $9L^{\circ} 37'$   
of  $1^{\circ}$  David's has about

[at  $60^{\circ}$ ]

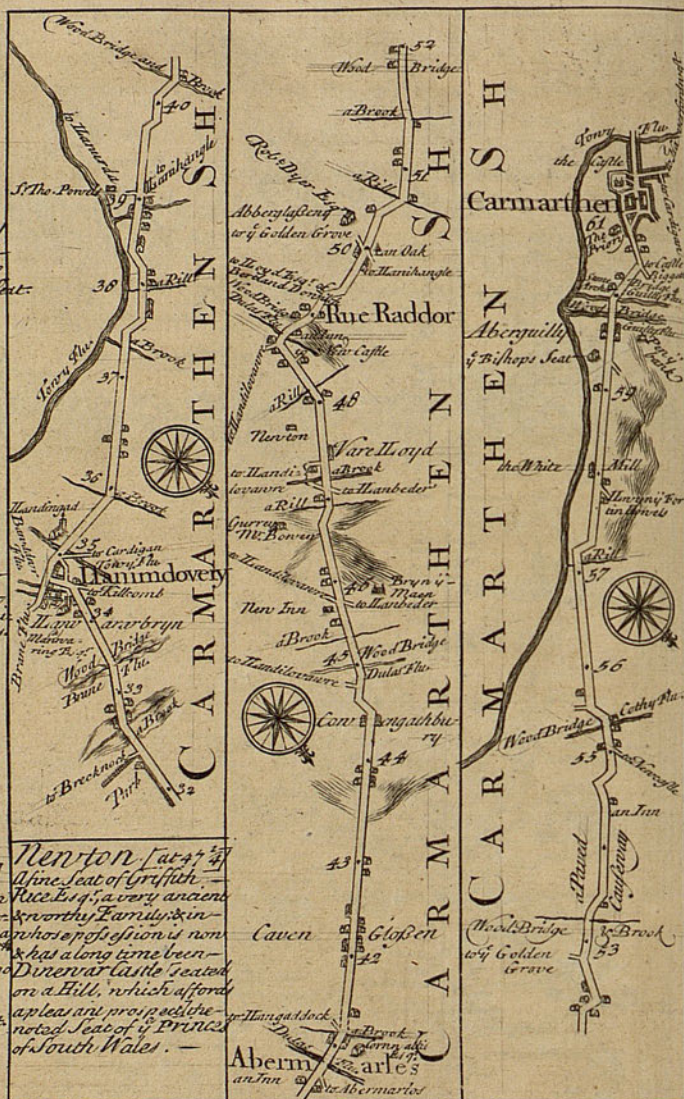
**Abermarles**

The ancient Seat  
of a worthy Family  
of  $9L^{\circ}$  Cornwalles

[at  $41^{\circ}$ ]

**Bealth or  
Belt**

[at  $16^{\circ}$ ]  
Anciently a Town  
of much Note seat  
of a worthy Family & in  
of  $9L^{\circ}$  Wye or  $9L^{\circ}$  whose of  $9L^{\circ}$  is now  
Country shaded in  
Twas in  $9L^{\circ}$  year 1690  
half consumed by  
a casual Fire, has  
at  $9L^{\circ}$  Mond & Sat



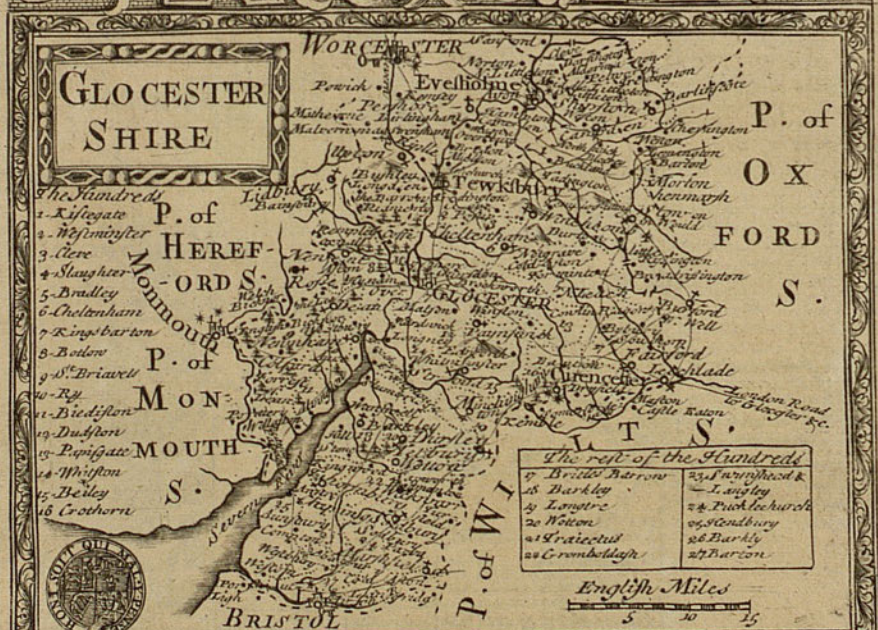
In this page several turnings leads to **Handilovau**, <sup>It</sup> stands on a rising  
Ground upon the River Towy, over which it has a handsome stone Bri-  
The Town is large & very considerable & affords good accommodation ha-  
ving a weekly M<sup>o</sup> on Tues d & Sat the Parish is of large extent of County be-  
ing 13 Miles in length & 7 in breadth.



The Road from  
**SALISBURY to CAMPDEN.**

Containing 56 comp. and 76 meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Salisbury.	comp.	meas.		comp.	meas.
Everley	12	15'6"	Lechlade	36	49'2"
Burbich	16	21'4"	Burford	42	57'5"
Marlboro <sup>^</sup>	20	27'2"	Stow	49	67'5"
Hiworth	32	43'5"	Campden	56	76"



The County of **GLOUCESTER** is 23 8 Miles in Circumference, contains ab<sup>t</sup> 800000 Acres, 3 Hundreds, 3 Boros & 27 M<sup>^</sup> Towns, 80 Par<sup>^</sup> & 6764 Houses. The Soil is generally very good, & as wholesome as any other Champs in England. The Soil is reputed extraordinary fruitful. Its chief Commodities are Corn, Wool, Iron, Steel, Timber, Bacon, &c. Its Manufacture, Cloathing, the Trade of Iron amounts to 500000 lb<sup>^</sup> Ann<sup>^</sup>, formerly Shap<sup>^</sup> of Cotswold have so fine a Wood, that of Spanish Strains, as said, came from a Present of Tudor<sup>^</sup> made of these Sheep to Alphonsus K<sup>^</sup> of Spain. This County pays to q<sup>^</sup> a Shill<sup>^</sup> Aid & 27 lbs. 6 s. The Lt<sup>^</sup> Lieutenant is of Noble Fam<sup>^</sup> Earl of Berkley. This County is Honourable, with giving Title of Duke to Frederic Lewis son to their Royal Highnesses the Prince & Princess of Wales.











# THE ROAD FROM TINMOUTH Com. NORTHUMB. to CARLISLE

in CUMBERLAND, Containing <sup>Comp.</sup> 56 & <sup>Meas.</sup> 69½ Miles -

from TINMOUTH							
to New Castle	Comp.	Meas.		to Chapelbourn	Comp.	Meas.	
Ovingham	7	9½		Corby	39	54½	
Hexham	15	21½		CARLISLE	46	64½	
Haltwiesel	23	31½			50	69½	
	33	46½					

The County of NORTHUMBERLAND is 95 Miles in Circumference, contains about 132000 Acres, has 6 Ports, 3 Boroughs, and 12 Market Towns & 6 Parishes, which are large many of them having Chappels of Ease & 20000 Houses. The Air is sharp & piercing. The Soil is rough hilly & hard to be manured in the Island, Part is daily improved. The Land on the Sea Coast is plain, & fruitful, 'Tis a County not so fruitful in Corn & Grass as others, but it makes amends for that partly by the great plenty of Coal that is shipped from hence to London & elsewhere which together with Lead, Iron & Fowls are its chief Commodities. Pays to the King a Tithill of 10000 £. & 8 s. The Lieutenant is the Rt Honble Richard B. of Scarborough.

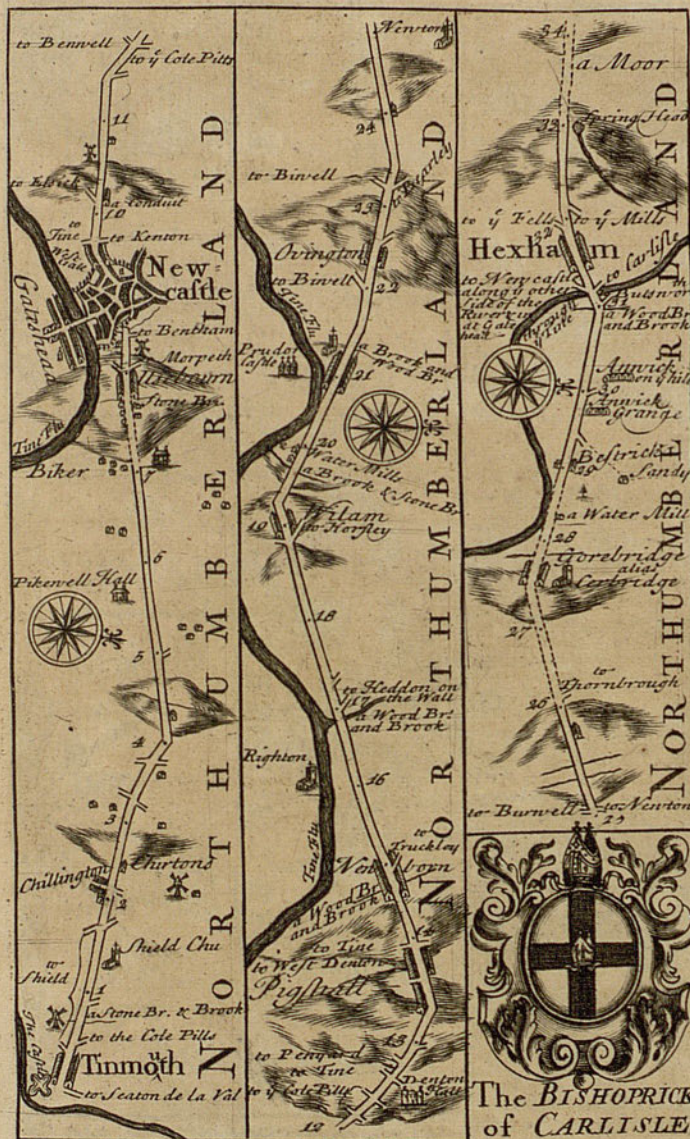
English Miles  
0 2 4 6 8 10 12

P. OF  
CUMBER-  
LAND

A MAP of  
NORTHUM-  
BERLAND







**Hexham**,  
 called by Bede  
 Haugustaldes by  
 Mr. Somner Ha-  
 gultaldesham;  
 is reckoned to be  
 the Alexadumit  
 of the Romans,  
 where the first Co-  
 hort of the Spani-  
 ard were in Gar-  
 nison. Lewis made  
 an Episcopate here  
 by Etheldreda  
 Wife of E. Egfrid  
 A.D. 674. It was  
 first of first Bp.  
 built in it a most  
 Magnificent Cath-  
 edral & Monastery  
 it was possessed by  
 12 Bps. successively  
 but being very much  
 injured by Danes,  
 & Sec. was removed  
 to York & the Town  
 is at present well  
 built enjoying a  
 pretty good Tillon  
 Sued for Corn &c.  
 And remarkable  
 for a very bloody  
 Battle fought near  
 it between York  
 & Lancast.  
 &c. where in the  
 latter were defeated  
 chiefly by extra-  
 ordinary conduct  
 & Bravery of L<sup>ts</sup>  
 Nevil & Montca-  
 ute, who was there  
 fore created L<sup>of</sup>  
 Northumberland  
 by R. E. d. 4.<sup>th</sup>  
 [at 31 34]

Contains two Parts in three of Cumberland, & about the like Quantity of  
 Westmorland. The Remainder of both these Countys being under the Jurisdic-  
 tion of the Bishop of Chester, excepting only 2 Parishes in that of Cumber-  
 land, which are in the Diocese of Durham. Value £ 531 4 9.  
 Seat Rose Castle in Cumberland.

Is of Northumberland, fortified against R. E. Will. Rufus but being very much distressed  
 by Siege, was obliged to retire to the adjoining Monastery as a Asylum. But there being  
 no Sanctuary for a Rebel he was taken thence and (as Camden has it) in a long and No-  
 vom duance justly suffered for his Treason.

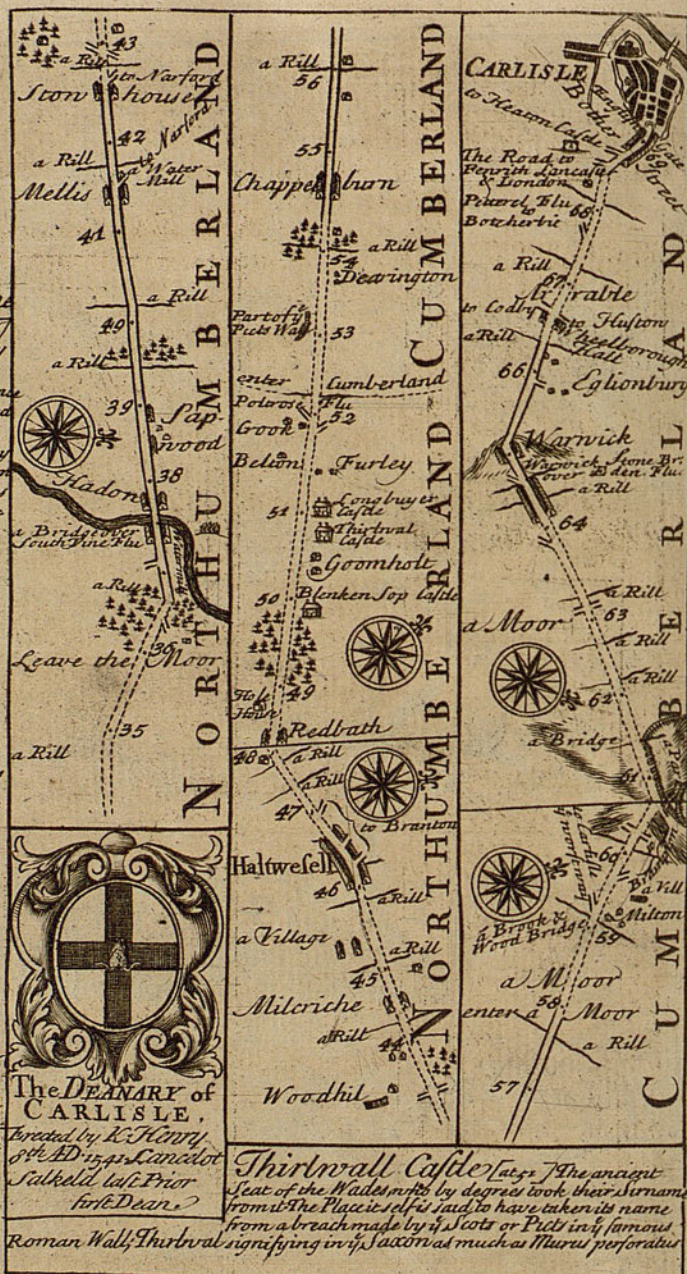
**Tinmouth**  
 Was in Old times  
 noted for its strong  
 Castle, which Rog-  
 er de Montbray



**Warwick Stone Bridge** [at 64 3/4]  
Was built not many years since at the joint & equal expense of the Salkefilds and Richmonds, two ancient and worthy Families in this County; out of a generous regard to the convenience & safety of Travellers.

**Blenkensop Castle** [at 50]  
The Old Seat of a family of the same Name.

**Haltwessel** [at 47]  
A Town furnished with good accommodations for Travellers.



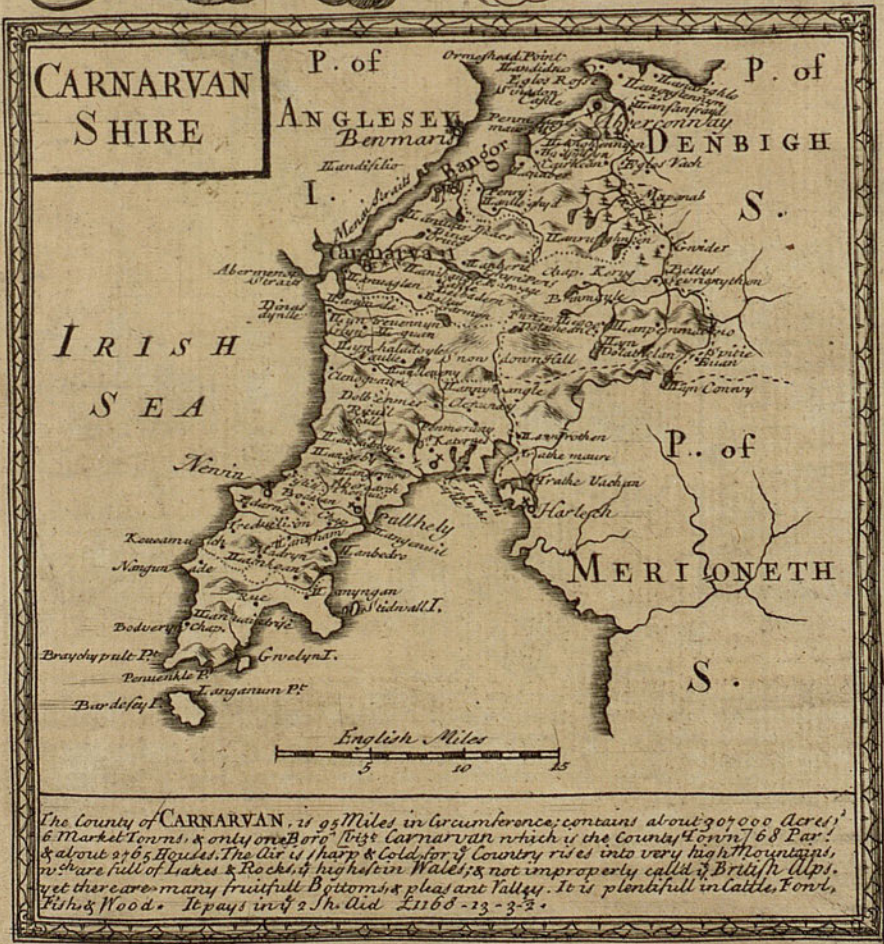




The Road from  
WELSHPOOL to CARNARVAN.

Containing 64 comp. & 82's meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From Welshpool	com mea		com mea
Llanvair	6 8 1/2	Llandura	37 47 1/2
Dinas Mowthly	20 26 1/5	Harlech	42 54 1/2
Dolge the	28 36 1/5	Dolbenmer	52 66 1/5
Carnarvan 64:82 1/2.			



The County of CARNARVAN, is 95 Miles in Circumference; contains about 90,000 Acres, 6 Market Towns, & only one Borough. Vizt Carnarvan which is the County Town 68 Par<sup>ishes</sup> & about 2705 Houses. The Air is sharp & Cold for the Country rises into very high Mountains, where are full of Lakes & Rocks, & high steep Walls; not improperly call'd British Alps, yet there are many fruitful Bottoms & places and Vallies. It is plentiful in Cattle, Fowl, Fish & Wood. It pays in 12 Sh. Aid L1168-13-3-2.

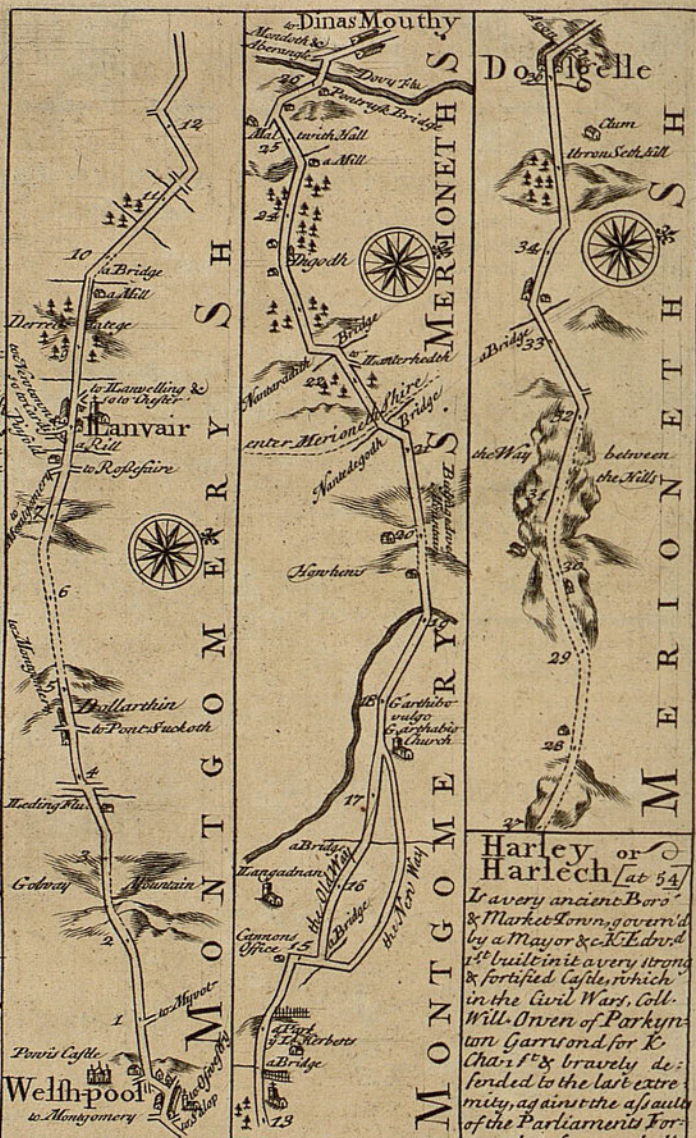


Dolgethe

or rather Döl-  
Gellhe, situate  
in a Woody Vale at  
the bottom of Ka-  
der Idaris Has a  
good Market on  
Tues. day for Welch  
Cottons Provisions  
&c. & some Comō-  
dious Inns for Tra-  
vellers. [at 36]

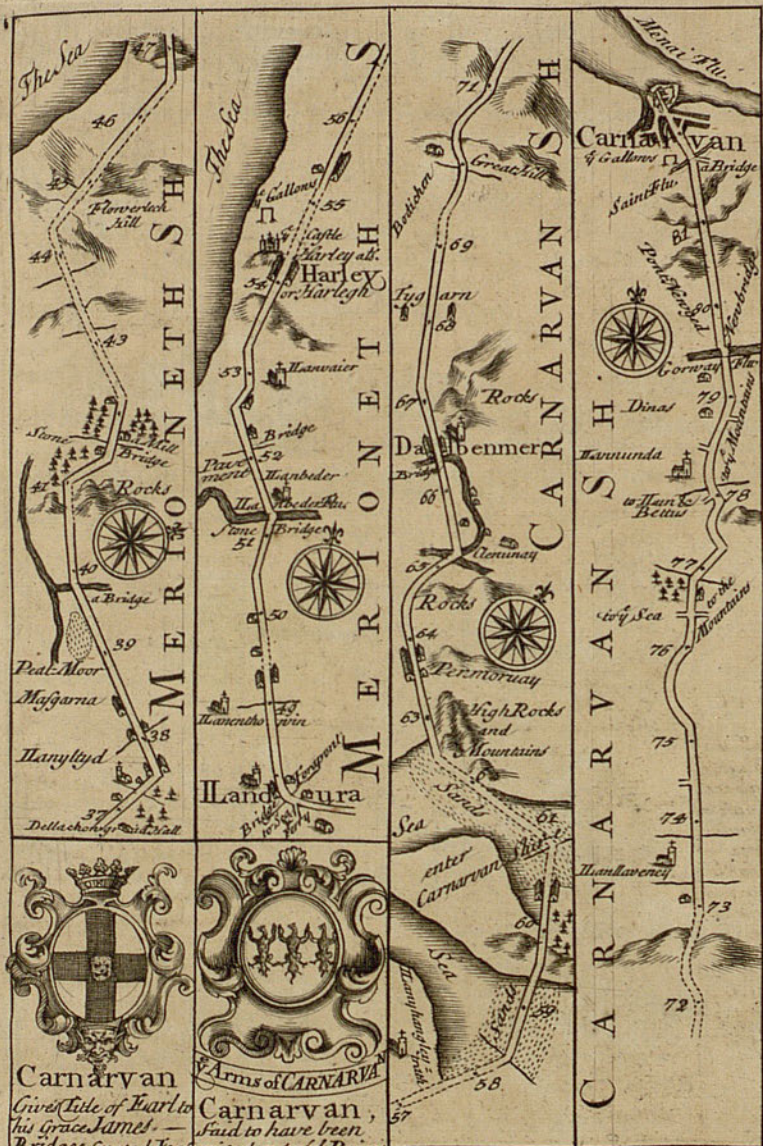
*Welsh Pool*

Situate on a Lake  
govern'd by Bayliff  
having a good Castle  
large enough to  
contain two mile  
of Reddish Stone —  
Call'd Ponris Castle  
Marketon Monday  
Over against it is —  
Buttington —  
where the Danes  
Winter'd & from —  
whence they were  
driven by Adbered  
Earl of Mercia



mantled it. The Constable of this Castle is also by Patent allways Mayor of the Town - And here the Assizes, for the County are held. 'Tis credibly reported that in the Year 1692, a Fury Exhalation was seen to Crook the Sea, & to set Fire to the Ricks of Hay, Corn, and Barns, near Hurlech, and to infect the Grap, but was not much duevout to Men, though they were in the midst of it. It proceeded in the Night from the same Place, for some Months, commonly on Saturdays, or Sundays. The only Remedy to extinguish or drive it away was to sound Horns, Trumpets, or discharge Guns.





Carnaryan

Given Title of Earl to  
 his Grace James. —  
 Bridges, Granted Is of  
 Carnarvan, & Duke of  
 Chandor by his Pre-  
 sent Majesty King  
 George. Chief Seat  
 at Cannons near Edg-  
 worth in Middle-  
 sex, a Noble Palace.  
 Walton Castle in Here-  
 fordsh. & Akeley in  
 Gloucestersh.

Carnarvan.

said to have been  
 raised off by Ruin  
 of Old Segontium  
 Constantine & Gre  
 of year 1283. It is d  
 red it to be interrid  
 with Walls & a Cast  
 first Prince of Wal  
 And here I succeedi  
 chequer, & Courts  
 of Castle is all ways  
 & there are subordi  
 & 7<sup>th</sup> at Maze &c. It  
 Fair on July 30<sup>th</sup>



The Road from

## YORK to LANCASTER

Containing 68 comp. &amp; 88 7/8 miles

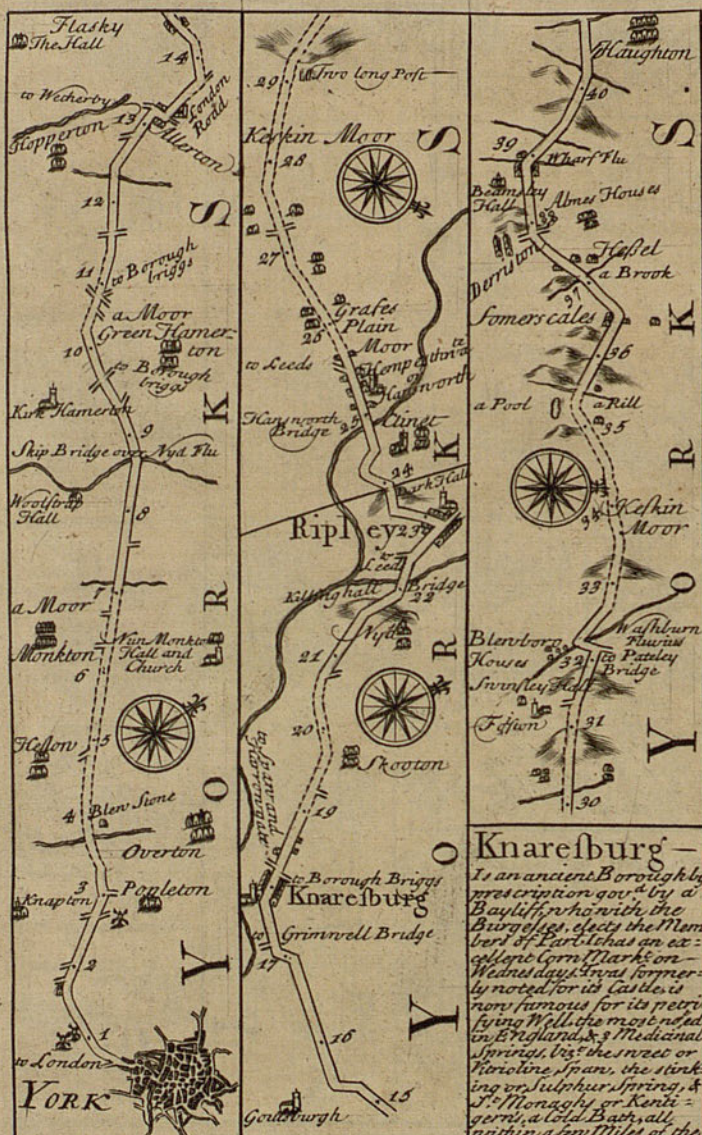
Allerton	10 13	Coniston	40 52
Knaresbrough	14 28	Settle	46 60 2
Ripley	28 23	Gresby	53 69
Boulton	30 38 7	Hornby	67 79
Skipton	35 45	Lancaster	68 88 7/8



LANCA SHIRE, Is 170 Miles in Circumference, contains about 115000 Acres, 6 Hundreds, 27 Market Towns, whereof 5 send Memb<sup>r</sup>s to Parlt. 61 Parishes, besides several Chapels of Ease, and about 202 Houses. — The Air is serene and sharp; & Soil divers, if Moorish part is not very fruitful, but if County in general is well stored with all sorts of Provisions. The chief Corns are Oats, Cattle, Oxen especially those of this County, and those of Somerset sh. are of large size in England. Fowl, Fish particularly Char a Fish not to be found elsewhere but in Lakes Water, in Cumberland Flax and Pit Coal, which is not only for fuel but also for making curious Glass, little known to most. The chief Manufacture is Woollen Cloth, Cottons and Ticks. It pays in the 17th & 18th 27-3.

English Miles  
2 4 6 8 10





**Giggleswick**  
 Was noted formerly for  
 several small springs;  
 Ebbing & flowing all  
 most every quarter of an  
 Hour. [at 6]

**Settle** [at 69]  
 Has a good M<sup>on</sup> Tuesday.

**Ripley** [at 25]  
 Is noted for being the  
 birthplace of Geo:  
 Ripley, who after a  
 great many experi-  
 ments & 20 years study  
 in Italy & other parts  
 is said to have found out  
 the Philosophers Stone  
 & to have carried it  
 to the Knights of  
 Malta to carry on the  
 War against the Turks  
 as appears by a Record  
 in the Island M<sup>on</sup>  
 Friday.

**Knaresburg**—  
 Is an ancient Borough by  
 prescription gov<sup>d</sup> by a  
 Bayliff, who with the  
 Burgesses, elects the Mem-  
 bers of Parli<sup>am</sup> has an ex-  
 cellent Corn Market on  
 Wednesdays & was former-  
 ly noted for its Castle, is  
 now famous for its peo-  
 fying Well, the most noted  
 in England, & 3 Medicinal  
 Springs, viz<sup>t</sup> the snice or  
 Pindoline Spring, the stink-  
 ing or Sulphur Spring, &  
 St. Monaghys or Kent-  
 germs, a Cold Bath, all  
 within a few Miles of the  
 Town.

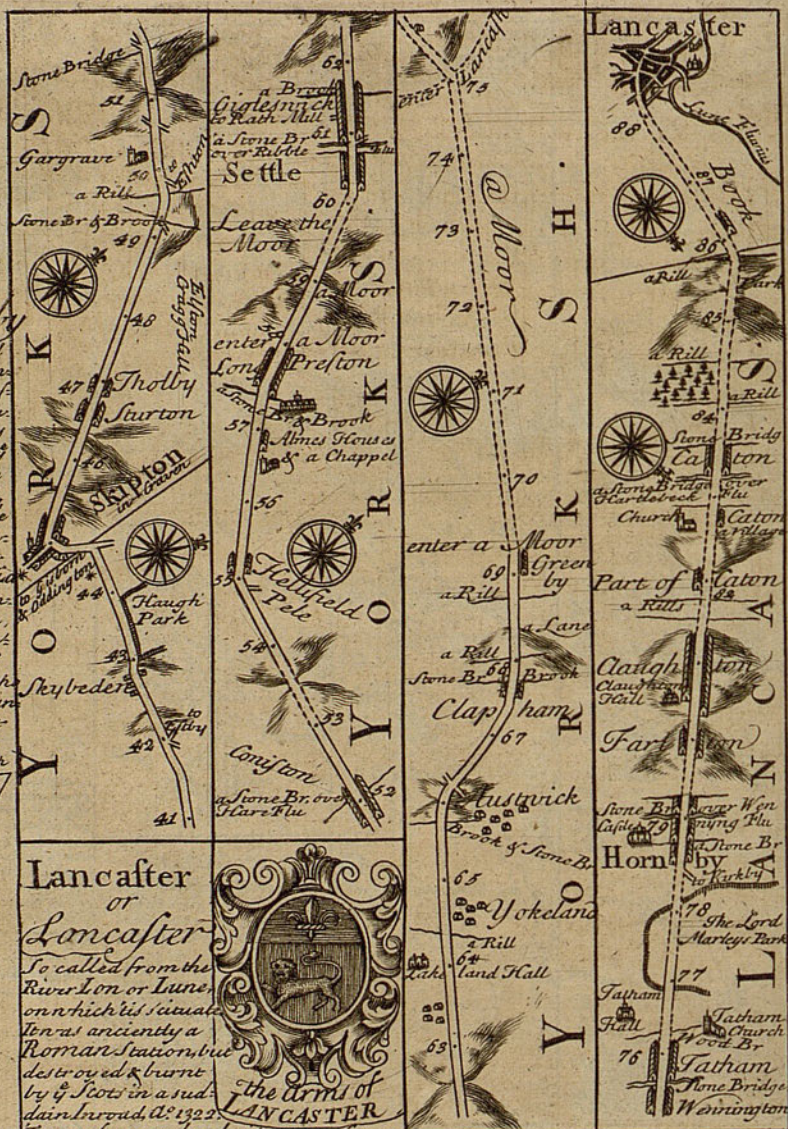
**Allerton** [at 13]  
 The ancient Seat of  
 the Mallivers called in  
 old Records Male-  
 porpury.

The adjacent Fields afford great plenty of Liguorice. The ancient & pos-  
 all Family of Spellingbys have been Hereditary Rangers of Knare to  
 rough Forest ever since the Reign of R. Edw<sup>3</sup> of whom Sir Henry Spellingby  
 was beheaded for his Loyalty to K. Cha<sup>1</sup>.



# Hornby

Has a good  
Moor Mon-  
day. Its Cas-  
tle now ru-  
inous, was  
formerly  
Seat of the  
Stanleys,  
Barons de  
Monte-A-  
quila, or  
Mounthead  
gle descend-  
ed from  
Thos. Stan-  
ley, Es. of  
Derby, who  
was advan-  
ced to that  
Honor by  
K. Hen. 4.  
[at 79]



Lancaster

or  
Lancaster

So called from the  
River Lon or Lune,  
on which it is situated.  
It was anciently a  
Roman station, but  
destroyed & burnt  
by the Scots in a sud-  
dain brood, A. 1322.  
It was afterwards rebuilt near a Green  
Hill, & hence called by the Britains Caer-Werid. It was incorporated by K. Hen.  
& confirmed by many succeeding Kings & Queens, consists of a Mayor, Recorder,  
7 Aldermen, 2 Bayliffs, 12 Capital Burgesses, 12 Common Burgesses, a Town-Clerk, &  
a Serjeant at Mace. Members for Parli. are elected by a Majority of 4 Freeman. It has 2  
M<sup>ts</sup> Weekly, Wedn. & Thurs. & Sac. by Prescription, & a fortnight Fair on Wedn. thro:  
the year for all sorts of Cattle, with 3 Fairs yearly viz: April 20<sup>th</sup>, June 24<sup>th</sup>, &  
Sept. 20<sup>th</sup>. There is a Castle of great antiquity, where 600000 are kept, & a fair Church  
upon the Hill.



The Arms of  
LANCASTER



# The Roads from YORK to WEST CHESTER, &c.

Containing 74:40 comp. & 106:4:55:4 meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

From York comm mea		Rochdale. .40	55	From Manchester to	
Tadcaster. .8	9'6	Manchester.48	67'6	Stopford. .5	6'4
Thorner. .14	27'7	Eccles. .52	72'3	Shanrafs. .13	17'4
Leeds. .20	25	Warrington.62	86'2	Buckston. .18	23'2
Burthal. .25	32	Frodsham.68	95'6	Brassington. .30	39'4
Ealand. .30	40'2	Chester. .74	106	Weston Underwood.	20:40
			4	DERBY.40:55:4	

## A MAP OF CHE-SHIRE

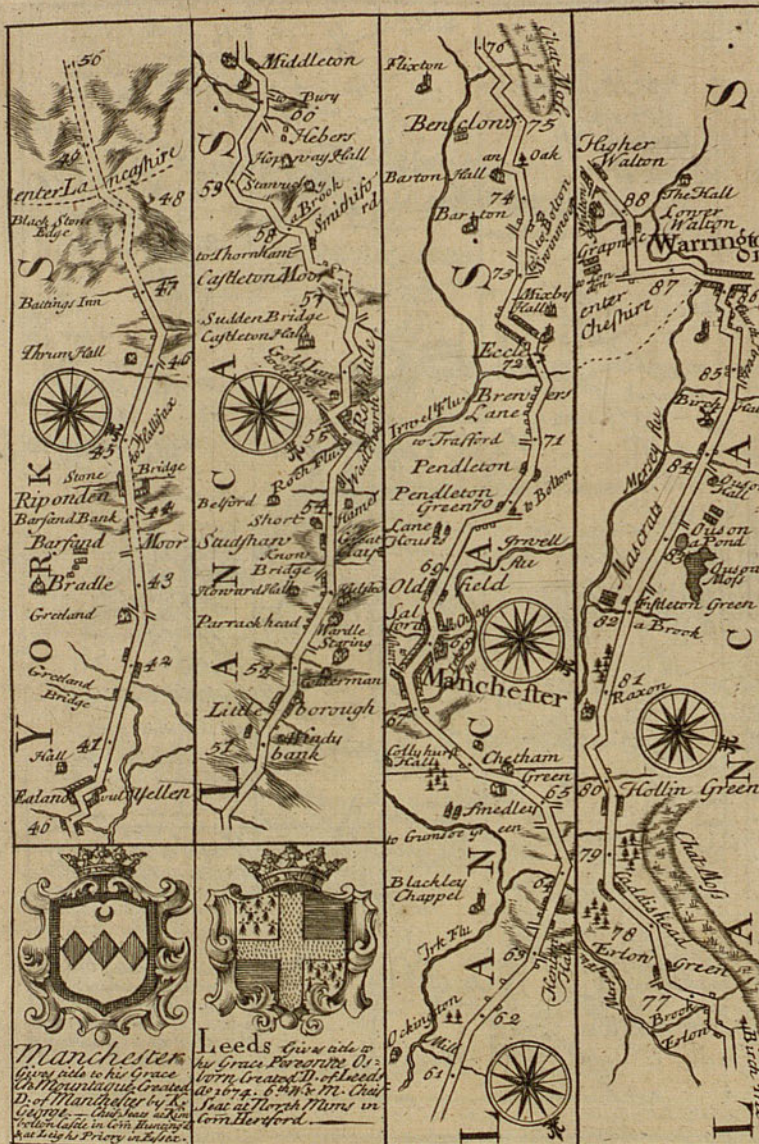


CHE-SHIRE is 112 Miles in Circumference, contains about 724,000 Acres, is divided into 7 Hundreds, in which are 12 Market Towns; the City of Chester only has 12 Representatives in Parliament, and about 2200 Houses. The City is wholly built of Stone, is finer for Culture than Corn, but yields nevertheless all manner of English Grain. The Men of this County are esteemed the chief of Men for strength. The County are here very numerous, and eminent for an agreeable valley, and the principal towns generally of large ground, and lie on the borders of Lancashire and Derbyshire, where the hills divide it from those Counties. It has several Woods, and Forests to the chief are Delamere and Macclesfield Forests, and such a number of Parks that almost every Gentleman has one adjacent to his House. The Grass of this County has a peculiar good quality, so that they make great store of Cheesemore, and better selling than that of any other part of England, and other Cattle are bred, such as the North Devon, Friesian, Pays in a Sh. and L. 12299-12-11.









Manchester

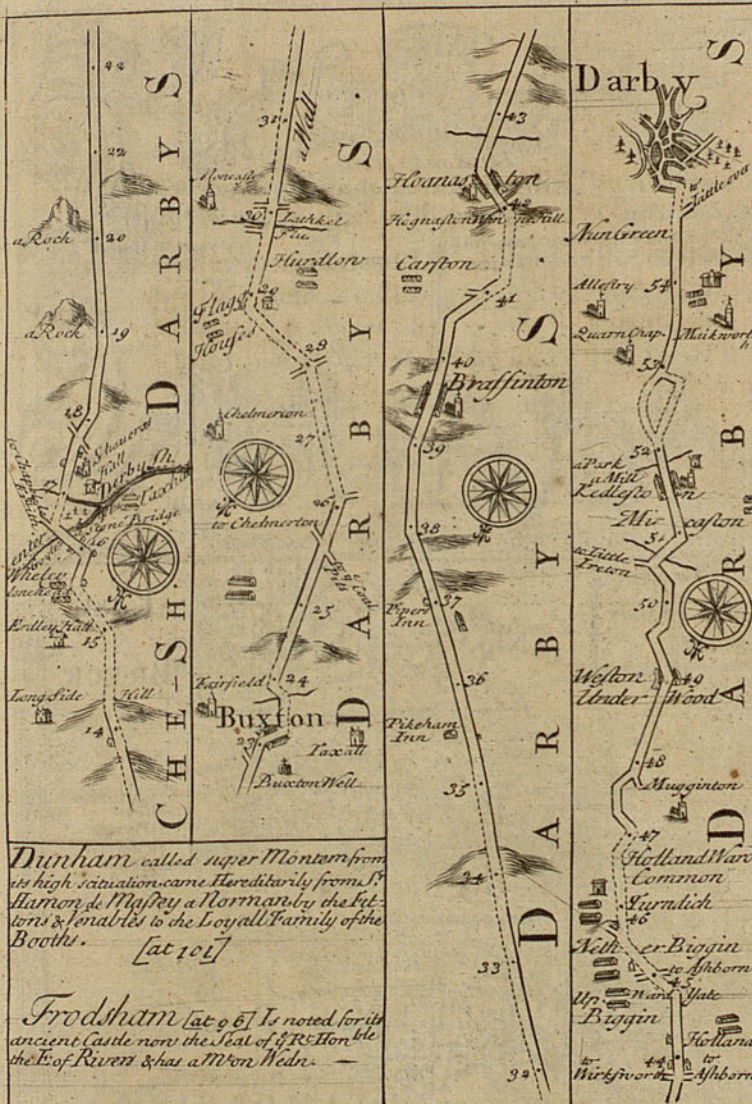
The Mancu-  
nium or Man-  
chester, —  
is an inland  
town, neither  
Port Borough  
nor Corp. is at  
this day one  
of the largest  
and most tra-  
ding in the  
North of Eng-  
land, being  
very noted  
for its Cottons  
or Wools, and  
various other  
Mancu-  
nium pictures  
known by the  
Name of Man-  
chester Wares. Its  
population  
was many  
years ago,  
that about  
20000 Com-  
municants were  
computed in  
the township  
Parish, its lo-  
cal Church  
built in the  
year 1222 is a  
very large &  
stately Fabric,  
the Choir ad-  
orned with  
very curious  
carved Work.  
It is also re-  
markable for  
its College, &  
founded ori-  
ginally by Tho-  
mas de la Ware  
(Ad 1221) who  
had been for-  
merly Rector  
of 3 Parishes,  
and succeed-  
ed to the Honor  
by the death  
of his Brother,  
dissolved in  
the reign of  
Ed. 6<sup>th</sup>. The  
College House

& Lands seized to the Crown, and aliened to the Ab. of Derby. But afterwards re-founded by 2<sup>d</sup> Mar. founded  
anew by 2<sup>d</sup> Eliz. & last of all by K. Charles, who also incorp. & gave it the Name of 3<sup>d</sup> Warden & Fellows of Christs Coll.  
in Manchester, constituting therein a Warden & Fellows, & Chaplains & singing Men, as many Choristers. The Hosp.  
also well deserves notice, founded by Humph. Cheetham Esq. & incorp. by K. Charles. The Founder endowed it  
in 1567 with 2000<sup>l</sup>. & design'd it for only 40 Boys, to be admitted between 6 & 10, maintain'd w<sup>th</sup> Meat Drink  
Lodging & Cloaths, & taught to write & read to 14, then bound Apprentices to some honest trade, but if good  
faithfull Governors having improv'd it yearly revenue to upwards of 500, there are now nearly 400  
Boys provided for in it. The liberal Founder has also annexed to it a very fine Library, rich in  
every kind of usefull & curious Books, & allowing the Library Keeper a competent salary.  
The last thing observ'd in this town is of eminent Free school founded by D<sup>r</sup> Hugh Oldham B<sup>r</sup> of Exeter,  
Ad 1510, where now belongs 3 Masters, who have all very handsome salaries, & 50 Foundation Boys, certain  
had Exhibitions or Scholarships for their maintenance at 3 Universities. There is a very considerable M<sup>n</sup> Lat.









*Dunham* called *super Montem* from its high situation came Hereditarily from *St. Hamon* & *Massey* a Norman by the titles & tenables to the Loyall Family of the Booths. [at 107]

*Frodsham* [at 96] Is noted for its ancient Castle now the Seat of *the Rt. Hon. ble* the *Earl of Rivers* & has a *Mon. Med.*

**Buxton** —  
Where on *the right hand* under a fair Stone building erected by *the Rt. Hon. ble* *the Earl of Shrewsbury*, arise Springs cut of a Rock within *the compass* of 8 Yards in *the* 8 — are warm & the other very cold. These at 6 Paces from their rise receive another hot Springs & a little further a Cold one. These Waters are reckoned very good in many cases & blown afords convenient Lodgings for all Persons according to their Quality. Buxton Wells being one of *the* Wonders of *the* Peak. We here take opportunity of briefly mentioning *the* *same* among *the* *same* renowned *Chatsworth House*, *the* most noble & curious Seat of his Grace of Devon, showing nothing of *the* Peak but its situation & being chiefly admirable for its rare Architecture, fine Paintings & *the* performance of ingenious Artists.

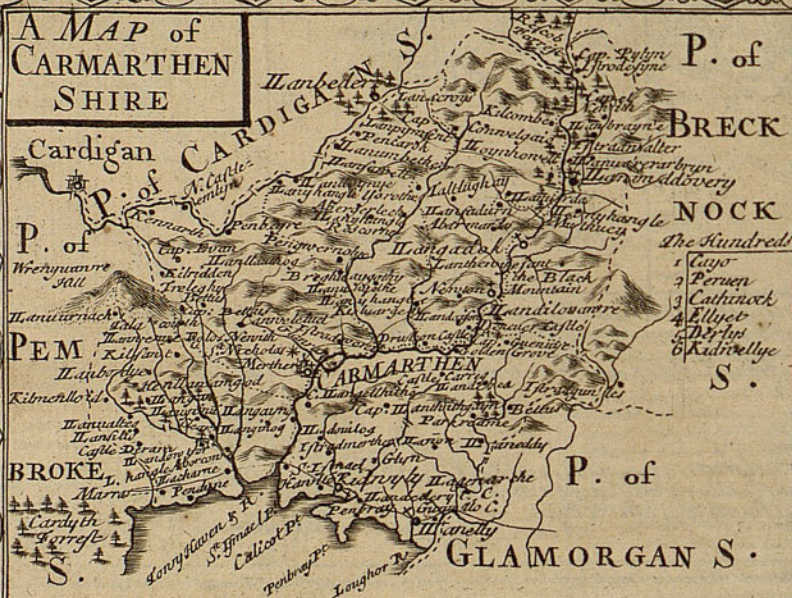
that Mountain has little right to claim it as one of its own Wonders. The 5<sup>th</sup> Wonder is *Eden-hole*, a vast & terrible Chasm at *the* Yards in breadth & 12 in length reputed a bottomless Abyss. *Mr. Cotton* of *Port* [who has ingeniously described this Mountain] out of curiosity let down a Line of 82 yds in order to find *the* depth but could not reach any ground with his Plummet upon drawing it up it appeared that it had sunk 80 yds in Water. The *Earl of Leicester* in 2 Eliz. time sent down a Man in a basket to enquire into *the* Nature of this Hole, who being let down 200 yds *the* length of *the* Rope, & taken up again, with expectation of wonderful discoveries, found *nothing* in a short time of *the* way of *the* Phrenzy. The 4<sup>th</sup> Wonder is *the* Mountain called *Mam Tor*, near *Castleton*, which almost perpetually showing down great quantities of Earth & Stones, & has so continued for many Ages unto *the* surprise of many Persons without being at all visibly diminished. The 3<sup>rd</sup> is *Weeding Wall* or *Tydes Wall*, a Spring that ebbs & flows like *the* Sea, where *the* Tradition goes *the* Pool by some held to be a Devil by others an Hermit formerly resided. The 6<sup>th</sup> is *Pool Hole*, a vast & subterraneous Cavern wherein a petrifying Water dropping from *the* Arched Rocks has accidentally produced several strange Figures & shapes. The 7<sup>th</sup> & last Wonder is *the* Devil's Arse or Peaks Arse, a subterraneous Cavern likewise much of *the* same Nature w<sup>ch</sup> *Pool Hole*. *Mr. Holst* as noted a Man for learning & ingenuity, as his abuse of both had *the* curiosity narrowly to view this Mountain, & has described very elegantly in Latin Verse as *Mr. Cotton* has likewise done in English Verse.



The Roads from  
Carmarthen to Cardigan to Llandebar & to Aberistwith  
Containing 18:20:15 com. & 26:27:7:23 $\frac{1}{4}$  mea. Miles

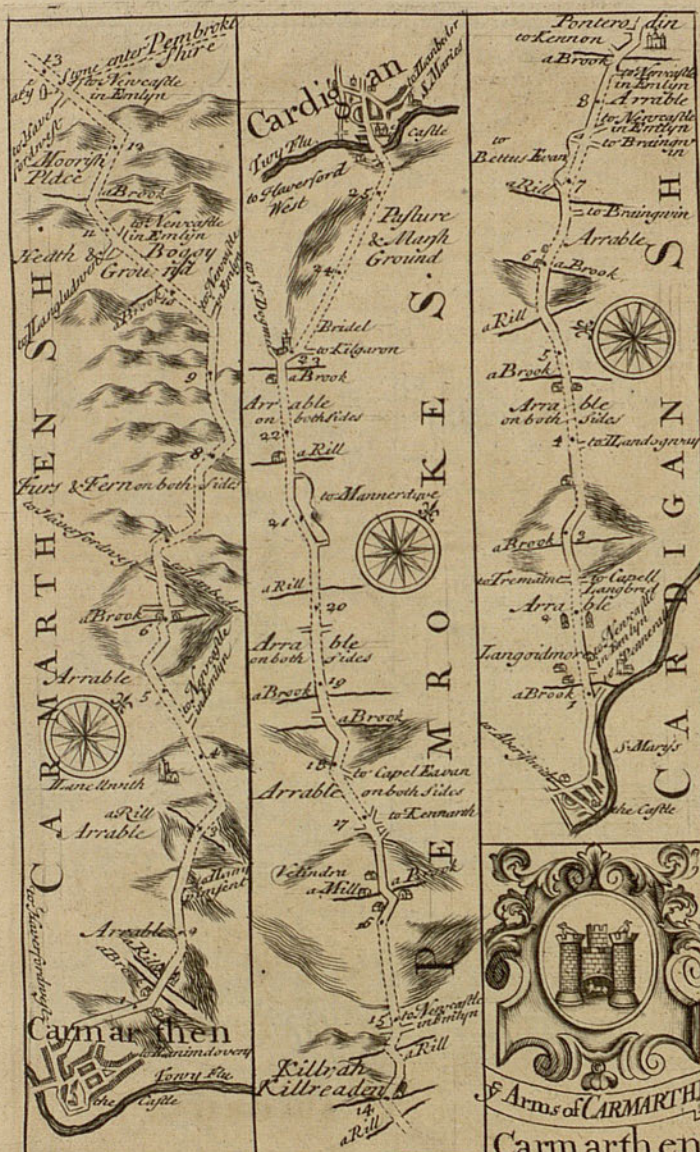
From Carmarthen com mea		com mea	
Kilvah Kilreaden	14	Llandeber.	20 27 $\frac{1}{2}$
to Cardigan	18 26	Tallafavern	5 7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tredraier	8 20	Llanrusted	10 15 $\frac{1}{2}$
Red Owen	14 18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Aberistwith	15 23 $\frac{1}{4}$

# A MAP of CARMARTHEN SHIRE



The County of CARMARTHEN is 100 Miles in Circumference, contains about 70000 Acres, is divided into 6 hundred, in which are 8 Towns, 87 Parishes, and abt 5450 Houses. The Air is generally very good in the home & mild, & is not so Mountainous & steep as in other Counties, here being many Level plains, loaded with Corn, affording excellent Pasture, having several pleasant & rich Meadows, the Commodities are Corn, Cattle, & almon, & of large size Wood, Pile Coal, & best Lead. This County pays to S. & N. Aid £2105-0-3 $\frac{1}{4}$ .

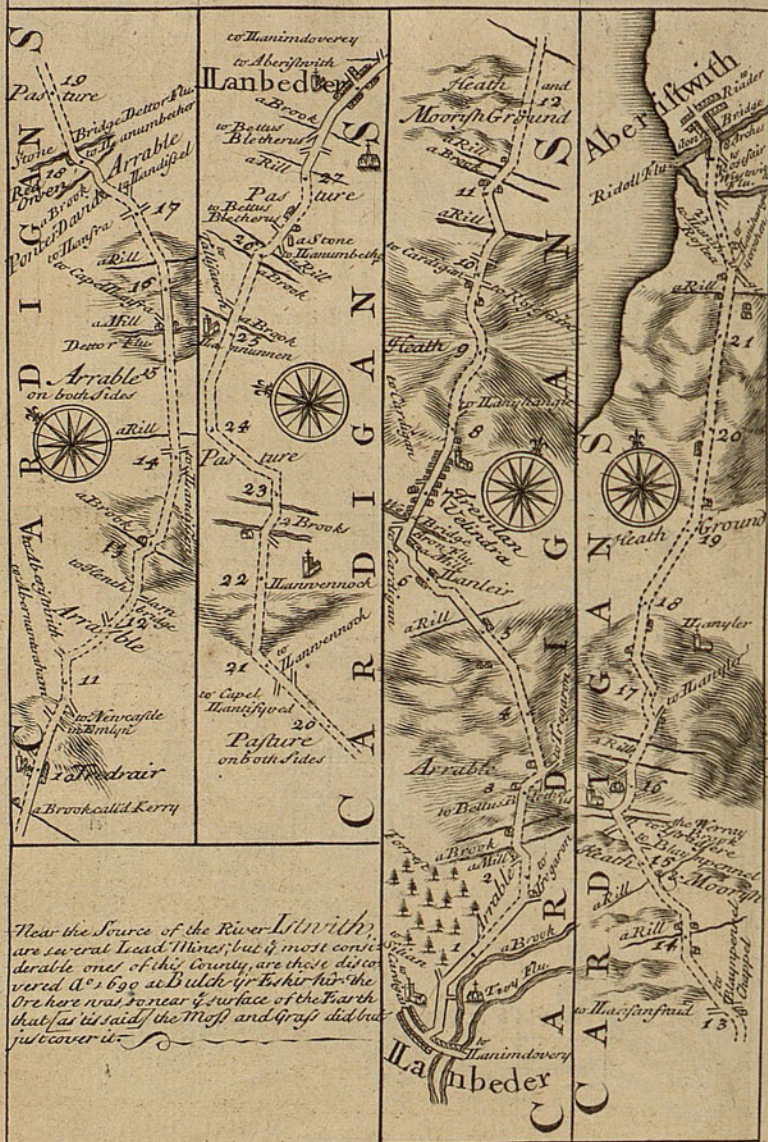




It is a Fair & Populous Town, & of good report; situate on Navigable Towy, with a very commodious Key for small Vessels. It is plentifully supplied with Salmon, & other Fish, from the said River, & with Flesh, Fowl, &c. from the Country adjacent, at a very reasonable rate. It had formerly Walls, & a very Strong Castle, which were repaired with considerable Additions, by Gilbert de Clare, for the defence of the Town; which had been often besieged, & burnt by the Welsh Princes Gruffydd ap Rhys, & his Brother Rhys. The Corporation sends a Member to Parliament, who consists of a Mayor, 2 Sheriffs, & 1 Ald., a Town Clerk, five Beers, & 20 Serjeants at Mace. Here flourished the famous British Merlin, in 1200 who for his extraordinary Learning in those times, & some Skill in the Mathematicks, was reputed a Prophet, or Magician. M<sup>o</sup> Wedn. & Sat. Fairs Aug. 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> Sept. 2<sup>nd</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> & Nov. 1<sup>st</sup> & 12<sup>th</sup>

See M<sup>o</sup> spurning lead to Kildaron, a place formerly famous for a battle, - built by Geraldus, in the 11<sup>th</sup> made President of the County by Kildar. The town is situated on the River Towy is noted for its excellent Salmon. For the River here falling headlong, makes a very famous Salmon Leap, the Salmon making up from the bottom of the shallows of the River and coming to this leap, leaps over their tails to their mouths, and sometimes they may leap with greater strength than in their teeth, then up on disengaging themselves from their bodies, with a certain violence, they cast themselves from the water, up to a great height, even to the admiration of the Spectators.





Near the Source of the River Ilwaco,  
are several Lead Mines; but of most con-  
siderable ones of this County, are those dis-  
covered A<sup>d</sup> 1690 at Bulch-yr-Baker-hut.  
One here was so near the surface of the Earth  
that far as said, the Moss and Grass did but  
just cover it.

The River *Ridoll* springs at the Foot of *Plymilton* Hill - which terminate the North part of the County, and pours forth besides this, these a Noble River the *Savern* & *Wye*



*The Roads from*  
**Chelmsford to St Edmunds Bury &c**  
*Containing 35:22 com. & 43:3:273 mea. Miles.*

to Braintry . . . 9	22	Lavenham . . . . . 26	31'6
Sudbury . . . 22	25'2	St Edmunds Bury 35	43'3
From Chelmsford to Dunmow . . . . . 10	12'6		
Thaxted . . . 16	19 6	Saffron Walden 22	27'3



**A MAP of**  
**ESSEX**



- The Hundred's*
1. Braintree
  2. Braintree
  3. Braintree
  4. Braintree
  5. Braintree
  6. Braintree
  7. Braintree
  8. Braintree
  9. Braintree
  10. Braintree
  11. Braintree
  12. Braintree
  13. Braintree
  14. Braintree
  15. Braintree
  16. Braintree
  17. Braintree
  18. Braintree
  19. Braintree
  20. Braintree

The County of **ESSEX** is 146 Miles in Circumference; contains 124000 Acres, is divided into 20 Hundreds, has 27 Market Towns, 3 of which send Members to Parliament; Parish, and about 9000 Houses. — The Air is temperate, but toward the Sea and Thames moist, and low; the Soil in some places is so rich that after 3 years bearing it affords it will bear good Barley for almost 20 years together; the richest dung in this County produceth abundance of Corn, Little Wood is left, and Fish is not taken in the County, but in the River; the County pays to the Lord of the Manor 100000 lb. of Silver; the County gives title to 5 Noble Will Capel created Earl of Essex Apr. 20. 1661. 173 Car. 2. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.





Lavenham  
Hqs a fair Church &  
Steeple, & a good M<sup>n</sup>  
on Thurd.  
[at 32]



Arms of SUDBURY  
Sudbury

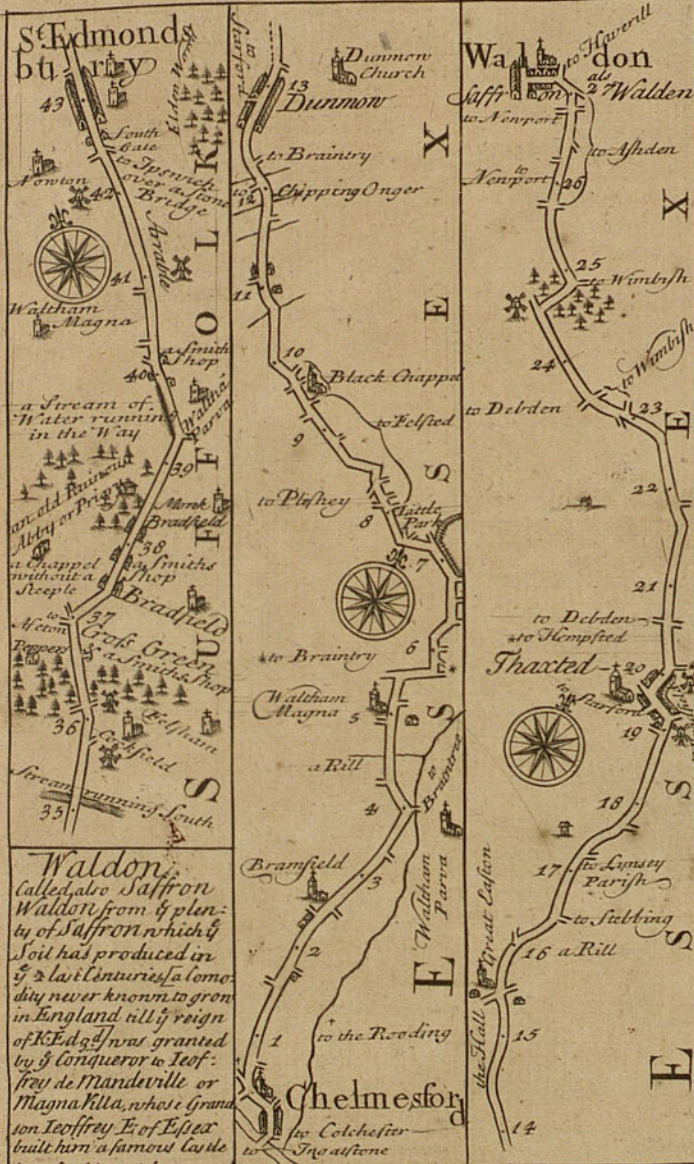
ve. the Southern  
Borough, is suppo-  
sed to have been for-  
merly the Shire Town  
& to have had its Name  
given in with respect  
to Normich & the  
Northern Kill. It still  
retains a preemi-  
nence in Ecclesiasti-  
cal Jurisdiction, the  
County being divided  
into 2 Archdeacons  
of Suffolk & Sudbury.  
The Corporation is very  
ancient by Chartrecon-  
sent of 12 May 1286. &  
other Old & Com Town  
Men a Record of Bay-  
liff Comm Clerk Ser-  
at Place the Month  
of Parl are decayed by  
& Freeman at large in  
1286 1290 & There are 3  
Par. Ch in 4 Towns  
chief Trade is in Wool-  
len Manufacture Till  
for all manner of  
Provisions, & Fair 12 Mar-  
ch June 20 & 21 Bar-  
tholomew 24 Aug 24

[illegible]

Braintry [at 11]

[illegible]





**Thaxted**  
 Is a Town of 1000 & was incorp<sup>d</sup> by K. Phil. and 2 Mary, by the name of the Mayon Bayliffe, & Common<sup>ty</sup> of Town of Thaxted. 2 Eliz. & 16 Jas<sup>1</sup> confirmed and enlarg'd its pri- villages, so that 'tis now govern'd by a Mayor who is of 6 Quorum within of liberty and Borow a Record; 3 Bayliffe, and abt 20 chev Bur- gess; 1 Men Frid Fair on Lamas-day. [at 20]

**Dunmow**  
 Supposed by some to be of Cesaromagus of Romans, or other place at Burn- wood abt Burgh- ted or at Chelmsford is a very ancient T<sup>n</sup> and as appears by Conquerors survey was partly held by Rich<sup>d</sup> Fitz Gislebert Es of Briar in Nor- mandy and partly by Sventus of Essex, who both assist'd & conquer'd in obtai- ning this Kingdom. It is at present gov<sup>d</sup> by 12 Headboroughs and 2 Bayliffe or chev Officers cho- sen out of them yearly; enjoys a good Market on Sat for Corn &c. & Fairs on Apr. 25, and Oct. 28<sup>th</sup>. [at 13]

**Walden**  
 Called also Saffron Walden from the plen- ty of Saffron which Soil has produced in 12 last Centuries a com- dity never known to grow in England till the reign of K. Ed. 3<sup>d</sup> was granted by the Conqueror to Iosif: frey de Mandeville or Magna Killa, whose Grand- son Iosifrey Es of Essex built him a famous Castle here for his residence, and a religious House which was at first a Priory, afterw<sup>d</sup> an Abbey of Benedictines 12136, and by K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> upon its dissolution granted to his Chancellor Sir Tho. Audley afterw<sup>d</sup> Baron of Walden, whose Grandson Thosson to 3 D of Norfolk by Margaret his Daughter created Es of Suffolk by K. La<sup>1</sup> & then LA Chamberlain, erected a very stately Fabrick out of its ruins, giving it the Name of Aud- ley End, which is still remains: It was once by much the largest Pallace of any in England, & one Court of it which is all that now remains, affords a present very noble Mansion to the R<sup>e</sup> Hon<sup>ble</sup> Es of Suffolk This Town was incorporated by K. Ed. 6<sup>th</sup> and is gov<sup>d</sup> by a Mayor & 24 Ald- out of whom is yearly chosen a Treasurer or chev Officer, and a Chamberlains his Assistants. It has a plentiful Market on Saturd. and a Fair on Oct. 28<sup>th</sup>.









**Maldon** *La Bo*  
 rough Town of very great  
 Antiquity consisting of 3  
 Parishes Alderney, a New  
 and Record, 1, a Capital  
 Burgh and Common Bur  
 ghes, in Number about  
 400 who have all Votes  
 in electing the Members  
 of Parl. The Town being  
 situate on an Eminence  
 near the Sea has a conve  
 nient Port for 3 ships of  
 about 200 Tons, and car  
 ries on a good Trade in  
 Goods from Spaldergrove, &c.  
 March 25, 1701, and  
 Sept 18, 1701, I had formerly  
 3 Parishes Churches,  
 has now but 2, a little  
 beyond is Black Water  
 Bay, famous for  
 plenty of Wal-fish, in Oct  
 bers, so much in request.  
 Here is a Free School  
 a Library and 20 settled  
 on a Library, kept by  
 the Gift of Dr. Tho. Plumbe  
 a Native of this place  
 who also gave 2000 l.  
 to the poor of this Town  
 200 to build y<sup>e</sup> Work  
 house and abt 1000 for  
 establishing a Trade of  
 Weaving Sackcloth &c

**Raleigh** [at 12 1/2]  
 Is an ancient Town, and  
 has belonging to it a Court  
 Leet, and Baron with gr<sup>t</sup>  
 Privileges. M<sup>rs</sup> on 15<sup>th</sup>

**Stock** [at 5]  
 Here is a memorable  
 Monument erected in y<sup>e</sup>  
 Church over y<sup>e</sup> Body of  
 one M<sup>r</sup> Thredy, who  
 built 1000 houses in 16<sup>th</sup>

**Billerica** [at 8]  
 Is a considerable Town,  
 having a very plentiful  
 M<sup>rs</sup> on Tuffer, Rom. 15, & a  
 Fair on July 21<sup>st</sup>

**Gravesend**  
 Is an ancient Town, 10  
 owned by a Mayor, Wardens,  
 having a plentiful M<sup>rs</sup> Wain  
 & Stock a Fair on Oct 1<sup>st</sup> In y<sup>e</sup>  
 Reign of K<sup>ing</sup> Richard 1<sup>st</sup> French  
 to make Repairs up on the  
 English side the River was com  
 mitted by their Army in  
 France, under y<sup>e</sup> L<sup>ord</sup> M<sup>ar</sup>l



**Arms of CANTERBURY**

a City of great Antiquity & famed said to have been built by Radduridibras or said  
 Radduridibras a British King about 600 years before our Saviour. It is a Town & County  
 of it self by Charter 26<sup>th</sup> Henry 4<sup>th</sup> consisting of a Mayor Recorder 12 Aldermen a Sher  
 riff 24 Coadjutors men a Mace & Sword Bearer & 4 Sergeants at Mace, 14 Parishes  
 Churches besides a very stately Cathedral founded by Lucius 1<sup>st</sup> first Christian King in  
 Britain in which Lye interred Henry 4<sup>th</sup> & Edw. 4<sup>th</sup> Black Prince. In y<sup>e</sup> Guild  
 Hall of this City is held a Court on Monday Weekly for all Civil & Criminall Cases of a  
 Secular Nature & Righting Grievances & deciding Differences between Party and Party  
 & every other Tuesday a Court of Burghmote for y<sup>e</sup> good Government of the City.  
 came up y<sup>e</sup> Thames with their ships, & burnt & plundered this & several other Towns. K<sup>ing</sup> Hen. 6<sup>th</sup> being sensible how necessary  
 y<sup>e</sup> County of England was, such insult, raised Fortifications in several places & among y<sup>e</sup> rest 2 Platforms at Gravesend  
 & Milton & 2 opposite on y<sup>e</sup> S<sup>th</sup> side [at 22]

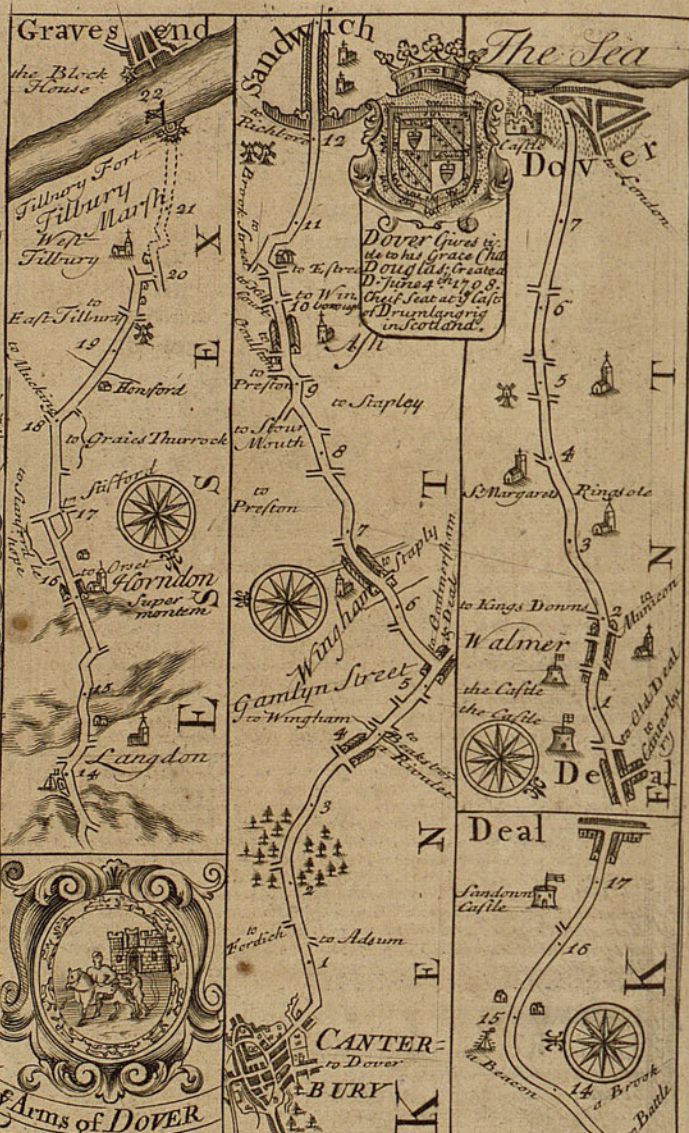




Sandwich  
Gives Tith. to y<sup>e</sup> Noble Edm<sup>d</sup>  
Mountague Created B<sup>e</sup>  
of Sandwich ye July 12<sup>th</sup>  
1660 12 Car 2<sup>d</sup> — Thief  
Shot at Blinchingbrook in  
Com Huntingdon



**Sandwich**  
Is a town of great antiquity  
is one of the Lingoes Ports  
Towns a note place in the  
Tatars times is appear  
by many remarkable Tran-  
sactions in or near it, but for  
want of room we must pass  
by, as well as many other  
important circumstances that  
belong to the reign of the  
Emperors who successively suc-  
ceeded the Kings of the  
Ming and the Manchu  
they being obliged to fly  
from their country for their Reli-  
gion, and settling here, very  
much enriched it, place  
by establishing of Manu-  
factures of Cloth in the Ter-  
ritory now a Corporation  
of virtue of several an-  
cient charters, by a rule of  
Majesty, Lewis, & Comen-  
dador of Fionon, & Port of  
Sandwich this Port  
has of some privileges  
which others of ending



**Dover** is a very ancient Town & one of 5 Cinque Ports; & has for its Members, Faversham, Falkestone, St Johns, St Peters, Kings down, Burchington & Ringswold. It was Incorporated by the Name of Mayors & Commonalty, who are call'd Jurats, sends Memb. to Parl. & is free of the City. The Castle was built by Julius Cæsar, at of which Ld. Warden of 5 Cinque Ports, who is commonly one of 5 Prime Nobility, is Governour. In the said Castle was formerly a Church built by K. Lucius, who endow'd it with 1000 Tolls & Custom of Heaven, who is now buried. Sir Robert Manton Confab. of 5 Castle abt 600 Years ago, who bestowed on this City a very large B. all the other was begg'd by 5 late Sir Geo Rook & by him Conferr'd on 5 of 5 Ports mouth. This 5 had formerly 5 Ch. has now but 2 bnd. So Maries & 5 James in 5 latter of n<sup>ch</sup> are holden 5 Courts of Chancery, Admiralty & 5 for the Cinque Ports.

Sancto Lincoln toll: Oxon.



## The Roads from

EXETER to DORCHESTER & from Plymouth to  
Containing 40:22 com. & 51:6:30 meas.<sup>4</sup> Miles. (Dartmouth.

Bishops Clyst. . . . . 3	3 5	Bridport . . . . . 29 37
Newton Poplar. . . . . 9	21	DORCHESTER. 40 52 6
Cullyford . . . . . 17	22 2	Modbury . . . . . 10 14 2
Lime . . . . . 22	28	Holwel . . . . . 27 22 7
Chiddiock . . . . . 27	34 5	Dartmouth . . . . . 22 30

**Dorchester** - The Old Durnovaria. Is a town very pleasant in its situation, and delightful in its Prospect; A very ancient Borough, and formerly one of the Roman Stations; as appears from its large Camp now called Maiden Castle, the many towns which are frequently dug up here, and the Consular Way that leads to it. The Danes raised the Walls of this Town, & demolished its Castle, on the ruins of which was afterwards erected a religious House of Gray Friars. In 1533, it was in a manner consumed by Fire, the Church & all but 5 Piers, which still remains a very magnificent Structure, & most of the Houses being laid in Ashes, & the loss computed at 20000. But it again recovered itself, & is at present in a very flourishing Condition, driving a good trade in fine, Serges &c. & being a good town, where 40000 & 200000 are kept on night of 4. 1000 elects, most publick affairs transacted. Among other accommodations it affords excellent Malting, & is said to have been first incorporated by Henry 6<sup>th</sup>. It is re-incorporated by Patent 1610. It is the Charter now in force from Edward 1<sup>st</sup> in the 5<sup>th</sup> of his reign, and consists of a Mayor, 2 Bayliffs, 6 Aldermen, 6 Capital Burgesses, & 24 Common Council Men, who are to direct & take care of the Liberties & Trade of the Town. Members of Parliament are elected by the Inhabitants paying 1000<sup>s</sup>. There are 3 Parishes Churches, & as many Almshouses, one of which is very handsome, & well endowed by S<sup>r</sup> Rob<sup>t</sup> Napier, who founded it about 100 years ago, the other 2 are Chalkley Wheelstones. There is also a good Free school endowed by its founder Thomas de Frampton Gent. 1129 Wednesd. & Sat. East Feb. 2<sup>d</sup> Trin. Mond. Midwin day. 2<sup>d</sup> James d. 173 last for Sheep.



Arms of DORCHESTER

**Lime Regis** - Is a very ancient Borough, first incorporated by King Edward 1<sup>st</sup> 1234. Re-incorporated by Charter, the same privilege with Melcombe and the same with the City of London, in regard to Merchandize and Trade, which with other privileges were confirmed to them by King Edward 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup>, and again by King Edward 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>d</sup> and last of all by King William 2<sup>d</sup> Mar. 10 that the Corporation now consists of a Mayor or who is Justice of the Peace during his Mayoralty, and the next year after and the 3<sup>d</sup> year Justice & Coroner a Recorder, 6 Capital Burgesses, 2 of whom are Justices, a Town Clerk, & the Capital Burgesses, Freeman, and Freeholders, Inhabitant choose the Members for Parliament. The Market is on Friday & Feast on Candlemas and S<sup>t</sup> Matthias's day. For the defence of the Harbour here there is a small Fort erected where and on the Cliff adjoining, there are Cannon planted for the management of the Customs, which have some years amounted to 120000, there reside here a Collector, Auditor, Comptroller, Warden, &c. The Cobb or Key is a very commodious Shelter for Shipping, & is Peer for 4 nature & largeness of which scarce is equal in England. That part of it next the sea is very subject to be impaired at high tides. This place is famous for landing of Drift Wood, mouth Trawl. 1682



The ARMS of LIME REGIS



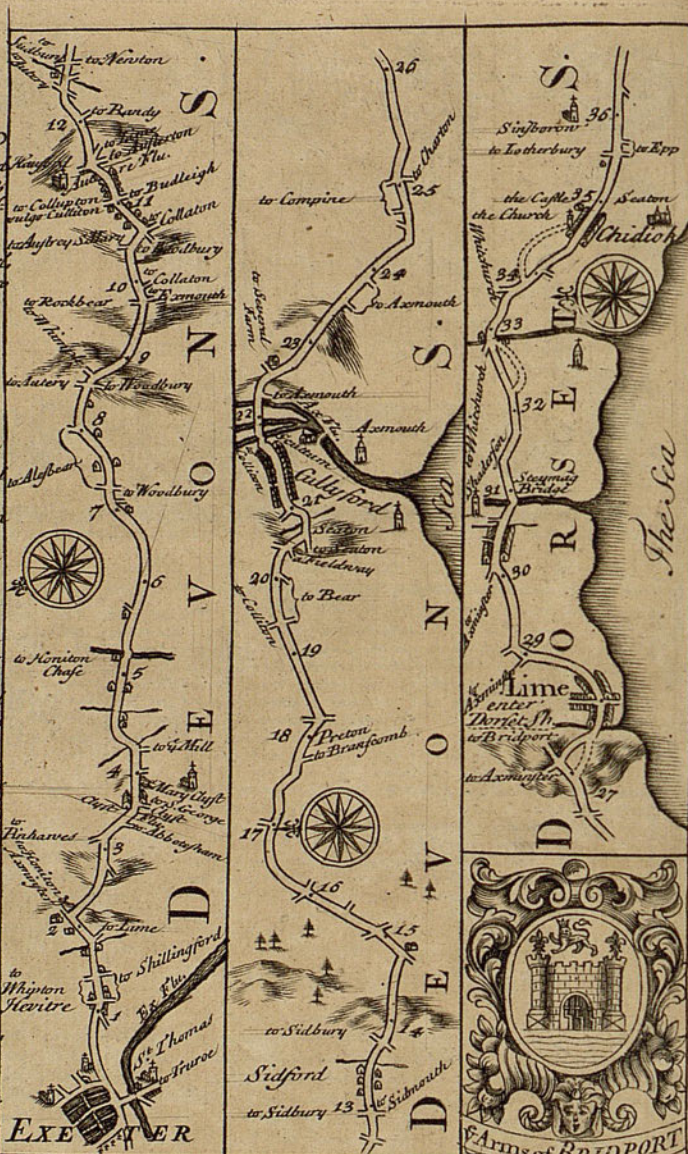
# Axmouth

Anciently belonged to m of Abbey of St. John, but was after 3<sup>d</sup> Dis-solution granted by Henry 8<sup>th</sup> to his Servant Walter Earl, whose Posterity now enjoys it.  
[at 21 1/2]

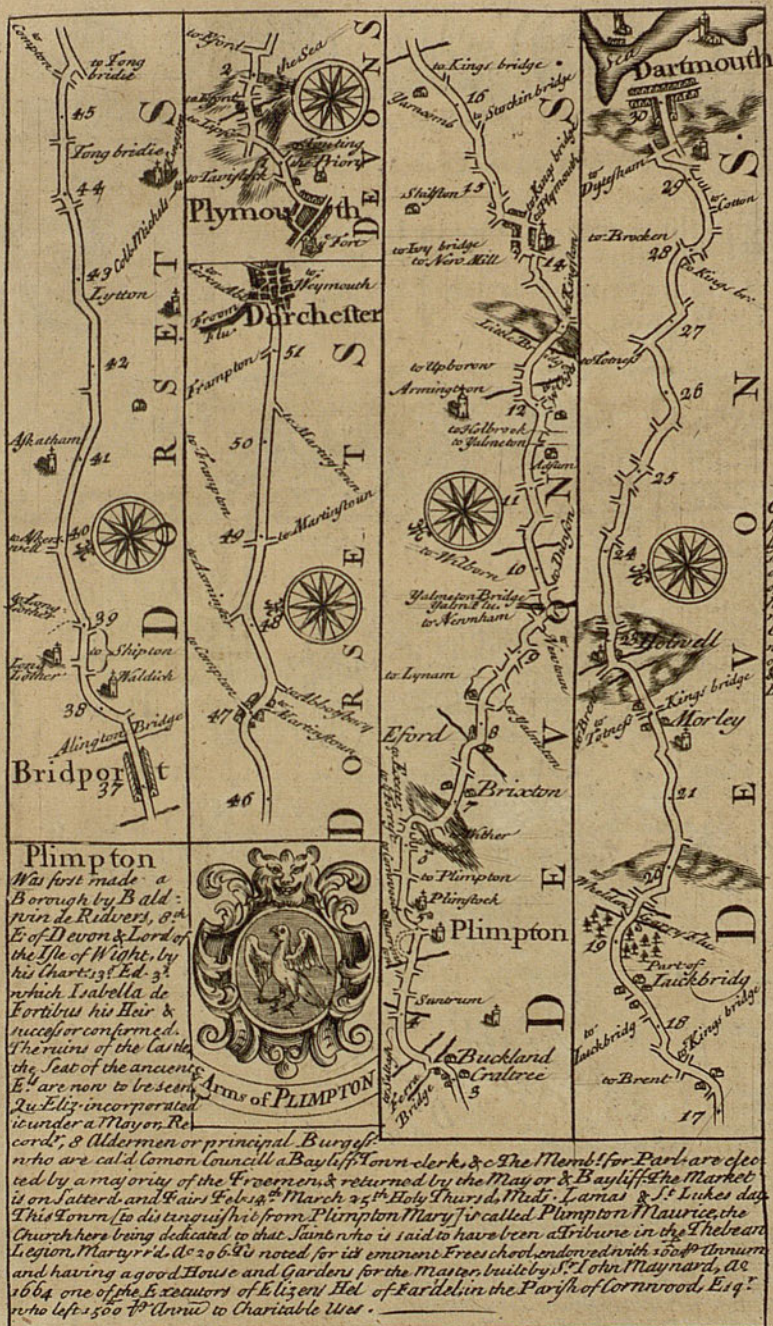
## Bridport

So called from R. Br. or Br. whereon its situation, was a Town of Note in Old times. In 1<sup>st</sup> reign of 1<sup>st</sup> Confessor it had in 120 Houses & a Mint for buying & selling, & privilege by 1<sup>st</sup> Henry of 1<sup>st</sup> Richard I. was only allowed to walled Town or Borough. 1<sup>st</sup> Henry 3<sup>d</sup> incorporated it by Chart. dated 22<sup>d</sup> Jun. 12<sup>th</sup> Ric. 1<sup>st</sup> allowing them liberty of choosing one of 4 Bayliffs who were to gather the Fee farm yearly into 4 Exchequer. From such like ex-provisions in several other Charters, may be conceived grief of many Corporations, who customarily choosing of them does a Bayliff of 4 Kings

Rents, who were to take upon them of collecting & same & paying it into 4 Exchequer, these Receivers or Agents by degrees became general Officers & Governours of Towns, & if p<sup>ro</sup>vided in them at first by a sort of agreement & submissive consent, strengthened by custom & prescription, was after 4<sup>th</sup> often confirmed & authorized by Charter. But to return to 4 State of this Corporation. 1<sup>st</sup> Henry 3<sup>d</sup> granted a new Charter, dated 24<sup>th</sup> Nov. 1<sup>st</sup> Ric. 1<sup>st</sup> & it now consists of a Bayliff, & 13 other Burgesses, a Recorder, Town clerk, Serj<sup>nt</sup> at Mace &c. The 1<sup>st</sup> 2 Bayliffs, & these for the preceding Year, and Recorder are sole Justices of the Peace within the Borough. The Members for Parliament are elected by the Inhabitants House keepers. The M<sup>er</sup> on Sat. & Fair, Lady-day, Holy Thurs<sup>day</sup>, & Michas-day. This Town is noted for the Hempen Manufacture, whence arises the Proverb of a Man hang'd, He was stab'd with a Bridport Dagger. It was enacted 21<sup>st</sup> Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> that Calvel, Ropes, &c. for Shipping should be only made in Bridport & within 5 miles of it, but that Monopoly has sometime since been discontinued.







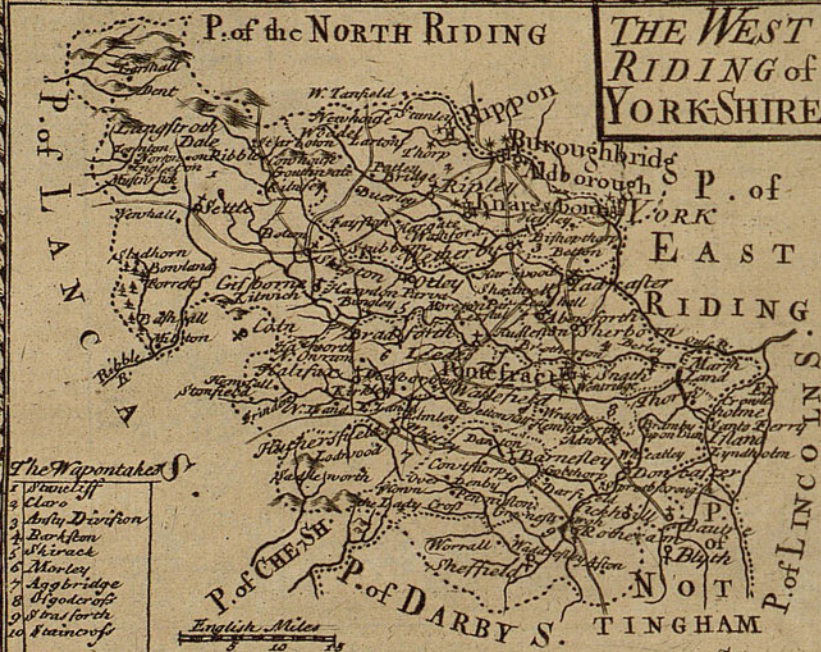


*The Road from*

FERRIBRIDG to BOROBRIDG &c.

Containing 57 comp. & 75 $\frac{1}{2}$  meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles.

Aberford	8	10 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Lemyng	37	49 <sup>6</sup> / <sub>8</sub>
Wetherby	13	17 <sup>6</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	Richmond	47	62 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Borobridge	22	30 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Bernard Castle	57	75 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Rippon	27	36 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Wakefield	8	11 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub>



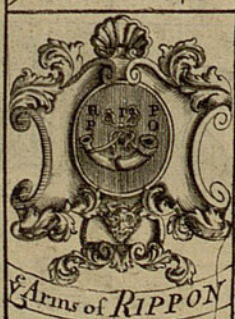
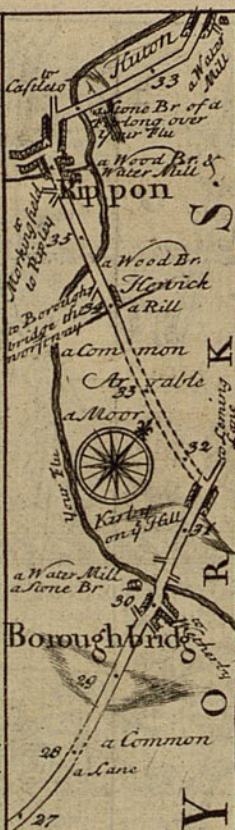
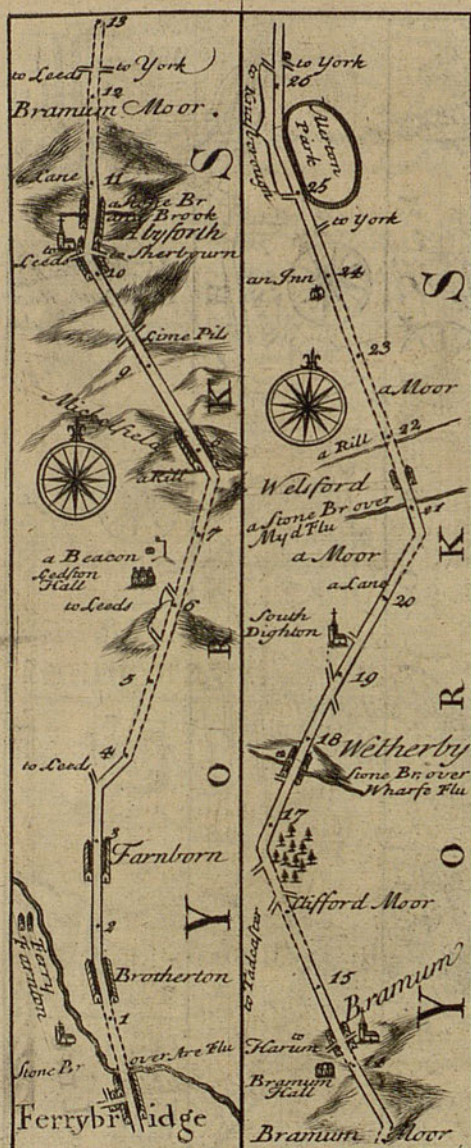
The Wapontakes

- 1 Sanctiff
- 2 Claro
- 3 Ansty Division
- 4 Borkston
- 5 Skirack
- 6 Morley
- 7 Aggbridge
- 8 Wigodcrofs
- 9 Stasforth
- 10 Staincrofs

The description of Yorkshire continued

It is by far the largest in England, contains 360 Miles in circumference, in which are about 977,000 Acre, 26 Wapontakes or Hundreds, 14 Boroughs, and 57 Market Towns, and about 60,500 Houses. This County tho' in the North affords great plenty of all things necessary for life of Man. Here are large Sheep and Cattle, plenty of Grains and Corn, Rivers full of Fish, Orchards yielding good sort of Fruit. Here are veins of Iron, Lead and abundance of Pit Coal. The chief Manufactures is Cloth, Stockings, Knives, Spurs, Pins, Allom, Tallow &c. This County pay in of 2 Shill. did the sum of £ 45816. 5. 8.





257

## Barnard Castle

Was built by Bernard Balcot Great Grandfather of the Balcot of Scots who after said Bernard's death enjoyed the being afterwards raised to the Kingdom of Scotland by R. Ed. 1. after an Oath taken to hold it as dependant on the Crown of England, & falling from his Allegiance R. Ed. 1. deprived him of this among other Possessions in England & gave to Guido Beau Champ Prof. Warwick, from whom it was afterwards recovered by law to the Duke of Durham. Judgment being obtained in the next Reign, that the B. of Durham ought to have the Fortifications within the Liberties of his B.rick as the King had them without. In a rebellion of the B. of Northumberland & Westmoreland against King Henry 3. Geo. B.rrs & Robt. Bonis Esq. his Brother bravely defended this Castle against the whole force of the Rebels for 11 days & at last obtained Honourable Terms. The chief Siege of this Town & in place of Kings & Bridges, M. on Wednesday at 10 o'clock on July 21<sup>st</sup>.

## Brotherton [at 10]

At this Place, Margaret, 2<sup>nd</sup> wife of R. Ed. 1. fell in labour, as she was attending, and was brought to bed of a son who was Christianised Thos. because this Mother in that extremity of her pain cried to St. Thos. of Canterbury for assistance. He named de Brotherton from this Place. He was afterwards made B. of Norfolk & Marshal of England. He is said of him; that he could not endure the Blith of a French Woman, who was designed for his Nurse; but an English Woman being brought, he liked her very well.

## Abyforth [at 10]

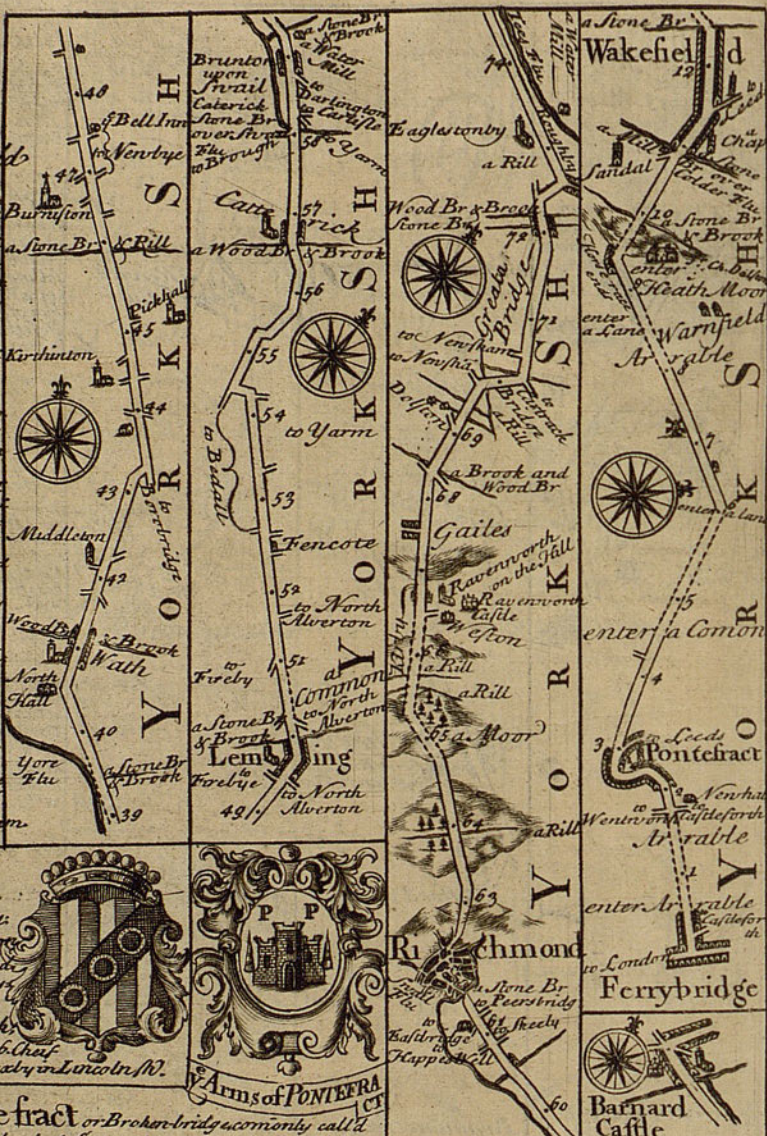
A small built Town, on a rising ground, M. on Wednesday & Fair of day next before St. George's Eve & 4 days before St. Martin's day.

**Rippon** - Is a very considerable Town & ancient Boro' governing a Ter. of 5,000 acres by a chief Magistrate, called Ungularius, Wakernam or Wallman. It is incorporated under a government of May 1012. Ald. 24. 11. 12. 13. who sends Burgesses to Parlt. It was anciently noted for its wealthy Monastery, & Wilfrids Needle, a narrow passage in a vaulted Room under the Church thro' which (as said) any Woman if chaste might pass with ease, if otherwise was detain'd and stopt after a very extraordinary manner. The Town is at present remarkable for its Collegiate Church, in which belongs a Dean & Prebendaries, &c. for the great quantity of Wool vended at its Weekly Market on Thurs day, the excellent Spurs made in it, & Fairs on the Thursd. after 13<sup>th</sup> Jan. for Horses &c. 1<sup>st</sup> Week in March Thursd. after May day, Body Thursd. Thursd. after St. Wilfrid, at & 11<sup>th</sup> of Nov.



# Wakefield

Wakefield  
[Lat. 53° 42']  
Is an old & busy  
Town, dri-  
ving a good  
trade in the  
Woolen Ma-  
nufacture &c.  
enjoying a  
good Mill.  
Thos. & Crist. Kirthinton  
tis noted  
for its cu-  
rious Chap-  
buis by K.  
Edw. 4<sup>th</sup> in  
Memory of  
his death.  
Richd. D. of  
York, who  
was slain  
near it and  
his Army  
defeated by  
Hancas:  
vians; &  
for of Phari-  
ty of Hancas:  
dy Camp:  
der, who  
left 2000  
for seating  
a Weekly  
Lecture Hl.  
& another  
at Grantham.



The  
Rt Hon<sup>ble</sup> J<sup>ts</sup>.  
Saunders  
was created  
Viscountess  
of Sandbeck  
July 24<sup>th</sup> 1661  
Seated at Sackby in Lincoln Sh.



Arms of PONTFRAC

## Pontefract

or Broken-bridge, commonly called  
Pontefract, but in Saxon times, its Name was Kirkby.  
if occasion of its changing its Name was as related for when W<sup>m</sup> Arch. Br. of York & his Son to K.  
Stephen returned from Rome, he was welcom'd here w<sup>th</sup> such a Crowd of People, & if Bridge broke, &  
they fell into it River; but if Arch. Br. nupt & pray'd so fervently for none of it was lost. This P<sup>ts</sup> sweetly  
situated, & is remarkable for producing Liquorice & Skin-wort in great plenty. Here is a strong Cal-  
n<sup>ts</sup> has formerly been equal to great Men here. Thos. Br. of Lancaster was unjustly beheaded by K. Edw. 4<sup>th</sup>,  
& was after<sup>ts</sup> sainted by People. Here also K. Richard was deposed by Henry 4<sup>th</sup>, was cruelly & unjustly deposed, &  
Hungry, Cold, & other unheard of Torments. And here Anthony & Richard Gray were both mur-  
dered. This Boro<sup>ts</sup> was incorpor<sup>ts</sup> by K. Ric<sup>ts</sup> 1<sup>st</sup>, & confirmed by several succeeding K<sup>ts</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> by Name of May-  
or, & Burg<sup>ts</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Memb<sup>ts</sup> of Port are elected by Burg<sup>ts</sup> & returned by Mayor. Had a Par. Churches but  
now only one & other ruined in Civil Wars. M<sup>ts</sup> on Sat. & 5<sup>th</sup> Pass yearly, & chief of which is kept  
Week before Palm Sunday famous for good Horser.



The Road from  
KENDAL to COCKERMOUTH, &c.

Containing 32 Comp. and 43'7 meas.<sup>d</sup> Miles &c.

From Kendal	com.	mea.	From Egrintond	com.	mea.
to Stanley.....	4	5'3	to Kestwick.....	22	29'5
to Ambleside.....	10	13'3	to Cockermouth.....	32	43'7
to Winnick.....	5	6'3	to Bodel.....	15	21
to Cockermouth.....	10	14'1	to Thurstby.....	24	33'4

CARLISLE 29 | 39'4





Winander  
Maerfats

I reckoned the lar-  
gest Lake in Eng-  
land, & affords great  
plenty of Fish.

Keswick [ac 29]

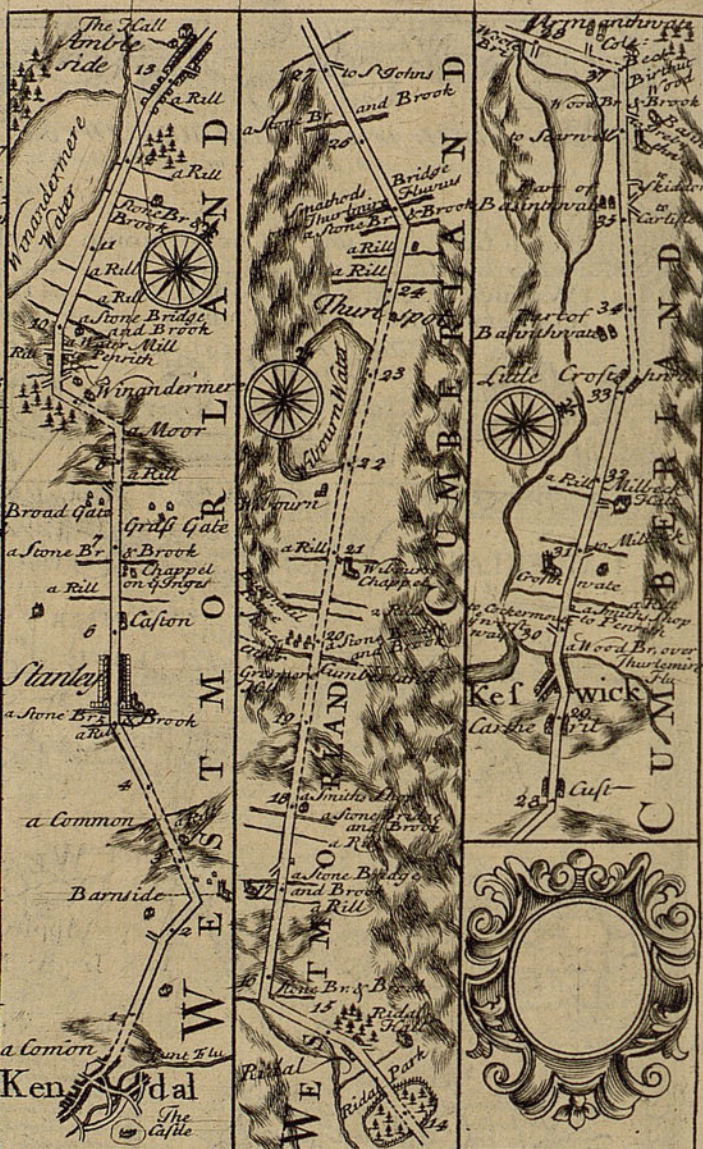
Was formerly a Lord of note, It Saturday  
M<sup>rs</sup> was procured  
for it of K<sup>ing</sup> d<sup>o</sup> by  
Thos of Derwent  
water then L<sup>d</sup> of it  
from whom it has  
hereditarily descended  
to the Radcliffs. —  
This place has been  
for many ages fa-  
mous for its Mines,  
& the Miners have  
a convenient Mel-  
ling House by of Dar-  
went side, which  
they manage so  
ingeniously by its  
forcible stream as  
to make it serve for  
Bellows, Hammers,  
& Forge, & also for  
Sawing Boards, to  
the great admira-  
tion of the curious  
Spectator. S<sup>r</sup> In<sup>o</sup>  
Banks K<sup>t</sup> Attorney  
General to K<sup>Chas</sup>  
a Native of this  
Town erected a  
Work house here  
for employing the  
Poor of this & of Pa-  
rish of Crosthwaite.

*Dunmail -  
raise-Stones -*

Are supposed to  
have been erected  
by Dunmail, K. of  
Cumberland for  
the bounds of his King-  
dom. [at 20]

*Ambleside [at 13]  
of an old Roman.*

*Ambleside Tace* Conjectured by some to be of Amblogana of the Romans, from the Ruins of an old Roman Fortification & Coyns &c. has a Meon Wedn. well stored w<sup>th</sup> Provisions.



## Kendal

**Kendal** So called from its situation on Kan or Kant Flu, is a large Town well built & populous, driving a considerable Trade in the Woollen Manufacture. It had formerly a strong Castle, & Walls of which are partly yet standing, & has now a large Church & abt 12 Chappels of ease. It was made a Corp. by Rich<sup>d</sup> 2<sup>d</sup> 1382 Rñ<sup>d</sup> & afterw<sup>th</sup> by H<sup>en</sup> 6<sup>th</sup> 1552 Rñ<sup>d</sup> consisting of a Mayor, 12 Ald<sup>men</sup>, 12 Common Councilm<sup>en</sup>, & a Record<sup>er</sup>, &c. There is a good Free school well endowed with Exhibitions to Queens Coll<sup>ge</sup> Oxon. M<sup>ts</sup> Sat Fairs Apr 25<sup>th</sup> & Oct 28<sup>th</sup> & betw<sup>en</sup> y<sup>e</sup> said Fairs a great M<sup>t</sup> for Cattle once a Fortnight.

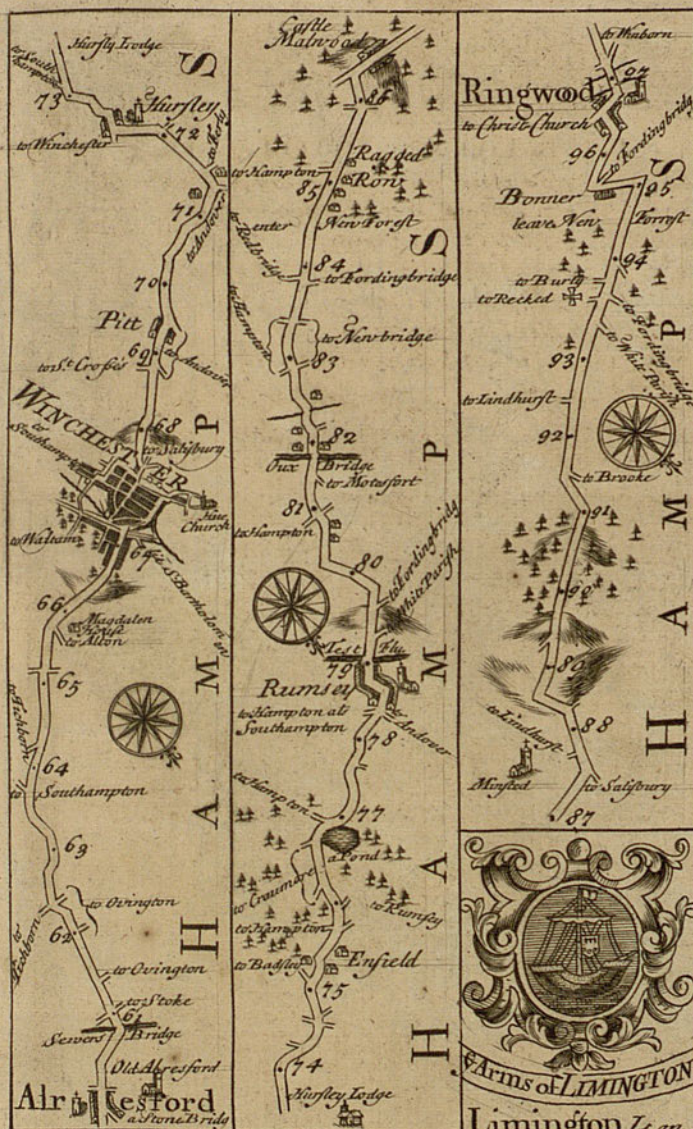












## Rumsey

[see 97]  
Is a large & ancient Town, Gov<sup>d</sup> by a Mayor, or 12 Ald<sup>r</sup>, a Recorder, & 12 Burgesses, & 12 tradesmen chiefly in Cloath, & has a good M<sup>t</sup> on Sat. & Fair on East Monds Aug<sup>t</sup> 15<sup>th</sup> & Simon & Jude. Here was formerly a Runnery built by R<sup>ch</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. 1<sup>st</sup>, out of which Mathew of Alsace, Son to the E<sup>l</sup> of Flanders, found means privately to convey the Prince, Mary R<sup>ch</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Stephen's only Daughter & heir, then Abbs & married her but was disappointed & threatened by the Church, that after he had a Childen by her he was obliged to resign her, that she might return to the Per<sup>form</sup>ance of her Con<sup>vent</sup>.

## Malwood Castle

[see 86]  
Has only N<sup>th</sup> side of it an Oak to very remarkably bud on Christmas day; & with again be- fore Night there is a vulgar Tradition, that this is of Tree on n<sup>ch</sup> St<sup>r</sup> Walter Tyrrel's Arrow glanced that killed R<sup>ch</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. 1<sup>st</sup> Rufus. R<sup>ch</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Ed. 24 ordered it to be paled in whether out of respects of Tree or if R<sup>ch</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> King is uncertain.

## Ringwood

[see 97]  
Was a place of some Eminency in S<sup>at</sup> on times, is noted on- ly at present for w<sup>m</sup> M<sup>t</sup> for Corn, &c.



Limington Is an

ancient Boro<sup>n</sup> Town, gov<sup>d</sup> by a Mayor, chosen yearly at a Court Leet of 12 Ald<sup>r</sup> of 8 Manors who are at present Tho<sup>s</sup> Buckley Esq<sup>r</sup> Ald<sup>r</sup> & Burgess<sup>t</sup> Mem<sup>r</sup> for Part are chosen by 8 Burgess<sup>t</sup> within & without Boro<sup>n</sup> whose Number is uncertain, & returned by 6 Mayor, M<sup>t</sup> on Sat. & Fair May-day & St<sup>r</sup> Mathew's day, The Town is pleasantly situate on a Hill in a healthy Air with a very fine prospect to the Isle of Wight. It is noted for its excellent Salt and formerly supplied 1/2 greatest Part of the West of England with that Commodity, and though it has been of late greatly impaired in that branch of Trade by the Merchants of Lever<sup>pool</sup> conveying their Cheshire Salt up the Severn Channel & affording it at a cheaper rate, yet it still drives a considerable Trade otherwise having a very Commodious Port for Shipping, with a Key & Custom House.







The Road from

SHREWSBURY to HOLYWELL.

Containing 39 comp. & 52 $\frac{1}{3}$  meas<sup>d</sup> Miles.

Ellesmere . . . 22 | 16 || Mould . . . . . 31 | 41 $\frac{1}{4}$

Wrexham . . . 21 | 28 $\frac{1}{4}$  || Holywell . . . 39 | 52 $\frac{1}{3}$

From Chester to Holywell, thus,

to Flint . . . . . 8 | 22 $\frac{1}{4}$  || Holywell . . . 12 | 17 $\frac{1}{4}$

FLINT  
SHIRE



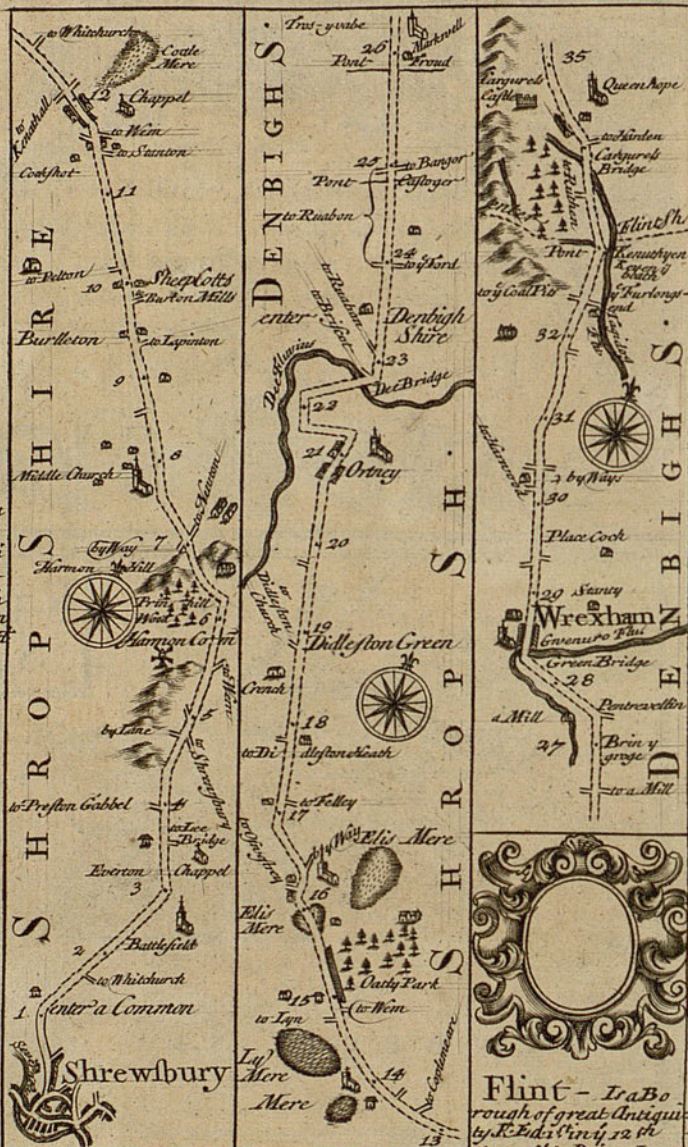
The County of FLINT is 40 Miles in Circumference, contains about 160000 Acres, and is divided into 5 Hundreds in which are 3 Market Towns, and only Flint the County Town sends Members to Parliam<sup>t</sup>. has 28 Parishes and about 2150 Houses. The Air is good & pleasant, somewhat cold by reason of the North Wind. The Soil is not so mountainous as in other parts of Wales, for here are many Valleys, and Corn Fields, laden with Wheat, Barley, &c. & the chief Commodities are Cattle, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Lead, Sulphur, and Honey, with which they make Mecheulin. This County pays on the 2<sup>d</sup> Shift Aid £157-8-6.



# Wrexham

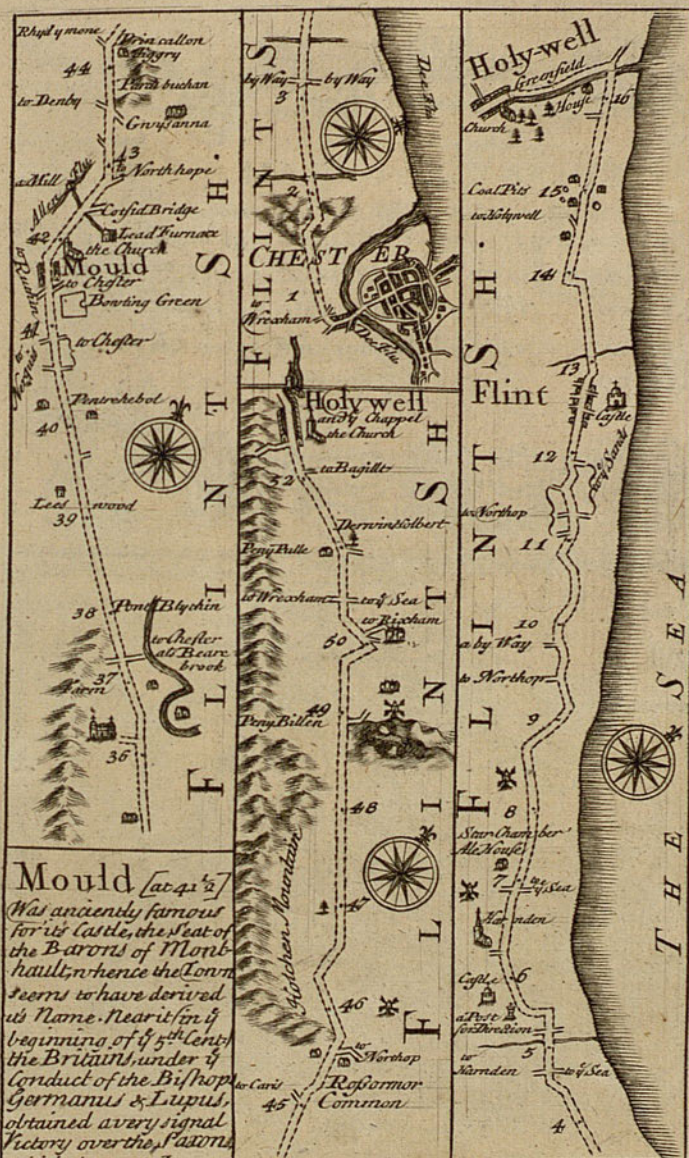
[at 28<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>]

Is a large & well built Town, and a place of good resort & accommodation. It has a very fine Church with a lofty Spire a plentiful Mill on Monday & Thursday Fair on



incorporated is by Charters of King Henry II. and King Richard I. The Constable of the Castle is commonly Mayor, or of the Towns Members for Parliament elected by Burgesses & returned by the Burgesses. Here the Assizes for the County are usually held, and the County Goal kept. Fairs (for here is no Market as we are informed) are on August 10<sup>th</sup> and Nov. 7<sup>th</sup>. The Castle was begun by King Henry II. finished by King Edward I. and was afterwards remarkable for the entertainment of the unfortunate King Richard II. who was first of all cunningly prevailed upon here by his treacherous and ungrateful Courtiers to renounce his right to the Crown of England for government; and afterwards basely delivered into the hands of Henry of Lancaster, Duke of Hereford, who soon dispatched him having his claim to the Crown vacant by this session, as his inheritance by descent from King Henry 3<sup>rd</sup> allowed by Parliament, and so settled himself on the Throne.





### Mould [at 42]

Was anciently famous for its Castle, the Seat of the Barons of Mont-haull; whence the Town seems to have derived its Name. Near it is the beginning of 5<sup>th</sup> century the Britains under the Conduct of the Bishop Germanus & Lupus, obtained a very signal Victory over the Pagans, which the most Learned

Arch-Bishop Usher calls Victoria Allelujatica for that the Pagans were discomfited at the repeated shouts of Alleluia. The Place in memory of the miraculous Victory, was called Maes Garmon or St. Germanus Field. And whereas it may be objected to the truth of this relation that St. Germanus dying in the Year 405, it was impossible, He should head the Britains against the Saxons who arrived not in this Island under Hengist and Horsa till 440. We answer from the Authority of the said Learned Arch-Bishop who quotes Amianus Marcellinus & that the Saxons made frequent Inroads into this Island long before their arrival under Hengist & Horsa.

Queen Hope  
R. E. d. n. s. 1<sup>st</sup> when  
he was mortally  
wounded by the  
Welsh, retired  
with his Army  
to Hope Castle.  
[at 34]



The Road from  
WHITBY to DURHAM.

From thence Continued to Tinnmouth,  
Containing 42:17 comp. & 56'6:22'4 mea. Miles

to Skellingdam	11 7	Sedgfield	34 45 3
Gilbrô	17 21 7	DURHAM	42 56 6
Marton	22 28 6	Sunderland	10 13
Norton	28 37 2	Tinnmouth	17 22 4

A MAP of  
DURHAM

NORTHUM  
BER  
LAND

LAND

LAND

P. of

WESTMOR  
LAND

LAND

P. of

Newcastle

DURHAM

W. of

P. of

YORKS

Eng. lish. Miles  
10  
8  
6  
4  
2

DURHAM is a County Palatine the Roy alty where of beloning to the Bishop therefore it is called the Bishoprick of Durham: It is 107 Miles in Circumference containing about 77 000 Acres. It is divided into 4 Wakes that contains 9 Market towns the city of Durham has the privilege of sending Memb: to Parl: The Air is sharp the soil diverse rich south rich the West Rocky and Moorish is very rich in Coal Pit hath some Lead and Iron Mines not without silver in the West part It is a County richly furnished with Corn Cattle Fruits and Fish but its chief Commodities are Coal Lead and Iron &c. This County pays in a Shill. Acre 1. 329. 8-17-2 1/2 The 11th Hen: 1: tenane is the Noble Rich: of Carlboro:





# Giffborough

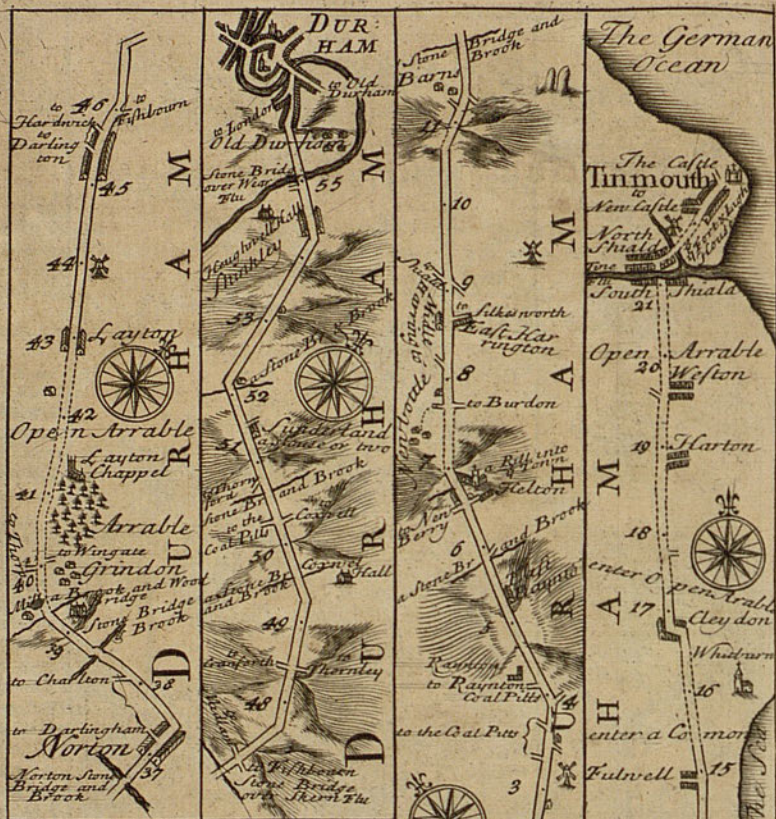
Is a Town very agreeably situated as well in respect to Health as pleasure, on which accounts Camden prefers it to Puteoli in Italy, to which he compares it in all other respects. Nor doth it want a set of courteous & neat Inhabitants, suitable to its sweet situation. Here is a very good Monastery, built by the Alum-works belonging to the Chaloners & Darvies, first found out by S. Thos. Chaloner Kn. temp. Edw. 1. Tutor to Prince Henry, have lain neglected for some years, probably by reason of its greater plenty of that Mineral at Whitby. This Town was anciently noted for its beautiful & rich Abbey founded, as we are told by Robert Bruce Ld. of its place. The Church belonging to it seems by its ruins to have been equal to the best Cathedrals in England.

[at 22]

The BISHOPRICK of DURHAM Contains the County of Northumberland, Durham and therein 153 Parishes, was translated from Landisfarn or Holy Island by Albinus the 24<sup>th</sup> Bp. thereof AD 990. Firms of being the first Bishop. Value 18<sup>th</sup> 13. Seats Durham Palace, & Auckland Castle in Durham.







*Sheals* [ac 27] Is a Vill. noted for its Saltpan where great quantities of Salt are brought made. Only banks on both sides of Riv. are convenient Houses of entertainment for Seamen. The place is chiefly inhabited by Colliers for here commonly most of y<sup>e</sup> New castle Coal Fleet have their Station till they have taken in their full lardge of Coals w<sup>ch</sup> are brought down higher from y<sup>e</sup> Town in Barges & Lighters.

Near this place not long since was found a very large & fair Roman Altar all of one entire Stone w<sup>ch</sup> being purchased with a great deal of trouble by y<sup>e</sup> Learned Dr. Lister Represented y<sup>e</sup> Royal Society w<sup>ch</sup> a Draught & his opinion of it; He supposes it from y<sup>e</sup> Inscription partly defaced to be an Altar erected to Marcus Aurelius Antoninus Caracalla (when he took upon him y<sup>e</sup> Command of y<sup>e</sup> Empire & whole Army after his Fathers Death at York) upon his safe return from y<sup>e</sup> Expedition on w<sup>ch</sup> he went alone ag<sup>t</sup> y<sup>e</sup> Caledony i. e. y<sup>e</sup> Scots & Picts who inhabited tother side of Wall n<sup>o</sup> his Father had built; where in he was so successfull that he obliged them to accept his terms of Peace, took Hostage of them for their faithfull observation of y<sup>e</sup> ruined their Fortifications & so returned And that y<sup>e</sup> reason that y<sup>e</sup> Town was made to him alone n<sup>o</sup> from his Mother or Brother's Gift.



### The DEANERY of DURHAM

Forced by K. Hen. 8<sup>th</sup> to 1547 Hugh Whitehead last Prior appointed & Consecrated first Dean.

Ed. 1 m. R. 1 & after. lion ag<sup>t</sup> Scotland. But y<sup>e</sup> Family has been long since extinct

*Hilton* [ac 6<sup>th</sup>] Unciently belonged to y<sup>e</sup> Barons Hilton who had their castle here Rob<sup>t</sup> de Hilton was summoned to Parl as Peer of y<sup>e</sup> Regl<sup>y</sup> 23<sup>rd</sup> & 25<sup>th</sup> serv<sup>t</sup> under K. Edw. 2<sup>nd</sup> in an Expedition

Ed. 1 m. R. 1 & after. lion ag<sup>t</sup> Scotland. But y<sup>e</sup> Family has been long since extinct

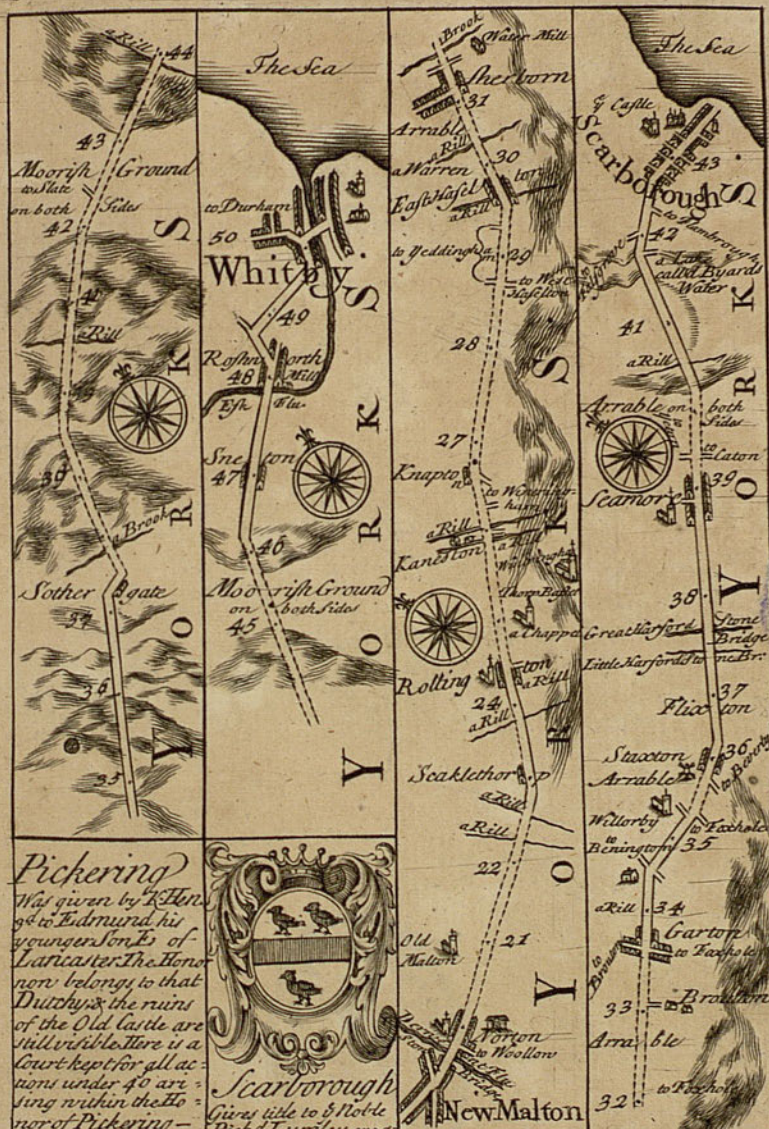












### Pickering

Was given by R. Hen-  
ry 6<sup>th</sup> to Edmund his  
younger son, & of  
Lincoln the Hon-  
non belong to that  
Dutchy & the ruins  
of the Old castle are  
still visible. There is a  
tower kept for all ac-  
tions under 40 are  
rising within the Ho-  
nor of Pickering—  
With alias the liberty  
of Pickering, and  
Pickering Forest.  
Market on Monit.  
for Corn &c.



### Scarborough

Gives title to S. Noble  
Rich. Trumley, cre-  
ated E. 10. 15. 1600. 2.  
W. & M. Cheilcats at  
Trumley Castle in the  
B.rick of Durham  
& at. Standen in Sussex

with great variety of Fish, at Herring Lake, Haddock, Ling,  
Whiting, Mackerel, Cod, &c. & make a considerable  
advantage in furnishing the City of York w<sup>th</sup> those & many  
other sorts. Will be gross of Old & new & holding on the  
london it in the 10<sup>th</sup> part, during 2 years, & rem<sup>th</sup> reign of R. Stephen,  
erected a Castle here on a inaccessible Rock near the Sea, w<sup>th</sup>  
in 1214.

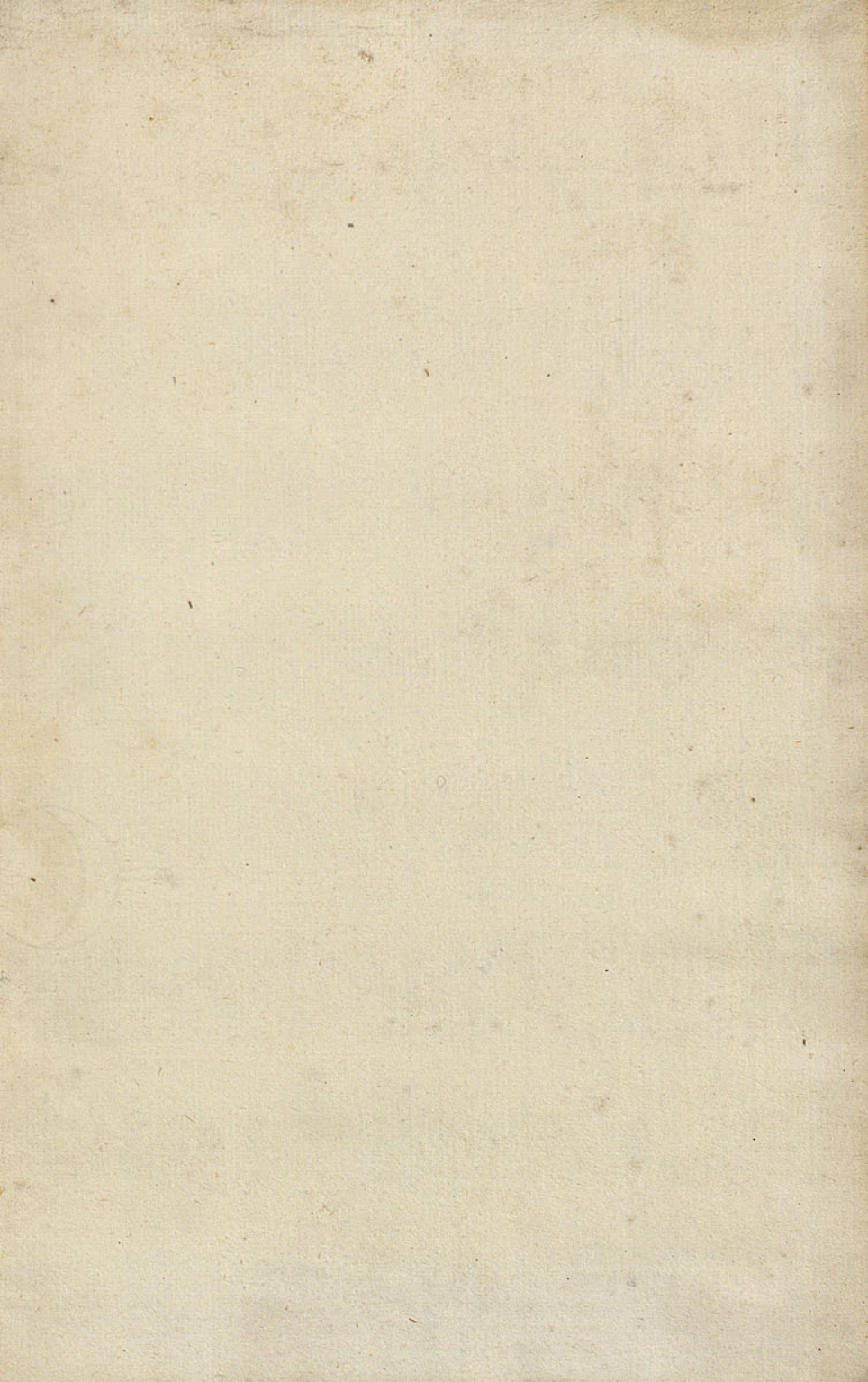
falling to decay, R. Hen-  
ry 6<sup>th</sup> surprised w<sup>th</sup> a small number of Frenchmen, but could not maintain above 2 days. There-  
fore a Noble Frenchman of his party was arraigned for High Treason on the 4<sup>th</sup> of August, because he had  
acted contrary to the Duty of his Allegiance, there being then a Peace between the Kingdoms of England and  
France. The Hollanders who make an incredible advantage by fishing on these Coast used formerly to get  
a licence from the Castle. For as a learned Author justly observes of King Charles always granted leave for  
fishing, preserving & honor to himself but out of a lazy temper, resigning it to the people, that, although of little  
use, off this Town is a noted Medicinal Spring & a variety of several qualities of herbs from which, there is a  
great deal of use.



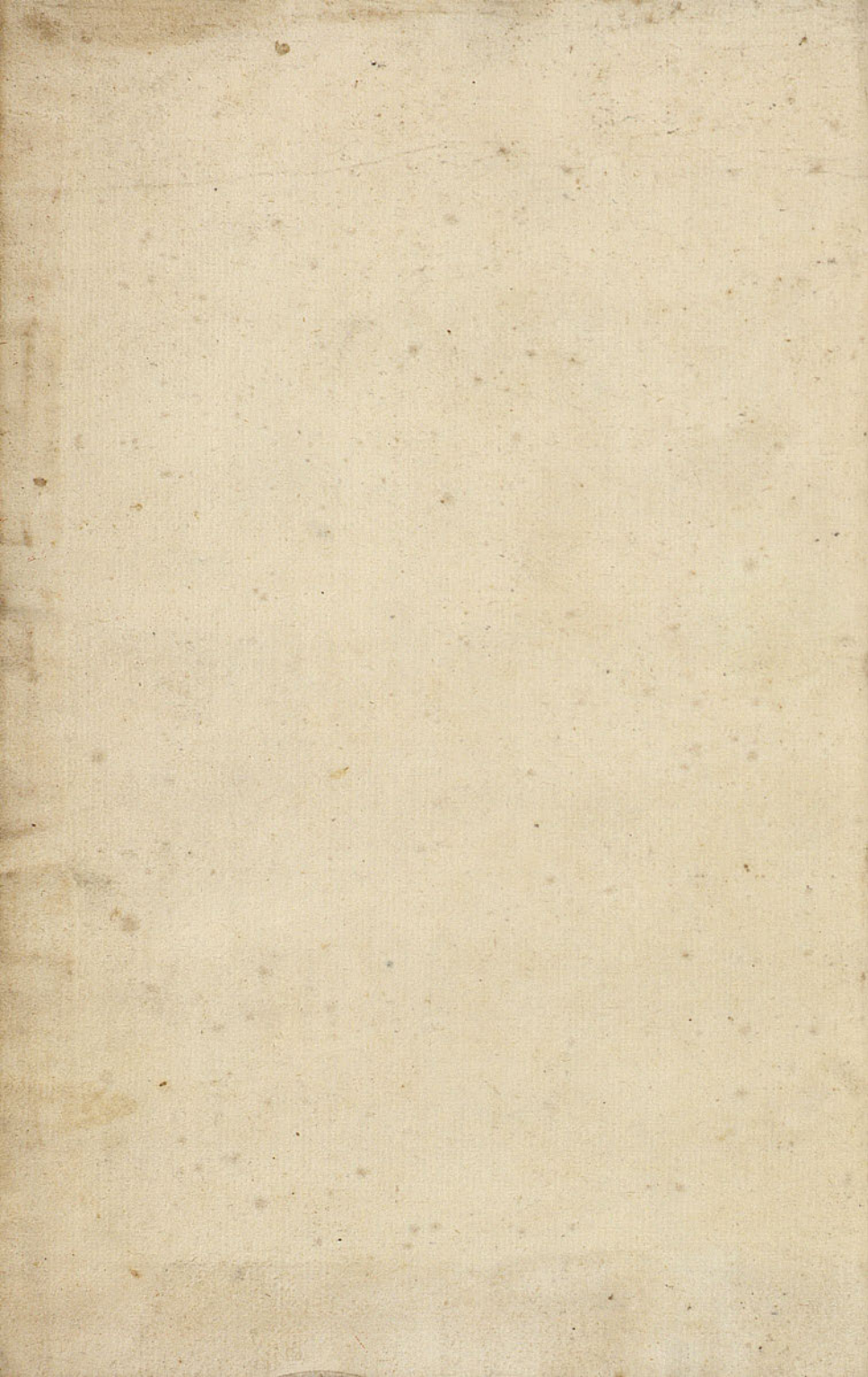






















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